World News Oil spillage threatens coast of

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California A 320,000-gailon oil slick was floating off Southern Calif-ornia, the latest of a series of spills in US waters that have prompted calls for tough legislation against oil companies. The one-mile square oil-slick threatened beaches and wet-lands near Huntington Beach, 20 miles south of Los Angeles. The American Trader was on charter to British Petroleum

America: The spill coincides with a law suit filed by the City of New York this week, following a spill of 567,000 gallons of heating oil from an Exxon pipeline into New York harbour. Pages 9 and 22

Boat people arrive The annual flood of Vietnamese boat people started to arrive in Hong Kong as tides and weather eased the refugees' journey across the south China sea. Page 22

Daniel Jansen; idely-expected; idely-expected; ling budget of Hig AIDS and Ceausescu The Ceausescu regime knew about the spread of the AIDS virus among Romanian children as long ago as last sum-mer but refused to take any action, a leading doctor said. Page 3

> Troops warning During an imminent visit Defence Secretary Dick Cheney will tell South Korea, the Philippines and Japan that shrink-ing US budgets and a reduced Soviet threat will mean fewer

Noriega ruling

US troops in the Pacific.

A federal judge ruled that Manuel Noriega would have to stand trial on drug trafficking charges in Miami, rejecting a defence claim that the court had no jurisdiction over the case. Page 8

Bush on red phone President George Bush used the red telephone that would launch US missiles and bombers in a nuclear war to tell crews manning the documeday weapons they had helped spur reforms in the Soviet Union.

lrafer work Rudolf Nureyev's stormy six-Rallet ended when French star Patrick Dupond, 30, was named to succeed him as the troupe's

Greek bribery case

new dance director.

The Swiss Federal Court opened up bank do**cuments** to help Greek authorities investigate a former Justice Minister, Agamemnon Koutsobribes in connection with a bank embezzlement scheme.

US warns of attack Washington expressed fears that a guerrilla attack agains US interests in W Europe could take place on or near Sunday,

the 11th anniversary of the Iranian revolution. Jackson speaks out American civil rights leader Jesse Jackson said that artiapartheid churches had to belp South Africa's ruling white

minority overcome its fear of black people and of political change. Analysis, Page 7 **Bonn ponders Berlin** The West German government put off plans to build a new

government press information ffice in Bonn because the cap ital may be moved to Berlin. a government official said.

Curfew extended Pakistani authorities extended a curiew to more areas of Kara-

chi as the death toll from vio-

lence during a general strike in the port city rose to 45. Midas spinster jailed A 78-year-old white-haired spinster who ran a clandestine ank from her front parlour paying 214 per cent annual interest was sentenced to 10

years' jail in Portugal for fraud involving Es17.5bn (\$118m).

Oil pollution: Waiting for Alaska's winter ice to

S Korea: Fresh challenge to US domestic

Editorial Comment: A less cheery view of

UK Politics Today: Change riding on crest of

debt; Modernising the Swedish model ...

Chile: An overheated salmon industry ...

CONTENTS

semiconductor market .

Business Summary

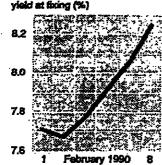
Thomson-CSF to buy half of Ferranti sonar division

THOMSON-CSF, the French defence group, agreed to bny half of the beleaguered Fer-ranti International's Sonar operations, subject to the UK Government's approval.
The deal comes three weeks after Thomson-CSF, majority controlled by the state-owned Thomson group, pulled out of talks on a possible full bid for Ferranti, but said it was still interested in co-operation in some areas. Page 23

MARKETS: In the cash market, the West German Covern-ment's 7% per cent January 2000 bond was fixed DM1.15 lower at 93.40. Its yield rose to 8.24 per cent from 8.06 per cent on Wednesday. Page 28

W.Germany

Federal Government 7.25% 2000 yield at fixing (%)



Triumph for Soviet President, Mikhail Gorbachev, and a good start on Wall Street combined to give continental bourses a reason to recover some of heir lost ground. Back page, Section II.

SWEDEN'S biggest leverage buy out offer hung in the hal-ance after the principal share-holders in Esselte, office supplies and media group, made a SK19,9bn (\$1.62bn) bid for the company. Page 23

THE PHILIPPINES can retire up to \$3bn of its \$26.9bn foreign debt over the next two years, according to Jose Fernandez, the country's central bank governor. Page 6

BANK OF ENGLAND urged John Major, UK Chancellor, to prevent any relaxation in monetary conditions in his first Budget on March 20. Page 10

CURRENCY UNION offered to East Germany by Bonn will inevitably lead to higher West German interest rates but need

not disrupt the monetary policy of the Bundesbank, central bank economists said. ERICSSON, the Swedish tele communications equipment

group, announced a doubling in 1989 profits before appropr ations and taxes to SKr3.7bn (\$611m) from SKr1.84bn.

LLOYD'S of London, the insurance market, is expecting to pay for one third of the insured storm damage, estimated to total up to £2bn, in the the UK and continental Europe over the last month. Page 10

CASTLE CEMENT, Scandingvian-owned group, announced plans to spend more than £100m. (\$169m) to increase capacity at its Padeswood plant at Clwyd, in Wales. Page 10

AUSTRALIA'S three leading television networks are being stymied to secure much-need equity injections. Page 6 GUIDELINES from Bank of England on Third World debt could mean UK commercial banks having to set aside provisions on their loans to Aus-

EUROPEAN Investment Bank (EIB) said its newly acquired function as a lender to eastern Europe might cease once the new European Bank for Reconstruction and Development had been set up.

sis. Page 26

Genscher delivers appeal for German unity

By David Marsh and Edward Mortimer in Bonn

By David Buchan in Brussels, Llonel Barber and



Hans-Dietrich Genscher: passionate appeal

Mark Nicholson in Moscow

NATO yesterday proposed

significant further cuts in con-ventional forces in Europe,

while in Moscow progress appeared to be made towards reducing the US and Soviet

The concessions proposed by Nato, which include the troop

cuts affered by US President

George Bush last week, are

designed to accommodate

Soviet concerns on combat air-

craft and helicopters. These

concerns have been voiced at

negotiations being held in Vienna on Conventional Forces

in Europe (CFE). In Moscow, Mr James Baker, US Secretary of State, and Mr

Eduard Shevardnadze, Soviet

Foreign Minister, opened wide-ranging talks on arms control

amid signs of progress on removing several big obstacles to a Start (Strategic Arms

Reduction Talks) treaty halv-

ing each side's strategic nuclear weapons arsenals.

At the Moscow talks, the two

sides exchanged new proposals on chemical, conventional and

strategic weapons. Soviet offi-cials welcomed "very concrete

proposals" made by Mr Baker.

saying real opportunities

existed for reaching agree-

A senior US official said the

Soviets had formally dropped

their insistence on linking a

Start treaty to curbs on the US

Strategic Defence Initiative.
This concession was implic-

itly made during US-Soviet

nuclear arsenais.

MR Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the West German Foreign Min-ister, emphasising his concern about East Germany's worsen ing social and economic plight, has delivered a passionate appeal for German unity as a means of maintaining Euro-

means or maintaining Euro-pean stability.

Speaking before his depar-ture, together with Chancellor Helmut Kohl, for talks in Moscow tomorrow, Mr Genscher termed as a "political signal" Bonn's offer on Wednesday of immediate nego-tiations with Rast Berlin on tiations with East Berlin on monetary union between the two Germanys. He gave his clearest assur-In an interview with the ance to date that a reunified

talks last September, but

Moscow is still reserving the right to withdraw from a Start

treaty if it judges that the US is not complying with the 1972 anti-ballistic missiles treaty.

A Soviet official said US pro-

posals on counting air-launched cruise missiles

"could promote a solution" to

one of the outstanding obsta-

cles to a strategic weapons treaty, which both sides say

they want to prepare in time for a June superpower summit. Nato's CFE proposals have been timed to elicit a Warsaw

Pact response at next week's meeting between foreign minis-

ters of the two alliances in Ott-

The main aim of the Ottawa

meeting is to discuss the West's "open skies" proposal to allow non-combat, unarmed military aircraft of both alli-

ances to fly over each other's

territory. A second meeting on

this is to be held in April in Budapest in order to try to con-clude an agreement, the Nato

The new Nato proposals are

designed "to bring arms con-trol in line with political events," the senior official said.

They call for each alliance to

reduce its combat aircraft to

4,700 - down from the 5,700

ceiling Nato proposed last year

addition to keep as many as 500 interceptor fighters and as

many aircraft with a primary role of training as it liked.

- but would allow each side in

official said.

Financial Times, Mr Genscher said of the process of German unification: "It will accelerate - it is already in progress." He gave a clear hint that he expec-ted Berlin eventually to be the German capital again.

Mr Genscher, born near Halle in what is now East Germany, indicated interest in becoming foreign minister of a united Germany. He had not rejected the idea earlier this month when it was suggested by the newly formed East Ger-man Free Democratic Party. "But that will be decided, of course, in another way."

Nato acknowledged that its

earlier proposal would have

borne particularly hard on the Soviet Union's primarily-defen-

sive interceptor aircraft and

unfairly limited its jet trainers

which, unlike most of their western counterparts, closely resemble standard combat air-

In the same spirit of appar-

ent accommodation, Nato is

also proposing a tighter defini-tion of attack helicopters to be constrained in a CFE treaty, so

that the Soviet Union could

keep more of its dual-purpose

helicopters for military support

Meanwhile, Mr Manfred Wor-

ner, Nato Secretary-General,

suggested that special arrange-

ments should be made to take account of Soviet security

interests with a united Ger-

many as a Nato member. East German territory

should either have a special military status or should be

kept out of Nato's integrated"

to accept - and is probably

already on the way to doing so

enhanced rather than impaired

by the loss of its central and

east European buffer zone." he

said in a speech in Hamburg. On Wednesday night, Mr Baker held lengthy talks with

Mr Shevardnadze about the

Soviet Union's internal prob-

Muscovites cautious, Page 2

"The Soviet Union will have

that its security will be

western Europe to underpin security, and said he saw con-tinuing roles for both Nato and the Warsaw Pact. But, referring to a theme bound to be high on the agenda in Moscow, he emphasised: "A stable Europe, and a European peace order, can only come about if the Soviet Union's own security interests

Mr Genscher said he was "buoyed up" by his success in promoting east-west co-opera-

Germany would maintain its

links to the west and Nato. He stressed the requirement for

the presence of US troops in

But he delivered this warning to Bonn's allies: "Whoever is interested in stability in Europe must also be, in view of the present conditions, in favour of the unity of Germany."

In a message almed above all at Mrs Margaret Thatcher, Britain's Prime Minister, who has angered Bonn by urging efforts to brake German reunification, he said: "Whoever in the west is concerned about developments in Germany should contribute to binding the Germans to the west by pushing forward the EC integration process."

Continued on Page 22

East and West step S Africa reports big influx of up drive to achieve foreign exchange big arms reductions

By Patti Waldmelr and Michael Holman in Cape Town

SOUTH AFRICA'S foreign exchange reserves have risen significantly over the past six weeks, the result of improved international perceptions following recent political reforms, according to Mr Chris Stals, the central bank governor.

Mr Stals said reserves had increased by R2.5bn (\$1bn) over that period and by R1bn since last Friday, when President Price of the period of th dent F. W. de Klerk announced the most radical reforms in more than 40 years of National Party rule.

He expected that the release of Mr Nelson Mandela, jailed leader of the African National Congress, might trigger a fur-ther increase in foreign reserves from their presnt level of around R7bn, equivalent to nearly two months' imports. Mr Mandela's release is

awaited within days.

Mr Stals stressed that he did not expect capital flows to continue at this rate for long, and he ruled out any change in the country's debt management strategy as a result. Last Octo-ber, South Africa agreed the latest in a series of debt reschedulings with its commer-cial bank creditors, following the banks' decision to suspend new lending to the country in 1985 as a result of political

Improved international perceptions of South Africa would. however, make it easier to roll over some of the R7bn in debts falling due this year outside the rescheduling agreement, he

Mr Stals emphasised that the country had so far attracted mainly short-term, speculative

Financial Rand

5.50 5.60

February 1990

funds rather than the mediumto long-term capital that he said South Africa needed. "We have seen some hot money flowing into South Africa since President de Klerk's address," he said, noting that these were mainly "opportunistic investments with the expectation that there

the exchange rate." The commercial rand, which is used for commercial transactions, has risen by 0.6 per cent against sterling since before Mr de Klerk's speech.

could be some appreciation in

The commercial rand closed at R4.3018 against sterling last Thursday, the day before Klerk's speech, and R4.2770 vesterday. Over the same period, the financial rand, which is used for foreign equity investment in South Africa, rose by 2.3 per cent

- finishing at R5.7343 last Thursday and R5.6040 yester-Continued on Page 22 **Europeans cautious, Page 7**

Swedes face freeze on prices and pay until end of 1991

By Robert Taylor

SWEDEN yesterday announced a sweeping austerity package including price, wage, divi-dend and rent freezes to last until the end of 1991. A ban on all strikes was also proposed. Mr Ingvar Carlsson, Sweden's Prime Minister, said the Social Democratic Government had been compelled to introduce the package because of a bout of labour unrest and because of the failure of the trade unions and employers to

agree a national price and wages accord for next year.

The wage freeze, the first in Sweden since the 1950s, will cover the whole labour mar-ket. The Government will decide whether wage rises due this year under existing pay agreements should be paid.

It was unclear last night whether the minority Govern-ment would win the majority necessary to push through one of the toughest packages ever introduced in Sweden. The Social Democrats have

only 156 seats in the 349 - seat Parliament and need the support of one or more opposition parties to impose the mea-sures. Mr Carlsson said yesterday that he would call an election if the Government failed to win backing for its plans. Mr Kjell-Olof Feldt, Swe-

den's Finance Minister, told parliament that the proposals would make all strikes illegal until the end of next year and lead to fines of up to SKr5,000 (\$833) a month on workers who ignored the ban. Mr Feldt said he would present the required anti-strike legislation next week.

The price freeze is planned to come into immediate effect but the Finance Minister said there would be some excep-tions, including import prices. Shareholders will not be allowed to receive any divi-dends for two years.

Mr Feldt also announced that employers, not the state, would be responsible from next year for paying sickness benefits to workers for the first two weeks of their

The move is seen as an attempt to cut Sweden's huge absentee problem and was welcomed by employers who, however, criticised the decision to compensate them by only a I per cent cut in the 10 per cent payroll tax used by the Government for sickness benefit payments.

Harsh medicine, Page 3; Editorial comment. Page 20

Britain's oil groups exonerated by price-fixing investigation

A YEAR-LONG investigation by the UK's Monopolies and Mergers Commission is understood to have cleared the large oil companies of price-fixing and anti-competitive behaviour

at Britain's petrol stations.

The results of the inquiry are due to be published by the Department of Trade and Industry within the next week. The MMC is understood to make no recommendations for restructuring the industry-in contrast to its report last year on the brewing industry. Mr Micholas Ridley, Trade and Industry Secretary, is likely to accept its conclusions.

The investigation, which started in November 1988, followed in the wake of a critical report by the House of Com-mons' Trade and Industry comtralia, according to a report from the IBCA Banking Analymittee. The MMC's inquiry results fell on ministers' desks on December 20.

The Petrol Retailers Association, which represents licensees, tenants and many independent dealers, has argued that price movements indicate "tacit collusion" by large oil companies. It argues that the big companies offer selective price collusion at other sites. It price support to their retailers to fight off undercutting by

The big oil companies have also been criticised for allow ing petrol pump prices to increase quickly when world markets rise, but to delay cutting prices when spot rates fall. However, the detailed MMC study is thought to back oil industry views that competition at petrol pumps is fierce.
It notes that prices from different companies appear to rise in collusion but this is because most set rates according to Rotterdam spot gasoline

Last night Mr Ken Warren, Conservative chairman of the Commons' committee, said that at the time of his committee's report there was "public concern about the apparently strange fluctuations in retail prices". There were signs of "a unitary of interest across the

oil majors.' The MMC report is thought to dismiss arguments that lower prices charged by out-of-town retailers are evidence of

is expected to point out instead that larger supermarkets are able to use their power as bulk buyers to control prices.

The MMC's findings follow vigorous campaigning by the large oil companies amid fears within the industry that large-scale disposals could be ordered. But the report is likely to cause controversy in the British parliament when published Mr Tony Ryde, retail man-ager for BP Oil UK, said: "The

argument that we are ripping off the customer is an argu-ment we absolutely refute." He said that compared with other goods and services, petrol prices had risen at a slow rate in the past 10 years and represented "an extremely good buy for customers."

Price movements were distorted by the large amount taken by the Government in tax and duty. At most, the large oil companies made 2p or 3p profit on each gallon of pet rol sold, Mr Ryde said. Southern California oil spill,

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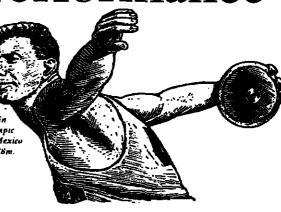
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MARKETS

India: Industry policy decisions shelved 6 | Indonesian co-operatives New York luncht \$1.69135 January Opposition falling short of its 'new receive a shot in the arm President Suharto 1.687 (1.6995) (left) called on private M2.8225 (2.8125) enterprises last month FFr9.59 (9.5725) SFr2.52 (2.615) o self 25 per cent of

their shares to the co-Y245.25 (247.25) E index 89.1 (89.2) operatives, a Utopian vision which took GOLD many foreign businessmen by surprise \$423.2 (423.1) London: \$417 (422.75)

Stock Marketsworld . 41,44 33 17

New York: Comex Apr N SEA OIL (Argus) Brent 15-day Mar \$19.725 (19.7)

DM1,6725 (1.6545) FFr5.685 (5.6325) SFr1.4945 (1.4805) Y145,35 (145,45) \$ index 67 (66.7) Tokyo close: 145.5 Fed Funds 82% 3-mo Treasury Bills: yleid: 8.06%

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New York luncht

DJ Ind. Av. 2,653,38 (+13,29) Tokyo: Nikkei 334.25 (+3.44) LONDON MONEY 3-month interbank:

closing 153% (151₈)

Chief price changes yesterday: Page 23

Long Bond: 95ఓ yield: 8.5%

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EUROPEAN NEWS

Kremlin reform proposals remain open to debate

The first of the f

By Quentin Peel and John Lloyd in Moscow

IN SPITE of its historic Communist Party's constitutional monopoly on power, much that was decided by the central committee meeting this week is still open to doubt or

The detailed platform for the forthcoming party congress, in-tended to overhaul the entire party policy and structure, hasyet to be published, but could also be changed after debate in also be changed after debate in grassroots party organisations. In addition, the manner in which the leading role of the party is cancelled will be up to the congress of people's deputies, the country's supreme legislative body as will definition. islative body, as will definition of the powers of the new execu-

Mr Mikhail Gorbachev won a green light for the proposal to have a far more powerful president, but the details have yet to be fixed. Some central committee members suggested that the new system would resem-ble that in the US, others denied it. Mr Alexander Yakovdenied it. Mr Alexander Yakovlev, officially announcing the
results of the plenum, said the
new post would actually promote democracy, and the plan
is clearly to have direct elections eventually.

However, before a new constitution is drafted in 1991, it

seems likely that the election would be indirect - through the

congress of deputies.

The new position further removes powers from the rul-ing party. "It is in line with dividing the functions between the party and the executive body." Mr Albert Vlasov, chairman of Novosti News Agency, said yesterday. "The new president will be able to bring a bill to the Supreme Soviet, to veto laws, and regulate relations between the Supreme Soviet and government bodies." It is not clear what would become of the post of prime minister. The new president would apparently have some sort of inner cabinet, and the present

council of ministers would per-haps continue in a subordinate The Central Committee has apparently reconciled itself to handing over key decisions, which it would previously have assumed were in its domain, to the Supreme Soviet and the Congress of People's Deputies. It has voted to annul Article Six of the constitution, which guarantees the Party's leading role: but, said Mr Ivan Laptev, the editor of Izvestia and a

The plenum was suspended temporarily while a compro-mise was thrashed out between the rival communist factions in Lithuania and the Soviet politburo. The result -relatively mild condemnarelatively mild condemna-tion of the independent Lith-uanian Communist Party, financial support for the republic's loyal party rump and an invitation for both to attend the party congress -was apparently acceptable to both sides. The independent party will keep existing party assets, and yet be recognised as having broken away - essential for it to retain nationalist credibility in the forthcoming elections.

member of the Central Com-mittee: "The Supreme Soviet must now adopt a law on independent organisations: it is their task now.

The Central Committee was looking over its shoulder to the ordinary members of the Party who had sent the Party secretaries to voice their views, not to have the leaders' decisions transmitted back. Says Dr William Smirnov,

the director of the political section at the Institute for State and Law; "This was perhaps the most significant element in the whole meeting. For the first time the members were reflecting the opinion from the base. They were acting as normal politicians: that has never happened before." Unity of the Party has been

precariously preserved - but at the cost of bitter exchanges and the defection - the lone dissenter at the end - of Mr Boris Yeltsin, commanding the highest of profiles as his campaign est of profiles as his campaign to take the presidency of the Russian federation begins to roll. According to Mr Laptev, an old friend, Mr Yeltsin objected to the party platform on the grounds that it did not clearly junk democratic centralism, and that inner party

democracy was still encrusted with "old thinking."

The exchanges were, however, shockingly bitter - especially one between Mr Yigor Ligachev, the leading Polithing reau conservative and Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, a fellow Politbureau member and the Foreign Secretary. The first said that a full Polithureau meeting was held to approve the use of troops in Georgia last April which resulted in the deaths of 19 Georgians.

Mr Ligachev said it was a full Polithureau decision with Mr Gorbachev and Mr Shevardnar corpactive and ar Snevard-nadze both attending: Mr Shev-ardnadze said there was no Politbureau meeting, just some members at the airport on Mr Gorbachev's return from a truncated trip to Britain - the

result of which was a decision to use "political methods." The row was patched up but the Central Committee was treated to two Politbursau members in open disagree-ment. In spite of Mr Yeltsin's reservations, the decisions taken on inner party democracy are simed at replacing the transmission of decisions with more autonomous local party branches seizing the initiative

and reviving party life.

The multi party system was accepted in large part because the delegates could see that it was already a fall accompli, at least in the Baltic states, where parties are already registered to stand in the republican elec-tions later this month.

The Supreme Soviet will now take over, drafting a law on parties - now under discussion - which Mr Laptev of Izvestia expects to be adopted this year. With the hundreds of informal groups we now have, I would expect a famous Russian queue of parties waiting to be registered," he said.

The immediate possibilities for non-socialist parties to beformed must be limited, because the Societ constitution

because the Soviet constitution requires the commitment to a socialist state. Nonetheless, there was some confidence yesterday among non-communists that several parties would rap-idly be formed, as soon as leg-islation has been passed. They would include a social

democratic party, probably including a breakaway group of social democrats from the ruling party, a group of liberals respecting the constitution, possibly formed around the memorial movement dedicated to rehabilitation of the victims of Stalinism, a party of Chris-tian democrats, and another of the Greens, members of the democratic groups said yester-

day.
The democratic union, the coalition group dedicated to the creation of a multi-party system, and still harassed for its views, may well break up into different factions. The immediate issue will be whether they should or should not register under the promised system.

Muscovites cautious as they imagine life without the party

By Mark Nicholson in Moscow

THE Soviet Communist Party may have reached a momentous decision to cede its monopoly on power, but few Muscovites can yet envisage much of an alternative, let alone have faith

Judging from an informal poll of shoppers in GUM, Moscow's biggest store, by no means everyone is aware of the decision by the control to the decision by the central commit-News, even in these glasnost

days, emerges slowly in the Soviet press and requires study when it does.

Those who had followed

events, though, agreed in wel-coming the week's events as positive and a source for hope. "I'm optimistic after yester-day," said Mr Alexei Kysilov, a 17-year-old student. "It will change our daily lives. It will help the economy. Now we can develop links with other countries, especially the capitalist countries, they can help us a

Most people also welcomed the prospect of a multi-party system. But for a good many -

bers alike - this appeared to mean a system where the party continued to lead and other parties, in a supporting role, got on with their democracy.

"There can be other parties than the Communist Party, but

it is not the end of the Commu-nist Party," said Mr Alex Rey-votov, 40. a party activist from the mining region of Donbass.
"But the main thing is the party's leading role will continue."

A middle-aged woman added:
"We must have one strong
party. With one party we follow one line, with many parties we follow many and get

Some people equated multi-party democracy with chaos, and even eventual bloodshed. Others thought a limited democracy was best. "We don't need many parties, we just need two; like in England, a party and an opposition," said a man in his 50s, who preferred not to give his name. "Mr. Corbetcher prode." name. "Mr Gorbachev needs a Mr Kinnock."

Where there was disappointment, it lay among the more radical who were sorry there

were no personnel changes, they put it - code for the removal of the conservative Politburo member, Mr Yegor

Ligachev. Some radicals thought the plenum had only limited signif-icance anyway. "We shouldn't pay too much attention to the plenum," said Mr Yuri Komachov, an engineer in his 40s.
"The party is changing without
it. Power is already moving to
the councils in real terms, and there we already have a multi-party democracy."

He shrugged off pessimistic talk of chaos. "It is not like 1917 when we were the only

unist country and had to learn by our own mistakes. Now, in Eastern Europe, we have many examples to fol-

Almost everyone was cautiously sure, though, that something had changed, and for the better. "We are moving to a point where the situation will come to a head," said Mr Vladimir Kondriatey, an office worker in his 30s. "After that point, perhaps a dangerous point, things will turn for the better."

Boost for cable TV industry in France

By William Dawkins

FRANCE has launched a campaign to give a fresh boost to its fledgling cable television industry and multiply the number of subscribers by more than five within two years.

The package, prepared by Mr Paul Quiles, the Post and Telecommunications Minister, aims to lift the number of subscribers from 250,000 to 1.3m and increase the channels available on cable to 30 from about 20 by 1992.

Non-cable subscribers can

currently receive conventional broadcasts from four private and two public networks, of distinctly variable quality. In the meantime, France Telecom, owner and installer of the country's cable networks, plans to spend FFr12bn

(£1.25bn) over four years on further fibre optic links.

The decision is partly a response to the disappointing results of France's first cable TV plan, launched in 1982, which corrected First Shu for TV plan, launched in 1982, which earmarked FFr25bn for investment in laying networks to 1995. It failed by a wide margin to achieve its target of attracting 900,000 subscribers by 1988, a poor comparison with the 6m homes now receiving cable broadcasts in neighborring West Commany

bouring West Germany. Under the original plan, France Telecom has spent FFr6bn since 1983 on connecta fraction of which have actu-ally subscribed to the services offered by the country's three main cable operators.

France Telecom officials

ascribe this to a lack of clarity between itself and the three commercial operators over who is responsible for market-ing cable broadcasts.

The Government has also been cautious over introducing new competition for France's four conventionally broadcast private channels, the first of which only came on air in

The latest plan allows France Telecom to take stakes in cable TV operators, so giving it a clear commercial inter-est in encouraging new cable subscriptions rather than just

laying fibre optic links.

Under the plan, France would adapt its cable networks to the D2-Mac European standard for high quality sound and pictures, used by the Télédiffusion de France

atellite, launched last year.

Apartment blocks would be equipped with both conventional TV antenna and cable links so that tenants could receive a mixture of cable and conventional channels from the same wall socket. Low-cost housing blocks would receive state subsidies for cable instal-

 Pilots and flight technicians on France's three main airlines are threatening to strike for 48 hours from midnight on Saturday, a union

Currency union 'would not disrupt Bundesbank monetary policy'

THE currency union offered to East Germany by the Bonn Government will inevitably lead to higher West German interest rates but need not dis-rupt the monetary policy of the Bundesbank, the central bank, economists said yesterday. Mr Hans Modrow, the East

German Prime Minister, said he had not been informed of Bonn's offer, complaining that it was not usual for such matters to be discussed publicly before negotiations. He travels to Bonn next week to meet West German Chancellor Hel-mut Kohl.

Economists said the higher interest rates would reflect the demand for funds to rebuild the tottering East German infrastructure once agreement had been reached on financial

and economic reforms.

Mr Theo Waigel, the Finance
Minister, has made clear he thinks this can be financed without raising taxes after the latest round of cuts. "The tax rate should not rise," he said.

The bond market weakened further yesterday on concern about the volume of financing needed. Mr John Lipsky, direc-tor of international research at Salomon Brothers in London, said the main issue was less the mechanics of a currency union than the time needed before vital infrastructure

investment could be followed by more profitable investment private industry. Despite the lack of reliable East German monetary data, he saw little danger that the Bundesbank's money supply aims could be upset if it extended its activities to East

Germany. "The actual amounts [of money circulating in East Ger-many] are relatively trivial." The Bundesbank put the figure at around 15bn East Marks, not enough to swamp its monetary policy. Even so, the West German

offer to make the D-Mark the currency of both Germanys has put the Bundesbank in a situation which Mr Karl Otto Põhl, its president, would clearly have far rather avoided. Today, he attends the regu-lar government press conference in Bonn, the first time a Bundesbank director has done so. An agile pragmatist, he has lined up loyally behind the Bonn Government in its decision to offer the East German administration immediate

talks on currency union.

Foreign companies were
"waiting in the starting
blocks" to invest in East Germany, he said, but the right economic conditions had yet to Speaking on television, he said: "We face a historic deci-sion, namely taking the first step towards a union of both German states in the very important areas of the currency and the economy."

But the offer could not be

unconditional. East Germany would also have to make significant changes.

George Graham adds: Mr
Pierre Bérégovoy, the French
Finance Minister, sald yester-

day it was important to press ahead with preparations for the second and third stages of monetary union.

One of the most positive moves in the current circumstances would be for sterling to join the exchange rate mechanism of the EMS. "It would be a good way of showing our will to consolidate the 12-member Europe, at a moment when we have to handle the unheavals in eastern Europe with imagi-nation and sang-froid," Mr Ber-égovoy said. He added that EC member governments must respect their undertakings, and that it was already time to prepare for the intergovernmental conference on monetary union, scheduled to take place in Italy by the end of this year.

David Goodhart in Leipzig writes: Mr Manfred Schuster who took over as chief of Leipzig's main construction

would welcome the introduc-tion of the D-Mark into East Germany. "But the shock ther-apy of suddenly opening our economy will be a bitter expe-rience for many," he added. He expected unemployment to rise quickly to at least 15 per

cent as the uncompetitivene of many East German compa-nies forced them to close. He believes his own construction firm, which employs 4,800, would be relatively sheltered from West German and international competition and would benefit from a construction boom accompanying re-

companies that would be more exposed to competition, such as East Germany's only shoe manufacturer, are less shoe manufacturer, are less sanguine about the prospects of a D-Mark takeover. Mr Wolfgang Leitloff, the number two in the shoe company, says his share of the East German market could quickly slip from 100 per cent to 50 per cent.

He adds that there would be compensating benefits, such as easter access to state-of-the-art

easter access to state-of-the-art production technology. But many economists believe there would be not much left of today's East German industry - currently a command economy without commanders - to

take advantage of such bene-

Communists

dominate in

MR Andrei Lukanov, the Bulgarian Prime Minister, named a communist-dominated government yesterday and

gave a top post to a reformer once ousted by Mr Todor Zhiv-

kov, the disgraced former leader, Reuter reports from

Opposition leaders welcomed

Mr Lukanov's appointment as premier but ruled out partici-

pation in an interim govern-

ment proposed by him to run the country until free elec-tions. Mr Choudomir Alexan-

drov, sacked by Mr Zhivkov

from the Communist Party's ruling bodies in 1988, became a

deputy prime minister in a cab-

inet composed entirely of com-munists, the official BTA news agency said. Ministers of the

interior, foreign affairs, defence and finance were

Bulgaria

Bild aims for those parts other papers fail to reach

GERMAN UNITY fever is giving Bild, West Germany's giving Bild, West Germany's brashest and best-selling newspaper, a new lease of life. The front page of the flagship of the Springer publishing group has been adorned with patriotic black-red-and-gold practically every day since the breaching of the Berlin Wall three of the Berlin Wall three

months ago. Mr Hans Hermann Tiedje one of the paper's two joint editors, is a lanky 40-year-old with tie awry and impatient swathes of black hair falling over his glasses. He took over last June in a change of leader-ship designed to boost fading sales. He declares that Bild is standing up for the most important guiding principles of Mr Arel Springer, the group's founder — "freedom and

unity". Mr Tiedje, who has a curious penchant for anatomical language, sprawls back on his Biro pen-smudged Italian leather sofa in Bild's editorial suite and expounds: "We feel we are reaching our readers' hearts and bellies and navels." The new style appears to be paying off. Circulation has recovered to around 4.2 to 4.3m, up roughly 100,000 from a year ago - although it is still well below levels of around 5m

a few years ago. Mr Tiedje, who previously edited the illustrated magazine Bunte, runs the editorial

operations with Mr Peter Bartels, a long-time Bild hand. Before German events leapt into the headlines, the paper last summer made an effort to give international events large-print attention by running extra coverage on China and Iran.

Since a tide of East German fugitives started to flee to the west six months ago, however, Germany has been the dominant theme. Last autumn Bild gathered DM700,000 (£250,000)

David Marsh discovers what moves West Germany's brashest newspaper

from readers to help accommodate and feed would-be emigres camped out in front of the West German embassy in Budapest. During the last six months, the Springer group has received around 100,000 letters - mostly from Bild readers - about the East German upheaval.

Bild has led campaigns to find jobs for East German set-tlers and told its readers not to buy up cheap goods in Rast German shops. Lately, it has run a crusade to extend the D-Mark to the East.

"We are here to make things happen," insists Mr Tiedje.
"People are now making the politics; it's no longer politics influencing people." He has great belief in Bild's power. "If Bild says that Mister Marsh is the Number 1 subject of the day - then you are the Number

He lambasts the Bundesbank for its caution over a united Mark, and suggests that the Bundesbank's billions of D-Marks of profits from "cur-rency speculation" could be spread out among 16m East Germans.

Referring to the scepticism over currency union of Mr Karl Otto Pöhl, the Bundesbank president. Mr Tiedje says, with mysterious logic: "Pobl may be right, but he will not be proven right." He also suggests that "Siemens (the West German electronics group] thould spend DM1hn a year less in Australia and New Zealand* and put the money into East Germany.

Mr Tiedje explains that Bild's demand for a higher taxes on West Germans to aid East German reconstruction can be unpopular with some "people (in the west) sitting on their fat behinds... We have pockets full of money - the poor fellows over there have nothing." He adds: "This has nothing to do with nationalism - it's just that the people over there have been taken for a ride for 40 years."

The old government resigned last week after failing to arrange a sharing of power with other parties until free parliamentary elections due by May.

Both the Agrarian Party and members of the opposition Union of the Democratic

Forces refused to join a coalition with the comm-unists. Agrarian Party mem-bers had held several ministerial posts in an enforced partnership with the communists during Mr Zhivkov's 35 years

Mr Zhivkov was forced from office last November and the Communist Party formally gave up its guaranteed right to rule last month.

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Shoe group dips toe into hotel business

BAST GERMANY'S state-owned shoe company is the unlikely sponsor of a plan to bring mass tourism to the country by building hotels and other leisure facilities on land

next to footwear factories.

This exercise in cobbling together new business opportunities for East Germany is the brainchild of Mr Joachim Lezoch, director general of Kombinat Schuhe, one of the nation's biggest industrial

groups.
Schuhe, which employs
46,000 people and makes 90m pairs of shoes a year, has identified several hundred sites which it owns around East Germany, some of them in sce-nic areas, which could be suitable for hotel development. Mr Lezoch, together with other state industry chiefs, plans to interest western hotel operators in joint ventures.

Among the UK hotel groups which have already talked to the East Germans are Trust House Forte and Hilton Inter-

Mr Lezoch said in London that he wanted to "develop a second pillar" for his company, as part of the general economic and political reforms taking place in east Europe. The land on which hotels could be built was surplus to

requirements, Mr Lezoch said. In some cases, existing shoe factories could be demolished to make way for new building. It is thought that large num-bers of Schuhe's plants might not be needed if East Germany opens up its market to imports, which at present are small. Schuhe is being joined in its plans by Kombinat Baufe, one of East Germany's big stateowned construction groups. Mr Manfred Thomas, the director general, said he was especially

Mr Thomas said that such

projects could attract more

interested in joint ventures with western groups in facili-ties such as leisure centres.

rural areas such as the Thuringer Wald in the south of the country. Several towns on the Baltic coast had been earmarked as possible sites for yachting marinas.

Baufe is already discussing with west European companies the rebuilding of several Leipzig hotels which are felt to be too dour for western tastes.
"Our hotels should have more of a family atmosphere," said

"We want to make people feel at home in East Germany.

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EUROPEAN NEWS

Harsh medicine prescribed for Sweden's ailing economy

By Robert Taylor in Stockholm

SWEDEN'S MAIN overseas package. But it must secure admirers may be shocked by the approval of parliament the pay, price, rent and dividend freeze announced yester-day, and particularly the decision to outlaw strikes until the end of 1991.

But the drastic nature of the measures underlines the gravity of Sweden's looming economic crisis and the increasing worry among many Swedes that their long-admired political system based on consensus and compromise is no longer capable of managing a vulnerable, open market economy with

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Mr Zhivkov's \$3

full employment.
The ruling Social Democrats have won the backing of the powerful LO trade union organisation, and the reluctant acquiescence of the main employer bodies for their crisis

Only 15 per cent of those

questioned thought Mr Syse, who came to power last Octo-ber as head of a three-party

centre-right coalition, was doing a good job.

way's 7.7 per cent unemployment rate. To rub salt in the

new Government's wound, 46 per cent of those polled said they would prefer to have the

while only 35 per cent sup-ported the efforts of the cur-

Yugoslavia's Supreme Court

yesterday said its feuding republics had no right to

secede unilaterally and

accused the northern republic

of Slovenia of violating the fed-

eral constitution by edging

towards independence, Reuter

reports from Belgrade.

The ruling will be submitted to the federal parliament for

possible further action because

Slovenia maintains that the court's decision is an unbind-

ing opinion.

rent Government.

Yugoslay court

warns Slovenia

His main problem is Nor-

Thumbs down

for Norway's

new Premier

next week to come into force and the party's parliamentary position is perilous. It lacks an overall majority, with 156 seats in the 349-strong parliament and relies on one or other opposition party to govern. This is not a new condition

of democratic life in Sweden. The Social Democrats have not had an overall majority for most of their 50 years in power. This has meant pursuing policies aimed at gaining the widest degree of approval beyond their own ranks. However, the Government has found it difficult to achieve bipartisanship in carrying through unpopular but necessary economic measures to

deal with the country's ills.

Last spring Mr Kjell-Olof Feldt, the Finance Minister, could not win parliamentary approval for tax increases to cool down the overheated

As a result wage inflation, the balance of payments deficit and the country's international competitiveness deteriorated further without an adequate political response. It has also meant that when the moment came for action it has had to be more painful. Mr Ingvar Carlsson, the Prime Minister, says that if he

cannot win a majority vote for the crisis package in parliament next week his government will resign and there will be a general election in April. This is a high risk strategy since all the opposition parties

ited many orphanages through-

out the country and found that

half the children examined

The Haematological Clinic in Bucharest discovered that half

the children admitted there

were HIV carriers.

may well vote together against the Government.

But Mr Carlsson and his colleagues will not fall without a fight. They will point out that Sweden's comprehensive tax reforms will not be implemented if they leave office and they will argue that the three main opposition parties lack credibility because they agree on very little.

The Government argues that there is no alternative to the freeze proposals and that if they do not come into force at once the economy will drift out of control until the summer with disastrous consequences. Sweden's crisis puts into real

has any future.

doubt whether its famed collective bargaining system based on national wage negotiations

The business gradually grew into a

multi-billion escudo financial empire

involving dozens of branches, lawyers

and a security team. When a newspa-per lifted the veil on the "lady with

the Midas touch" in 1983, events

dreds of would-be customers who

queued into the early hours to deposit

their savings. In one hectic week Dona Branca was alleged to have taken in Esl.4bn in what she

described as friendly loans to avoid

Her financial wizardry embarrassed

Police were called to control hun-

began to snowball.

The employers argue that the trade unions are much too powerful, particularly in the public sector, and they want to see legislation to introduce cooling-off periods before strikes, compulsory mediation and a ban on disputes in essen-

The unions dislike any of those ideas but they are having difficulty imposing their authority over their members

tial services.

in wage deals. The Government sees the freeze as an opportunity for employers and unions to produce a new Swedish model for the 1990s but this looks like an impossible task. Critics see it as the arrival of a command economy in Sweden like those now discredited in eastern

Certainly questions of constitutional law will be involved in the Draconian proposal to outlaw strikes against the freeze. But government supporters insist the freeze is a last chance to save, not destroy the market economy. However, Mr Feldt is intelli-

gent enough to recognise that the freeze is a grave setback to all he stands for in politics the creation of an open social market economy based on efficiency and rational behaviour. He made clear yesterday that he wants to press on with his long-term ambitious programme to turn Sweden into a more competitive, Europeanised society. Next week, he will discover whether enough of his colleagues in parliament agree



Premier Ingvar Carlsson: threat to quit is high-risk

able commodity in order to

repay the national debt.
With this legacy in mind, the
Health Ministry today faces
the awesome task of repairing
the nation's physical and psy-

Mr Enachescu said the coun-

try was in urgent need of the

most basis medical supplies. He has already set up contacts with the World Realth Organi-

sation to co-ordinate a long-term programme. It will take time, but at least the min-

istry is no longer afraid to speak the truth. "The motto

'No bad news for the leaders' is

now discarded," said Dr Schi-

chological health.

Two injured, one seriously,

and eight dead were brought out of the pit. Rescue workers had encountered lethal concentrations of gas, said Mr Yazar. Yesterday morning, the authorities began sealing the shaft entrance to cut off air feeding the fire 1,000 feet below ground.

Turkish

claims

mine blast

many lives

MORE THAN 60 miners were

feared dead deep underground

yesterday in a lignite mine

near Amasya in northeastern

Turkey, after a gas explosion

and rapidly spreading fire

There was almost no hope

for them because of carbon

monoxide emissions, said the

government spokesman, Mr

Mehmet Yazar, at noon yester-

blocked rescue attempts.

By Jim Bodgener

in Ankara

The mine is operated by the private-sector Yeniceltek Coal Company, which is jointly owned by the municipalities of Merzifon and Amasya and state-owned Turkish Sugar Factories, and employs almost

900 miners. Mr Ekrem Sami, the secretary-general of the mine-workers union Maden-Is, said the workers sensed the emission of explosive gases 30 minutes before they ignited, but could not escape in time. The mine is understood to be the deepest in Turkey, tapping seams of lignite (brown coal) to produce 500 tonnes daily. The explosion occurred very deep in the pit, according to accounts yesterday.

The area, which also includes around 15 deep hardcoal mines in the Zonguldak district, is geologically diffi-cult for mining. Its steeply-inclined seams call for rudimentary, manual methods, with very little mechanisation.

It is also extremely prone to emissions of inflammable gases, according to foreign

experts.
Safety precautions were ade quate for the conditions, they added. However, union leaders yesterday criticised the safety record of privately-owned mines.
The mine itself has a record

of disasters since it opened in 1955. Some 90 miners have been killed at the pit.

Romanian regime suppressed AIDS alarm last summer

By Judy Dempsey in Bucharest

NORWAY'S new Conservative THE CEAUCESCU regime knew about the spread of the AIDS virus among Romanian children as long ago as last summer but refused to take any action, according to a leading doctor. Prime Minister, Mr Jan Syse, is the country's most unpopular leader in the past decade, according to a public opinion poll, writes Karen Fossii in Oslo.

When Mr Victor Combanu, the [former health] minister, was told that children were carrying the virus, he said it was not important," recalled Dr Dumitru Schiteanu, who works at the Institute for Public Health and Hygiene. "He said: 'I cannot disturb

the superior leaders with this unimportant matter. Stop this Last June the institute vis-

By Peter Wise in Lisbon

A 78-YEAR-OLD white-haired spinster

who ran a clandestine bank from her

front parlour paying 214 per cent annual interest has been sentenced to

10 years' jail for fraud involving more

than Es17.5bn (£70m). Miss Maria Branca dos Santos, once

a national heroine hailed as the peo-

ple's banker, was found guilty with 44 others of serious fraud and writing

uncovered cheques, after a two-year trial that mobilised 1,276 plaintiffs, 400 witnesses and 47 defence lawyers.

known, will take her place in the

annals of fraud alongside Artur Alves

Dona Branca, as she is popularly

were also infected. Again, when the doctors tried to raise the issue with the ministry, they were brushed aside.
"The minister could do noth-

ing for us. All the results would have been positive and if he tried to inform the Ceausescus, he would have been sacked." said Dr Schiteanu. Doctors persisted, however. head of the Institute for Public

de Reis, a consummate Portuguese

confidence trickster who in 1925 per-

suaded a London company to print

half a million bank notes believing

According to the 15,000-page indictment, Dona Branca launched the

black-market bank in 1974 as a family

affair based in her Lisbon flat. She

paid 10 per cent a month compound

interest on deposits, apparently via a

pyramid system that enabled her to use a constant flow of fresh deposit

of interest. She also reloaned the

deposits at even higher rates.

they were for the Bank of Portugal.

Health, carried out more studies in the winter. "He con-cluded that the AIDS epidemic was the result of using dirty syringes in the orphanages, Dr Schiteanu said. The picture he paints of

Romanian orphanages is grim. The staff were overworked and underpaid. They had no medicines. They were not allowed hard currency to buy syringes. Inside temperatures were colder than outside; the chil-dren had few clothes and no education.

The number of orphans increased sharply over the past six years following a decree passed in 1984 which outlawed

abortion. Those women who did not risk having illegal abortions, but who could not afford to bring up their children in a society lacking even basic items, simply abandoned their infants in the orphan-

Mr Dan Enachescu, the new Health Minister, told journal ists this week that the appalling maternity and gynaecological conditions, compounded by acute shortages and back-street abortions, pushed up the infant mortality rate to 25 per 1.000. one of Europe's highest. The average elsewhere in Europe is six per 1,000. Romanians, who until

recently lived in complete ignorance of the AIDS virus, are shocked. But they also know that the spread of the virus is symptomatic of the overall standards of the Romanian

health system.
"From studies in our insti-tute, we know there is an increase of scabies, lice and tuberculosis because we do not have items such as soap, razor blades, hot water, disinfectant, detergents. We had nothing," said Dr Schiteanu. The pharmaceutical industry

was neglected and the Ceausescus were obsessive about reducing imports to a mini-mum while exporting any sale-

Ten years' jail for Dona Branca, the front parlour banker lengthy legal proceedings as it became clear that billions of escudos deposited with her would never be recovered. She spent her time in jail making rugs until released into a

jail term to be waived on the grounds that Dona Branca was eligible for

parole, having served more than half the sentence detained without bail.

jail terms of up to eight years and

acquitted 24 others.

The court sentenced 44 others to

run on the bank and angry crowds demonstrated outside Dona Branca's offices after she suspended payments to "take a holiday". She was eventually arrested in October 1984 after

a government that was struggling in the depths of an economic crisis, with

the state-dominated banking system posting heavy losses. Five separate investigations were launched into her activities but initially authorities clinic last year on health grounds. She was not in court to hear the sentence read on Wednesday night. Her lawyer said he would ask for the found no grounds for intervention. Fear of police action began to stir a

police learned she had booked a flight to Rio de Janeiro.

Her reputation soured amid the

A Ladbroke Group Company "Take me to the Hilton."

message in a bottle. "Take me to the Hilton." Some time over 400 hotels, call your travel agent, any later, duty done, he relaxed in the bar and watched the sun Hilton hotel or Hilton Reservations Worldwide. go down as he waited for his companions to join him (Germany: 069250102, France: 146878480.)

The problem with paradise, he thought as he made his for dinner. He'd made the right choice, no doubt about it. You way back to the plane, was that fax machines were a bit too can be sure. There's no place like home. And when you're thin on the ground. And head office wouldn't appreciate a away, there's no place like the Hilton & For reservations at

THE HILTON · THE HOTEL

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Regulations cloud foreign rescue for **Australian TV**

Packer: audacious bid

to the act's intent."

act as it now stands," Mr Willis

declared, "it is clearly contrary

Although this is a point

some lawyers dispute, the min-ister promised to bar any

arrangement which resulted in

more than 20 per cent foreign interests controlling a licensee

also warned potential foreign

investors that he was prepared to apply legislation retrospec-

The confusion was com-

pounded when local newspa-

pers published reports counter-ing Mr Willis's announcement

These said the Government had reversed its stand and

would legislate to lift the 20

per cent limit to 40 per cent. The apparent switch was a

response to strong complaints

from a number of quar-ters - the troubled media groups themselves, banks

badly exposed from financing

1987's extravagant network

purchases, and long-suffering

Channel Nine to Mr Bond in the first place. The price tag was A\$1.05bn, and the deal fol-

lowed the Labor Government's

late-1986 changes to the rules of media ownership. His audacious bid now val-

ues Bond Media at just A\$53m

- and he launched it because he was not sure he would

the deal by March.

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

EUROPEAN WATER

London

26 & 27 March 1990

The Rt Hon Christopher Patten, MP

Nature Conservation & Nuclear Reactor Safety,

The Rt Hon The Lord Crickhowell

Madame Christine Morin-Postel

Secretary of State for the Environment

Federal Ministry for the Environment,

It was Mr Packer who sold

shareholders.

tively on the matter.

By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

CONFUSION over complex foreign ownership regulations are stymying attempts by two of Australia's three financially-troubled commercial television networks to secure much-needed equity injections.

The two networks are Channel Nine, controlled by Bond Media, which is part of Mr Alan Bond's debt-ridden business empire, and Channel Seven, which is part of the Qintex group now in the hands Bond executives are believed

to have approached both ABC and CBS in the US as possible equity participants in a restructuring of Channel Nine, while NBC, the third US network, has evinced interest in Channel Seven. Other groups thought to be considering the possibilities include the Disney group in the US, TVNZ in New Zealand and some of Britain's ITV companies.
At the same time Mr Kerry

Packer, the Australian busi-nessman, has launched a take-over bid for Bond Media which would involve foreigners in a subsequent recapitalisa-tion - including, it is reported. TV-am of the UK.

The confusion which has clouded all this has arisen because of an announcement last month by Mr Ralph Willis. the Transport and Communica-tions Minister. He said the Federal Government would tighten the Broadcasting Act to ensure adherence to its foreign owner-

These prevent a foreigner holding more than 15 per cent of a licensee company, and place a ceiling of 20 per cent on aggregate foreign interests. For a holding company standing above a licensee company, however, the ceiling on aggre-gate foreign interests is 50 per

The latter arrangement applies to Channel Ten, Australia's third commercial network. Northern Star, its holding company, counts two UK companies among its shareholders: Associated Newspapers. with 15 per cent, and Thames Television, with 10 per

"While this arrangement may be permissible under the

Speakers include: -

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National Rivers Authority

Mr Roy Watts, CBE Thames Water plc

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SALE of Telecom Corporation, the most profit-able of New Zealand's remain-

appears to be imminent.
Mr Stan Rodger, former
State Owned Enterprises Min-ister, who was replaced by Mr Richard Prebble last week, said last night he expected a decision within three weeks. Mr Prebble is believed to have been appointed to speed the sale process.

Mr Rodger's statement fol-lowed a speech by Mr David Caygill, Minister of Finance, that the sale would take place soon. Dr Peter Troughton. Telecom chief executive, said he expected an announcement within two weeks if the deal

was to be completed before the general election in October. Telecom, one of the three divisions of the old post office, has been valued at up to NZ\$4bn (£1.4bn), but the Government is expected to receive less than that in today's depressed stock market.

It is not known how the Government plans to sell the company and there are a num-

Ominously, and with his eye on the Qintex receivers, he ber of technical difficulties. It was reported recently that it was considering selling 40 per cent of the shares to an international shareholder such as Bell Telephone of the US, with another 30 per cent to a New Zealand corporation and the remaining 30 per cent to New Zealand private investors.

However, the weak state of the New Zealand share market may make this difficult. There have also been suggestions that the management, largely recruited from Britain and the US, may be involved in a par-

tial management buy-out.

There has been speculation that the Government wants to sell it before June 30, because of a shortfall of NZ\$2.5bm in the amount it had budgeted to raise from asset sales by then. Under Dr Troughton, a for-mer executive with British

Telecom, the corporation has been restructured, with many offices closed and several thousand staff made redundant 600 in Auckland alone last In the year to March 31,

1989 it earned NZ\$240m on assets of NZ\$3.9bn, and in the six months to September 30 its revenue rose to NZ\$1.115bn.
Dr Troughton said yesterday for sale and he favoured priva tisation by public floatation, which had been a successful formula in other countries. He said he favoured an interna-

tional floatation. The National Party opposi-tion, which has a big lead in the opinion polls, has said that no large foreign company should own more than 25 per cent of strategic assets such as

There is also considerable animosity within the Labour Party at the sale and last year the Lange Government had promised to consult the party. However, the Government under Mr Geoffrey Palmer, the present Prime Minister, apparently intends to consult only Labour MPs and most are believed to favour the sale. They are expected to give their approval at next Thursday's

Sale of New | Delhi shelves decisions on industry policy Supporters of liberalisation are fighting a rearguard action, reports David Housego WO MONTHS after Prime Minister V.P. Singh's administration took office in India, there is still no sign it has resolved its differences

gengen. De samme medical selectiones de processor de la libratione de la constant de la constant de la colonidad de la

over economic and industrial policy.
Preoccupied by the turmoil in Kashmir and the Punjab and by looming state elections on February 27, it has shelved all other big decisions. Ministers had signalled that the

speech to have been given by Mr Ajit Singh, the Minister of Industry, to the Dayos conference would be the first clear statement of the Government's intentions. In the event, Mr Ajit Singh was too busy with electoral politics to

go himself.

The good news is that the text read out for him by one of his ministerial colleagues gave the Government's first statement of unequivocal support for continuing high levels of industrial growth — an attempt to dispel the impression that India had become more inward-looking since the change in administration and that industry would suffer from the proposed shift of resources into agriculture. The statement said: "Indian industry in the 1990s must look outwards - it

must interact globally in production and participate more actively in world trade...our aim is to accelerate industrial growth to double-digit levels." But there was no sign in the text of how the Government intends to implehow the Government intends to implement these goals. On foreign investment, the statement made clear it would retain the 40 per cent ceiling on the equity participation normally allowed to a foreign company in an Indian group — thus prolonging the regulation which probably more than any other has discouraged foreign

investment in the country. The statement offered instead some marginal changes to the foreign investment procedures by promising to simplify them and in certain cases to make approvals "almost enterments" almost automatic".

This lukewarm encouragement comes at a time when there are signs that the of time when there are signs that the volume of foreign investment — already low by international standards at \$250m last year — is beginning to decline, partly because of the domestic uncertainties and partly because the interest of multinationals is shifting to Eastern

The minister's statement apart, other signals to foreign investors have been less encouraging. Pepsi-Cola's big agro-business project in the Punjab has run into further delays with equipment being held up at the customs and other bureaucratic tangles - notwithstanding official pronouncements that the Government remained committed to the

Another move ill-received by foreign investors was the Government's rejec-tion of the \$470m settlement former Prime Minister Raify Gandhi's government reached with Union Carbide over the Bhopal gas tragedy — thus reopening the sensitive issue of multinationals' liabilities in the event of industrial dents in India.

Because the foreign exchange reserves have slipped to under two months' import cover, the Government is insisting that new industrial invest-ment must pay its way in foreign exchange terms within two months. The result of this focus on curbing imports will inevitably be to undermine the longer-terms goals of upgrading the technology and competitive strength of Indian industry - and thus its export

performance.
The consensus among observers is that the vacuum in decision-making reflects the still unresolved tussle in the Government between those whose priority is rural development and small business and those arguing for a more outward-looking economy and continuing liberalisation.
What is clear is that the supporters of

iberalisation are fighting a rearguard action to safeguard what has already been achieved, with little prospect of further advances in the immediate future. They fear the window of oppor-tunity to increase its share of world manufacturing opened up to India by the turmoil in China and the fastchanging industrial landscape elsewhere in the world is fast closing.

t remains uncertain whether Mr V.P. Singh - who pushed liberalis-ation during his spell as Finance Minister from 1985 to 1987 - will emerge from the state assembly elec-tions at the end of the month with his power enhanced or whether his task of balancing the conflicting pressures will balancing the conflicting pressures will become more complicated. After the elections he is expected to broaden his Government by taking in members of the right wing Hindu BJP party and the

The first signpost to the direction policy is heading will be the budget in the third week of March, followed by the announcement of the import/export regime on April 1. All parties are agreed on the need for a substantial squeeze on domestic demand to curtail the budget deficit, and thus indirectly mounting

ingly large current account deficit.

The big question is whether the reduction in the budgetdeficit will be acheived by cuts in expenditure (such as food and fertiliser subsidies) or through increased taxation on the middle classes and the corporate sector. The Government's leeway has been much reduced by the troubles in Kash-

mich reduced by the troubs in Assimir, ruling out defence cuts, and by commitments to debt relief for farmers and other welfare programmes.

If the Congress Party had been returned to power, the intention was to use the budget to put through a substantial deflationary package that would have slowed down the economy over the next year or two. But this would have probably been accompanied by an IMF borrowing of \$2bn-Sha to boost the foreign exchange reserves, further liberalisation, the encouragement of inflows of foreign equity capital, and some steps towards privatisation and private sector financing of infrastructure projects to diminish the load on the budget.

The signs are now that the Government intends to bypass the IMF. It will seek \$1bn-\$2bn from the commercial markets, accompanying this with a refi-nancing of existing debt to spread future repayments further. The implica-tions are that the Government will need to impose even tighter monetary and fiscal policies to demonstrate its seriousness to the commercial banks. It seems likely to strengthen curbs on imports — a move that the IMF would have resisted.

Share prices in Bombay have been falling as the short-term horizon has looked gloomier. They are likely to fall further before budget day.

Peking hits at US 'interference' | Manila plans | Iranian

By Our Foreign Staff

THE Sino-US relationship, already cool in the wake of the massacre in the Chinese capi-tal last June, cooled further yesterday as Peking accused the US of interfering in its internal affairs.

A State Department report,

an annual review of human rights worldwide to be pres-ented to Congress on February 21, criticises China's record on human rights, outlining the use of torture and summary execution to repress the Peking democracy movement and proindependence activists in

"If the US State Department insists on its wanton attacks against China in its human rights report, which is based on rumours, it will certainly do further serious harm to Sino--US relations and arouse great indignation from the Chinese

THE European Commission is

expected to delay talks with

israeli officials and a planned visit by one of its commission-ers to Israel next month, in order to signal its disapproval

of behaviour by Israeli security forces in breaking up a peace-ful demonstration in Jerusalem

Responding to pressure from the European Parliament,

which last month called for an

immediate freeze on new scien-tific cooperation with Israel, Mr Abel Matutes, the commis-

sioner responsible for Mediter-

ranean policy, will probably delay a planned mid-March visit to the country and the selection of new joint scientific projects. A meeting was to

last month.

people", Jin Guihua, the For-eign Ministry spokesman, said yesterday. He also condemned the US human rights group Asia Watch for a similar report, published this week. The report, and the US ban-

ning of a Chinese interest in an American aircraft parts company, appear to have undone President George Bush's efforts to repair the relationship by twice sending Mr Brent Scowcroft, his security adviser, to Peking last year.

• Chen Yun, China's senior hard-line economist and patron of the unpopular premier, Li Peng, is seriously ill with intestinal cancer, according to the usually reliable pro-Peking magazine The Mirror, published in Hong Kong.

If Chen Yun, who is 85, dies

before Deng Xiaoping, the architect of China's economic

Brussels may put off Israeli talks

select 15 environment and

water management projects.

However, EC governments
have condemned the attack

this week on a bus carrying Israeli tourists in Egypt. Reuter adds from Jerusalem:

Mr Moshe Arens, the Israeli Foreign Minister, flies to Czechoslovakia today to restore full ties, the second

step towards ending a rift with Moscow and its allies dating

Mr Arens, accompanied by a small delegation including Bank of Israel governor Mich-

ael Bruno, will sign an according relations in a joint

ceremony with Czechoslovak

have been held this spring for Foreign Minister Jiri Dien-EC and Israeli officials to stbier.

reform policy, the way might be cleared for a return to more flexible practices. • China's TV and radio carried their first reports yester-

day of the Soviet Communist Party's three-day meeting, quoting President Mikhail Gorbachev as saying a multi-party system could evolve.

Previously, only listeners who tuned to foreign radio sta-

tions had picked up the news that the Soviet party had agreed to changes proposed by Mr Gorbachev. "Our correspondents in Moscow are sending reports," said one Chinese journalist, "But we are not printing any of it - at least not in papers which anyone can see".

Peking circulates internal
newspapers, called Reference

News, to senior officials, and these have probably carried details of events in Moscow.

The rapprochement, follow-

ing Hungary's ground-breaking restoration of ties with Israel

in September, marks a revival of the good links Czechoslo-vakia had with Israel in the

Israeli officials said Mr

Arens would sign documents restoring ties in Warsaw on February 26. Caution about ties with Israel has disappeared as the communist hold on Eastern Europe collapses.

Israel and the Soviet Union

have moved slowly towards normalising relations, but so

far have only exchanged con-sular missions that have little

to retire \$3bn of debt

By Greg Hutchinson in Manila

THE PHILIPPINES can retire up to \$3bn (£1.76m) of foreign debt over the next two years, according to Mr José Fernanlez, the country's central bank

governor. He said the Philippines had sufficient financial commitments and agreements from official creditors to effect such a pull-back of its \$26.9hn debt. The only thing that's got to be done is for financial institutions to put on their thinking-caps and see how we can get maximum relief for the Philipping the thinking the second seems of the philipping that the second seems of the philipping that the second seems of pines," he told a news confer-ence, his last scheduled before he hands over the governorship on February 20 to Mr Jose Cuisla, government adminis-trator and former private

month ago retired \$1.3bn of commercial bank debt by buy-ing it back at a 50 per cent

It is currently negotiating a new money agreement with about 55 commercial banks but faces a problem in dealing with some banks which are unwilling to opt for either the debt buy-back or new money. Some want instead the lucrative alternative of cheques from the Philippine Government carrying a high interest rate. This has irked Japanese banks, particularly, which feel that discipline must be brought to bear on the "free riders".

Free and cheap riding has been holding up the agree-ment, which is supposed to be signed on February 16 in Tokyo. New loans of some \$700m-\$750m are involved.

Japanese venture ends

A JAPANESE consortium led by Mitsui and Company paid Iran Y130bn (£525m)yesterday to end its partnership in a joint

petrochemical project, Mr Gholamreza Agazadeh, Iran's Oil Minister said, Reuter reports from Nicosia. He told Tehran Radio that the sum was paid four months after Iran and the consortium had agreed to end their 50:50 parinership in the Iran Japan Petrochemical project in Bandar Khomeini.

Mr Aqazadeh said South Korean companies would probably get most contracts for completing the project.

The payment ends a 19-year joint venture in which the two sides invested a total of Y600bn

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w prote

in the project. Today Y130bn was deposited at the Central Bank of the Islamic Republic of Iran by the Japanese compa-nies and the 50 per cent equity of Mitsui and its partners was transferred to Iran's National Petrochemical Company

The complex, on Iran's northern Gulf coast, was 85 per cent complete when the Gulf war broke out in 1980. It was repeatedly attacked by Iraqi jets. The Japanese side aban-doned work during the war and considered the project no longer economical after fight-ing ended 18 months ago.

Mr Aqazadeh told the radio,

monitored in Cyprus, he hoped the first phase of the project, to be built by Iranian experts, would come on stream by Sep-tember. "For subsequent phases we are talking with French and South Korean com-panies and we hope to give most of the installation jobs to South Korea," he said.

Japan's opposition falls short of new dawn

Ian Rodger looks at the JSP's fight to win credibility as a force for change in Japan

HE new dawn in Japanese politics promised by the Japan Socialist Party after its electoral victory last year has failed to materialise. The most frustrating elections are the property of the party of the property of the pr ment in the current election campaign has been the failure of the JSP to capitalise on a rare opportunity that emerged last year to become a serious

political force. Opinion polls and private conversations alike confirm that the Japanese people are fed up with the Liberal Democratic Party, which in its present form has ruled the country since 1955. But they feel that the JSP, the only opposition party within striking distance of the LDP, has failed abys-mally to show itself as a credi-ble alternative

ble alternative.

The party still has so little confidence in its vote winning ability that it is running nowhere near enough candi-

nowhere near enough candidates even to win a simple majority in the election.

By common consent, the JSP's problem is that, having languished in opposition for more than 40 years, it has been unable to attract talented younger people to its ranks. Consequently, old hardliners who insist that Japan should not be part of the western alliance and should not recognise South Korea, can still dictate policy. Until last year, no one paid

much attention to the JSP's internal problems because the LDP, with a large majority in the lower house of the Diet (parliament) seemed firmly in

But the ruling party sud-



JAPANESE ELECTIONS

ing legislation that irritated large numbers of voters, and becoming enmeshed in bribery and sexual scandals. The introduction of a 3 per cent consumption tax on virtually all goods and service last April has been particularly unpopu-

The JSP was alert enough to capitalise on the LDP's failings, even if it meant adopting more conservative policies than those of the ruling party, and it won a stunning victory in last summer's partial elec-tions in the upper house of the Diet. Together with three mar-ginal expectation parties it manginal opposition parties, it won enough seats to take the majority in the upper house away from the LDP for the first time. Many people thought Miss Takako Doi, the party's articulate leader, might be right when she declared after the election: "This is a new dawn in Japanese politics." But things have not worked out

that way.

Just before the lower house election was called two weeks ago, the JSP standing in opin-ion polls had dropped to about 25 per cent from 28 per cent at its peak last July. 25 per cent from 28 per cent at its peak last July.

The LDP, in contrast, had raised its standing from about it was nevertheless the raised its standing from about it was nevertheless the raised efforts by the LDP to

26 per cent to 45 per cent over the same period. The JSP began losing ground early in the autumn after newspaper stories alleging that the party, which has close ties with North Korea, was channeling funds raised from the Pachinko pinball game industry – many members of which are Korean – to that country's political

Party leaders handled the allegations clumsily, allowing the LDP to drag the affair out for several weeks and avoid real debates on the consumption tax and other issues More importantly, party

hore importantly, party leaders were unable to gain internal agreement to jettison their outdated policies. In an embarrassing episode in September, hardliners even forced the leadership to remove a phrase from a policy reform document that would acknowledge that Japan was "e mergely a that Japan was "e mergely a party of the series of edge that Japan was "a member of the western camp."

As a result, the LDP was able to argue that the JSP was still not a fit to be considered

as an alternative government, and other opposition parties shied away from forming a coalition with it. The party managed to recover some dignity in December when Mr Tsuruo Yamagu-chi, its Secretary-General,

accepted an official invitation to visit South Korea. Also, it led the opposition parties in the upper house in passing a bill to abolish the hated consumption tax. The

opposition forces had managed to pass.

The party also had an oppor-The party also had an opportunity to capitalise on the sudden emergence of political reform movements in eastern Europe. These have captured the imagination of the Japanese public, causing many people to reflect on the lack of reform in Japan. Many might like to vote for the JSP as a way of promoting change, but the party is not even running candidates in every constituency.

ency.

Under Japan's peculiar election system, constituencies are very large and, depending on the constituency, the top two to six candidates in the poll win seats. Therefore, to win a majority of the 512 seats in the lower house, a party must run more than one candidate in most of the 130 constituencies.

hat is fine for a large party, like the LDP, but a smaller party must consider carefully whether running two or more candidates in a given constituency would risk splitting its vote. Until this year, the LDP was Until this year, the LDP was the only party that ran several candidates in most constituencies, the JSP and other parties preferring to concentrate their forces in the areas where they thought their chances best. This year, Miss Doi and other JSP leaders wanted to raise the number of their candidates to 180 from 138 in the 1986 election, but pressure from worried tion, but pressure from worried incumbents and others forced

Perhaps after this election, it will change its view. In any event, all but a handful of the 148 candidates are expected to win, a big jump on the 86 who won in 1986. Moreover, in spite of the limitation on the num-ber of official candidates, various disgruntled would-be JSP candidates have registered as independents. The result is that the JSP finds itself entangled in intra-party battles in some constituencies every bit as fierce as those between members of different factions of the LDP.

reform the election system.

of the LDP.

Given this background, it is rather difficult to take the party's campaign themes very seriously. Miss Doi's main promise is to introduce a bill to abolish the consumption tax in

abolish the consumption tax in September. That, of course, is an empty promise because she is most unlikely to be able to win enough support from independents and the marginal parties to form a majority.

A more promising vein which may yet put some life into the campaign, has been her probe into the LDP's campaign finances. She has charged that the LDP has asked the business community to donate Y30hn (£12im), warning them that a JSP victory would be a disaster for freedom and capitalism. and capitalism.

LDP leaders deny the charges, but business leaders admit that the denials have been rather finely worded.

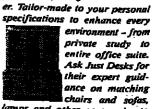
Still, it just shows that it remains easier for the JSP to attack the LDP than to come out with coherent, credible pol-

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its partnership mie nemical projeni nreza Agazadek k linister said, la , from Nicosia porment ends a By ovested a total of Te

at tour protesters eposited at the Car of the Samir Republic RIOT police used tear-gas and travelling to Johannesburg's batons against black teenagers Wanderets cricket stadium. tine Japanese m d the 50 per center against the rebel English cricket tour of South Africa yesterday. Activists said some of the protesters were beaten, Anti-apartheld activist Mr Moses Mayekiso strongly condemned the police, saying their action was difficult to understand "given the fact that [President F.W.] de Klerk is talking about change".

He said the police waded into a crowd of protesters as they were about to leave the black township of Alexandra to travel to the Johannesburg cricket ground where the

we hope up innet, De Sant idon Collectif y Just Desig

European businesses cautious of returning to South Africa

The European Community will debate the issue of South African sanctions on February 20. The British Government is eager to have the voluntary ban on new investment lifted following the reforms announced by President F.W. de Klerk last week. FT writers ask companies in West Germany, France and Britain whether they are considering a change in corporate strategy

LONDON

RITAIN has remained the largest investor in South Africa despite public pressure on UK companies. The exact extent of that investment is difficult to gauge but James Capel, the securities house, estimates that 75 per cent of foreign companies still in South Africa are British, writes Paul Abrahams.

South Africa continues to remain an important profit centre for UK companies. Last

Demonstrators outside the Wanderers cricket ground in

The protest defied a magis-

trates' order refusing a request

by anti-tour groups for permis-

sion to demonstrate. The clash was the latest in a

series of violent incidents at

matches involving the English cricketers in Kimberley and Bloemfontein, where anti-tour demonstrators were dispersed by riot police using dogs, rubber bullets and tear-gas.

Mr Mayekiso, a senior civic and trade union leader, said

the police action had violated the spirit of sweeping reforms announced by Mr De Klerk on Friday which lifted bans on

major anti-apartheid organisa-

Vlok, the Law and Order Min-ister, said white right-wing

threatened to kill black nation-

alist leader Nelson Mandela

after he is released from prison. Mr De Klerk has not said

when Mr Mandela, 71, will be

released, but government offi-cials told Reuters yesterday it

should be within a week to 10 days and could be before the

11 MEDITERRANEAN

ST. MARKS SQUARE... COCKTAILS WITH THE

POOL...SHOPPING IN LIMASSOL

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THE PYRAMIDS...LAZING BY THE

OF A ROULETTE WHEEL...

In Cape Town, Mr Adriaan

Police fire tear-gas

tenter reports from Johannes

English cricket team is playing

the first international match of

a seven-week tour. Witnesses said most of the demonstrators

were teenagers wearing regula-

tion black and white school

started tear-gassing and beating up people," Mr Mayekiso

Police Captain Eugene Opperman said police inter-

vened on learning 2,000 students and other activists were

"The riot police arrived and

year 33 per cent of companies in the FISE 100 Index derived income from South Africa and 2 per cent of all profits for companies in the index came from that country. Continental Europe provided only 11 per

PIRC, a London-based organ-isation offering independent financial advice on South Afri-can investment, estimates that five UK companies derive 5 per cent or more of their profits from South African operations: Blue Circle, BOC, Reckitt &

Those companies which have kept interests in South Africa are reticent about their future investment strategies.

Reckitt & Colman, the consumer products group, said yesterday it was too early after the announcement to review its operations. The company said it was also likely to look carefully at the country's economic situation, which remains precarious, before any

Colman, RTZ and Lonrho.

ket since President de Klerk's

speech. The company recently

acquired a platinum mine in

BOC, the industrial gases group which has a 57 per cent stake in African Oxygen, agrees it is too early to make decisions.

This week, the only shares to something real happens, there have reacted to the statement may come a time to reconsider were those belonging to Lon-rho, which have risen 5 per cent on the London stock marthe situation."

the country. Analysts believe that within three years some 45 per cent of Lonrho's profits will come from South Africa. the last week.
In the short term, financial

Those companies also risk a

"At the moment we have words," says Mr Paul Bosson-net, deputy chairman of BOC. "And we have heard a lot of

words on South Africa. When

Those companies which have disinvested during the 1980s also remain cautious. Barclays Bank, which disinvested from South Africa after pressure from the National Union of Students, says its position had

not changed. Nevertheless, an analyst at James Capel said it had received many inquiries about investment opportunities in South Africa from the business communities in the UK, West Germany and Switzerland in

analysts point out that invest-ments in South Africa remain highly risky. Companies investing there will also have to face opposition from pressure groups which still formally re groups which still favour

fall in their share price. A recent survey by PIRC showed that last year more than 60 per cent of top pension fund managers by value in the UK ran funds that had restrictions on stocks with involvement in

Johannesburg S.E. Indices

South Africa. Future investments in South

South Africa

Africa may not be bargains. If those companies which disinvested do decide to put their money back into the country, they may well find they have to pay rather more to rebuy their businesses.

PARIS

n France, businessmen reacted cautiously. France's economic presence in South Africa has always been modest, and few companies have disinvested from the country in response

to the criticism of apartheid over the years, George Graham enthusiastic about the immediate prospects for renewing business contacts.
French direct investments in

South Africa are estimated by the Bank of France to have amounted to FFr616m (£63m) at the end of 1987, substantially lower than in Senegal. Gabon or Cameroon, and less than a third of total invest-ments in Cote d'Ivoire, France's principal business

partner in Africa.

The energy sector, including oll, coal and gas, accounts for three-quarters of this stock of and electrical equipment making up most of the rest. Total, the state-controlled oil company, has the largest presence, with around 13 per cent of the petrol service station market, a 30 per cent stake in an oil refinery and a coal mine joint ven-

ture with BP.
Total said the company was pleased with the evolution in South Africa, but that it was too early to draw any conclusions on the future.

Peugeot and Renault, the two car makers, are the only two big French companies to have pulled out of South Africa

in recent years.

Renault said the decision had been made on purely business grounds, and it would have to wait to see if future business opportunities arrived.

Peugeot, whose Paris head-quarters was damaged in 1986 by a bomb planted in protest at exports to South Africa by a division of the group, was more cautious; a spokesman for Automobiles Peugeot said it was too early to revise the

company's policy. No French listed companies have enough exposure to South Africa for the Paris stock market to pay any attention to last week's developments in the political situation.

Financial analysts said, however, that in the longer term oil companies like Total and Elf Aquitaine, both of which have substantial interests in as Angola and Gabon, could benefit enormously from an opening up of the South Afri-

FRANKFURT

EST German compa-nies with activities in South Africa welcomed the latest turn of events, but did not expect their business there to take a marked turn for the better,

writes Andrew Fisher.
Two of the most prominent German companies with car assembly plants in South Africa are Mercedes-Benz, part of the Daimler-Benz industrial

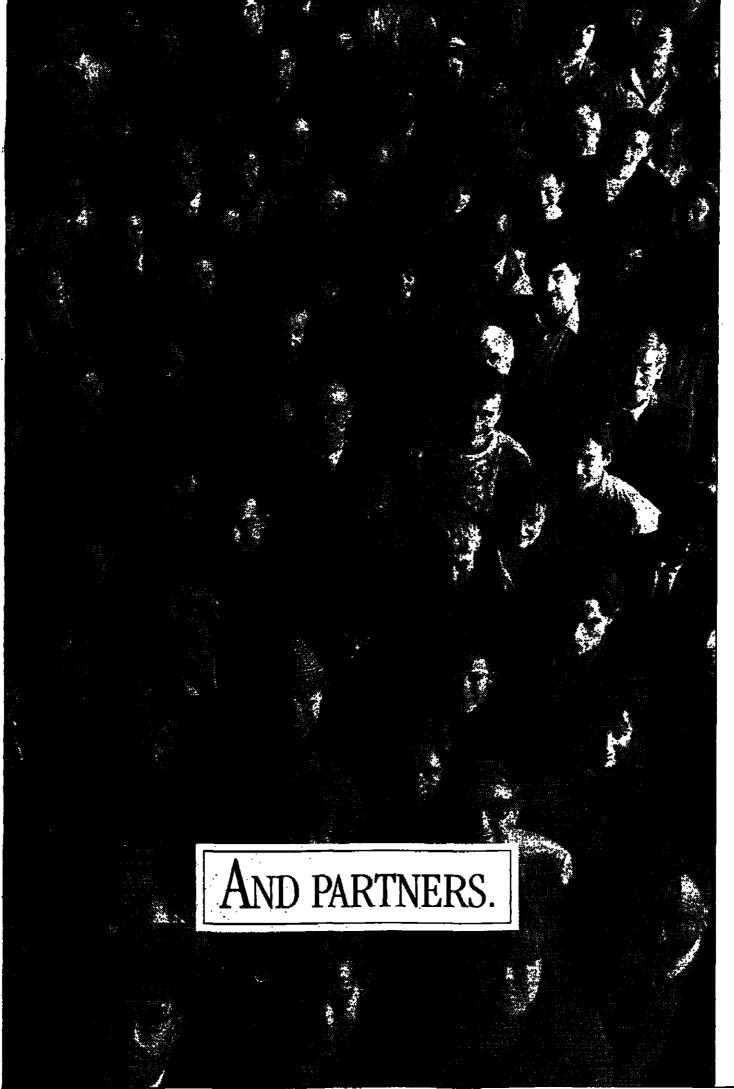
group, and BMW.

BMW, which employs around 2,000 people at its car assembly plant near Pretoria, had no reaction to offer on the latest developments. The com-pany said it had never had any problems or strikes. It had had no need to adjust working conditions in line with the standard set by IG Metall in late 1987, since it was already at

The company assembles all its current models from knockdown kits supplied from Germany.

Mercedes said it was already well represented in the local market and had no particular plans for any further expansion beyond its normal rate of investment there.

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OVERSEAS NEWS

Credit remains biggest obstacle to co-operative success

By John Murray Brown in Jakarta

CREDIT POLICY has long been the most contentious issue affecting Indonesia's 34,000 co-operatives. So when the co-operatives Ministry criticises the co-operatives bank for insuffi-cient lending there must be

something amiss.

Large arrears is one problem area; official mismanagement and corruption is another. In October 1989 the four-year old

October 1989 the four-year old rural credit co-operative programme kut had outstanding loans of Rupiah 100bn, of which Rp60bn was arrears.

According to figures for the 1986-87 rice harvest, the programme incurred default claims of Rp4.5bn (\$2.5m), 17 per cent of total loans extended

for that six-month period.

These amounts, which are covered by premiums taken by the co-operatives insurance agency, are settled directly by the Ministry of Finance. By contrast Kupedes, a programme run by Bank Rakyat Indonesia at market interest rates of 32 per cent, has arrears of 3.32 per cent on total agricul-

tural credits of Rp150bn. Last week Mr Adrianus Mooy, Governor of the Central Bank, announced cuts in its subsidised credit programme-though the co-operatives will

still be supported. "The provision of credit at the right time is more impor-tant than the cost and interest rate," he said. The subsidised programme is seen as "a social institution instead of a regular

bank loan. The English language Jakarta Post argued recently that "unscrupulous and recalcitrant co-operative officials, village chiefs and farmers' leaders should be taken to court to strengthen the message that kut credits are not a dole from the government but loans that

that have to be repaid." In 1985 Bimas, an earlier subsidised programme, collapsed with cumulative bad debt of Rp121bn.

The scheme is also pyramiding dangerously. Banks lend to the co-operatives usually for a year while the farmer repays the co-operative within six or seven months.

Leaving that much money for up to six months in the hands of co-operative manag-ers is courting disaster. Fre-quently subsidised credit is seen as a way for the govern-ment to persuade a farmer to plant crops he would not other-

Indonesian co-operatives receive a shot in the arm

John Murray Brown looks at President Suharto's Utopian vision of more private sector involvement

Buried deep in the pages of the Indonesian consti-tution is a reference, rather vaguely expressed, to one of the country's oldest and most cherished institutions the co-operative.

Today the co-operative, the country cousin of the Indone-sian economy is again on everyone's lips as increased business competition sharpens the divide between rural and urban communities.

In many ways Indonesia faces a crisis of identity as modernisation and industrialisation take their toll on a society of 175m people, 70 per cent of whom still make their living in rural areas.

The state sector, for so long the pillar of the economy, is slowly retreating in the face of lower government oil revenues. At the same time Reform is encouraging the private sec-tor, hitherto a small group of Chinese businesses collaborating with military interests and those close to President Suharto.

Meanwhile, the co-operatives, like the provident societies of 19th century England, continue to be idealised as bulwarks of the underprivileged.

In a speech in January, President Substitute Called on private ident Suharto called on private enterprise to sell 25 per cent of their shares to the co-opera-

tives, a Utopian vision which

took many foreign business-

men by surprise.

The speech was in many ways a measure of his own frustration at the dismal state of co-operative development.
According to a 1988 World
Bank report, of the 6,000 rural
credit co-operatives, "1,272 are
insolvent but not entirely hopeless, while 1,658 are candidates for dissolution or liquida-

"Ask 10 people about the President's speech and you'll get 10 different answers. But I hope it wasn't just a political gesture," says one official. "In Europe you have the welfare state; Indonesia is really a capitalist society. We need some-

thing to distribute income."

Co-operatives were set up to bring economies of scale to Indonesia's patchwork of tiny farms. They were also seen as a way to introduce technology and modern management to Indonesia's multitude of handicraft and cottage industries. Their credit arms were to

provide finance for farmers. who with little more than a third of a hectare, were often thought beyond the scope of most commercial banks. By supporting the small farmer it was also thought the cooperative could restrain land prices at a time when there was great pressure to consolidate farm

Today Indonesia boasts timber business. 34,000 co-operatives, with a



Makers of textiles are among the more successful co-operatives

total membership of some 26m, covering a bewildering array of

There is Bukopin, the cooperative bank, an amalgamation of seven regional co-operative banks. The military and the civil service both have co-oper-ative foundations. For example the army has a joint venture with a Korean company in the

The teachers cooperative

owns a bicycle factory. One of the oldest co-operative is GKBI a batik textile manufacturer founded in 1938 and one of the

rare success stories.

"As a business we are in good shape," says Dr Jan Daskian, an economist drafted in to restructure GKBI after it all but collapsed under a welter of debt in 1983. "Ideologically I think we still have to make up

Started as a traditional cot-Started as a traditional cultage industry producing hand printed batik for the local market, GKBI now has 4 modern integrated textile factories, 16 spinning mills and a joint venture with Nichimen Daibo the

Japanese textile company.

With a membership of just 8,000, the co-operative boasts an annual turnover of \$120m-60 per cent in exports. Until 1985 the co-operative even received backing from the International Finance Corpora-

"Call it profit or whatever.
We're a business. We're buying and selling. The weakness of many Indonesian co-operatives is that they're still treated like some strange animal," says Dr

Daskian.
Some enlightened industrialists already work hand in hand with co-operatives. Mantrust the country's largest food pro-cessor has a number of cooperative schemes. A dairy proces ing operation a joint venture with the Minnesota based coop-erative Land o' Lakes - has had

its problems. Last year a six-month dis-pute with the local dairy co-operative over loan repayments threatened the livelihood of some 50,000 dairy farmers. A mushroom plant which sup-plies Green Giant of the US has been more successful. After five years in production many of the farmers are now in a

position to buy their own homes which they previously rented from the company.

The latest venture perhaps the most ambitious is a tuna fishing operation following the company's recent acquisition of Chicken of the Sea, the second largest tuna brand in the

The bulk of Indonesia's cooperatives is made up of the rural to the co-operatives ministry these represent 36.7 per cent of all rural families. They have a monopoly of milk and sugar production and it has been given a monopoly on fertiliser distribution but rice purchasing is the main activity. However, credit has become a prob-lem with bad debts under the subsidised co-operative credit programme running at over 50 per cent of all outstanding

In an effort to avoid further default, Mr Adrianus Mooy, the Central Bank governor recently announced new credit policies including an increase in interest rates for the cooperative credit scheme.

As one consultant put it The big numbers game is almost certainly over." Like other government departments co-operatives are having to put their house together although few will survive without gov-

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A SEOUL aircraft returned from Sakhalin Island on Thurs-day bringing back 120 ethnic Koreans for family reunions in South Korea after more than four decades on the far eastern Soviet Island, Reuter reports from Seoul. "You are still alive. I have no

words to say," Sok II-su, 68, one of the passengers, told his sister at Seoul's Airport. It was the first time a South Korean aircraft had been allowed to fly to Sakhalin, Red Cross officials said. In 1983, a Korean Air Lines airliner with 269 people on board strayed over Sakhalin and was shot down by Soviet forces.

An estimated 43,000 ethnic Koreans, mostly from what is

to the then Japanese territory of South Sakhalin as forced labour during World War II. The Japanese half of the remote island to the North of Japan was overrun by Soviet forces at the end of the Second World War, stranding the Kor-

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Last September, the Soviet Union and the South Korean Red Cross signed a pact to allow ethnic Koreans on the island to visit the South at the

invitation of relatives. Since then Sakhalin Koreans have been allowed to visit South Korea via flights through Japan. Seoul and Moscow last December agreed to set up semi-consular ties.

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

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5 March, 1990 **Royal Lancaster Hotel** London

The Financial Times London Motor Conference, timed to coincide with the Autopartac '90 Exhibition, has attracted distinguished figures from the industry to discuss the challenges facing vehicle and components manufacturers, suppliers, distributors and retailers as the Single European Market approaches. Speakers taking part are: -

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Financial Times Conference Organisation 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ Attematively, telephone; 01-925 2323 telephone; 01-925 2323 telex 27347 FTCONF G Fax: 01-925 2125 David Thomas examines the consequences of the Exxon Valdez oil spill one litigious year on

inflation climbing again

By Gary Mead in Buenos Aires

ARGENTINA started 1990 with its third worst inflation on record, with an average retail price rise of more than 79 per cent in January alone, according to government fig-ures. Given the December figure of 40 per cent, and projec-tions for February about 50 per cent, the country is again in the grip of hyperinflation.

The inflationary gloom abides 10 months after the worst hyperinflation in Argentine history; the July 1989 fig-ure was almost 200 per cent and precipitated an early transfer of government to the Peronist party under the new-ly-elected President Carlos Menem. Late last year he said that mammoth inflation was a thing of the past, predicting that 1990 would see inflation of 15 per cent for the whole

Argentines learned yester-Argentines learned yester-day that the state-run telecom-munications company ENTel is to put up tariffs by 112 per cent, electricity prices by a similar amount, and water charges by 87 per cent — all with immediate effect.

Mr Menem this week blamed

unnamed businessmen, saying that their speculative attitudes were responsible for both retail price rises and the col-lapse of the austral from 1,800 to more than 3,000 australs to the US dollar in less than a The Government is beset

with problems on both eco-nomic and political fronts. Buenos Aires public hospitals' 1,600 doctors have started an indefinite strike for more pay, and a political scandal has erupted over the distribution of bonos solidarios, charity relief tickets handed out by the Government. A Peronist congressman, Mr Dante Camano, has admitted being given 40,000 such tickets (worth almost \$200,000 at current rates) for personal distri-

Mr Luis Saadi, another Peronist congressman, has described the arrangement as "one of the most infamous actions of the Argentine politi-cal class", though the deeper issue is one of growing inter-nal Peronist challenges to the Menem administration.

Argentine Waiting for Alaska's winter ice to break

S the first anniversary of the spillage from the oil tanker Exxon Val-dez draws near, the people of

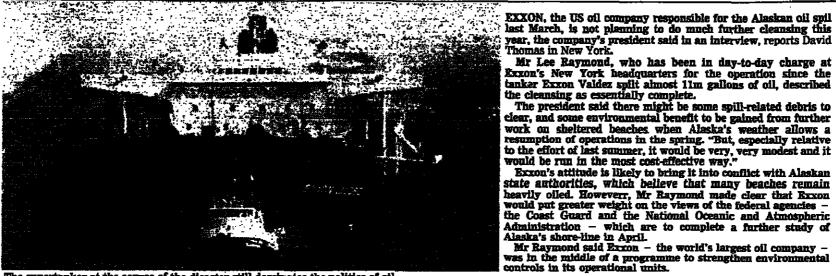
Alaska are bracing themselves for further repercussions of an event which has transformed the balance of power between industry and environmentalists in the US.

Alaskan state legislators are preparing more laws to hem in the oil industry, besides those passed last year in the initial angry reaction to the worst oil spillage in North America. Lawyers are proceeding with

some 150 lawsuits against Exxon, while hundreds of fish-ermen, tourism operators and other businesses affected by the seepage of almost 11m gal-lons of crude into Prince William Sound are hoping to squeeze extra compensation out of the US's biggest oil com-The trial of Mr Joseph Hazel-

wood, captain of the Exxon Valdez when it ran aground, is

expected to end in Anchorage next month. Its outcome will shape US public opinion as to whether one individual, or flawed procedures in an entire industry, should take the rap. Meanwhile, the companies which bring out of Alaska about a quarter of US domestic oil production are trying to put the disaster behind them. Whether they succeed in the short term may turn on how Exxon handles itself in the spring, when the Alaskan weather will allow the 1,000 miles of soiled beaches to be re-inspected. There are already signs that Exxon could face another bruising fight with the state authorities over whether to resume the cleansing. Both sides say they will wait until April before pronouncing defin-



The supertanker at the source of the disaster still dominates the politics of oil

itively on whether the heaches need further treatment, yet Exxon and the state are already staking out their likely

In Anchorage, Mr Bob Mastracchio, Exxon technical manager for the cleansing, says Alaskan winter storms are removing the remaining oil from the exposed shoreline, while there is little evidence of sub-surface oil or seepage into the water even on sheltered beaches: "We don't think we'll have to do much (in the spring)," he says confidently. That may be good news for Exxon's shareholders, who have already taken a \$1.38bn cleansing charge against 1989 earnings, but will not please the state authorities. Mr Dennis Kelso, Alaskan Environment Commissioner, says a mid-winter survey by his department discovered 85 miles

of exposed beaches and 32 miles of sheltered beaches with heavy to moderate surface oil, and pollution down to 28 inches on some beaches. "We have had problems in the past with claims by Exxon

of progress that were way out of line with what had been accomplished," says Mr Kelso, adding that the state will not hesitate to use its legal powers to force Exxon to resume the cleansing.
Further environmental controls on the oil industry are being debated in the state leg-islature, which increased taxes and established a five-cents-abarrel environment fund immediately after the Exxon Valdez

a year to the industry's costs in Alaska. "We have been able

to get environmental legisla-

tion that would never have happened but for the disaster,"

Governor Steve Cowper of Alaska, said last week. Measures now under consideration in Alaska include powers for the state Environmental Department to levy on the spot fines on polluters. The state will announce more measures this month in response to the

most of the recommendations of the commission," Mr Cowper said. These tough words coincide with the first tentative signs that Alaska is coming to terms with the spill. In a poll at the start of the winter, 35 per cent of Alaskans said the spill rep-resented the price to be paid

report of its oil spill commis-sion, published last month, which blamed the disaster on the oil industry's profit-motivated indifference to the envi-ronment. "We expect to adopt

for oil development and were relieved it was not worse -

Mr Raymond said Exron – the world's largest oil company – was in the middle of a programme to strengthen environmental controls in its operational units. almost as many as the 40 per cent who remained outraged. Legislators friendly to the environmental movement in Alaska detect a waning of pub-

Exxou's attitude is likely to bring it into conflict with Alaskan

state authorities, which believe that many beaches remain

the Coast Guard and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric

Thomas in New York.

Meanwhile, the oil compa-nies have been reviewing their procedures for dealing with future spills. Much of this work has fallen on Aleyska Pipeline Service Company, the consortium of seven oil companies responsible for initial spill response near the terminal at the port of Valdez. Aleyska's performance at the time of the tanker spill was widely con-

lic interest in the issue.

British Petroleum – the big-gest producer of oil in Alaska and the controlling force in Aleyska - has appointed new senior managers to strengthen the consortium's environmental controls. Mr Mike Williams, a BP man and Alevska's new

vice-president for environmen-tal matters, has drawn up an oil spill prevention and response plan which, he says, will add \$50m a year to Aleyska's operating costs - equiva-

lent to seven cents a barrel.

Top oil men are beginning to complain that the environmen tal backlash after the spill is hampering their operations in Alaska. "It has definitely put a squeeze on realising the opportunities here, says Mr Julian Darley, BP's new president in

Yet these dire warnings sit oddly with BP's expansion of its capital budget for Alaska to \$500m this year - a third more than the level last year. The fields on Alaska's North Slope remain hugely profitable. In 1988, the last year for which figures are available, BP made pre-tax profits of \$634m in Alaska despite weak oil prices.

BRAZIL will soon pay to sovereign creditors arrears totalling \$980m owed to the Paris Club, the Brazilian Central Bank said yesterday, Reuter reports from São Paulo.

arrears'

Brazil 'to

clear \$980m

Paris Club

A Brazilian Finance Ministry official had said earlier that the nation would resume Paris Club payments this week, adding however, that only some payments would be made, not the total outstanding. But the Central Bank said Brazil aims to pay the entire \$960m of arrears.

The measure will ease the early days in office of President-elect Fernando Collor de Mello, who is totake office March 15. Mr Collor is visiting government and business leaders in the US. Japan and

Europe.

Mr Collor's promises during his trip to liberalise the Brazilian economy have been warmly received. However, leaders of industrialised countries have been quick to stipulate that Brazil pay its Paris Club arrears and reach agreement with the International Monetary Fund before it could have any new credits.

Mr Collor yesterday met
British officials, including Mrs Margaret Thatcher.

Peru minister quits over poll shooting By Sally Bowen in Lima

PERU'S Interior Minister, Mr Agustin Mantilla, has tendered his resignation after a presi-dential candidate was injured by police while campaigning. Police used water cannon, shotguns and tear gas against supporters of the United Left, a

group of Marxist parties, in Lima late on Wednesday. Mr Henry Pease, the group's candidate in the April 8 elections, was shot in the leg and several of his companions and two journalists were wounded. He was on a campaign walk-about when skirmishes broke out. The candidate's remonstrations were ignored and police opened fire.

Mr Pease is trailing badly in opinion polls behind Mr Mario Vargas Llosa, the novelist and centre-right candidate.

Court takes jurisdiction over Noriega

By Henry Hamman in Miami

A US FEDERAL trial judge ruled yesterday that his court has jurisdiction to try General Manuel Antonio Norlega, for-mer Panamanian military tuler, on drug trafficking and money laundering charges. Attorneys for Gen Noriega had said he was a prisoner of war and the Geneva Convention precluded his being tried on criminal charges. But Judge William Hoeveler

ruled that the court did have

jurisdiction and that the case could proceed. Gen Noriega's chief defence lawyer, Mr Frank Rubino, said after the hearing that he did

not intend to allow the ruling to go unchallenged.
Judge Hoeveler also heard arguments that the court should examine the means by which the US brought Gen Noriega to Miami for trial – the invasion of Panama.

There is precedent in US law

for charges to be dismissed if the methods used to apprehend a defendant are "shocking to the conscience of the court". Mr Rubino asked for a hearing on this issue, in effect a trial of Prosecution lawvers said they would oppose a hearing. Noriega said it would be 18

the legitimacy of the invasion. Defence attorneys for Gen months to two years before they were ready to bring the

Week-old Mexican Ford strike ended A WEEK-OLD strike at a Ford had been shut down by the

engine assembly plant in northern Mexico ended yester-day, and talks began on ending a walkout at a second Ford plant, Reuter reports from Mexico City.

About 1,200 workers who

went on strike last Wednesday in the northern state of Chihuahua agreed to return to work after the company granted them a 27.4 per cent wage rise, Ford said.
The plant, which ordinarily produces 1,300 engines a day,

Ford said the company also entered a new round of talks

yesterday morning aimed at ending a month-old strike at its Cuautitlan vehicle assembly plant on the outskirts of Mexico City. The walkout has kept some 15,000 vehicles from the assembly line.
Ford said on Wednesday it

had started sacking large numbers of workers in an effort to break the strike. On Thursday, however, it said the sackings

case-by-case basis". The workers downed tools to press demands for payment of obligatory Christmas bonuses and for a shake-up in their union leadership, which they have repeatedly accused of cor-ruption and falling to stand up

could be reconsidered "on a

for workers' rights. Hundreds of dismissed strikers at Cuautitlan earlier angrily rejected the company's move to dismiss them, saying the plant would remain crip-

WORLD TRADE NEWS

in computer and drugs sectors

By Richard Johns in Mexico City

MEXICO is moving to open its market in two of the three still restricted sectors, computers and pharmaceuticals, where imports have hitherto been ect to licences.

At the same time, the Gov-ernment is planning to submit legislation giving protection to all patents and trademarks for a 15-year period, from the beginning of 1991.

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry (Secon) is expec-

ted to announce in the next two weeks that the licensing restrictions on the import of computers will be dropped from mid-March.

Officials stress, however, that tight quality controls over imports will be maintained, as well as requirements relating to maintenance and the availability of spare parts.

The present tariff of 10 per cent will apparently remain in

The liberalisation of the sector was revealed by Mr Fer-nando Sanchez Ugarte, under-secretary for industry and for-

eign investment at Secofi, in a speech given in Chihuahua this week.

He said that the Govern-

HONG Kong has issued an international invitation to

companies interested in bid-

ding later this year for a fran-chise to design, build, finance and operate the world's longest suspension bridge, at an esti-

mated cost of more than

HK\$6.5bn (£216m), in the

typhoon-prone colony, which

returns to Chinese sovereignty

The bridge, carrying road and rail traffic, will be 1,413 metres long, and the 7km project will also involve a shorter

426-metre bridge and connecting highways to link Lantau

Island to Kowloon.

The operators will be able to

charge tolls. They will also be

invited to put forward alterna-

tive proposals for submersed tube tunnels which Mott

McDonald, consultants to the

ment, in consultation with American producers, was working out a programme which would "include the elimination of all prior import per-

Simultaneously, the plan is to stimulate the domestic computer industry through a sys-tem of exemptions from duties on components for a three-year period, with the degree of liber-alisation related to the national value added of a com-

pany's production. Certainly, a big expansion of Mexico's computer industry seems to be in prospect. Among the foreign computer companies with manufacturing operations here are IBM, Hewlett-Packard, Digital Equip-ment, Unisys and Honeywell Bull

Mr Sanchez also announced that agreement with the phar-macentical industry had finally heen reached, whereby the import permit system would be abolished for 46 out of 80 in-puts and raw materials. Restrictions would be removed on 12 more in the course of 1990, while imports of

Crossing, the project forms part of infrastructure develop-

One consortium, comprising

Trafalgar House and Costain from the UK with Mitsui of

Japan, has already told the

two years ago.

the project.

Mexico to open up | Australia to sign Soviet pacts

By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

AUSTRALIA and the Soviet Union will sign important fish-eries and commodities agree-ments next week during the forthcoming three-day visit by Mr Nikolai Ryzhkov, the Soviet Prime Minister.
Mr Ryzhkov will be the most

senior Soviet political figure ever to visit Australia. His trip, which also takes in Bangkok and Singapore, follows one to the Soviet Union in 1987 by his Australian counterpart, Mr Bob Hawke The two sides will also sign

agreements on human contacts and consular affairs, the envi-ronment and the peaceful use of nuclear energy. But the two on fishing and commodities, which were linked and have taken two difficult years to negotiate, are the most signifi-

The fisheries agreement allows access to selected Aus-



Ryzhkov: most senior visitor vessels needing to land catches and undergo repairs and resup-ply, and landing rights to Aero-flot charter flights for fishing

crew changeovers.
In addition it provides for limited feasibility fishing in Australian waters, and for commercial fee fishing through joint ventures with Australian

companies. The commodities agreement is designed to establish a more reliable and pre-dictable basis for Soviet-Australian trade. By including indicative quantities for the supply and purchase of products like wheat, sugar, manga-nese, wool, bauxite and alumina, it provides a basis for long-term contracts. Soviet-Australian trade is

heavily in Australia's favour. In the year to June 1989, Australia's exports amounted to just over A\$1bn (£454m), with 85 per cent of that as wool. Imports were valued at less than A\$54m, and included motor vehicles, refined petro-leum and chemicals.

Mr Ryzhkov's visit, which has previously been postponed twice, is regarded by Australia as highly important because it points to a broadening bilateral relationship and allows discus-

Turkey seals exchange deal for gas imports

TURKRY yesterday signed an exchange agreement with the Soviet Union for the import of 4.1bn cubic metres of Soviet 4.1bn cubic metres of Soviet natural gas in 1990, valued at \$316m (£190). A list of goods and services to be exchanged was agreed on within the framework of a programme envisaging imports totalling about 6bn cubic metres annually in the early 1990s.

According to the agreement

According to the agreement, Turkey will supply goods val-ued at a total of \$135m, and construction services worth \$86m. The remaining \$95m worth of gas will be covered through repayment of export credits extended to Moscow by the Export-Import Bank of

Turkey (Eximbank).
An additional \$67m worth of Turkish goods will be supplied to cover outstanding payments for gas imports last year, and past Soviet investments in Turkey. According to recent agreements, bi-lateral trade will be increased to \$3bn-4bn annually in the next few years. It is expected to have reach around \$1.2bn in 1989, from \$630m. Turkey last year lifted 3.5m cubic metres of Soviet gas valued at \$201m.

Earlier this month, an agree-ment for the import of 1m tonnes of crude oil and 300,000 tonnes of diesel oil at market prices in 1990 was reached between the Turkish Petroleum Refineries Corporation (Tupras), and the Soviet Union's Soyuz Neft.

Last year, Eximbank extended credits of \$300m to the Soviet Union within the gas deal, and recently signed a \$350m credit supporting awards for industrial plants to Turkish contractors.

Hewlett joins Tokyo concern

NEWS IN BRIEF

in Puerto Rico HEWLETT-PACKARD, the US

computer and electronics man-ufacturer and Oki Electric Industry of Japan have agreed to build and jointly operate a printed-circuit-board manufacturing facility in Puerto Rico, Louise Kehoe reports from San

Together, the companies will invest \$40m to construct a 115,000-square-foot plant at HP's site in Aguadilla. HP's Puerto Rico operation will use the boards in its computer products. Oki's portion of the jointly manufactured PC boards will be sold on the open market. The plant is expected to employ 200 people.

Taiwan to relax mainland curbs

Taiwan is expected to relax import restrictions on cheap agricultural and industrial raw materials from China, the Board of Foreign Trade said, Reuter reports from Taipei. The board is to discuss

allowing imports of more than 80 Chinese materials, including petrochemical products, 50 of

them this year.

Taiwan's estimated indirect trade with China through Hong Kong is put at a record high of about \$3.50n in 1989, up from \$2.72bnin 1988.

Algeria awards gas plant contracts

Sonatrach, the Algerian stateowned energy company, says it has awarded contracts to three foreign groups to expand the capacity of its gas liquefaction installations and to renovate existing facilities, AP-DJ reports from Algiers.

The contracts call for audits and studies at three plants by Bechtel and Kellogg of the US and Sofregaz of France. The three plants at Arzew and Skikda handle nearly all of Algeria's annual gas liquefac-tion of 30.5bn cubic meters.

Soviet classnost

Marubeni Corp has formed a joint venture in Moscow with city authorities to set up a car and limousine rental service, Reuter reports from Tokyo. The venture, capitalised at roubles2.5m, is already operating.

S Koreans raise new fears in Silicon Valley

memory chips is brewing in the US targeting South Korea rather than Japan. Samsung and other Korean chip makers are alleged to be the rest would be liberalised in the 1991-3 period. waging an aggressive memory chip-price war in the US that is Hong Kong seeks £216m raising concerns among indus-try and government officials. No formal trade complaints have yet been filed, but US semiconductor industry execususpension bridge tenders tives are charging Korean manufacturers of Dynamic Random Access Memory (D-Ram) chips with driving down prices in the US in an attempt to win a share of the market which threatens the Hong Kong Government, has said are technically feasible but probably more expensive. Called the Lantau Fixed

ments planned for the next decade which are budgeted to cost more than HK\$130bn and include a new surport and consector already weakened by Japanese competition. D-Ram prices are said to have declined significantly since the demise of US Memotainer port terminals. The bridge's central span ries, a proposed collaborative will make it 130 metres longer than San Francisco's Golden US industry venture to create a large new D-Ram manufactur-Gate bridge.

The world's only other suspension bridge combining road ing company. Last month, semiconductor industry leaders abandoned efforts to find and rail traffic opened in Japan help for US Memories from US

computer manufacturers. US government officials are said to be closely monitoring the D-Ram pricing situation and are poised to act if evi-dence of D-Ram dumping by is presented. The industry

charges are reminiscent of the complaints that sparked off the semiconductor trade war between the US and Japan five years ago, which eventually led to the signing of a controversial US-Japanese semiconductor trade agreement in 1986. Under that agreement's terms, the US Commerce

The US-Japan agreement led,

more recently, to a similar pact between the European Community and Japan. There are rumours within the US semi-conductor industry that the EC may be preparing to act

ally increased its production of semiconductor chips and in Total sales for the Korean semiconductor industry have

Integrated Circuit Engineering, a US-based market research firm. Samsung is the largest South Korean semiconductor producer, accounting for an estimated two-thirds of the country's output last year. Other major producers are Hyundai and Goldstar. The Koreans are bringing on excess (D-Ram production) capacity and intend to drive others out of the business,'

ogy, one of the few remaining US D-Ram manufacturers. The Korean manufacturers have built plants capable of producing 10 times as many chips as their domestic customers can use, Mr Parkinson contends. Most of the excess is aimed at the US market, he

believes. Micron Technology appears to be taking a leading role in pressing for US Government action against Korean D-Ram exporters. Texas Instruments, the largest US D-Ram maker, is also, however "concerned"

about the Korean D-Ram pric-ing trend and is watching it closely, an official said. risen from an estimated \$860m (£518) in 1987 to \$2.3bn last year and are continuing to grow at a rate of more then 100 Similarly, Motorola, which re-entered the D-Ram market per cent a year. "South Koreans are trying to accomplish in five years what it took the Japanese 20 years to achieve," says Mr William McClean of last year, said that it will "aggressively" protect its legal rights with regard to Korean D-Ram pricing.

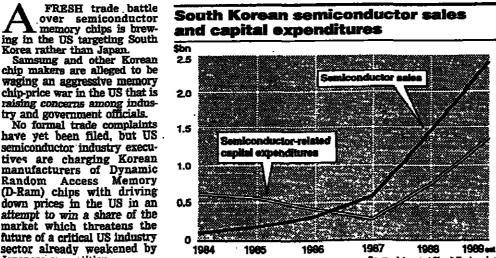
researchers, Korean-made one-megabit D-Rams have recently been offered for sale in the US at prices close to \$5 per unit, while prevailing prices for Japanese-made D-Rams are more than \$8. It is widely held within the US semiconductor industry that Japanese D-Ram producers, who control more than 80 per cent of the world market, set pricing trends says Mr Joseph Parkinson, while Korean manufacturers chairman of Micron Technolconsistently undercut Japanese

> Despite their concerns about the growing threat of Korean D-Ram manufacturers, US chip makers are carefully considering what, if any, action to take on the issue

According to industry

A major concern is that US computer and electronics man-ufacturers are unlikely to sup-port a trade complaint that might raise memory chip prices. Also uncertain is how much support an industry complaint might win from the

Louise Kehoe reports on a fresh challenge to the US domestic semiconductor market



Department calculates "fair market value" prices, based upon the cost of production, for each of the Japanese exporters of D-Rams.

against Korea too. Korean chip makers are not bound by these bilateral agreements. Over the past few years, however, Korea has dramatic-

Cement kiln set to reduce UK's imports burden

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

CASTLE CEMENT yesterday announced plans for the first significant increase in Britain's cement manufacturing capacity since 1975, which promises to substantially reduce Britain's cement import bill. The Scandinavian owned

group, the UK's second largest cement manufacturer, plans to spend more than £100m to increase the capacity of its Padeswood plant at Clwyd, north Wales, from 500,000 tonnes to 1.5m tonnes a year.

The new kiln, planned to come on stream in three years

time, would reduce Britain's cement import bill which has risen steeply since 1987. Domestic manufacturers, following plant closures in the

1970s and early 1980s, were left with insufficient capacity when UK construction output rose sharply in 1987 and 1988. British ministers concerned about a large increase in the country's trade deficit on building materials have been

urging domestic manufacturers to increase capacity to meet rising demand from the construction industry. Last year, imports accounted for approaching a fifth of all

portland cement sales in Britain, according to Castle. The group, one of only three manufacturers in the

UK, estimated that British sales of portland cement increased by more than 5 per cent last year to about 17.8m tonnes, of which imports were estimated to have contributed more than 3m tonnes. The total capacity of British producers

capacity of British producers was about 14m tonnes a year.
Castle was acquired for 1230m two years ago from RTZ Corporation, the mining group, by a joint venture of Aker, the Norwegian building materials and North Sea oil service group, and Euroc, the Swedish building materials company.
Castle says it accounts for about quarter of the UK market with Blue Circle, Britain's biggest cement manufacturer

accounting for just over half.
Britain's trade deficit, which increased to a record £2.6bn in 1968, rose by £300m in the first nine months of last year. The value of cement imports increased by £466m to just over

He also said Castle would be announcing plans for a an cement import terminal at West Thurrock on the River

Touche wins appeal over auditors' duty

By David Waller

IN A decision which will be welcomed by UK accountants fearful of a tide of negligence litigation, the House of Lords yesterday ruled that auditors do not have a duty of care to individual shareholders or to potential investors when they preparing their audit report.

The decision, which follows a five year legal battle between Touche Ross, the accountancy firm, and Caparo Industries, is bound to widen the so-called expectation gap" between what the business public expects of auditors and what the auditors believe to be their role when they certify a set of

Yesterday's judgment reverses an earlier ruling, in the Court of Appeal in July 1988, that threatened to broaden the scope of auditors' responsibilities. The court then ruled that auditors owed a duty of care to individual shareholders, including exist-

ing shareholders who made further purchases of shares in a company relying on audited

Lord Oliver of Alymerton ruled yesterday that it was wrong to "widen the scope of the duty to include loss caused to an individual by reliance on accounts for a purpose which they were not supplied and were not intended." Yesterday's case is a prelimi-

nary issue to a claim for damages of £10m from Caparo against Touche over the firm's audit of Fidelity in 1984. Caparo won a takeover battle

for Fidelity in 1984.

The decision is highly topical in that last month, Ferranti International sued Peat Mar-wick McLintock in the UK and the US over its role as auditor to International Signal & Con-

Ferranti is suing for damages arising from Ferranti's purchase of ISC in 1987.

Prince of Wales: scheme

Prince to unveil

based on his idea

community

youth project

By Alan Pike, Social

Affairs Correspondent

DETAILED plans for a

large-scale national pro-gramme to involve young peo-ple in community activity will

be announced by the Prince of Wales in April.

When in full operation by the mid-1990s, the scheme is likely to involve up to 100,000

16-24 year olds each year in sovironmental, community care, educational and other forms of voluntary work.

Plans for the scheme are based on an idea first proposed by the Prince of Wales in 1984.

The idea has been developed by the Prince's Trust, one of

Studies Institute, which has assisted in the research. The final scheme will be unveiled by the Prince of Wales in St

by the Prince of Wales in St James Palace on April 25. The programme – which incorporates many features of the existing Prince's Trust Community Venture scheme – is aimed at attracting both employed and unemployed young people. It will offer them a range of experiences includ-

a range of experiences includ-

ing participating in team-work, community projects and resi-

Commons.

Eurotunnel seeks advice on top jobs

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

A US ARM of Coopers & Lybrand International, the accountants and management consultants, is understood to have been approached to see if it might advise over management changes proposed at Eurotunnel, the troubled Anglo French Channel tunnel

group. Eurotunnel is expected shortly to announce a new senior executive to manage the construction contract.

It also has been examining ways to reduce its management overheads by slimming operations which duplicate some of the work being done by the contractors.
Dr Martin Barnes, a London

based partner of Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte, responsible for engineering project man-agement consultancy, said last night that his firm had been

approached.
The approach is understood to have been made in the US by Bechtel, the large US con-struction group, which has a number of its senior executives working with Eurotunnel as part of the construction

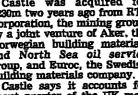
management team.

Eurotunnel has been involved in a series of rows with its contractors over delays and the mounting cost of the project which has risen to more than £75n compared with an original forecast of

An agreement reached last month between Eurotunnel, the contractors and the group's lead bankers permits Eurotunnel to continue to

build the project while additional finance is raised.

A letter to Mr Alastair Morton, Eurotunnel's joint chairman, from Mr Peter Costain chief executive of Costain one of the British contractors Eurotunnel's joint chairman said the construction compa-nies: "would not have signed the agreement unless were it not clear that far-reaching senior management changes in Eurotunnel were irrevocably



biggest cement manufacturer

increased by £466m to just over-film compared with the first nine months of 1988.

Mr Leslie Hewitt, Castle's managing director, forecast that UK cement sales would fall by up to 5 per cent as demand reduced.

He also said Castle Would be

36.67m bulk barrels was 0.2 per cent lower than the 36.75m barrels produced in 1988.

wholly-owned subsidiary of Cardiff-based travel agent Aspro Holidays, takes delivery of a Boeing 757 next week in a move designed to develop its long-haul holiday business.

Labour warning

and Wales that they could face takeover bids by cash rich local electricity companies following their privatisation later this year. Mr Dobson said he had warned businessmen that the 12 electricity distribution companies, to be sold in the autumn for a third of their value, would become "predators loaded with money", out to "spy" on profitable busi-nesses and "gobble them up".

Moulinex, the French small domestic appliances manufac-turer which bought Swan Housewares last year, is combining the UK marketing and administrative operations of the two brands. Each will retain a separate sales force.

Drugs trade grows

industry registered a healthy 11 per cent gain in its trade surplus last year although imports rose at a higher rate than exports.

world service.

ICI waste plan

Imperial Chemical Industries plans to spend about £80m over the next five years on halving the amount of some types of waste materials it discharges into the River Tees at its large plants near Middlesbrough in north-east England.

The Bar, the barristers' asso-ciation, announced that it is to seek amendments to the Broadcasting Bill, opening the way for televising of the courts. In a report published last May the Bar called for a limited experiment allowing cameras into some courts following the suc-cess of similar pilot projects in

attorney fighting extradition to the UK to face criminal charges in the Guinness affair, has lost his final appeal

was entitled to immediate judgment on its claim for the money without the case going to a full trial.

The poll, commissioned by American Express, shows one in eight people admit to having little or no idea how much money they have in the bank. Nearly a third do not know what the basic rate of tax is. One in four do not know how much they save each month.
Three out of five people said
their idea of saving was to put
money in a building society,
while 67 per cent seldom or
never moved savings from one
account to another to achieve a better rate of return. Nearly a third, 31 per cent, said they would rather spend than save.

THE BRITISH are a nation of financial muddlers, most of whom do not know how much money they have in the bank or what their plans are for the

next 10 years, according to a Gallup poll published yester-

NEWS IN BRIEF

Poll shows

British as

financial

muddlers

Guy's reform vote Staff at Guy's, the London teaching hospital, have voted 869-89 against becoming self-governing under the Gov-ernment's health reforms in a trade union organised ballot.

Mint sales down Confirmation that sales of the Royal Mint's bullion coin have failen far below original fore-

casts was given yesterday in a report on the Mint by the National Audit Office.

Beer output cut Beer production by UK brewers declined slightly last year, resuming the general down-ward trend that has marked the 1980s. The 1989 output of

Long haul expansion Inter European Airways, the

Mr Frank Dobson, Labour's energy spokesman, warned local businesses in England

Moulinex move

Britain's pharmaceutical

New world service British Airways has signed a commercial agreement with Air New Zealand to link their

services in Singapore, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur and Los Angeles. BA says this will cre-ate a new daily round-the-

Court TV plan

Law Lords rule Ward must repay £5.2m to Guinness

MR TOM WARD, the US against a civil court ruling that he must repay 25.2m to Guin-

Five Law Lords yesterday rejected Mr Ward's challenge to the Court of Appeal's deci-sion last May that Guinness

Mr Ward had contended that the £5.2m had been validly paid to him for valuable services he performed for Guin-ness during the takeover battle for Distillers in 1986.

He also contended that there was a dispute about the facts surrounding the payment that could be resolved only at a full

Last May the appeal court said that Mr Ward had received the money "in plain disregard of his duty" to Guinness; that the payment had not

been disclosed to a meeting of the full Guinness board; and that it had therefore breached both the company's articles and the Companies Act.
Dismissing Mr Ward's

appeal, Lord Templeman said in the House of Lords yester-day that Mr Ward had had no right to remuneration for his the authority of the Guinness

There never had been a con-tract by Guinness to pay Mr Ward, a non-executive director,

board.

special remuneration for services rendered in connection with the bid for Distillers. Mr Ward had admitted that there had been no board authorisa-tion. Guinness's claim for repayment was therefore unan-swerable, Lord Templeman

The greater part of the £5.2m has been traced and is out of Mr Ward's hands. In July 1987, the High Court ordered the immediate repayment to Guinness of the \$2,013,761 unspent balance and ordered Mr Ward to transfer to the company his rights in a \$100,000 loan and a \$320,000 investment he made out of the £5.2m, and his right to recover \$4.7m paid in US federal and state taxes on the payment.

Following that order Guin-ness's lawyers said that when all those sums were gathered in Mr Ward would still owe it about £1m. There was a short-fall of about £500,000 and inter-est of about the same amount on the £5.2m and Mr Ward also had to pay Guinness's costs.

Mitsubishi Estate takes a £15m slice of Paternoster Square

By Paul Cheeseright, Property Correspondent

JAPANESE capital will be used to finance the redevelopment of Paternoster Square, the City of London office complex next to St Paul's Cathedral that has excited the interest, anger and enthusiasm of

The Prince of Wales.
Greycoat, the British property group, and Park Tower
Realty of New York yesterday
announced that Mitsubishi
Estate of Tokyo would join them as an equity partner in the ownership of the square and provide long-term finance for its redevelopment. The redevelopment of Pater-noster Square, a cheerless and

ing on the design. The site, because of its position, is one of the most prized in London. The Prince, in his various pronouncements on the state of British architecture, has urged that the redevelopment of the square should be sympa-

windswept 1960s office quarter, could cost about £700m depend-

thetic to the grandeur of St Paul's. Widespread support for this view has meant that the selection of new plans has become a matter of great political delicacy.
The City Corporation of Lon-

don will receive, this summer, a planning application to demolish the buildings on the 4.2 acres site and replace them. If approved, construction could start next year and be com-pleted in late 1994. Mitsubishi Estate, which has

property holdings in New York and Tokyo, is buying its one third share in the Paternoster partnership for £15m. This is the amount that Greycoat and Park Tower put up in equity when, last October, they bought the square from Organ-izacion Diego Cisneros of Cara-cas for £158m. Their purchase ended three years of instability and uncertainty about its own-

ership. Cisneros left £11m in Pater-

noster and the balance of £117m to complete the pur-chase price was provided by Swiss Bank Corporation in the

unti

form of a short-term loan. The arrival of Mitsubishi with its commitment to long term financing means that the Swiss Bank loan can be retired and that Paternoster work can be concentrated on design and preparation for development. This would include obtaining vacant possession of the exist-ing offices. Buying out leases may cost the developers about

Japanese capital has played Japanese capital has played an increasingly important role in the central London property market. As Japanese property investment has expanded out of the US and the Pacific region, more funds have been devoted to the purchase of defice buildings and devolon. office buildings and develop ments in European financial

The Mitsubishi estate, Page 24

Fears on interest rates grow with plan for German monetary union

Bank urges firm stance in Budget

By Peter Norman, Economics Correspondent

THE Bank of England yesterday urged Mr John Major, the UK Chancellor of the Exchequer, to maintain a firm fiscal stance and prevent any relaxation in monetary conditions in his first Budget on March 20.

In its latest quarterly bulle-tin, the Bank said the downward trend in growth of domestic demand and output was firmly established in Britain and that it seemed inevitable that the economy would slow markedly this year. However, it warned that

inflationary risks persisted, most notably in the labour market, where wage settlements and average earnings were continuing to rise. The Bank believes that combatting inflation should take

priority over the fears of businesses about the possibility of economic slowdown and recession in determining economic policy in the UK.

At the very least, the Bank's published warnings yesterday suggested that it has told the Chancellor of the Exchequer that he should not make any

discretionary moves to use the Government's large budget surplus to ease the tax burden in his Budget.

Instead, the Bank's bulletin stressed that the Government's counter inflationary efforts could be undermined by a fur-ther weakness in sterling.

It warned that a realignment of currencies in the European Monetary System, as advocated recently by the Bundesbank,

WEST EUROPEAN social democratic leaders gathered in

The People's Theatre, on East

Berlin's Luxemburg-Strasse, to debate openly questions asked freely from an audience still in shock at the accelerating disil-

lusion of the communist

empire in Europe. The 20 leaders included (left)

By Michael Cassell

Democrats meet in Berlin

to discuss a free Europe

the West German central bank, could raise inflationary pressures outside West Germany. Although the pound's trade weighted value has gained 3.6 per cent from its low point at the end of last year, the Bank

warned that renewed sterling weakness could result from a further tightening of monetary policy overseas or wage settlements in Britain staying high despite failing activity. The Bank's concern about a possible fall in sterling has to press. This week's news that

the West German Government is prepared to discuss currency union with East Germany has added to fears of an increase in West German interest rates that would create a high interest environment throughout An increase in German rates would present the British

authorities with the choice of following suit or risking a drop in sterling's value.

Monetary conditions in
Britain are assessed by looking
at a combination of interest

rates, monetary aggregates and the exchange rate. A weaker pound does not necessarily prompt an automatic interest rate increase. After raising base rates by one percentage point to 15 per cent in October, the authorities left interest rates unchanged in November and December despite a 8 per cent drop in sterling's trade weighted value before its

recent recovery.

However, it is less certain

that Britain would be able to stand aside from a rise in official West German interest

 In eastern Europe governments faced an "extraordinary economic challenge," but the pace of economic progress could be slow, Bank of England warned yesterday, adds Rachel East Germany was a special case. Because of its ties with West Germany, and relative

industrial competence, major

low soon after a degree of economic reintegration.
Rehabilitating the infrastructure of the other countries in the area would require "considerable external financing." But commercial investors would need assurance that countries would quickly adopt measures to balance supply and demand and achieve a sharp reduction

in inflation. Consumer aspirations, inflated money supply, price and trade liberalisation could all generate a "political back-lash and a policy reaction," the Bank said.

The amount of direct investment into eastern Europe would depend on the governments' success in setting up economies conducive to "enterprise and intitiative."
A European Bank for Recon-

struction and Development, yet to be set up and capitalised, could lend up to Ecu2bn a year, the Bank suggested. • In the UK gilts market adverse trading conditions dominated the last eight months of 1989, in which investors shed 14 per cent of stock still outstanding in the shrinking market for government securities.

securities.

Illiquidity was exacerbated by the Bank of England's purchase of £1bn of gilts, together with redemptions and net official purchases totalling £800m. In the last quarter of 1989, a total £1,8bn of gilts was taken from market hands, the Bank said yesterday.

drew from gilts trading in the period, despite the Bank's efforts to keep the market active with a programme of stock conversions allowing investors to switch out of poorly-traded gilts into bigger, more liquid ones.

The rate of the Bank's buy-in programme has slowed mark-edly compared to the beginning of last year, when it with-drew almost £4bn from the market in one quarter.

When the Government moved into surplus in 1988, it bought gilts to neutralise the

monetary impact of the sur-plus. The total of gilt-edged stock outstanding fell by nine per cent to £129bn at the end of 1989. The surplus, however, was quicker to diminish towards the year-end. Other UK financial institu-

tions - excluding banks and building societies - ran down their holdings of UK government securities by around £6.25bn in the first half of 1989.

Profits at BT beat forecasts with growth

By Hugo Dixon

TIGHTER CONTROLS on costs and continuing growth in the number of phone calls made in the UK contributed to a 11.6 per cent increase in British Telecom's pre-tax profits for the third quarter to the end of

December 1989.
The profits of £695m, ahead of analysts' expectations, sent the company's share price 7p higher to close at 305p yester-

day.

They also brought a barrage of criticism from Labour politicians who said BT was earning nonopoly profits at th expense of its customers.

The company's turnover increased 10.5 per cent to £3.08bn despite the general slowdown in the UK economy. BT said this was partly the result of price increases intro-duced last September. The vol-

over 9 per cent and interna-tional calls by 12 per cent.

Operating costs increased by only 8.1 per cent to £2,26bn, a figure that impressed analysis and would have been smaller if BT had not acquired Tymnet, a US data communications busius data communications business, last year. Staff costs increased only 3.2 per cent.
BT's interest charge increased by 65 per cent to £132m, largely a result of its acquisition last year of a 20 per cent stake in McCaw Cellular Communications for £1 Abo

Communications for \$1.4bn.
The company was able to cut its tax rate marginally from 35 per cent to 33 per cent. As a result, after-tax profits grew 15.4 per cent to £464m.



Mr Neil Rinnock, the UK Labour Leader; Mr Wim Kok, of the Netherlands; Mr Hans-Jochen Vogel, the West Ger-man Social Democrat, and Mr Guy Spitaals, of Belgium.

WATER CHARGES

his personal charities, and the Commission on Citizenship, an all-party body appointed to examine the role of good citizenship by Mr Bernard Weatherill, Speaker of the House of Commons. Proposal for 6.5% rise above inflation level over five years A consultation document containing outline proposals for the programms was pub-lished yesterday by the Policy

Richard Evans looks at the deal struck between compenies and the Environment Department and its impact on bills over the next ten years

them deeply unpopular with

ministers. Although the statu-

tory companies have always

WATER CHARGES imposed by the 29 statutory water compa-nies in England and Wales are to be allowed to rise by an average of 6.5 per cent above the level of inflation over the next five years, according to government proposals in a

Commons written reply.

The statutory companies supply water, but not sewage services, to about a quarter of the population of England and Wales. Their new charges are the result of a series of difficult ment of the Environment.

Mr David Trippier, the Environment Minister, said the rate of increase would be slowed over the following five years to

the K factor, have been finali-sed in only eight cases, but

there are firm proposals for a further 20 of the statutory com-

panies. The remaining company, Mid-Sussex, expects its K factor to be announced soon.

Negotiations have been difficult because of the battle last year between the Government and the companies over the last price rise before privatisation. The commanies insisted in over the following rive years to an average of less than 2 per cent above the inflation level. Over the 10 years as a whole, the proposals represented aver-age increases each year of only 23p, at current prices, on the monthly water bill, he said. The actual charges limits, expressed as a figure known as the R factor, have been finalition. The companies insisted in many cases on increases of as much as 40 per cent to prepare themselves for the new regula-tory regime that privatisation has brought, but that made

been in the private sector, the flotation of the 10 former regional water authorities in December has had a profound impact. The companies will also be subject to the new regulatory regime and they can also become public limited

companies.

The K factor increases are on average slightly higher than the 5 per cent above the level of inflation awarded to the former authorities. That is to take account of the benefits the

authorities gained from the massive debt write-offs and the

£1bn "green dowry" given by the Government prior to privatisation. In determining the K factors the elements taken into account by the Government have been a company's future programme, its operating costs and its financing needs to the end of the century. Particular emphasis has been placed on improvements to drinking water quality and to augment-ing supplies to avoid droughts

in the future. Price rises for 1990-91 range from 22.5 per cent for the tiny

Tendring Hundred company Tendring Hundred company and 20 per cent for West Kent to 3 per cent for York and 3.5 per cent for Hartlepool.

◆ North West Water, one of the 10 privatised authorities, announced yesterday it is to increase its charges by an average of 12.5 per cent to help pay age of 12.5 per cent to help pay for more than £400m of priority

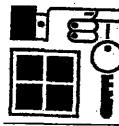
The average weekly bill for water and sewage services will rise from £2.13p to £2.39p.

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improvement schemes.
The increase is consistent with the company's K factor of 5 per cent agreed last August.



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New government policies, particularly high interest rates, have coincided with the downward phase

of the industry's cycle. For the moment, says Paul Cheeseright, its confidence has drained. But infrastructural needs point to more encouraging long-term prospects.

An untimely squeeze

UNCERTAINTY pervades the property market. Players have been obliged to accept that automatic rises in rents and capital values are a thing of the past. The heady rises of the past three years have become a

Government economic poli-cies have taken their toll. The progressive rise in interest charges, to a base rate of 15 per cent, has squeezed the industry, dampening demand for space in the short term and making more vulnerable the position of those who own and

The problem for the industry-in many respects has been the timing. Dearer money is one thing, if it is clear that the pressure for space is sustained; it is quite another if that pres-

sure for space is slackening.
The difficulty is that the economic squeeze has come at the most delicate point in the industry's cycle. Property has traditionally been cyclical, advancing in response to the demand for space, retreating when demand has been satisfied or, usually, over-satisfied. High demand has pushed up rents, making development financially more attractive. The rush to develop has presented space-users with more choice, bringing to an end the

upward spiral in rents. Property, it is now retrospec-tively clear, moved from its upward to its downward phase in the cycle around the New Year of 1989. The total return on all properties, measured on a yearly basis by the Invest-ment Property Databank, reached a high point of 31.7 per cent in November and December 1988 and January 1989. It then slithered downward, to reach 19 per cent for the year to November 1989.

Returns - a function of capi-tal value and rental growth -started to slide, coincidentally with the movement to higher interest rates, but not necessarily because of them. They started to slide because the process of development had been catching up with the

Yet this generalisation cov-ers geographical variations and differences between categories

of properties. While landlords may be forced to offer concessions to potential tenants, as an induce-ment to take space on the fringe of the City of London the office market in regional centres like Newcastle and Edinburgh remains strong. Although Grosvenor Square Properties found it necessary to mothball a shopping devel-



PROPERTY REVI

opment in Nottingham, overall rental growth in the retail sector was still continuing at the end of 1989. NMC Estates is offering interest-rate subsidies to buyers of industrial-warehouse units in Kent, but Berkeley de Veer intends to start construction of just such units

as part of a larger mixed-use development at Livingston. The short-term movements, then, are confusing. And one reason for this is that the immediate factors which bear down on the market - for the most part bearish in tone -are in conflict with longer-term trends. The Government may

have problems with inflation and the balance of payments, but the fabric of the UK is still in need of renewal.

The most obvious of the immediate factors is the high level of interest rates. They bear down on development companies, exposing those which have bought their sites too expensively and too opti-mistically. That makes the lending banks more cautious, and reduces the flow of finance. At the same time, the high interest rates sap investment plans and make companies more cautious about taking new space at a time when

they can probably afford to wait because there is more of it about anyway.

But the short-term pressures spread wider. Somewhat belatedly, many users of business accommodation have been awakened to the extra costs of space by the uniform business rate, which comes into effect on April 1. There is much huffing and puffing about this, despite the presence of the writing on the wall during the last two years.

Higher accommodation costs, for the most part, are easily absorbed when expansion is in the air, when order

books are full and when the tills are ringing in the shops. But if, as is the case, manufacturing investment is being reduced, predictions of sales are down and shopkeepers are finding their margins cut, then higher accommodation costs are a bearish factor.

Moreover, the property industry is still seeking to assess the impact of the imposition of value added tax on construction and commercial property transactions. When the tax can simply be passed down the chain - where the property companies are a link

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The economic background 2 Residential property SECTORAL PERFORMANCE. 2 Property shares Industrial 2 🗆 Illustration: Robin MacFarlan

problem. But where the chain stops - for example, with a financial institution which refuses to have the VAT passed to it because it cannot pass it on - there is likely to be a reduction in the property com-

pany's margins. Equally difficult to assess is the apparent change in planning attitudes since Mr Chris Patten became the Environ-ment Secretary. While there is less pressure on him to approve, say, out-of-town shopping centres, there has been no slackening of demand from the housebuilders for land on which to build new communi-

Planning policy under Mr Nicholas Ridley, Mr Patten's predecessor, was to favour development unless there was a good reason to stop it. But now there appears to be a much greater sensitivity to environmental concerns - and the likely Conservative vote in the shires - coupled with a greater readiness to heed the views of local communities. The upshot is that the property industry is less likely to have the free run that it appeared to enjoy between 1986 and 1988.

Bringing all these factors together, there has been a draining of confidence in the property sector. This has been most clearly reflected in the colourless performance of property shares on the stockmar-ket, where the FT-Actuaries Property Share Index began the year only slightly higher than it had been a year before. The stockmarket has clipped

the values of the property com-panies. It has put the investment companies on discounts of up to 40 per cent of their net asset value, and the development or trading companies on lowly price-earnings ratios, between 3.5 and 10. The way has been opened up to mergers and a realignment in the sec-

Such a process may, in any case, be encouraged by banks, with nearly £30bn outstanding to property companies. Seeing their borrowers weighed down with high interest charges, oppressed by rising building costs and depressed by a slower letting market, they are encouraging more joint ven-tures, banding the weak together.

For there is no doubt that the short-term difficulties in the industry will leave the

strong balance sheet and a steady nerve, able to ride out the immediate economic and sectoral pressures, can expect enhanced values from the progressive renovation of the property stock and the more stringent demands of those who use it.

This applies even to the resi-dential sector. Although the level of business has dropped and prices have fallen away, it is now generally accepted that underlying demand, both from first-time buyers and from those scaling up the standards of living, remains strong. The demand will emerge once the economic squeeze has relaxed and greater equilibrium has

appeared in the market. The need for renovation in already become apparent. The wave of construction in the retail sector reflects not only the presence of more disposable income and an increasingly car-borne population but also a demand for more agreeable facilities. There is no reason to suppose that these pres-sures will dissipate in the

Nor will short-term problems in the industry interrupt for long the rehousing of the white-collar sector in facilities capable of coping with the revolution of the electronic office. As Jones Lang Wootton, chartered surveyors, has noted, three quarters of the central London office stock of 155m sq ft was built before 1980, and is unsuited to the modern requirements of information technology, such as air condi-tioning. The situation in the

regions is no better.
In the same way, the shifting balance in the manufacturing sector has set off a demand for new types of accommodation. What was suitable for heavy engineering in the early part of the century is less satisfactory for light, highly mechanised

industry.

These are some of the infrastructural needs that, in time, the property industry will be required to meet. Those who can stay in the game will ultimately become richer. Those who await relief from the immediate problems will face a difficult few months; but, if they are lucky and the Government has its policies right, then confidence might start to seep back into the property sector towards the end of the

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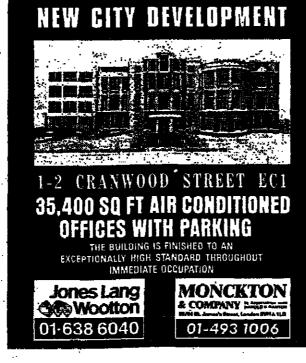
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THE BRITISH economy has entered 1990 in its most uncertain state for more than five years. It will almost certainly suffer a year of subdued, or possibly no, growth, and next year may be no better.

Growth in the output of manufacturing industry has been flat for the past six months. Consumer demand, as measured by growth in the volume of retail sales, has been weak though still posi-

Surveys of industrialists' and consumer confidence indicate that even slower growth is in prospect. Recent survey data from the Confederation of British Industry suggests little or no future expansion in investment by British industry this year. Consumer confidence surveys indicate that sentiment is at an all-time low, and consistent with a fall

in consumer spending some time in the first half of this

These more general trends in sentiment are seen in higher relief in the property and construction sectors. regarded by many economists as good advance indicators of future trends in economic

activity.
In the period from July to September last year, total orders received by contractors for new construction work were 9 per cent lower than in the preceding three months and 3 per cent down on the same period in 1988.

House building has suffered more. In the three months ending November 1989, housing starts were 31 per cent down on the preceeding three-month period and 5 per cent lower than the same period in 1988. To some extent, these are

Life with the boom's legacy

"encouraging" sigus for poli-cymakers at the Treasury and the Bank of England. The rationale behind last year's hike in interest rates to 15 per cent was to dampen the excess demand in the economy that had developed in the 1987-88 Lawson boom.

The economy is still living with the legacy of that boom, the proportions of which were greater than the economy had ever experienced before. In the five years 1984-88, consumer spending grew at a rate in excess of any other five-year period in recorded British eco-nomic history. Investment spending also grew raidly. This excess demand, both

consumer and corporate, spilled over into imports, the growth of which produced a £20hn trade deficit last year. This deficit is expected to improve to around £15hn this year, but at that level its pro-portions, at about 3 per cent of gross domestic product, are boom and its aftermath. Sig-

still substantial. But the boom also produced inflation. Price rises may have peaked at 8.3 per cent last summer, but the after-glow of inflation is likely to burn bright for the rest of this year, and maybe longer. Mr John Major, the Chancellor, is on record as saving that the inflation rate will still be around 7 per cent until the middle of

the year; few independent fore-casters think the Government will succeed in getting it much below 6 per cent by the end of the year.

Again, the reason is the

nificant inflationary pressures are still be exerted by the last indicators to react to a slowdown in the economy. For the past six months, unem-ployment has been falling, even though there has been little or no growth in output. It is this continued growth in employment that is fuelling demands for higher pay settle-

Pressures for higher pay are mortgage interest payments

being felt not only in the private sector (notably in the

Ford dispute) but also in the

public sector where ambulance

workers have agitated for

higher pay. The more pay set-tlements that are struck above

10 per cent, the longer it will take for the UK to reduce its

inflation rate, and the greater will be the likelihood of a

recession and rising unem-

One trend that should

become more obvious this year

is a drift to the north, as com-

under pressure from overseas

distributors.

This could herald a more

advanced form of industrial

integrated business parks.

where servicing and the qual-

ity of buildings are taken seri-

The secret will be to strike a balance between provision of

basic sheds and more sophisti-

cated structures and site lay-

outs. Traditional users will not

necessarily revert to the "cheap-and-cheerful" estates of yesterday, preferring mixed-use schemes and buildings

more personalised to their

needs. But if developers edge too close to business parks in their search for higher returns,

many of their potential tenants

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ployment.

and property prices. Excluding those effects, the UK's rate of inflation is 6.2 per cent - 1 to 1.5 percentage points above the level of the mid 1980s. With the current trend in pay settlements, little improvement seems in prospect.

Of prime importance to

industry, especially the highly leveraged property industry, is the future course of interest rates. The signs are gloomy. With inflationary pressures in Britain still high, and possibly rising, there is little prospect that the Government will ease its tight monetary stance before the summer, at the ear-

More important, however, is the underlying rate of infla-tion. As Mr Major's predeces-The need for the Govern-ment to make good its rhetoric on not accommodating inflasor, Mr Nigel Lawson, was fond of pointing out, Britain's recorded inflation rate is distionary pay settlements, with an easier policy stance, will make 15 per cent bank base rates a feature of financial life torted by the inclusion of

Many independent economists do not expect the Government to relax its policy of high interest rates until the summer, and then only gradually. Some optimists think interest rates could be as low as 11 per cent by year end, but the consensus does not expect to see them lower than 12.5

per cent or 13 per cent. To sum up...1990 is likely. to be a year a slow growth, with the risk that Britain will enter a mild recession. As the economy slows, the trade defi-cit will narrow; but the pressure being exerted by the labour market means that there will be little improvement in the inflation outlook. Interest rates are not expected to fall substantially, and when they do the reductions are expected to take place towards the end of the year.

Different localities and types of property vary in their performance. David Lawson examines the main sectors

Gimmicks are out

SALES had an extra note of hysteria this year. Haunted by the twin spectres of soaring business rates and slower spending growth, many retailers are extracting every penny they can from customers, in what they fear could be the last binge until interest rates come down again.

The sector faces a hard time in 1990. City analysts suiked over an unexpected surge in consumer spending up to Christmas, and implied that

RETAIL

anti-inflationary government policies would need to be tight-ened. But retailers were more concerned about the fact that overall sales had crept up by merely 1.2 per cent in the last quarter of 1989, compared with the previous year, and that the prospects for this year looked

Some developers are already running scared, in expectation of a hard time that will justify rental growth. Grosvenor Square Properties has stopped work half-way through its 70,000sq ft Angel Place development in Nottingham, according to J. Trevor & Sons, which also warns that small retailers will

be driven out of the city centre by increased business rates. But are things as black as they seem? Certainly, the white goods and DIY sectors look shaky. When the last retail slump struck, 10 years ago, it hit the lowest earners; this time it is the mortgage-payers who have been poleaxed, says Mike Ringer, at Jones Lang Wootton. Carpet and fridge-buying expeditions are declining, dragging down the prospects for retail ware-bouses and proprivations are declining. houses and poorly-managed electrical chains.

Yet prime central shops were still attracting multiple bids at rents at least 10 per cent above previous records in the run-up to the new year, according to Bill Quarry, at Strutt & Parker. This indicates that the right property is still in great demand, and suggests that there will be no universal disaster in 1990. Household and electrical shops formed less than 15 per cent of the whole sector, so their pain should not be generalised, he says.

On the other side of the coin, foodstores face a far less frightening year, because people still eat even in a recession. Tesco is understood to have paid £5m an acre for a Guildford site

Perhaps the only valid generalisation in such a complex market is that the weak could go to the wall in 1990 - this would include poor profit-earners and perhaps some badly-planned shopping centres. But well-located high street property should weather the storm, while powerful store groups will cut away their dead wood. Grimley J.R.Eve forecasts a stream of disposals as multi-ples prune secondary units. Town centres may be

reopened to locals and specialists, who have complained for years about being shut out by silly property prices. This echoes the view of George Davies, the far-sighted retailer who transformed Next into a household name. He forecasts a long-term migration of multiples out of town centres, leaving them to high-margin spe-

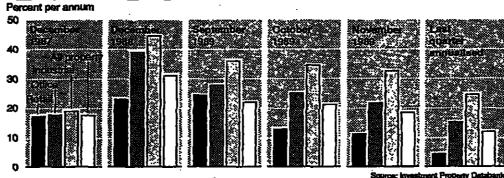
This transformation is more likely to take a decade than a single year, but 1990's stagna-tion could throw up the first signs of a basic restructuring as the sector shakes out.

Other trends to watch out for are better management and marketing techniques, says Mr Ringer. Short leases, turnover rents and clever promotions will be belatedly accepted by landlords, as competition

between new centres hots up.
"Developers must be more
adventurous," says Charles
Varah, of Edward Erdman. They may need to offer virtually fitted-out units and accept independent and local retailers. Leisure facilities will become a necessity, rather than an added perk, for out-oftown centres.

Perhaps 1990 will be the year when developers accept that gimmicks cannot cover up basic flaws in location or design. Tenants are already demanding fewer waterfalls and more single-level parking, particularly as store groups take a more direct part in planning the centres they domi-nate. The prettiest shopping centres may not be the most successful this year, no matter how many prizes they win.

Investment trends: total return



pool of unlet buildings has

swelled by around 2m sq ft to

some 76m sq ft since August -a worrying trend after a long

Yet there are some encourag-

ing signs. Industry has still not satisfied its needs in areas

such as the north-west, accord-

ing to Bob Thompson, at King

& Co. Developments close to good communication links

should also perform reasonably

in 1990. John Haewood, at

Debenham Tewson & Chin-

nocks, points out that £13 a

square foot was recently achieved in Slough. Ronnie

Nathan, now working up Waterglade's 60-acre M25

industrial park, east of Lon-

don, is optimistic enough to to predict a 10 per cent uplift in

prime rents this year. If he is

correct, it will be interesting to

see whether B1 sites are

uses rather than left to accu-mulate high interest costs.

One problem is that hope

may exceed achievement in a

deceptively thin market. Even

with buoyant demand, if one

buyer pulls out of a deal others

may not be waiting in the wings, says Mr Haewood.

period of decline.

Seams of optimism

JUST WHEN the humble shed seemed ready to make a come-back, the Chancellor moved the goalposts.

Industrial property was set to race into the new decade well ahead of more glamorous office and retail investments, as high returns reflected a sustained recovery from years of inactivity. But high interest rates are taking their toll.

investment may fall to 1 per cent this year, compared with 9

INDUSTRIAL

per cent in 1989. This will take some gloss off the market, as property is always the first to suffer cuts. Gloomy retailers will also have an impact, as their distribution and warehousing centres normally take a large slice of the market.

in 1990, some developers may struggle to cope with land bought at the top of the cycle. Fourteen acres in Hertfordshire went for a reputed £1.2m an acre a few months ago. That would demand rents of £10.50 a square foot, according to John Organ, of Healey & Baker. Val-ues have reached £10 around the west M25 and touched £14 at Heathrow, but higher levels are mostly associated with the new business use class (B1), more office than factory.

The laws of economics will ensure that rising supply dampens rents. The authoritative King & Co floorspace survey is likely to show that the

Growth in manufacturing

Out of London . . .

THE PENDULUM has swung away from the booming south-east and into the provinces over the past year, as economic growth has rippled outwards. Its momentum should continue through 1990, as London's gilt tarnishes, giving regional cen-tres their first sustained successes for years.

Relocation is a buzzword again, as a record number of companies flee a congested and sometimes overpriced capital. Jones Lang Wootton predicts

OFFICES

panies look for cheaper accom-modation. The new business rate will favour most forms of that 23 will leave this year, taking more than 8,000 jobs, and that an even larger num-ber will tear up roots in 1991. Most still confine their ambiindustry, but help the provinces in particular. New com-munication links could also tions to the south-east, but prove to be clustering points there is a growing tendency to move farther away. Governfor new schemes. The M40 extension and the Channel ment departments are leading Tunnel access are already the exodus, with moves planned to Belfast, Wales, under careful study. With 1992 close, Kent will fall within the Leeds and Newcastle. "golden triangle" of northern Europe, and parts will come

Higher business rates in the south may kick more companies into action, particularly if these come on top of rent reviews which will reflect huge growth in occupation costs over the past five years. But money will not be the main

reason for moving.
"It is not so much rent savings as the difficulties of attracting workers around London, where house prices are high and transport is overloaded," says Mr Peter Evans, of Edward Erdman. "Quality of life is on everyone's mind, and this will be a driving force through 1990."

Relocation alone would be insufficient to revive regional centres if they were still suffer-ing the problems that were common earlier in the decade. But the moves coincide with a rejuvenation of local economic

fortunes, which have eaten away the surplus office space left from the last boom. Leeds, for instance, is generating enough of its own demand to dwarf the impact of the Department of Health's planned arrival.

The rapid increase in prime rents, to peaks of £20 a square foot in major centres like Bir-mingham, Leeds and Bristol, is unlikely to continue at this pace. But the Midlands, the north and South Wales should stay top of the growth table as they go through their strongest surge of demand for two decades, says Simon Holley, at Debenham Tewson & Chin-

One cloud on the horizon is a herd of potential white elephants, advancing just as general economic activity slows. Leeds has the equivalent of 10 years' supply in the pipeline, and both Edinburgh and Glas-gow would be overwhelmed if take-up stagnated. This year may prove to be a test of nerve, which can only be judged in 1991-92. Developers will want a product that they can offer to both investors and relocators, but any miscalculation could see a return to the had old days of see-through buildings

swamping local markets.

The most interesting testing grounds could be second-string towns, like Nottingham and Derby, according to Mr Evans. Having made the decision to seek a better life quality, relocators may go the whole hog. and settle for smaller centres that they would not have contemplated a couple of years

Business parks may provide an alternative, but Guy Duck-worth, at Healey & Baker, notes that this drive for a better lifestyle is reducing enthu-Continued on next page

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PROPERTY REVIEW 3

MOST OF the "housing slump" headlines of the past year have concentrated on reports of failing prices. But the real yard-stick of residential market activity - and the cause for most concern among housebuilders and estate agencies -

has been the number of sales. At the start of this year, achieved sale prices are down by as much as 20 per cent from their peak in the spring of 1988. However, on the basis of estate agency figures, sales volume has been running as much as 40 to 50 per cent below what was, admittedly, an exceptionally high level of house trading

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Owners who have not had to sell have withdrawn from the market. That has left those who do - including the residential developers and housebuilders with schemes too far advanced to be postponed - to compete for the deposit cheques of prospective buyers who have not been priced out of the market by interest rate rises, or deterred from making a move until it is clear that there are no more price shocks

in store. Unlike the last two periods when the housing market went into neutral after several suc-cessive years of hectic activity. those price shocks have been sufficient to force a reversal in money values.

In some of the normally

most active housing markets
- in the south-east of England, in East Anglia, and in parts of the Midlands - achieved sale prices are lower than they were before the market peaked 18 months ago.

RESIDENTIAL

Pause in sales hides demand

UK housebailding starts: private sector Thousand (seasonally adjusted)

15 10 1988 1989

the past year's performance would undermine half a cen-tury's accumulated public conce in the security of residential property as an investment. But forecasts based on such an exceptional combination of negative events would be patently absurd. Hence the otherwise equally hard to justify element of cau-tious optimism about the mar-

Any attempt to extrapolate

Those exceptional factors include the sudden virtual disappearance of first-time buyers from the market. As the mortgage-lending figures confirm, a high proportion of the first-timers who might have been expected to enter the market last year brought forward their move, to join the race to complete joint-purchases before the autumn 1988 end to multiple mortgage tax relief.

After that, swift, sharp interest rate rises - atop a market overheated to the extent that the Halifax Building Society's housing index showed a record average price rise nationally of just over 34 per cent for 1988 as a whole - effectively creditsqueezed these buyers out of a

Without fresh buyers to prime the trading-up process throughout the property price ranges, the market was bound to slow to a hesitant crawl. Given the coincidence of tim-ing of the mortgage-relief deadline and the rate rises, that withdrawal from the market was more sudden and more complete than in any previous

market dip.
Looking ahead, the housing research team at the Halifax dismisses the critical danger that the experience of the past 18 months might shake public confidence in home buying: We do not agree with the

more pessimistic commentators on the housing market. We believe that they are excessively influenced by the short-term problems that the market is facing."

Far from expecting any long-term reaction to the price and volume sales slide, the Halifax, in common with most of the more reflective housing analysts, takes the view that pressure for home ownership remains as strong as ever, and that 1989 represents a deferral of that demand.

The age and earnings profile of the population suggests a continued progressive increase in the level of owner-occupa-tion in Britain, from its current 68.3 per cent to around 75 per cent by the century's end. Demand is expected to be boosted by the decline in the size of the average independent household, caused by earlier buying, divorce and increased longevity.

The forecast increase in the number of households counters the otherwise neutral effect of only a marginal increase in the size of the UK population as a whole in the next decade. Over all, the figures suggest a minimum need for an additional 200,000 homes a year for each of the next 10 years at least a figure substantially above the probable completion rate this year, as builders have reacted to the silence in the market by axing development

There are as many opinions about what it will take to release the pent-up demand for housing and restore sales volumes as there are housing market forecasters. Insofar as there is consensus, it is that the first hard evidence that domestic interest rates have reached their peak, and are starting to head down towards election year, will be sufficient to bring buyers and vendors back into the market.

Real price cuts on one side of the equation, and wage rises on the other, have already brought the ratio of average house prices to earnings down ning of 1989 to around 4.7 now. To attract the first-timers back into the market, that

increased general affordability of homes has been given additional help by the expanded range of "soft entry" mortgages, offering deferred and discounted home-loan rates. Any early cut in loan rates on top of these changes could bring buyers back with much the same speed as they disappeared 18 months ago.

It is a most point whether the recovery in sales activity will occur later this year, on evidence that loan rates have peaked, or whether it will be deferred until 1991. Either way, the underlying demand atop a still restricted supply of new homes suggests a return to the level of sales, and to the above-inflation rate level of residential price increases, which forms the trend beneath the market's periodic ebbs and flows of the past three decades.

A QUIET transformation in the Government's town and country planning policy has been taking place over the last six months, since the departure of Mr Nicholas Ridley as environment secretary and the arrival of Mr Chris Patten.

The special "presumption in favour of housing development", which was the main plank of the new Conservative government's policy in 1980, has been dropped.

Instead, Mr Patten is emphasising the need for the planning system to achieve balanced development which takes account of environmental needs. He wants planning authorities and local communities to have a strong voice in the type of development that

In the 1980s there were new economic and political pressures for the use of open countryside for industrial, commercial and housing development. The flow of population from the cities put heavy pressure on rural communities

But now the explosion of public interest in the environment and political pressures against over-development in south-east England have forced the Government to modify its original planning philosophy.

This change was made clear
by Mr Patten when he issued

new draft planning guidance last autumn, saying that the Government was "not in the business of sacrificing environmental quality to sheer hous-ing numbers".

A few days later he abandoned Mr Ridley's proposals for a relaxation in planning controls which would have exempted landowners from obtaining planning permission on a range of non-farming

activities.
Another sign of change was the non-appearance of the plan-ning bill that was to have been introduced in the present session of parliament following the publication of a white paper last spring.

The main proposal in the white paper was the abolition of county structure plans to lay down the overall planning strategy within their areas. The intention was to place the main planning responsibility on the local district councils.

The proposal were greeted with horror by environmental organisations such as the Council for the Protection of Rural England (CPRE) which saw them as a recipe for chaos.

Now the white paper seems to have been pigeon-holed and left to gather dust. All this has led to consider-

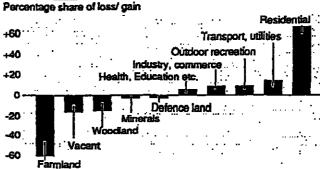
able uncertainty about the future of the planning system. The building industry sees the construction of new coun try towns as a practical way of meeting the demand for new homes, particularly in the overcrow eg soutd-east. argues that large private-sector developments of this kind can provide attractive dwellings in a well-designed setting as an alternative to piecemeal development in existing towns and villages. In addition, the devel-

John Brennan

PLANNING

Mr Patten hears the local voice

The changing uses of land: England 1985-87



opers invest heavily in infraareas. structure such as roads and

community centres.

The Town and Country Planning Association favours the new-town concept, but it is strongly opposed by the CPRE.

Consortium Developments, representing 10 leading con-struction companies, has plans for a series of new towns, but three have been rejected so far. These were for Tillingham Hall, near Grays, Essex; Stone Basset, in East Oxfordshire; and, most recently, for a new town of 4,800 houses at Foxley Wood, Bramshill, in the Hampshire countryside.

Rejecting Foxley Wood, Mr Patten gave a strong indication that local authorities and residents should have the biggest say in whether such developments are acceptable in their However, he emphasised

that he was not dismissing the new towns in principle: local authorities should give them serious consideration, and he saw no objection so long as they were well located and relieved development pressures

Local choice was also emphasised by Mr Patten in a guidance note. He said that most of the important choices should be made locally, "to reflect the values which local communities place on their surroundings".

The Government recognises that there will be a big demand for new houses in the coming decade. It estimates that there will be 2m more people in England in the year 2001 than there were in 1986.

Serplan, the south-east regional planning conference of local authorities, proposed that, for the next decade, 57,000 new homes should be provided each year within London and the rest of the south-east. This is slower than the annual rate of 65,000 new homes between 1984 and 1988.

The overall allocations are broken down by county. For instance, the estimated requirement for Surrey over the next 10 years is 26,000 new homes, and for Kent 55,000. The Government thinks these targets are realistic and does not want them frustrated by nimbyism - the "not in my backyard" syndrome.

It points out that, in recent years, 60 per cent of new houses have been built in urban areas and nearly 40 per cent on the fringe of existing settlements. The Government sees this as proof that it is possible to accommodate new homes without threatening the green belts or attractive rural

landscapes.
The CPRE is optimistic that Mr Patten believes in a strong planning system, and says: "Deregulation of planning is off the agenda and words like 'control', 'intervention' and 'quality of life' are circulating

in Westminster." On the other hand, the House Builders Federation, while welcoming Mr Patten's recognition of the need for new houses, believes that present development plans are insuffi-cient and will only reinforce the shortage of houses and land in the 1990s.

It is dubious about the enhanced role he is giving to local authorities to respond to housing need, and predicts that they will fail to provide the homes that are required.

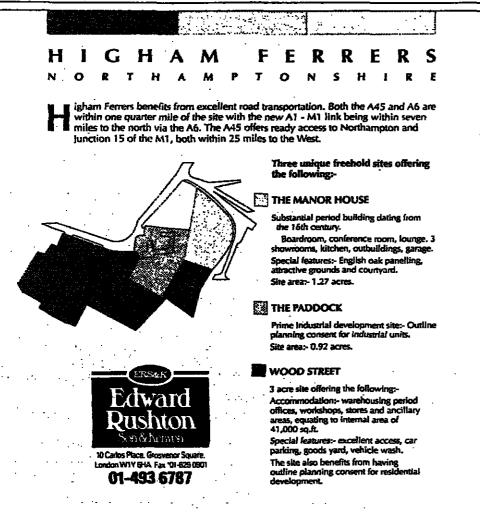
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into the regions

Continued from previous page siasm among tenants for more isolated locations, away from town-centre shops and enter-

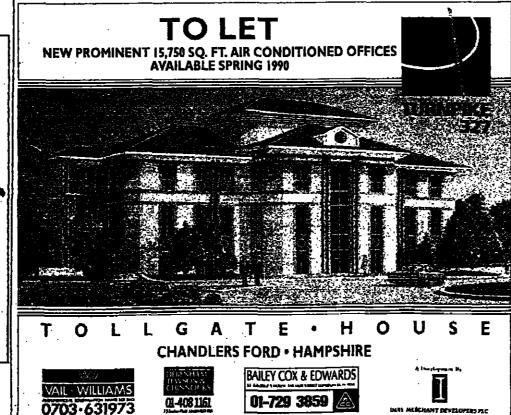
London, meanwhile, will be the curate's egg: the good parts, such as the West End core, will be very good, as supply continues to ease. But most are bound to be hit by rents are bound to be hit by business rate changes and the softening economy, so values seem likely to consolidate at around £65 a square foot, rather than zoom past last year's record £71.

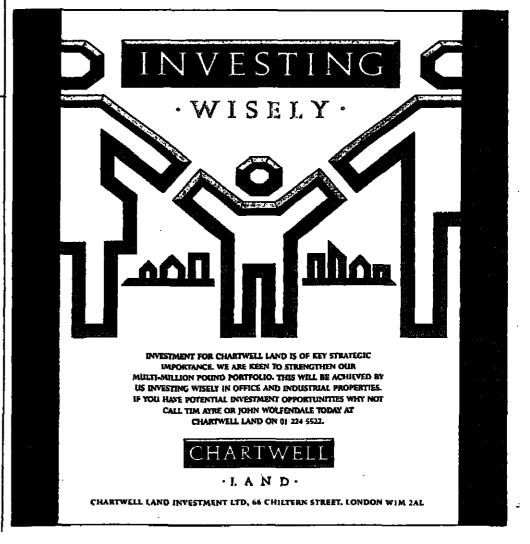
The City is coming to terms with the fact that supply will balloon by 10m sq ft this year, keeping prime rents static at £60-65 a square foot. The fringes look very fragile. Even if asking prices are maintained, incentives will ncrease, cutting real values. Most vulnerable of all are poorly-built, or badly located, buildings. Tenants have never

choice of what to choose, and they certainly won't pay through the nose for poor ond-hand space. As City fringe and secondary rents fall, Docklands must follow. Under the counter incentives will be the order of the year, with Olympia & York setting the tone by using its financial muscle to ease more tenants into Canary Wharf as the Isle of Dogs faces

a surge of new space by 1992. Such broad-brush prophecies hide a multitude of anomalies. In the City, for instance, build-ings of 50,000sq ft will remain in short supply through 1990, according to Mr Colin Hargreaves, at Healey & Baker. Some provincial centres will also go through temporary shortages. The game of bluff and counter-bluff between tenant and landlord will become much more skilled, as each tries guess which way markets are moving.







The institutions:

net property

investment (£m)

355

337

234 533

436 446

peaked, the banks became

more cautious. Even before

this, caution had showed up in

the official statistics: banks were not only examining devel-

opment proposals with a more jaundiced view but, in some cases, were pushing out lend-

ing margins and demanding

By last summer, bank lend-

ing to property companies had

reached nearly £30bn, a figure three times that of February

1987, but the speed of the increase had slackened. The

state of the economy and the

pressure on the market mean the slowdown will continue. If

it is not clear that development

properties can be sold on com-pletion, or that companies

have the financial resilience at a time of high interest rates to

hold investment properties, banks will not find it worth

At they same time, they will be taking steps to protect out-standing debt on their books.

Where companies are over-ex-

posed they will be encouraged

to merge; where developments look financially insecure, joint ventures will be nurtured. As it is now, said Charles Lee, of

Fresh commitments

will probably mean

that the banks will

demand a bigger slice

of the available cake

- including a share

Edward Erdman, chartered

surveyors, "Twe never seen so many joint ventures on offer in my life – they are the classic

Where companies are failing to meet their interest pay-

ments — and this becomes more likely the longer the base rate stays at 15 per cent — banks may be tempted to take

possession of properties. But it is hardly likely they will be able to sell them any more

readily than the owners. So it

readily than the owners. So it is a time for steady nerves.

Yet the banks, according to a survey carried out just before Christmas by Woolgate Property Finance, remain surprisingly enthusiastic about property. Of the respondents, who between them some two thirds

between them cover two thirds of the lending market, 60 per

cent expect their property com-

mitments to increase.
But fresh commitments will

probably mean that, except for

the strongest of borrowers, the banks will be demanding a big-ger slice of the available cake. They may want a share of the profits in addition to interest

profits in addition to interest payments. Yet the survey showed that banks would be prepared to refinance loans falling due, presaging a change in habits from short-term to medium or long-term lending

medium or long-term lending. The turndown of the market

has forced banks to consider

their position. Competitively.

they are seeking to devise new financial instruments or varia-tions on established ones. At

the same time, they are pre-pared to look, for their own protection, at a larger use of commercial indemnity, an an insurance against the non-pay-ment of loans.

sign of a turning market."

their while to lend.

1984 Q1

1985 Q1

1986 Q1

1987 Q1

Q3

enders will continue to be wary

THE ATTITUDES of the banks and investing institutions to the property market reflects the way in which government economic measures have suc-

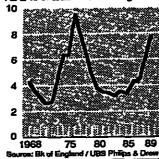
ceeded in cooling the economy. The domestic institutions, in any case, had been cautious about property right through the period of exceptionally high returns, often preferring to sell into a rising market rather than make fresh investments. It does not seem likely that such caution will be thrown to the winds as the market slides from its peak.

The banks, having stepped into the shoes of the institu-tions as the major source of development finance, for the last year have taken a more stringent attitude towards the projects on which they are pre-pared to lend. They will scarcely do less over the coming months.

The difficulty for both is the

absence of a definite trend.
While it is clear from all the indices that the peak of high returns was reached at the start of 1989 - when, averaged out over all property, the yearly figure came to over 30 per cent - it is not obvious whether the market is pausing for breath or steadying itself for a period of duliness.

Much depends on the economy, but the situation has now been reached where property may be less attractive to hold cash. And, as always, it remains a lumpy investment. More than that, the speed of Bank lending to property companies As a % of total bank lending



rental growth is slowing in most areas and has flattened out in others. This will eventually feed through into capital values, affecting the level of total return.

All this exacerbates the uncertainty, and underlines the risks of both investment

and financing decisions.

The latest official figures for institutional property investment are for the 1989 third quarter, when net investment was £441m following a net disinvestment in the second quarter of £225m. The figures do not suggest either a surge of buying or a wave of selling; if anything, they suggest, apart from the activities of the traditionally property-prone funds. little interest in the market.

Supporting this notion is the fact that the pension funds have not been very visible

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industrial and commercial property and land in seventeen New

players. Nor has there been a strong flow of funds into property unit trusts. Most of the activity has come from the life might change this lack of interest would be if properties became so cheap as to be irresistible.

Certainly, yields have been drifting outwards, but there is no evidence that the institutions are standing ready with a pot of money to pour over the sector. Rather, the presence of foreign investors in the market continues to provide opportunities to sell. For those such as Prudential, Norwich Union, BP Pension Fund and Postel there are plenty of opportunities to extract extra value within existing portfolios, without going out into the market for new stock.

Some of the slack left in the market by the institutions has been taken up by foreign buy-ing. There has been Japanese activity at the top end of the market, and Scandinavian, Dutch and, to a lesser degree, Middle East and US activity lower down.

Such activity stiffens the market but does not sustain it, and there is no doubt that it has become increasingly difficult to sell property. It is at this point that any problems associated with bank lending swim into perspective.

There was a surge in lending as banks competed to lend into fast growth. But as the sector

HOLDERS OF property shares had a miserable New Year, and the chances are that the next few months will not bring much happiness. The sector on the equity market is placid.

ignored.

The New Year rally on the general market simply passed property shares by, the volume of trade being a fraction of the daily average in 1989. There was little to excite, and not much to look forward to.

Indeed, the FT-Actuaries Property Share Index in January was only fractionally higher than it had been at the

beginning of 1989. Throughout last year the performance of property shares was influenced by feelings that the direct property market outside could only slide down-wards. There was an element of wish-fulfilment in this, because the equity market had started to take a bearish view of property shares even before the direct market reached its peak, in terms of total returns,

at the beginning of 1989. To the extent that the market has been interested in property shares, it has favoured those with a strong asset base, and has been most concerned with the defensive quality of a stock. From the time of the equity market crash in October 1987, there has been little enthusiasm for the development-trading com-

But the property investment companies - such as Land Securities, MEPC, Hammerson, British Land, Slough Estates, Great Portland Estates - were trading on discounts to net asset value that rose as high as 40 per cent. This compares with an average over the last 10 years of less than 25 per

The younger companies, the development groups that thrilled the market until October 1987 - London & Edinburgh Trust, Speyhawk, Sheraton Securities among them - have been trading on price-earnings ratios of between five and 10. On a historic basis then, property stocks are cheap. The question is whether they may

become cheaper. There is little doubt that any financial failures would send another shiver through the market. A further tightening of the Government's economic squeeze could push prices down fur-

The implications of continued difficulty in the general economy carried through into the property sector are serious. It would mean that demand for space would decline, putting existing rental levels under pressure and lead to a decline in capital values.

There is an argument that the early-January level of stock market prices already had built into it the possibility of a decline in asset values. If this correct, the property sector is simply languishing until somebody far-sighted enough swoops on the market and

buys up a lot of cheap stock. Property shares, though, are out of fashion. Analysts' reports tend not to be encouraging for the institutional reader. Few of them go further down the optimistic road than to advocate either preparation for buying back into the mar-ket during the second half, or, having accepted the principle of purchase, buying into prop-erty at a time when the general market is relatively low. Others simply suggest selling on

any rally.
The short term, and indeed probably shortlived, factor which would help the market to break out of a pessimistic to break out of a pessimistic torpor would be a spate of merger activity. The market's desire for a little excitement was evident when, for example, there was a sudden burst of trading during mid-January in the shares of British Land. The stimples was a television prostimulus was a television pro-gramme making the not very original point that the group is effectively up for sale. Yet this spate of activity has always been coming but has never to

seemed to arrive, except for a month last summer. The argument to support the case for an outbreak of merg-ers and acquisitions is a strong one. Financial pressure on smaller and medium-sized companies from the high interest rates and the downturn of the market has left the highly geared looking vulnerable. Pro-tectively, these companies are likely to seek alliances. This

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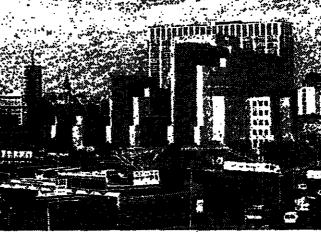
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SHARES

They may get even cheaper



A photo-montage showing how the Yauxhali Cross office coment, on the south bank of the Thames, in London, will look when it is completed in approximately 1993. The developers are Regalian, one of the companies that brokers wor expect to benefit quickly from any upswing in the market

situation creates opportunities for the well-financed and, with companies trading at discounts to their net asset values, it is often cheaper to buy them than to buy individual proper-

At the same time, the presence in the market of US investors continues to prompt a degree of speculation about the future of larger development companies, seeking to build up assets, like Rosehaugh with a portfolio full of varied sites from the City of London to

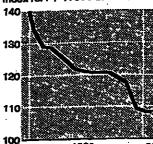
The other side of this gen-

eral merger argument is that, if the market saw financial failures, along the lines of Kentish Properties in the residential sector, then this might cause a flight from property shares. That would blunt any stimulus to higher market values from

any merger excitement. There is a sense, however, in which a wait for merger activity is like clutching straws. The performance of the property share market is at least in part a reflection of the general economic situation. At base, the market would like nothing more than a fall in interest

FT-Actuaries Property sector

index rei FT~A 500 Share index



rates and some sort of signal

chance of this before the sec-ond half, although economic pundits are now predicting that the UK will avoid recession. On the assumption that the economic squeeze might be relaxed some time in the sec-ond half, it is not unreasonable to believe that the direct property market could start picking up in the final quarter.

The stock market prides itself on its ability to anticipate movement, and if that boast is justifiable then a break in the torpor of the property sector might appear sometime around the middle of the year.

Meanwhile, to the extent that brokers are recommendfavour the defensive investment companies where rent reviews are continually running through, steadily building up the income flow. And the brokers leaven this safe approach with one or two smaller companies, like Regalian or Chesterfield Properties, which they see as likely to benefit quickly from any upswing in the market.

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How Laura Ashley is addressing its problems

Maggie Urry wonders whether the UK manufacturer/retailer is just too nice

Ashley even among hard-bitten stockbrokers that news of the company's that news of the company's that news of the company's the latest difficulties elicited as much sympathy as condemnation.

The international retailer of flowery frocks and country cottage home furnishings has admitted that the year ended last month will show no profit, and that there will be a \$2.5m loss after exceptional costs. Although the tough conditions in British and US retailing are in part to blame, analysts agree the real problems have been of management's own making. Sympathy has not extended as far as the share price, which has long since slumped below the level at which the shares were floated on the

stockmarket in 1985. But that affection perhaps reflects what could be central to the group's troubles - its management is just too nice. That is a luxury which a private company can afford, but not a public

The culture of the group has, per-haps, made it difficult to take tough decisions, while the shareholder structure, with a majority held by the Ashley family, has made it easy to avoid them.

The group has grown fast, but the concentration has for too long been on boosting sales, not margins. The company's vertical integration has meant too great a reliance on in-house manufacturing – and its concern for employees has made it hard to cut jobs when necessary. Critics of the group say that managing its vertical integration was its greatest challenge.

An understanding of the Laura Ashley culture requires a knowledge of its roots. It was the archetypal family business, founded by a husband

and wife team, Laura and Bernard (now Sir Bernard) Ashley. The romantic story runs that Laura Ashley, a Welshwoman imbued with the puritanical work ethic, started in the early 1950s by printing tea cloths on her kitchen table, and was overwhelmed by orders after the first few appeared in John Lewis's Oxford Street department store. Sir Bernard was the business brain in the company. How true a picture that is should be revealed when her biogra-

phy is published this summer. As the company grew, it set up production in Carno, a village in mid-Wales, in the early 1960s. Much of the group's manufacturing is still in the area, making it a large local employer. Concern about the health

ley herself had died two months ear-lier after an accident. She was buried in the churchyard at Carno.

Although not cause and effect, the flotation and the beginning of the group's problems coincided. Although profits continued to rise at first, each set of figures seemed to show less progress and disappointed the analysts. In the 1988-89 year profits fell to 120.3m. and it is now clear that the group was badly loss-making in the second half of the 1969-90 year.

John James, the group's chief exec-utive, can take the credit for building the company up from the early 1970s when be joined. He says that when private the company was an accumulation of pieces put together, with everything tied into everything else manufacturing, distribution and retailing - and no clear accountabili-ties. That structure was not conducive to managing a company that was growing quickly, he admits.

eople who worked in the com-pany at the time suggest that management's efforts had for years been directed overwhelmingly at getting it to the stockmarket. Once that goal was achieved - and the board was determined to go ahead, although the group's advisers had recommended postponing the flotation on the grounds that the outcome was uncertain and could be affected by Laura Ashley's death - management lacked a plan for what to do next.

James admits that for too long the company used the adverse movement of the dollar/pound exchange rate — it was manufacturing goods in the UK for sale abroad, especially in the US — as an excuse for the disappointing profit performance.

He says: "We should have really looked at ourselves. But we did not get to grips with that till the back end of 1987. The solution was to divide the group into component parts strategic business units - making each one accountable. The process started in March 1988, though the splitting-up was "an extremely tortu-ous business," James says, adding that perhaps management took its eye off the other problems that were emerging. The latest problems on the manufacturing side were a result of a false start in this process, according to James; the original way that work was divided between production sites

proved inappropriate, he says. Last autumn this structure began to be changed again, with help from outside consultants. One hundred jobs were taken out, mostly at managerial and administrative levels, and other overheads cut. The managing director of the production division left the Although much had been invested

over the years in the computerisation of cutting and handling garments, the production end lacked "an adequate system to control the flow of garments through factories," says James. A dress could spend two weeks in a factory being made, he adds, although it only spent an hour of that time at a sewing machine.

Lacking a proper order processing system, says James, meant that production became piecemeal, and the efficiencies gained from longer runs were never achieved. The problem came to a head when orders from the US shops for the autumn/winter col-lection – which go on sale earlier in the US than in the UK and Europe – were not fulfilled in time.

Sales were lost at the start of the season, and when the merchandise eventually arrived in the shops in suf-ficient quantities – by November – the problems of US retailers were being reflected in slashed prices. Laura Ashley shops had to follow suit in order to shift the very merchandise that only weeks earlier they had been desperate to receive.

The aim now is to improve the flexi-

bility of the 10 garment factories, by reducing the number of styles being made and giving each factory a limited number of styles to specialise on.

A system to control the flow of work through the factories is now being installed. The hope is to reduce lead times by 30 per cent if not by half. That would have the benefit of cutting working capital, which has been so high as to put a strain on the group's balance sheet.

Outsiders suggest that James himself, as chief executive, bears ultimate responsibility for the mistakes on the production side. And, they say, the group's concern for its workforce preented it from reducing staff numbers at the earlier stage. The solution may be to reduce dependence on in-house manufacturing even more, and to shift some production overseas. James concedes that the company's

paternalistic background has made it difficult to take the tough decisions. Further, although the group had become a public company in 1985, Sir



"A dress could spend two weeks in a factory being made but only one hour of that time was spent on a sewing machine.

Bernard and the Ashley family still control 70 per cent of the shares. As one outsider describes it, "the com-pany is not really a public company, more a private one with a share plac-

James says "we cannot sit back and expect Sir Bernard to hold the shares forever. We must drive up profits and work as a genuine international retailer for the benefit of all our shareholders.

These problems might have been overcome, suggest outsiders, if the City had been able to influence the board, for example, through non-executive directors - the sort of experienced businessmen who would represent shareholders, spot problems, and generally encourage management.
The group does have one non-execu-

tive director, Lord Hooson. However, although he had an eminent career in politics and the law, he does not have the background in business that City folk would have liked.

There is also a concern that, although the company has grown sig-nificantly since the float - in both size and complexity - the number of executive directors on the board has fallen. Three have left - John Winter, who was deputy managing director, Peter Phillips, finance director, and the manufacturing chief - but in the same period only one director has

ioined the board.

As a result of departures, some of the directors have doubled up their responsibilities. James, who is an accountant by training, has in effect been acting as finance director, too – although a new appointment is expec-

Alphons Schouten, a long-standing Laura Ashley director, is in charge of the European retail operations and the brand management function, while Mike Smith, head of UK retail, has now also taken on the production

The group still has enormous strengths. Its brand name is regarded by many as having maintained its strong consumer franchise, despite the vagaries of fashion, particularly on its home furnishing side. It is one of the few UK retailers to have found some success abroad. And its turnover is on course to double from the level it reached in 1987-88, the year of peak profits.

if management's determination to solve its problems, and the hired expertise of teams of management consultants, are effectively translated into action, the group should yet have a bright future. But it will take a more ruthless attitude to identifying and attacking problems early on and, perhaps, an injection of new management to strengthen the existing team. I tional managerial pyramid

Organisation as a global 'network'

By Christopher Lorenz

hen the chairman of a large company holds forth on how it spent the 1980s renewing and reviving its existing businesses, regaining technical excellence, and penetrating new geographic markets, one may be forgiven the reaction "so what?"

Such Herculean feats are certainly impressive. But in today's global economy they are merely qualifications for playing the competitive game - not for winning it. Richard Glordano, boss of

the BOC gases group, as good as admitted as much last night in an illuminating analysis of the difference between the challenges which BOC con-fronted over the past decade and those it faces now.

Delivering the first of this year's Stockton Lectures at the

London Business School, Gior-dano argued strongly that the organisational mastery of scale and complexity was probably the most difficult task facing companies - British and otherwise - during the 1990s. Companies must master

forms of organisation which reach beyond traditional concepts of delegation and profit centres. Giordano said. Such organisations would have to be internally flexible ("interactive and interdependent"), and would be required to do business across great distances, across national boundaries and cultures.

"We need to find ways of organising and managing bureaucracies effectively," said Giordano. "That is what our international competitors have achieved. This is what has driven their successful product strategies all over the globe". BOC itself has expanded its core gases businesses from an Anglo-US base deep into Asia and the Pacific, and has conti-

nental Europe next on the list. So it faces this organisational problem writ large. It needs to maximise the flow of technology, and other forms of skill-sharing, across its global empire, while remaining responsive to market differences from country to country. In Giordano's own words. "the scale of our businesses simply could not afford local self-sufficiency; nor a tradi-

7 hen the chairman of over the whole group driven from the centre; nor some form

BOC's solution to the problem bears the overworked label of "networking". As Giordano explained it: "We expect managers and technologists in our companies throughout the world to take on their shoulders the responsibility for accessing group technology wherever it resides, and to keep appraised of and implement best practices in every aspect of their business.

"Our job at the centre is to facilitate communication and (to) occasionally audit," he continued. Among other activi-ties, the BOC head office creates ad hoc short-lived commit-tees "to draw managers' attention to what is available and what is changing."

For each specific area of technology or operational prob-lem, it appoints a "lead house" the most knowledgeable unit on that topic, be it in Sydney, Osaka or elsewhere. That unit then has responsibility for disseminating the knowledge to other parts of the group around the world: "We don't expect its work to be duplicated by other group compa-nies," Giordano stressed.

A small staff is retained at the centre in Britain "which acts on occasion as a traffic policeman, sometimes as an orchestra conductor, infrequently as an auditor, and very often as a cheer-leader."

Such networking was fast. efficient, but not easy to sus tain, said Giordano. It required managers to live with "more than average ambiguity and sometimes conflicting objectives." It required give-and-take: "individuals are often called upon for contributions that have no immediate benefit to their profit and loss.'

Networking necessitated a high degree of co-operation and trust, rather than authority, the BOC chief emphasised. Lastly, said Giordano, it was important to recognise that the links in the network were often

sustained by technical personnel, and by other non-managers. "Their quality and experience are increasingly important to the success of our business. We have had to fashion rewards for them that reinforce their importance

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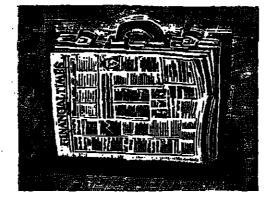
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FINANCIAL TIMES

Receivers and liquidators cannot distribute pension surplus

FT LAW REPORTS

METTOY PENSION EVANS AND OTHERS Chancery Division: Mr Justice Warner: December 12 1989

AN EMPLOYER'S absolute discretion under an occupational pension scheme to distribute surplus funds among beneficiaries, is not a right to make gifts from surplus as its owner but is a fiduciary power in the full sense entitling beneficia-ries to be considered for discretionary benefits. And where the employer's powers cease on its going into liquidation, the fiduciary power does not vest in receivers or the liqui-dator, but will be exercised in the manner the court considers most appropriate in the circumstances to give effect to the intention of the scheme through new trustees, representative beneficiaries or the

trustees under the scheme. Mr Justice Warner so held when determining questions arising in the winding up of an occupational pension scheme established by the third defendant, Mettoy Co plc in liquidation, on an originating summons by the plaintiff Mettoy Pension Trustees Ltd., sole trustee of the scheme. The first and second defendants, Mr Idwal Evans and Mr Tim Evans, were previous employees of Mettoy and represented pensioners in the scheme. HIS LORDSHIP said that

Mettoy was at one time a successful and prosperous company. At its peak it and its subsidiaries employed some 3,000 people. It established an occupational pension scheme which took effect in 1968.

In 1981 and 1982 it suffered heavy losses. In October 1983 its bankers appointed receivers of its assets and undertaking. In November debenture holders appointed the same receivers. In January 1984 a compulsory winding up order was made and in April 1984 its last employees were dismissed.

Under the 1968 pension scheme the trustees held the pension fund on irrevocable trusts to pay pensions and other benefits in accordance with terms of the fund. On winding up 2,500 were entitled to benefit. Surplus over mandatory benefits was estimated at

Rule 11(b) of scheme rules issued in 1969, provided that in the event of liquidation the

up. A discretion to augment benefits was exercisable by the

A revised scheme was introduced in 1973. From 1973 to 1979 all contributions to the 1968 scheme were invested on a group with profits policy. On November 30 1979 the policy was discontinued and the system of investment was altered to a managed fund. In anticipa-tion of the change a 1979 deed was executed, and in 1980 the plaintiff Trustee Company was incorporated and the 1969 rules were cancelled and replaced with 1980 rules.

Rule 13(4) of the 1980 rules provided that in the event of the company's business ceasing, the trust fund should be wound up and the trusts deter-mined. Rule 13(5) provided "Any surplus of the fund remaining after securing liabilities "may at the absolute discretion of the employer be applied to secure further bene-

The rule differed from rule 11 in the 1969 rules in that the discretion to augment benefits was to be exercisable by the employer, not the trustees. A further deed, a reprint of the 1980 deed, was executed in

On the present originating summons the question inter alia was whether the discretion to augment benefits con-ferred on "the employer" by rule 13(5) of the 1983 rules was a fiduciary power and if so, whether it was exercisable by the receivers or liquidator, or Fiduciary discretions could

be put into four categories. The first comprised a power given to a person to determine the destination of trust property without his being under any obligation to exercise the power or preserve it.

The second category com-

prised any power conferred on the trustees of the property or any other person as trustee of the power itself. A power in this category was a "fiduciary power in the full sense." It could not be released. The donee owed a duty to the objects of the power to con-sider whether and how he ought to exercise it.

Category 3 comprised a discretion which was really a duty to form a judgment as to the existence or otherwise of particular circumstances giv-ing rise to particular consequences. Category 4 comprised discretionary trusts, where

select beneficiaries from a

The question was whether the discretion given to the employer by rule 13(5) was in category 1 or category 2. That depended on whether the words by which that discretion was conferred meant no more than that Mettoy was free to make gifts out of surplus of which it was absolute beneficial owner, or whether they imported that it was under a duty to pensioners to

It was a question of con-struction of the 1983 deed in the light of the surrounding

consider whether and how the

discretion ought to be exer-

Mr Nugee for Mettoy submitted that under the deed members' rights were satisfied when they had received their mandatory benefits. He said that whether they received more lay in the bounty of the

beneficiaries had a right to be considered for discretionary benefits. The discretion conferred on the employer by rule 13(5) was a fiduciary power in the full sense.

That was not correct. The

The considerations leading to that conclusion were that if the discretion were not such a power it was, from the beneficiary's point of view, illusory. The words conferring the power would mean no more than that the employer was free to make gifts out of its own property. The Courage case [1987] I WLR 514 illustrated one possi-

ble consequence of discretion being of that nature. If the employer were acquired by a takeover raider there would be nothing to prevent the raider from rendering itself entitled to the entire fund. There was the added consid-

eration that the discretion was introduced to replace a power which, though narrower, had been vested in the trustees. The next question was whether the discretion was

exercisable by the receivers. the liquidator or neither. By its debentures Mettoy charged "all its . . . as-

A fiduciary power in the full sense was not an asset of any company, It could not be the subject of a charge created by

sets . . . present or future.

It could, therefore, not become exercisable by a

receiver appointed under a

Likewise it could not become

exercisable by a liquidator. The liquidator's widest powthings as may be necessary for winding up the affairs of the company and distributing its assets" (see section 539(2)(h) Companies Act 1985).

Exercise of a fiduciary power in the full sense vested in a company could not be necessary for distributing its assets. Whether it might be necessary for winding up its affairs was less clear. However, the liquidator in the present case would be precluded from exercising the power because if he did so, his duties would conflict.

As trustee of the power he would be under a duty to hold the balance between beneficiaries' interests and the interests of persons entitled to share in the company's assets, namely creditors and contributors. As liquidator his duty would be to creditors and contributors.

The question then was, if the discretion was a fiduciary power which could not be exercised by receivers or liquida-tor, who was to exercise it? It could not be exercised by direc-tors because on the liquidator's appointment their powers Lord Wilberforce said that where trustees did not exercise

a trust power the court, if called on to exercise it, would do so "in the manner best calculated to give effect to the settlor's or testator's intentions." He said it might do so by appointing new trustees, or authorising beneficiaries to prepare a scheme of distribution, or by directing the trustees to distribute.

In a situation like the present it was open to the court to adopt whichever of those methods appeared most appropriate

As to what should be done, more evidence was necessary. For the trustee company: Robert Walker QC and Mark Herbert (Denton Hall Burgin & War-

For Mr Idwal Evans: Nigel Inglis-Jones QC and John Stephens (Lawford & Co). For Mr Tim Evans: James Clifford (Lawford & Co). For Mettoy: Edward Nugee QC and Anthony Mann (Wilde

Rachel Davies

THE PROPERTY MARKET

and the state of the control of the

Gazeley under the Asda umbrella

By Paul Cheeseright

The warehouse-distribution market is going to be diffi-cult, said John Duggan, managing director of Gazeley Proper-ties. He was talking about the sector of the property industry which has stood up better to the economic stowdown than either offices or retail.

"There will be pressure to keep rents down. There will be competi-tive negotiations with tenants," he

Gazeley is the property arm of Asda, charged with looking after the supermarket chain's £2bn estate and with creating an independent profit stream from property devel-opment. This has taken the company not only into the construction of superstores for the group but into distribution centres both for group

and third party use.

One indication of the market difficulties is the slowness with which decisions are made. Another is the way in which yields have widened.

They have moved out even on made leastions by in to 0.75 per good locations by up to 0.75 per cent. After the Lawson crisis (October 1989) nobody did anything until after Christmas and when they did the yields were lower than six

months before," said Mr Duggan. But the generality of the market slowdown hides particular changes. Last September King and Co, in their four monthly survey spotted the first increase for over six years in the national availability of industrial and warehousing floorspace. The next survey, to be published soon, will show more empty spaces. Yet Bob Thompson, King's chief of research, noted plenty of activity remained outside the south east of England, even though it was slower

He also observed that industrial properties with an office content of up to 50 per cent were coming onto the market. Previously they had been pre-letting. And, as usual, the new buildings were being taken up more readily than the old.

more readily than the old.

This last point impinges on what Mr Duggan called "the major shift in the way people are looking at their distribution requirements."

He recalled that when Asda was looking at its distribution requirements in the mid- and late 1980s, it found there were few sheds larger than 100,000 as ft and little had been

than 100,000 sq ft and little had been built since the early 1980s.
There was a shortage of modern

space at a time of "raised awareness that distribution is a fundamental part of any major business in holding down costs and modernising." So there has been a demand for new facilities in areas close to the main

markets.
Underlying the shifts in the market then, there is a process of change in the warehousing property sector akin to the re-equipping of the office sector with air-condi-tioned buildings capable of accom-modating modern electronics or the transformation of shopping centres

to meet consumer demand.

Location is important in this process and "prime location" for Mr Duggan means sites where there is good access – from the motorway network, for example – where there is good labour supply and where there are what he called "economic drive times."

This last is a matter of getting the most efficient use of a driver and his truck in a 24-hours-a-day indus-

There is little point in a driver setting off from somewhere in northern Europe and unloading in the south east of England if that means only half a day's work and nothing to do afterwards. It would be better to have a full day's drive

to a point outside the south east. As the map shows, Mr Duggan's ideal area for distribution is a swathe across England from the Midlands to East Anglia, south of Derby and north of Watford. The centre of England looks more likely to be the focus of warehousing than, say, Kent, speculation about the effect of the Channel tunnel not-

withstanding.

There is also the point that land values in the centre of England are lower than they are in the south east. The warehousing property market has been less distorted by the rush to acquire sites for business parks than it has been in the

Mr Duggan's analysis is self-serving to the extent that he has a vested interest. Gazeley and the Church Commissioners are develop-ing the biggest distribution area in Europe at Lutterworth in The joint venturers are develop-

ing 7.6m sq ft of space on 500 acres

- largely warehousing but with
some offices. There is planning permission for 4.1m sq ft of that and
part of it has been built, while 3.5m

part of it has been built, while 3.5m sq ft awaits the final permission of Mr Chris Patten, the Environment Secretary, having obtained local authority approval.

Mr Duggan is not alone in his analysis. It is hardly surprising that Asda has a warehousing centre at Lutterworth, but the other tenants so far are Aldi, Avon Cosmetics, Toyota (GB) and Volvo. The smallest installation is 150,000 sq ff for est installation is 150,000 sq ft for Avon so the amounts of space taken are not exactly tiny.

This list of tenants brings out a further point about the change in distribution process and the effect it has on the property industry. The large companies acquiring space have long-term aims and are not likely to be deterred by short-term market fluctuations.

If they want facilities to help their penetration of the European market their interest in immediate rent and yield movements is probably secondary.

The same is true for companies

seeking to own the properties they work in. Such purchases are fre-quently part of long-laid business plans. Here is a source of continuing activity in the market.

As far as Lutterworth is con-cerned, rents have risen sharply. Toyota, which signed up last month, is paying a base rental of £4.63 a sq ft. Two years ago warehousing rents around Leicestershire were more like £2.50 a sq ft. Toyota needs the space with its Derbyshire manufacturing plant coming on stream in 1992.

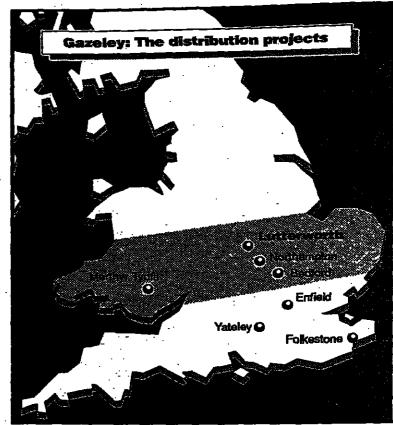
This factor, where long-term con-siderations override short-term market factors, is a protection for the investment of Gazeley and the Church Commissioners at Lutterworth. But Mr Duggan also believes that his selection of sites will ensure that as long as there is market activity, Gazeley will have a slice of it.

The ultimate protection for Gaze-ley is its shelter under the Asda umbrella. Although Gazeley frequently develops property for sale, a failure to make a sale is not cru-

"The fact that I haven't sold a building this month, or next month, will cause concern but it won't knock me off course. If I didn't sell-one for two years that would be different," said Mr Duggan.

Gazeley is well placed for the difficult year. A joint venture with Arlington has both liberated cash and provided a future revenue stream. There is the possibility of developing about 7m sq ft of space at Lutterworth and at other projects throughout southern England.

In the year to last April pretax profits were £9.5m. In the current year pretax profits should be about



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	APITAL	GROWT	ዝ (%)	
	Retall	Offices	Industrial	All Property
Year to December 89	3.8	15.3	21.5	11.2
Quarter to December 89	-1.8	1.2	2.7	0.3
Month of December 89	-1.0	0.3	0.8	-0.2
Source: Investment Property Data	ibesk			



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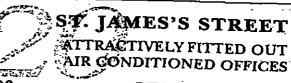
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TECHNOLOGY

Robots sweep across the **Paris Metro**

Anna Kochan reports on the automation of a subterranean cleaning marathon

going up and down stairs and getting into and out of trains unaided. are being put into operation in the Paris Metro. It is part of a FFr 270m

(£28m) investment programme aimed at improving the pro-ductivity and quality of Metro cleaning, an exercise which currently involves a workforce of 2,000 and an annual budget of FFr 250m. The 500-plus robotised vehicles, which will be in use by 1995, are expected to reduce this cost by 40 per cent. The Paris Metro is a massive network, numbering 13 lines and 430 stations with 625 mechanical escalators. More than im square metres has to be cleaned every day, includ-ing 800 trains incorporating 3,600 carriages. The tracks themselves only need cleaning once a month; the tunnels,

once every two years.

Tests have started with a design and 26 will enter service in the autumn. Their job is to sweep, vacuum and wash the hallways, corridors and platforms in a station, as well as to carry cleaning equipment for the auxiliary human worker who will clean areas inaccessi-

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ble to the vehicle. Designed to cope with human contact and to avoid falling off the edge of platforms, the vehicle, known as the CABX, is fitted with numerous safety devices and sensor systems. But most innovative is its traction and locomotion system, which enables it to climb stairs as well as manoeuvring over flat ground. Running on two indepen-

dently driven tracks, similar to those of a Caterpillar tractor, the mobile vehicle employs three systems to navigate its path. Essentially it follows a trail of tiny magnetic markers embedded in the ground. A group of five markers is placed

utomated cleaning at intervals of 10m along the robots, capable of route the vehicle follows. The relative positioning of the markers in each group forms a code, which is detected by the vehicle's on-board magnetic ensor and indicates the direction it is to take.

To keep the vehicle on the right path between these markers, its positioning is continuously monitored and modified by two further mechanisms. One system employed is odometry, whereby the turns of the wheel are counted to calculate speed and distance.

To verify the direction that the vehicle has taken, a gyro-meter is used and the CABX designers have selected a new type, a gas acoustic model, just developed in France and only available in prototype form. It determines direction by measuring the waves generated by the displacement of gas mole-

These novel guidance techniques are less proven than the intrared and laser systems developed for autonomous AGVs (automated guided vehicles). But these would not be suitable in an environment open to the public, says Patrick Richard, director of Robatec, the main company involved. Apart from the bealth risk that lasers may present to

those in frequent contact with them, Richard says that the guidance system has to be totally invisible to the public. If some kind of beam arrange-ment had been employed, an interruption to the beam, by a person or obstacle, would have disorientated the vehicle with possibly dangerous conse-

Making the CABX vandal-proof has been a key factor in its design, as has safety. Ultrasonic and infrared sens-ing is the means by which the robot detects hazards. Richard

says the number of obstacles in a public place is so high that it would not be worth designing

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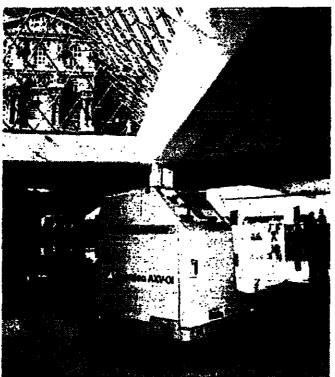
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DE GROOT

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A robotic cleaner at the Louvre in Paris

a robot to work around them. instead, when the robot detects something in the way, it begins to slow down and, if the obstruction does not move, comes to a standstill and calls for operator attention.

A future version of the CABX will be equipped with a synthesised voice asking passengers to move away. In the meantime, the vehicle uses flashing lights and bleeps to warn the public of its prese

The current design of the CABX also requires operator control for moving up and down stairs and into and out of trains. In the future version, however, there will be more ultrasonics and infra-red sensors so that a path can be navigated relative to a wall. Devices for the other metro cleaning operations have not

yet been fully developed. The robot for cleaning the inside of trains will be a tiny autonomous vehicle, which will run around under the seats accom-panied by a manual cleaner for the more difficult tasks. The vehicle will employ uitrasonics-based telemetry which, by reflecting a beam off a wall, will keep it on a path at a set distance from the wall. The job will be done at night

when trains are out of service. During the day, the robot will be locked away in a cupboard on the train.

Two other types of cleaning equipment – dedicated either to tunnels or tracks – will

incorporate a speciall designed platform on which the cleaning robot and its operator will travel along the Metro rails. The robotic arms will be tele-operated, which means that the movements and proes will be controlled by the

on-board operator.

However, so far it is only the
CABX which has reached a commercialised form and the first fleet of 26, now being built, will go into service in the autumn.

The project is being under-taken for the RATP, the company which runs the Paris Metro, by a consortium com-prising the service company, Compagnie Générale des Eaux (CGE), GENEST (public works) and the Commissariat a l'Ener-gia Atomicus (CEA) which have gle Atomique (CEA), which has experience in the robotics field.

The CGE and GENEST set up Comatec in January 1986 to take charge of the Metro project, since when the company, through its subsidiary Robatec has become something of an expert in autonomous robots, frequently collaborating with the Japanese.
At the Louvre, for example,

the outside of the new glass-topped pyramid is cleaned by a specially modified Japanese robot that is tele-operated from ground level. Inside the Lou-vre, another sweeps the floor. And, this month the first vocalised polishing machine starts work there. Picture gazing will never be the same again.

Underground war against corrosion

pipelines are rarely a source of concern until they go wrong, but a flood of instances of corrosion has focused attention on a universal problem with no univer-

Instead, to prevent corrosion getting a damaging hold, new techniques have been devel-oped to monitor pipes and to postpone the onset of decay. Failed pipes can lead to a waste of resources and damage

to the environment. The last Government study of corrosion, the Hoar report in 1971, concluded that corrosion cost 3.5 per cent of gross national product in the UK alone.

A recent example of a corro-sion bill can be found in the North Sea, where the 16-yearold 169 km oil pipeline from the BP Forties Field is to be replaced at a cost of £162m -£1m a kilometre Corrosion will be in the dock

at Liverpool Crown Court on February 22, along with Shell UK. A decayed pipe at the company's Tranmere oil terminal released 150 tonnes of oil into the Mersey in August. It can be difficult to per-

prevention, says John Leeds, technical manager of Pipeline Integrity Management, a UK consultancy. "We are asking companies to spend money just so that the integrity of a plant remains the same.

suade companies to invest in

And even if there has been

the 800-mile stainless steel pipeline, owned by Alyeska in which BP has a controlling share, is corroding over a nine-mile section after 13 years, despite its protective

an attempt to stop the rot, it may be inadequate. In Alaska,

coating.

A leak has been prevented, however, by monitoring. At first, the thickness of the pipe was measured from inside by electronic "pigs", made by the Canadian company Ipel. A magnetic field was fed into the pipe wall, and the position of the pig and the pattern of the magnetic leak determined wall thickness.

This has been superseded by a more sensitive technique. using a Japanese pig from NKK. It employs 250 ultrasonic transducers in a body up to 10 ft long and 4 ft in diameter. The emissions from the transducers measure wall thicknes by detecting the inner and outer surface of the pipe and measuring the intervening distance. The data is fed to an on-board computer which determines wall thickness.

The NKK ultrasonic pig enabled Alyeska to detect 300 sections where corrosion had eaten away between 10 and 20 per cent of the pipe wall.

With no guaranteed solution available for preventing even stainless steel corroding, Alveska is to step up ultrasonic monitoring. It also wants

between 3 and and 10 per cent of its natural gas. British Gas outs the leakage at no more than 1 per cent.

The materials used in pipes and fittings can influence leak rates. British Gas originally used iron pipes and fittings, but in the 1970s the desire to operate at higher pressures led to the use of smaller, corrosion resistant polyethylene pipes. These pipes exposed the often corroded state of the iron fittings connecting the mains to steel pipes in buildings.

Corrosion resistant gunmetal, a bronze made of 85 per cent copper, with zinc, lead and tin; or malleable iron fit-tings were installed. But sales of gunmetal fittings - which can last for more than half a century - to British Gas peaked in 1983-84 and are expected to cease this year. The water industry still specifies gunmetal fittings for buried pipes.

Kay and Company, founded almost 200 years ago in Bolton, supplies gunmetal fittings, but saw its market being attacked by sales of other types, such as iron and polyethylene.

David Aitkin, the managing director of the company says iron fittings are a third of the

to delay corrosion by using bonded epoxy material to seal the outside of pipes.
In Britain, Max Wallis, of the University of Wales, claims that British Gas is losing oped a way of nickel-plating other fittings. Kay has develthe iron ones. The technique, called electroless nickel plat-ing, is not electro-plating but a chemical process. Electroless nickel is an alloy different in composition, structure and properties from electro-plated. nickel. It is harder and more corrosion resistant.

The technique involves a solution of sodium hypophos-phite and a nickel salt, and it results in nickel being depos-

The nickel-plated fittings are half the price of gunmetal ones, but half as much again as iron. However, the nickel is still susceptible to corrosion

because it is porous.

Tests by Kay showed that 50-microns of nickel plate was needed for high corrosion resis-tance, but this would have made the plated iron more

expensive than gummetal. Instead, nickel of 20 microns was applied to the iron and a polymer, methyl methacrylate, applied to the nickel in a vacuum to seal pores. This polymer treatment, carried out by Ultraseal International, of Birmingham, "doubles the effec-tiveness of the nickel plate," says Aitkin.

Lynton McLain

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vertical take-off flying car is being developed in the US by Paul Molier, a former professor of aeronautical engineering at the University of California, writes Lynton McLain.

The Moller International M400 (pictured right) is designed to be driven along a road, to take off vertically, hover to 9,500 ft and fly to 30,000 ft at 400 miles an hour. The first M400 - small enough to be parked in a

domestic garage - is being completed for flight testing. An experimental version, the circular M200X, has already flown with a pilot. Vertical take-off comes from

eight 150 horsepower rotary internal combustion engines, each weighing 68 lbs. They are housed in fan hubs. Designed by the US Out-

board Marine Corporation, the engines were fitted to snowmothe engineering and design rights by Moller International.

The twin-shaft engines can produce 2 hp for every pound of engine weight and have a power density exceeding 100 hp per cu ft of engine. This compares with the 20 hp per cu ft of a conventional fourstroke piston engine and the 30 hp power density of twostroke engines.

The craft would have to be integrated into controlled airspace. Moller says microwave beams or satellite references could generate "electronic guide ways in the air.

"Future flight within con-gested areas will not be unlike driving on the freeway. The enter a destination on an onboard computer. This will access the electronic highway, and maintain speed and safe distances from other craft."



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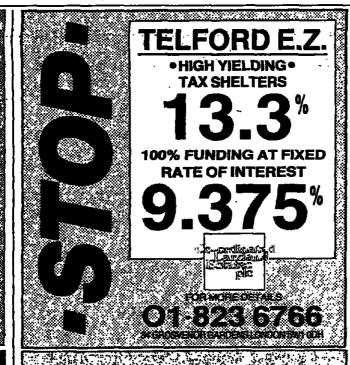
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OPERA AND BALLET

Royal Opera, Covent Garden The long-awaited new production of Borodin's *Prince Igor* by Andrei Serban is a collaboration of the Royal Opera and Ballet, nducted by Bernard Haitink and features a splendid cast of Eastern European principals: Sergey Leiferkus in the title role, Anna Tomowa-Sintow, Elena Zaremba, Alexey Steblyanko, Nicola Ghiuselev, and Paata Bur-

Royal Ballet continues with its ceaseless performances of *Swan*Lake at Covent Garden.
English National Opera, Coliseum. David Pountney's curious Traviata production (this is the one with the comfield on stage Onie and Edmund Barham as undertakes a Berlioz rarity. Bea trice and Benedict, his late, ravishingly beautiful version of Much Ado about Nothing, produced by Tim Albery, cor by Mark Elder, and with Ann Murray, Philip Langridge in the title roles. Further performances of Faust, in Ian Judge's deft, fast-moving, extremely success ken dialogue).

Théatre des Champs Elysées. European 18th Century baroque operas conducted by Rene Cie-3-act opera in concert version (Tue). La Purpura de la Rosa (1701), a 2-act Spanish opera in concert version (Fri) (47203637). Opéra. The Hamburg Ballet pres ents John Neumeier's Peer Gynt inspired by Henrik Insen. Paris Opera orchestra conducted by Eri Klas (47425371). that (4/223/1). Chatelett. Wagner's Die Meister-singer von Nürnberg conducted by Marek Janowski with Jose van Dam as Hans Sachs in a new co-production with Radio and choir. Starts at 60m

Konfukljike Vlaamse Opera Royai Flanders Opera in Haydn's L'Infedelta Debisa. La Petite Sigiswald Kuijken staged by Philippe Lensel with Nancy Argenta, Lena Lootens, Chris-

Teatro Alla Scala. Lorin Maazel conducts Beethoven's Fidelio. sung in German, in co-produc-tion with the Théâtre du Chatelet in Paris under Giorgio Strehler, with sets by Ezio Frigerio. Jeannine Altmeyer, Thomas Moser and Kurt Rydl lead the cast (80.91.26).

Testro Regio. Sylvano Bussotti's production of Puccini's *Turandot* conducted by Yuri Ahronovitch, with Sophia Larson in the title role, and Nicola Martinucci and

Teatro dell'Opera. Bellini's I puritani conducted by Spiros Argiris, with Mariella Devia and Chris Merritt. Sandro Sequi's production uses the sets and cos-tumes designed by Giorgio de Chirico for the 1933 edition of the opera at the Florence Maggio

Teatro Comunale. Luciano Berio conducting two of his own works: Rendering and Afonim, with the Finchley Children's Music Group conducted by Ronald Corp and mezzo-soprano Esti

Opera. Der Borbier von Sevilla returns with a new cast led byJane Giering, Barbara Scher-ler, Clemens Bieber. Wolfgang Glashof, Manfred Roehrl and Bengt Rundgren. La traviata stars Julia Varady in the title role. Elektra features Ute Vinz-ing, Ruth Hesse, Sabine Hass, Hans Beirer and Gerd Feldhoff. La Bohème in Götz Friedrich's production is sung by Kallin Esperian, Lucy Peacock, Antonio Ordonez and Andreas Schmidt. Further offered three ballets jointly choreographed by Youris Vamos and George Balanchine.

Hamburg Opera. Idomeneo under the superb musical direction of Gerd Albrecht with Josef Protschka, Roberta Alexander, Ning Liang, Joanna Kozlowska and Kurt Streit. Tosca has Maria Gulegh-ina in the title role, Luis Lima and Juan Pons in other parts.

Othello convinces thanks to Wisdimir Atlantow, brilliant in the

done repertoire performance with John Hurst, Alfred Kuhn

Opera. Die Fledermaus is a well

Opera. Macbeth, produced by Jean-Claude Riber with sets by Michael Scott will have its premiere this week, with a strong cast led by Eduard Tumagian, Francesco Ellero d'Artegna, Eli-zabeth Connell, conducted by

Opera. Ariadne auf Naxos has fine interpretations by Helena Doese, Gail Gilmore, Hellen Kwon. Christopher Robertson and Michael Sylvester. Also offered William Forsythe's ballet Artifact, and Gluck's rarely played *lphigenie en Tauride* with Sylvie Brunet, Gregory Yurisich, François Le Roux, Keith Lewis

Opera. Fidelio will be conducted by Hans Martin Schneidt with Hildegard Behrens, Theo Adam and Rene Kollo. Der Rosenkana-lier, produced by Brigitte Fass-baender with Judith Beckmann, Dashard Research Helmar Res. Barbara Bonneyand Helmut Ber ger-Tuna. Further performances of *Salome* starring Brigitte Fass-baender, Hildegard Behrens, John Broecheler and James King. John Cranko's ballet Onegin rounds off the week.

Stuttgart

Opera. *Die Entführung aus dem* Serall has Tomoko Nakanura, Ya-suko Kozaki, Uwe Heilmann, Heinz Goehring and Helmut Ber-ger-Tuna as leads. Three ballet evenings with John Cranko's

Metropolitan Opera. Charles Dutoit conducts the seesonal premiere of Nathaniel Merrill's production of Samson et Dalilo with Shirley Verrett, Placido Domingo and Simon Estes. Il Trovatore, conducted by Rico Saccani, features Susan Dunn as Leonora, Ermanno Mauro as Manrico and Lajos Miller as Count di Luna. Harold Prince's production of Faust, conducted by Charles Dutoit, continues with Carol Vaness as Marguerite, Delores Ziegler as Siebel, Nell Shicoff as Faust and James Morris as Mephistopheles, Lincoln Canter Opera House (362 6000). Les Ballets Trockadero de Monte Carlo. The first New York perfor mances in seven years of the transvestite satiric company include the world premiere of Black Swam in the three mixed programmes with their other

two Swans, Suom Lake and The Dying Suom. Ends Feb 16. City Centre, 55th E of 7th Av (246 New York City Ballet. The mixed repertory continues with perfor-mances of Midsummer's Night Dream, Swan Lake and Firebird. New York State Theatre, Lincoln

Tokyo Ballet. Sleeping Beauty with Yukari Saito, Naoki Taka-gishi (Mon), Mayumi Katsumata Yasuyuki Shutoh (Tues). Tokyo Bunka Katkan (725 888). Fifth - V. Modern dance choreo-graphed by Ushio Amagatsu, of the famous Butoh dance group, Sankatjuku. Spiral Hall (405 5659). Ends Feb 21.

MUSIC

Royal Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Vladimir Ashken-azy, Heinz Holliger (oboe). Mah-ler, Strauss (Sun). Royal Festival

ducted by Kurt Sanderling, Lynn Harrell (cello), Haydn, Shosts

conducted by Enrique Batiz, Kun Woo Palk (piano). Mozart, Proko-flev, Tchaikovsky, Strauss (Wed). Royal Festival Hall. (928 8800). Fretwork Consort of Viols and Paul Nicholson (organ), Lawes Purcell (Thur). Purcell Room, Royal Festival Hall. (928 8800). English Chamber Orchestra conducted by Martin Brabbins, Joanna MacGregor (piano). Moz-

art (Sat). Barbican Centre (638 391). ondon Concert Orchestra conducted by James Blair, Piers Lane (piano). Tchalkovsky, Strauss, Grieg, Mascagni, Ravel. Barbican Centre (638 8891). BBC Concert Orchestra conducted by Sir Charles Groves

EXHIBITIONS

London

The Royal Academy: Frans Hals the great retrospective, ready shown in Washington and due to go on to Haarlem, of the work of one of the greates nainters of the 17th century Dutch school. The Royal Academy. Inigo Jones, Architect — a full study and exquisite show of the intimate drawings and designs of one of

Paris The Louvre. The landscape in Europe from the 16th to the 18th century with some 150 drawings by Rubens, Brueghel, Poussin, Rembrandt and others. Pavillon de Flore, Closed Tues, ends April

the greatest British architects

Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris. Kupka (1871-1957) or The invention of Abstraction. The subtitle of the vast retrospective sums up the progress of the Czech-born artist from Vienna-inspired symbolism to non-figurative canvases. 11 Avenue President Wilson. Closed Mon, ends Feb 25 (47236127). Musée Carnavalet. Paris in daguerrotypes celebrates the 150th anniversary of the birth of photography with an exhibi-tion of some 150 old daguerrotypes completed by 30 modern

ones. 31, rue des Francs-Bour-geois. Closed Mon, ends Feb 28. Institut du Monde Arabe. Egypt Egypt. An exhibition of 25 chefd'oeuvres, including the most recent finds, starts with statues and bas-reliefs dating from the middle-empire, continues with some elements of Roman art and

with Brends Lucas, Peter Donowith Brenga Lucas, recer from-hoe, Moura Lympany, Gordon Fergus-Thompson (viano). Elgar, Ogdon, Liszt, Chopin, Rachmani-nov (Thur). Barbican (638 8891).

Pierre Amoyal, Alexis Weissen berg. Brahms; three sonatas (Mon). Salle Gaveau (45632030). Valery Afanassiev (piano). Schubert Sonatas (Mon). Théatre des Champs Elysées (47203637) Rusemble Orchestral de Paris conducted by Mario Venzago, Annick Roussin (violin): Schoen-berg, Haydn, Mozart (Tue). Salle Gaveau (45632030). Orchestre National de France conducted by Jeffrey Tate/Ch.

Tetzlaff, Schoenberg, Brahms

RTHF Young Soloists Ensemble conducted by Georges Dumortier with Daniel Rubenstein (piano) play Albinoni, Grieg, Mozart, Tchaikovsky, Vivaldi (Fri). Royal Music Concernatory Tenakovsky, Vivaidi (Fri). Royal Music Conservatory. BTBF Symphony Orchestra con-ducted by Andre Vandernoot with Andrei Nikolsky (plano) playing Liszt, Prokoflev, Schub-

<u>Islamic exhibits. 1, rus des</u> Mon), Ends March 18 (40513838).

Musées Royaux des Beaux-Arts. Seventeenth century flower paintings; a selection from the museum's collection of Flemis and Dutch masters. Closed Monday; ends Feb. 35th Belgian Antiques Fair. European Antiquities. Opens Monday, ends Feb 25. Grand Sablon, commemorates Belgium's short-lived declaration

of independence from the Auspower struggle between Fran and Austria for control of Bel-gium. Daily, closed Sunday, ends March 31.

Villa Medici and Palazzo Degli Uffici. A homage to Andre Mas-French surrealist painter spread inconveniently over two sites, connected by a half-hourly bus. Rods Feb 15

erna. Jean Dubuffet, Immensely enjoyable exhibition which includes drawings, paintings and sculpture from the Twenties Eighties, with salient and illuminating quotations from Dubuf-fet's writings. Ends Feb 25.

Castello Sforzesco. Henry Moore retrospective. 49 sculptures covering the years 1933-1983, the larger of which are seen to excel-lent effect in the courtyard of the 15th century castle, while the smaller bronzes, preparatory studies and drawings are shown

ert and Wagner. Palais des Beaux-Arts (Sun). Oratorio Chamber Orchestra Oratorio Chamber Orchestra conducted by Dominique Jonck-heere with Yoko Kikuchi (pizno). Beethoven. Romanian benefit (Sun). Palais des Beaux-Arts.

Hans Memling Trio and the new Belgian Chamber Orchestra greef, Gounod, Hendrickz and Schubert, Palais des Beaux-Arts different singing techniques with the Soviet Women's Chorus. Tran guang Hai, Mireille Capelle and other soloists. Palais des

ux-Arts (Tues).

Jurij Bashmet (violin) and Mihali Muntian (piano) playing sonatas by Schubert and Hindemith and Benjamin Britten's Lacrymae (Mon). Teatro Alla Scala (80.91.25). Bella Bavidovich (piano), playing Tehalkovsky, Scriabin and Rach-maninov (Wed). Conservatorio

Aldo Ciccolini (piano). Ravel

inside, in the beautifully lit Sala Viscontea, Ends March 25. Palazzo Reale, Fernand Leger works - paintings, watercolours as well as book illustrations.

Centro de Arte Reina Sofia. Antonio Saura. 70 works by the Spanish artist painted between 1956 and 1965. The exhibition focuses on four themes: Ladies Crucifixions, Goya's dogs and Multitudes, Ends March 19. Arco '90. International Contemporary Art Fair. Over 200 of the most outstanding galleries in Europe, America, Japan and will be represented at this fair. Hema, Avenida de Portugal. Feb 8-13. Palacio de Velazquez. Art in Latin America. The exhibition analyses the sources and develcoment of art in Central and of independence through to the esent day. Ends March 4. Indacion Juan Narch. Ian Woodner collection of works by

Oppenheim (1923-1983). Retro-spective exhibition. Some 130 works by the German surrealist artist including paintings, sculp-tures, drawings, objects, collages.

Frankfurt

Schirn Kansthalle, Am Römer berg 6. The Surrealists. Around 500 paintings, drawings and photos are on display with works by Masson, Tanguy, Man Ray, ning and Krust. Ends Feb

and Franck (Wed). Teatro Olim-pico (383304). *Michel Plasson conducting three* works by Ravel (Sat, Sun, Mon, Tues). Auditorium in via della Conciliazione (6541044).

London Symphony Orchestra conducted by Michael Tilson Thomas, Mozart, Ives and Strauss (Sun). Alte Oper. Alfred Brendel piano recital. Haydn, Brahms, Weber, Meo ohn and Beethoven (Thur). Alte

Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Zubin Mehta with Lothar Koch (oboe), Straus Mozart and Hindemith (Sun). Philharmonie. conducted by Carlo Maria Giu-Hni, Schumann, Mussorgsky and

Kunsthalle, am wall 207. Gott-hard Grachner: Painting on

gouaches and pictures with a mixture of technique by the 59-year-old artist are exhibited until

paper. 130 watercolours,

Ravel (Thur). Philharmonie.

Philadelphia Orchestra con-ducted by Riccardo Muti, with Patricia Schuman (soprano) and

autograph scores and libretti, New York Public Library. More than 125 documents of the Aboli-

Hamburg Kunsthalle Glockenglesserwall. Ian Hamilton Finlay with works from the French Revolution. Ten of the Scottish painter's projects including reliefs and 40 graphic works are on show until Feb 28.

Kestner-Gesellschaft, Warmbüchenstrasse 16. A retrospective of the Spanish painter Joan Miro (1893-1983), with around 120 works on loan from Spain. Ends

Munich

Städtische Galerie im Lehmbachhans. The most complete retro-spective of the expressionist painter Karl Schmidt-Rottluff

The Kunsteriaus is host to Mer-cury and the Muses, a vast col-lection of artifacts, documents and objects from Leipzig, on dis-play for the first time. The collection, ranging over four milie contains treasures from Ancient Egypt, Greece and Rome and European painting from the mid-dle ages to the 19th century.

Pierpont Morgan Library. The library's superb collection on Gilbert and Sullivan including

John Scott (organ). Bach, Mozart, Liszt, Widor. Suntery Hall (Mon, Wed) (505 1010). WED (305 MID). NHK Symphony Orchestra with Gunther Hogner (horn). Strauss. NHK Hall (Wed, Thur) (465 1781).

tory Hall (Mon). (822 0727).

letters and memorabilia, is the centreplece of this exhibit. Ends

tionist Movement, including pho-tographs, letters and rare books,

display the spirit and drive of

the Westminster Chair directed by Joseph Flummerfelt. Pergo

by Joseph Flummarielt. Pergo-lest, Cherubini (Mon), Carnegia Hali (247 7800). New York Philharmonic, Erich Leinsdorf conducting: Haydn, Bruckner (Tue); Erich Leinsdorf conducting, Yelim Broaman (piano): Prokofiev, Virgil Thom-son, Tchaikovsky (Thur), Avery Paper Hall (874 6770).

Fisher Hall (874 6770). Emerson String Quartet. Beethoven (Thur). Grace Bainey Rogers Auditorium of the Metro-politan Museum of Art (570 3849).

Chicago Symphony. Neeme Jarvii conducting, Lorin Hollander (piano). Kodaly, Saint-Saens (Thur). Orchestra Hall (435 6668).

Tokyo Metropolitan Symphony Orchestra conducted by Emanue

Krivine, Mozart programme, Sun-

Fisher Hall (874 6770).

Chicago

Tokyo

the long effort to free the slaves.

National Gallery. Highlighting this decade's renewed interest in printmaking in America, the 100 prints comprise a special exhibit borrowed from the collection of Joshua P. Smith, among them works from major contem-porary artists including Jasper Johns, Richard Diebenkorn and

Alex Katz. Ends April 8. Tokyo

Tobacco and Salt Museum, Shibuya. The Way to Narita. Not Tokyo's international airport, but the nearby Shinsoil Temple, a major destination for pilgrims for many centuries. The exhib-tion features ukiyoe woodblock prints by Hokusai and Hiroshige, who date from the period when this pilgrimage was at its beight. Closed Mondays. Suntary Museum, Mission to Suntory Museum, Mission to Rome. In the early 17th century

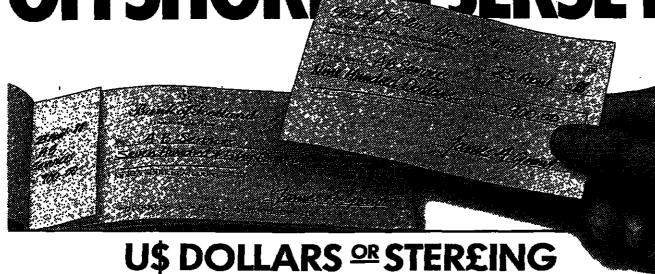
a feudal lord from northern Japan despatched a mission to the Pope asking Christian mis-sionaries to come to Japan. This fascinating exhibition documents the subsequent ban on Christianity that was to last over 200 years. Closed Tuesday.
Riccar Museum. Ukiyoe woodblock prints of the Meili Kra.

Closed Treeday Woodblock prints by Shiko Munakata, a pioneer of the arts and crafts movement in Japan.

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THE SOVIET UNION

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

12th March 1990

The survey will be written by a team of senior FT journalists who will be visiting the USSR. Editorial content will include articles on the economy, joint ventures, industry, agriculture, politics, foreign affairs, energy, arts, leisure, etc.

After publication it will be translated into Russian and 15,000 copies, which will also contain the advertisements, will be distributed to key people and top organisations in Soviet Union.

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FINANCIAL TIMES

EBRUARY,



Helen Field and Alan Opie

La Traviata/ Faust

COLISEUM

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Pountney/Lazaridis Traviata was received with less than total enthusiasm when it was unveiled in the autumn of 1988 but, such is the power of the press, it has returned to English National's repertory with the salient features of its staging unchanged. David Pountney explains his approach in a long programme essay - Truvicto as an expression of 19th-century sexual hypocrisy, redeemed by the compassion with which Verdi bestows upon the central character. Taken on its own terms his text seems hard to contradict; its translation into dramatic images is much less con-

vincing.
The society off which Violetta lives is portrayed more realistically here than in the conventionally hearty stagings one sees — the men's potency reduced to the size of their wallets, the women's power as transitory as their good looks - a parable of male exploitation packaged as con-vincingly as anything in, dare one mention it again on this page, Dennis Potter's Blackeues. The women are not out for a good time but desperate to keep their toehold in soci-ety, they would all clearly get out if they could and when she discovers a whole new set

of rules apply.

All that is completely relevant, and reinforced by Pountish this ney's own direct, clear translation; but it does not need the galleries of leering spectators or somnolent punters to haunt every scene, or the little corner of a cornfield that arises around the chaise-longue in the first act, or the constantly oppressive gilded and velveteen surrounds – more like some nightmarish Indian restaurant than a Victorian

brothel to one of my sheltered outlook. Helen Field repeats her Violetta from the first run, a beautifully affecting, inte-grated performance, with every gesture as thoroughly considered as every phrase, providing the core of compassion without which this staging would lose its credibility. Edmund Barham takes on Alfredo and gained in authority through

the evening; early on he failed to generate any tension, though Martin Handley's slow tempi did not help him - but the end of the second act-finally dispelled the last traces finally dispelled the last traces of stolidity. Alan Opie's formont is another survives from 1988, beautifully sung but not always dramatically focussed, and anyway in Pountney's order of things he is marked down as the personification of the ruling bysocrisy. the ruling hypocrisy.

The rest are fitted carefully into the scheme. The chorus, a little ragged to begin with, gathered more confidence, just as Handley's conducting gained in bite; he began by going for beauty of orchestral tone at the expense of dramatic force, but gradually loosened up. Not a totally successful evening then, but one full of

Andrew Clements

On Saturday, in the bright and bracing ENO revival of Gounod's Faust, Susan Bullock succeeded to the role of Marguerite. She can be heard in it tonight and next Thursday, and eminently deserves to be
- especially amid this notable
cast (the tenor Arthur Davies linson doing Mephistopheles as a Billy Connolly with a golden voice). One hopes that the dress in which she's first seen has been changed; it may have suited Valerie Masterson, but not the strapping Miss Bullock. Nothing became her like losing it: once into a pregnancysmock and haggard, she was radiantly simple and touching. Her "Jewel Song" had been expert, but it wanted a knowing spark that could hardly come from the innocent soul she portrayed (the fault was Gounod's). Later in the garden scene and in subsequent distress she sang with full-throated subtlety, and she led a final trio that was thrilling. in high old-fashioned style. The conductor Alex Ingram, who has taken over from Jacques Delacôte, maintains full vital-

ity and polish. David Murray

The Price

YOUNG VIC

A few weeks ago it was Howard Barker; now Arthur Miller is the name is on everybody's lips. The Young Vic. under David Thacker's direction, has gone one up on the panoply of other theatres around the country bracing themselves for the milirace, by getting the dramatist himself to belp with its revival of his family drama from 1968. It is a powerful piece which keeps its engines in its second act, roaring out of a sur-prisingly low-geared first half on an all-too-familiar jet of long suppressed sibling resentments

Just four characters appear on stage: the middle-aged policeman, Vic-tor, and his wife whose efforts to sell the long abandoned family furniture brings a canny octagenarian dealer huffing and puffing to their door, and Victor's smooth doctor brother whose unexpected return at the moment that the deal is being clinched throws a deal of dust into the works. But dominating the action, the characterisa-tion and by extension this entire domestic universe is the silent absence of their dead father, a loser in the Wall Street crash and an imprint on an ugly green chair, whose bank-ruptcy imprisoned one son in uniform and propelled the other into a callous pursuit of wordly success. Only, noth-

ing Miller writes is as simple as that. The price of the title refers most obviously to the derisory sum negotiated for the contents of the apartment, which designer Fran Thompson has cluttered with a magpie's eye for the graceless lines of well-to-do turn of the century Americana. But inclusive in the bargain are the years of delusion and self-deception that make up Miller's nightmare vision of family life - a nightmare hinged on the deliberate and selfish withholding of affection, loyalty, trust and, of course, money. In the final reckoning no one,

ultimately innocent conniving of Mr Shoved into a back room while the family negoriations are taking place Alan MacNaughtan's wizened intelli-gence pierces the bluster in regular impromptu sorties to retrieve snacks impromptu sorties to retrieve snacks from his briefcase or to entreat the harassed Victor to think again. His intrusions, and the scenes they interrupt which resound with the passions of Miller's marvellous speeches, gather up the strings of a first half that seems surprisingly diffuse, provoking titters rather than full-throated laughter.

throated laughter.
It is as if Miller quite deliberately



Marjorie Yates, David Calder, Alan MacNaughton and Bob Peck

sets a dramatic problem, which is picked up in David Calder's portrayal of Victor as man pitifully diminished by the unfinished business of his life,

Yates' distraught but undiminished Esther.

It is not until the shadow of Bob Peck falls across stage and negotiations that the subtext begins who is not capable of fronting a dramatic confrontation any more than of striking a bargain, despite the urgings of Marjorie casting – the charismatic, disruptive force of one brother making a brutal contrast with the mouselike, impressionable anxieties of the other; each, in his way, more dishonest than the dealer who spends his time fleecing them. C'est la vie.

Claire Armitstead

The Comedy of Errors

THEATRE ROYAL, BATH

The learned quotations that adorn the program suggest that the English Shakespeare Company's Comedy of Errors may emphasise some serious element in the play. There is nothing in Glen Walford's direction to support such an idea, though. The whole production aims at laughter, perhaps a touch too single-mindedly. Fishnets hang untidily over the curtain, but the Wagner that welcomes us as we enter is not the Flying Dutchman but The Mastersingers. The curtain goes up on a sea-shore, with Mastersingers. The curtain goes up on a sea-shore, with two pavilions downstage, draped in transparent nets, mounted on little pillars. A boat faces us head-on that turns into Antipholus's Ephesus home. The setting is by Rodney Ford, the period-less costumes by Claire Lyth. A sound suggesting ships is heard, but this is clearly made by human voices; so is all the incidental sound throughout the evening.

the evening. Shipwrecked Egeon, bereft of wife and two sons, is a fair ill-treatment that inevitably target for pathos, but follows their wrong Christopher Saul does not play him that way, even when

Solinus, the portly, black Marcus Heath, has sentenced him to die unless he can find a thousand marks. Egeon's wife Emilia (Chrissy Roberts) is in one of the pavilions, but so enshrouded in nun's veils that we do not know who she is. We only wonder at the gestures with which she comments on the activities going on around her, which are often adorned with odd vocal sounds. The Ephesians greeted Egeon's tales of shipwreck with the gasps of a crowd at a firework display. The voices are controlled, the programme tells us, by that silent nun. Shakespeare's farce is what Miss Walford gives us, played

as comically as possible. Mark Anstee and John Elmes look pretty identical as the two Antipholi, and it would need a sharp eye, or a good knowledge of the text, to tell one from the other when they enter separately. The same goes for Charles Dale and Stephen Jameson as the skinhead Dromios; they each bear the ill-treatment that inevitably

head-waiter.

The ladies of course have no artificial help to their comedy. Jill Brassington is as well-bred an Adriana as Ephesus is likely to offer, and Gina Landor an attractive Luciana. John Darrell gives Angelo the goldsmith the deeply respectable indignation that any swindled tradesman must wield, even in the Middle East. As Balthazar, Bob Hewis (who plays three other parts) allows three! himself more outward emotion; I enjoyed the threat of his twih short-swords. I much liked Aslie Pitter's officer. In Ephesus the cops go "ch! ch! ch!" when they arrest you. When Egeon was first brought on, it sounded ke a steam-engine.

This production is sponsored by Lloyds Bank, also by Mike Edwards, who is in the travel business, and has contributed about one-third of the production expenses. After Bath, the production goes to 14 venues in the UK, then to Jerusalem, Kiev and Moscow.

B.A. Young

RPO/Ashkenazy

The "Arrogant Genius" of the Royal Philharmonic's Wednesday programme in its series of that name would have been deemed by an unapprised lis-tener to be Arnold Schoenberg rather than Richard Strauss as intended. The two works by the latter given in the first half - the symphonic poem Till Eulenspiegel of 1895 and the second horn concerto (1942) — were respectively impudent and autumnally assuaging; it was the second half's symphonic poem by Schoenberg, Pelieas und Melisande of 1903, behind which one sensed a behind which one sensed a force of genius truly unrelenting and unanswerable, albeit

that the work is Schoenberg's most Straussian production.
To call Till Eulenspiegel impudent is in itself impudent, however, unless one adds that no music before or since embodies this quality in such a decisive and artistically satisfying way. There is no arrogance in the music, because it is completely yielding to the listener, provided only that it is performed with streamlined brilliance, The emotional veloc-

ity of the piece, its formal com-

demand a response from the players of quicksilver virtuos-ity. The piece will brook no hesitation or fudging in the matter of ensemble, and so it was that, alas, in this account conducted by Vladimir Ash-kenazy, the pure impudence, never mind the imputed arrogance, of Strauss's genius failed to command attention. Nor was the account of the

pression, and Strauss's limit-

lessly versatile orchestration

late horn concerto particularly compelling. Barry Tuckwell played the solo part elegantly but without the zest and the crackle, the proud delineation of phrase, that the work, be it ever so lyrically reflective, still seems to require. There needed to have been more arrogance here, from soloist and orchestra alike. But the performance of the

Schoenberg was touched with genius. This early (Op. 5) masterpiece resulted from a suggestion by Stranss who recommended Maeterlinck's drama to Schoenberg as a possible operatic subject for him. Unaware that Debussy was working on such an opera was working on such an opera.

Schoenberg in any case veered from the lyric stage and made of the *Pélleas* story a four-movements-in-one symphonic poem in a recognisably Straussian mould and full of Straussian harmonies and figurations, particularly as furnished by the woodwind.

At the same time the atonal world of Schoenberg's subsequent music is intriguingly foreshadowed, and the work's frenzied climaxes look forward some 15 years to look forward some 15 years to Bartók's ballet, The Miraculou. Mandarin. The RPO, expanded to its full strength, made those climaxes biting indeed. The music's textural range - from mellow or sombre lower-strings writing to acerbic descants for reeds or trumpets
- was brilliantly
encompassed; its

voluptuousness and terror were projected with equal abandon. Our sense of the great majestic flow of the work, to which all its yearning and upheaval are subject, was arrogantly ensured.

Paul Driver

Side Pockets

THEATRE ROYAL, STRATFORD EAST

A pool hall in Harlem, 1938, is the setting for this first full-length play by a young black American Aaron Iversonwho was discovered by the Theatre Royal's director, Philip Hedley, during a visit to Chicago. It is a short piece. played without an interval, which homes in on the middle aged owner of the roach-infested hall and the three young men who shoot at his table, each of whom represents a facet of the black American experience. Fred (Robbie Gee) is a worker, about to set off for Buffalo and a navvy's job on the railway; his brother Stan (Stephen Persaud) is a dreamer, who sports a jauntily angled trilby and carries a trumpet by way of handbaggage; their friend Ray (Sylvester Williams) is a likeable no-hoper who hangs around for want of any better way to spend his time.

What political consciousness they have revolves around boxing and the "big fight" between Joe Louis and Max Schmeling which is relayed by a crackly bar radio to a population with no access to the famous Yankee Stadium, but a passionate and personal involvement in the pitting of black against white. It is the only sanctioned outlet for the frustrations that dominate their lives, erupting into the menacing sound of distant rioting as the fight result brings the play to a close. in its conception and its vision, this is a promising piece which is marred by stretches of flaccid dialogue: there is alengthy debate about roaches, for instance, which is interesting analysis of antisemitism in the black community with a less interesting squabble about personal ambition and success, with the result that one can concentrate on neither. The problems inherent to the

play itself are compounded by

a playing style that is restrained to the point of woodenness in the face writing which demands the snap andcrackle of a company like Chicago's own Steppenwolf. The fleeting, fractious confrontations between brothers and friends are written to the brink of an physical violence that is entirely absent from Burt Caesar's production. Only Calvin Simpson, as the long-suffering hall owner, has the ability to make a mood out of understatement.

Claire Armitstead

Barry Manilow

"Write down standing ovation" chester co-writer.

chester who quickly cottoned on that I was not a front row regular at a Barry Manilow concert. I'd forgotten to bring a night light to hold aloft during the second half medley, or a placard saying "Choose me. I'm in the striped tie," essen-tial to stand a chance for the hub of the show - the sequence when a member of the audience joins Barry on stage for a duet of "Can't smile without you" and a cuddle. This heart stopping opportu-

nity went to Dawn of the Pru who proceeded to sing her hero off the stage. Barry was impressed "She gives good knee" he said, presenting her with an instant video of the encounter. It's the kind of remark which helps to explain Barry Manilow's extraordinary appeal to respectable women. He is the nice, rather quaint looking little boy who sometimes goes delightfully too far. "He's so natural" said my Manappears on stage, all pink and powdered, he looks just like a Tussauds waxwork of Pinno chio after he'd told a few lies. But the rapture loosens him up and although he seems incapable of spontaneous speech he is totally floored by some of the more outrageous offers from the audience - his programmed patter is disarmning.

After he has called himself

ker" the critic just has to

crumple up his notes.

Concorde hooter" and a "plon-

He is presenting a lavish spectacle, first produced on Broadway, which for the first half follows young Barry from rough part of Brooklyn to that momentous moment in 1974 when he tore off his tie, reached for his blow drier, and proved that the lowest form of show biz life - an audition piano accompanist - could become a star. Helped by members of one of his bands (he has two on stage - just in case) and some girl singers Barry acts out the years of struggle,

and quite amusingly, too. price the world has paid for his success - a flow of glutinous love songs and those Manilow speciality numbers in which greeting card mottoes are strung together to produce a re-assuring glow. "Its a long way up when you're coming from nowhere," he sings. "I'm gonna fill the air with music. Make the world a better place." And he does for his fans,

whose loyalty is legendary. Barry Manilow is no great singer; he does not go in for piano virtuosity: his attempts at macho groin grinding seem to cause him genuine embar-rassment; his songs throw away some fine melodies under banal lyrics. Yet as you glance at the audience, staring with intense adoration at their fantasy, with smiles of pure happiness on their lips, you find you have a soppy smile on your face too. But unlike the lady from Manchester I will not be back for the re-tread tonight.

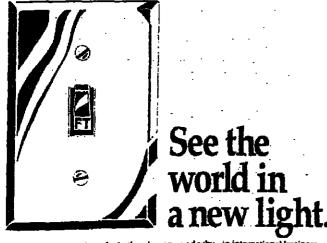
Antony Thorncroft

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ARTS GUIDE

THEATRE London

Anything Goes (Prince Edward). Cole Porter's silly ocean-going 1930s musical has four or five results insical has fold of the marvellons songs and Elaine Peige failing to emulate Ethel Merman. (734 895), cc 836 2428). Jeffrey Bernard is Unwell (Apollo), Brilliant performance by Peter O'Toole as an alcoholic journalist who embodies a Faltraffan newseupon life force. staffian, nay-saying life force while committing public suicide by vodka. Keith Waterhouse has stitched a fine play from Ber-nard's own writing, Ned Sherrin

(437 2983).

A Little Night Music (Piccadilly).

Fine revival by Ian Judge imported from Chichester, of Sondheim's 1973 schlagobers version of a Bergman film. A beautiful score, composed mostly in waitz time, is touchingly performed by Lila Kedrova, Dorothy Tutin (her best work in years), Peter McEnery and Susan Hampshire (867 1118). Another Time (Wyndham's).

New Ronald Harwood play, directed by Elijah Moshinsky, about a white South African famacous a wante south Arrican ramily in Cape Town and Maida Vale. Albert Finney plays father and concert planist son across 35 years, suggesting that talent is a means of escape and a reason for not going back. Janet Suzman and Sara Kestelman are electrifying in support are electrifying in support

(867 1116). M. Butterfly (Shaftesbury). Peter Egan has taken over from Anthony Hopkins as the tortured diplomatic hero in a Peter Shaf-fer-style "spectacle of ideas" drassed up in John Dexter's superb production as a metaphor of homosexual life. The play is not very good but still worth seeing (379 5339).

Aspects of Love (Prince of Wales). Andrew Lloyd Webber's latest is an intimate chamber operetta derived from David Carpett's 1955 novells. Musically ett's 1955 povella. Mu

not funny or significant enough to justify itself, while Iverson's experiment with two simultaneous conversations irritatingly masks an

nett's 1800 novella. Musically interesting and well directed by Trevor Nunn, a cast of unknowns project the right sense of sybaritic insouciance. (839 5972).

New York

Heldi Chronicles (Plymouth). Wendy Wasserstein's award-win-ning drama covering 20 years in the life of a successful Ameri-can baby boomer, accompanied by the musical and emotional flavour of the period (239 6200). Gypsy (St James). This 30th anni-

versary production does more than revive a rich, vivid musical; it also introduces a new helter in the Merman tradition, Tyne Daly, as the bossy, tireless and tuneful Rose, who shamelessly leads her daughter into bur-lesque while rejecting a personal life for herself (246 0102). Grand Hotel (Martin Beck). Tommy Tune, Broadway's pres ent musical doctor, directs this remake of the Garbo film to at least shake the bones of this inert depiction of lives crisscross ing in an elegant, but somewhat random setting (246 0102).

Sweeney Todd (Circle in the Square). An intimate production of the Sondheim-Wheeler musical in contrast with the elaborate

riginal a decade ago emphasises

the descent into madness of Bob

Gunton as the demon barber

Lend Me a Tenor (Royale). A

of Fleet Street (239 8200).

sprucing up in the set of a decaying town's big time opera ambitions makes a transatiantic hit of this farce, first produced in London, but now with a local cast led by Philip Bosco and Victor Garber (239 6200), Jerome Robbins' Broadway (Imperial). Anyone attracted by the notion of three hours of film trailer previews will adore this compendium of Robbins' directed and choreographed plays of the

and choreographed plays of the past 40 years, including On the Town, West Side Story and Gypsy, However, the lustre of the credits is dimmed by the brevity of each piece. Rumours (Barrymore Theatre). Neil Simon's latest comedy is a self-conscious farce, with numerous slamming doors and

lots of mugging but hollow humour that misses as often as it hits (239 5200). Cats (Winter Garden). Still a sell-out, Trevor Nunn's produc-tion of T.S. Eliot's children's poetry set to music is visually startling and choreographically feline (239 6262). A Chorus Line (Shubert). The

longest-running musical in the US has played at Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years. (239 5200). Les Misérables (Broadway). The magnificent spectacle of Victor Hugo's majestic sweep of history and pathos brings to Broadway lessons in pageantry and drama

(239 5200). M. Butterfly (Eugene O'Neill). The surprise Tony winner for 1988 is a somewhat pretentious and obvious meditation on the true story of the French diplomat whose long-time mistress was a male Chinese spy (246 0220). Phantom of the Opera (Majestic). Stuffed with Maria Biornson's

gilded sets, Phantom rocks with Andrew Lloyd Webber's haunt-ing melodies in this mega-trans-fer from London (239 6200).

February 9-15

Steel Magnollas (Royal George). Ann Francis and Marcia Rodd play the leads in this view of southern life from under the dry ers in a busy hairdressing estab-lishment (988 9000). Winter's Tale (Goodman). Frank Galati directs a production that spans the ages, interpreting Shakespeare as running from

Ovid and television. Ends Feb 17 (443 3800) I'm Not Rappeport (Briar St). Shelley Berman, one-time stan. dup comic, now plays Nat. Herb Gardner's memorable Central Park character who gags his way through the 1986 Tony Award winner (348 4000). The Good Times are Killing Me (Body Politic). This City Lit production of Lynda Barry's first

play captures an American child-hood with poignant zaniness

(871 3000).

Kabuki, Kabuki-za, Performances at 11am and 4.30pm. Of the three pieces in the matinee, the most famous is Funa Benkei (Benkei in the Boat), which is set on a kabuki version of a noh stage. The evening programme features two short dance pieces and a full-length drama. (541 3131). Bunraku. National Theatre. Performances at 11.30am, 3pm, 6pm (365 7411). Each of the three programmes features a well-known love suicide drama from the 18th century. Earphone guide in English.

RSC to close down its

Company is to close down its London theatres, the Barbican and the Pit, for four months from November 5th, and to cancel its 1990 regional tour. The decisions should save it £1.3m. and enable the RSC to break even in 1990-91.

London theatres

At the same time Mr Terry Hands, the artistic director, is to ask the Government for an extra f2m (on top of its 1990-91 Arts Council grant of just over £6m) to bring the funding of the RSC up to the level recommended by the Government inspired Priestley Report of

Only three weeks ago Terry

Hands was announcing a full 1990-91 season for Stratford and London. Since then the Board has looked again at the books and realised that the financial situation of the RSC is deteriorating rapidly. The Company is entering the new financial year in April with an accumulated deficit of almost 23m. Without the closures it would have a debt of £4.6m in a year's time, a shortfall which could threaten its verv existence.

Its Barbican staff of around 70 will go on board wages, half their normal earnings, during the closure, which also means that the planned Christmas musical Children of Eden will

The Royal Shakespeare be switched to Stratford in early 1991. But all the new productions planned from June onwards are now back in the melting pot while the RSC grapples with its crisis.

The decision comes at an

odd time. Next week the RSC will announce the name of Terry Hands successor, obviously someone with a taste for a poisoned chalice. He, or she, will have a year in which to rethink the entire rationale of the RSC, a company which combines great critical acclaim, and an average box office of 75 per cent (well above West End standards - although lower than although lower than traditional RSC figures), yet suffers constant economic traumas.

In essence the RSC is hoping to force the Government's hand. The Arts Council will not cut back its grant even though the RSC is reducing its output, and its main commercial sponsor, Royal Insurance, should also stay loval. But. if the Government is not convinced by its pleas, the closure next winter could mark the start of a large scale retrenchment by the RSC. which could mean that the company quits London

altogether. **Antony Thorncroft**

A less cheery view of debt

THE PUBLICLY-owned quoted corporation may be an impervehicle for the conduct of industrial activity. But in the light of the troubles that now beset recent leveraged buy-outs (LBOs) and junk bond financings, can anyone seriously argue that forms of ownership in which debt plays the domi nant part offer a worthwhile

alternative? The short answer is that many will. Those like Michael Jensen of the Harvard Business School who have made extravagant claims for LBOs have anyway covered their tracks. If LBOs run into trouble more frequently than quoted companies, argues Jensen, so much the better. A faulty corporate strategy is exposed more quickly at little cost to the underlying busi-

The wider case advanced by Jensen is that taking compa-nies private on borrowed money provides the best way of eliminating the conflict between owners and managers. which is at the root of management's frequent failure to maximise returns to shareholders. He sees a dwindling role for the public corporation in a whole range of industries including steel, chemicals. aerospace, automobiles, paper and banking, as well as those like brewing and tobacco that have featured prominently in the buy-out boom.

Junk bonds

The strength of the argument lies in the target. Institutionalised equity ownership has conspicuously failed to cope with poor managerial performance in mature or declin-ing industries and with the wasteful diversion of cash flow into unrelated businesses. The merit of junk bonds is that they can sometimes facilitate healthy restructuring, whereby sound businesses are released from a needlessly restrictive

conglomerate environment. But the case for such restructuring has been over-sold; and not just by academics like Jensen who claims to believe that LBOs will transform US economic performance relative to the Japanese. The recent provisions and writeoffs at First Boston suggest that some Wall Street investment bankers were quicker to holders.

grasp the fee potential of lever-age than the risk to their own and their clients' balance

For all the propaganda, debt is considerably less flexible than equity. High leverage is unlikely to be uniformly appro-priate in cyclical businesses such as steel, cars or paper. And as another US academic, Alfred Rappaport, argues in a riposte to Jensen in the cur-rent Harvard Business Review companies are more than a collection of assets to be traded or taken private for one-time gain. They are dynamic institutions whose competitive edge is unlikely to survive frequent restructuring or bankruptcy.

Second thoughts

Substituting creditors for institutional shareholders may simply result in a different conflict of interest, in which investment bankers and managers are ranged in one camp against commercial bankers and bond holders in the other. And the creditors may not perceive an interest in continuing investment in research and development or plant.

As yet the evidence on this

score is inconclusive. But recent findings by Warwick Business School in the UK to the effect that initial efficiency gains tend to be followed by below-average returns sound all too plausible. Meantime the creditors themselves appear to be having second thoughts, judging by the malaise in the junk market where the rating agency Moody's has downgraded the junk paper of RJR Nabisco, the biggest of all the buy-outs, which has just

reported a fourth quarter loss. Forecasts of the eclipse of the quoted corporation are thus almost certainly prema ture. The real question is what else can be done to address the problem where companies generate more cash internally than they can redeploy profit-ably in their core business. Part of the answer, according to Rappaport, lies in greater share incentives for manage ment and compensation linked to the creation of shareholder value. And there is also room for more effective institutional gingering, along with tax systems that make it easier to return surplus cash to share

Modernising the Swedish model

THE SWEDISH Government's decision to impose price, wage not be interpreted as a sign that the economic remedies of the 1970s will come back into fashion in the 1990s. These drastic measures are a response to a specific problem: the breakdown of collective bargaining in an overheating economy. They are not regarded in Stockholm as an alternative to Sweden's medium-term programme of deregulation and liberalisation, which will continue. Mr Ingvar Carlsson, the Prime Minister, and other policy-makers accept that Sweden must adapt if it is to prosper in an increasingly competitive world economy. The emergency controls underline the erosion of support for consensual wage bargaining in the past decade. Before yesterday's announce-

ment, Sweden was facing 8 to 9 per cent inflation, a big current account deficit and sluggish economic growth. In the past, unions and employers would have responded responsibly in this unfavourable macroeconomic environment and agreed sensible pay increases.

Today, no such accord seems possible. The employers have rejected the very concept of centralised bargaining, arguing that pay ought to be determined closer to the level of the individual enterprise. The unions remain keen on central-isation but are in no mood for was seeking 14.5 per cent and threatening to paralyse much of the economy with selective strikes.

Emergency package

The Government had threatened sanctions if the social partners failed to agree a new wage norm. But the emergency package is tougher than expec-ted. It is also alarmingly authoritarian. Mr Carlsson intends to bolster the wage and price freeze by imposing hefty fines on individual workers who dare to strike. Those who regard the right to strike as a fundamental freedom will be disturbed by fiscal penalties of this kind. Indeed, it is doubtful whether the Government, which lacks an overall majority, will gain Parliamentary approval for this and other controversial parts of the emergency package. Legal chal-lenges also seem likely. Right-of-centre critics argue that the wage freeze will be unworkable and accuse the Social Democrats of tackling the symptoms rather than causes of economic malaise. The root cause of the problems, they say, is excessively high taxation and a bloated public sector. British experience in the 1970s suggests the criticism has some force: incomes policies were initially successful but they led eventually to the "winter of discontent," the fall of the Labour Government and the rise of Thatcherism. It is possible that an economic package which went with, rather than against, the grain of market forces might have a better chance of success.

Employment pledge

Sweden may have been attempting the impossible in artempting the impossible in recent years. It has sought to liberalise the economy and contain inflationary pressures while maintaining a cast-iron commitment to full – if not overfull – employment. The lightness in the labour market tightness in the labour market has put intense upward pres-sure on wages and fed industrial unrest. Other European economies, such as France, have accepted a big rise in unemployment as a quid pro quo for other perceived bene-fits, such as more stable prices and higher productivity. The irony is that the level of unemployment needed to stabilise the Swedish economy would probably be regarded as perfectly acceptable in many other

countries.
Mr Carlsson's measures are Mr Carlsson's measures are unlikely to solve Sweden's economic problems. But they may serve a political purpose by providing a pause during which politicians can seek agreement on a better way of running the economy. They may also bring home the scale of the economic tasks ahead. Yet there is still much to admire in the Swedish model: admire in the Swedish model: the quality of social services, although perceived to be falling, is probably higher than in many other apparently more dynamic economies. The challenge is to sharpen personal incentives while retaining a commitment to social justice. The model needs modernising.

not dismantling.

Alice Rawsthorn reports on the ambitions of Japan's advertising agencies

he streets of Tokyo are steeped in advertising. There are billboards on street cor-ners and neon signs on build-ings. Crowds of commuters congregate in the city's squares to stare at the commercials on vast video

screens.

The billboards, neon signs and video screens are all the legacy of the extraordinary buoyancy of Japanese advertising in recent years. Japan is the world's second largest advertising market and, since the mid-1980s, it has grown at breakneck speed. New advertising agencies have opened across the country.

So far these newcomers have had little success in challenging the power of the established agencies — Deutsu. the world's biggest single agency, and Hakuhodo – which have dominated lapanese advertising for decades. Conversely the large Japanese agen-cies have made little progress in mov-

ing into other countries.

All that is changing. The international advertising industry is becoming increasingly competitive and complex. The Japanese agencies are much more ambitious about their own over-seas expansion. The Western agencies are redoubling their efforts to move into Asia. Japan now faces the chal-lenge of establishing itself as a force

in international advertising.

The boom in Japanese advertising began in the mid-1980s, when the rising yen and the political pressure to reduce the swelling trade surplus encouraged Japanese corporations to redirect their energy away from exports towards the domestic market. The government programme of deregulation - in sectors such as financial services - also created a new source of business for the Tokyo and Osaka agencies.

At the same time the flow of imports has risen rapidly fuelled by the strength of the yen and the apparently insatiable Japanese appetite for luxury Western goods. The streets of Tokyo are full of women in Chanel scarves and carrying Louis Vuitton luggage. The Western luxury goods groups have invested heavily in advertising to attract the new genera-

tion of conspicuous consumers.

The Japanese media have flour-

TOP 10 JAPANESE AGENCIES By gross income in 1988 2. Hakuhodo 3. Dai-Ichi Kikaku 4. Daiko 5. Tokyo Agency 6 Asatsu 7, I&S Corporation ... 8. Yomiko 9. McCann-Erickson Japan .. 10. Asahi ... Source: Advertising Age.

ished. The streets and subway stations are plastered with advertising posters. The breaks between TV programmes are crammed with commercials. The news stands are stuffed with new titles: from the soft-porn "business" comics devoured by bluesuited salary men to the style magazines bought by Tokyo teenagers. Advertising has flourished too. It

accounted for 1.2 per cent of gross national product in 1988, compared with 1 per cent in the early 1980s. The overall level of marketing expenditure rose by 12 per cent to Y4,418bn (£19.5bn) in 1988 and showed similar growth last year. The number of Japa-nese ad agencies has risen from 3,500 to 4,000 according to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry. The growth of the advertising industry has spilled over into other

sectors - such as video production and graphic design - which provide services for the ad agencies. There is

In the land of the soft sell

even a coterie of Western models, photographers and stylists in Tokyo imported to lend a fashlonably West-

ern style to Japanese advertising.

Despite all this activity the balance of power in the industry has remained surprisingly stable. The new agencies have been unable to challenge the position of Dentsu, which still accounts for almost a quarter of all the money spent on advertising.

Dentsu is not an ordinary advertis-

ing agency. It is one of the most important influences on Japanese cul-ture. Karel Van Wolferen, the Dutch writer, described it as doing "more than any single corporation, any-where in the world, to mould popular

Dentsu's domestic billings of more than Y1,100bn are more than twice as high as those of Hakuhodo — its closest competitor with just over a tenth of the market — and almost as high as those of all the other top ten agencies combined. It has been able to protect its power base partly because

of its influence over the media.

Dentsu is the biggest single source of business for the Japanese media. It buys one in every five Japanese news-paper advertisements and one in every six advertisements in maga-zines. The sheer strength of its buying nower means that it almost always commands the best space in the press. Dentsu also - or so it is said - exercises influence over the editorial content of newspapers and magazines. It is said to be able to "persuade" publications to drop embarrassing articles about prominent clients or powerful political contacts.

Dentsu exercises even greater influence over television. It holds significant - albeit minority - investments in several television stations, programme production companies and even the main audience measurement body. It is also responsible for a third of the Y1,316bn spent on television advertising.
The Japanese television market is

divided equally between "spot commercials," which are placed in the conventional way between programmes, and "programme advertising" in which an agency organises sponsorship and helps produce the programme.

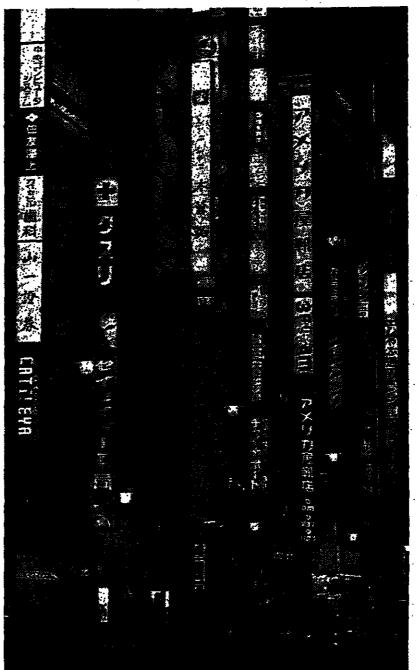
Dentsu is involved with half of all the prime time programming on the five national television channels. One of its programmes, Mitokoamon, an adventure series sponsored by National Panasonic, has been running in the same slot every Monday evening for years.

It controls half the national prime time programmes, and Hakuhodo is involved with another fifth. Any company keen to advertise on Japanese television has no real alternative to the two main a

In other countries, where the relationship between advertising and the media tends to be tightly regulated. Dentsu's power – and probably that of Hakuhodo – would almost certainly have been constrained by political intervention. But both agencies have close links with the Japanese Government. Dentsu, in particular, has an impressive array of jinmyoku, or political contacts. Over the years it has found sinecures in its offices for the offspring of politicians and indus-

Dentsu and Hakuhodo are also pro-

OBSERVER



tected by the fact that the Western concept of "client conflict" - which prevents agencies from working for more than one client in the same industry - does not apply in Japan. Hakuhodo works for all the main Jap anese car companies. This means in theory there is no limit to the growth of an individual agency, and in pracand Hakuhodo's power could ever be

If it has been difficult for the new Japanese agencies to gain ground, it has been doubly so for the US and European companies, which have also had to come to terms with the idiosyncrasies of Japanese advertising. The absence of client conflict is only one of the differences between Japan's advertising system and the US model used in the West. Western agencies tend to specialise in advertis-

ing. Their Japanese counterparts are involved in every area of marketing,

from sales promotion to public rela-The Japanese agencies also have

longer relationships with clients and employees. The Tokyo advertising industry is free from the account gains and losses, the hirings and fir-ings that characterise the industries in New York, London and Paris. advertising is different from that of the West. US agencies tend to specialise in "hard sell" and UK agencies in wit. The Japanese favour the subtle approach of "soft sell." Moreover they

delight in visual puns and riddles which are often inexplicable to the Western eye. Over the years a succession of

Western agencies has tried - and generally failed - to move into Japan Most have abandoned attempts to set up their own businesses in favour of joint ventures with estab-lished Japanese agencies.

McCann-Erickson and Lintas, the agencies owned by interpublic of the US, have joined forces with Hakuhodo. Denisu is involved with Young & Rubicam of the US and Eurocom of France. Asatsu has an agreement with BBDO, part of the US-owned Omnicom network. Dai-Ichi Kikaku is linked to DDR: Needham, another linked to DDB:Needham, another

Omnicom subsidiary.

The most successful liaison is that of Hakuhodo and McCann, which is the only overseas joint venture in the top ten Japanese agencies. And even

that company tends to concentrate on accounts for Western clients.

The only consolation for the West-ern agencies is that their Japanese rivals have been equally unsuccessful in their overseas ventures. Dentsu made its first attempt to move outside Japan in the 1950s when it followed Toyota into the US. The American venture was not a success and Dentsu beat a retreat from the US. Toyota stayed and appointed a local agency.
Dentsu, like the other Japanese agencies, has since concentrated on consolidating its position in the domestic sphere. One by one its clients have moved into the West and

have appointed local agencies to handle their advertising. Dentsu is involved in a successful joint venture—HDM, the international network it owns with Y & R and Eurocom—but its own oversess interests are tiny.
Year after year Dentsu tops the
league table compiled by Advertising Age, the US magazine, as the world's largest advertising agency. Yet last year less than a tenth of its billings came from outside Japan. The other agencies are in a similar position. Almost all the major Japanese agen-cies work with Western partners on

Japanese joint ventures, yet they have been slow to exploit those links

in other countries. In many ways it is easy to understand why the Japanese have been so reticent on the international front. First, there is the problem of adapting to a different advertising system. Sec-ond, their own market has been so buoyant that there has been little

pressure on them to move abroad.

There is no sign of a slowdown in the Japanese market for the foreseeable future. But the large agencies are aware that there must come a time when it loses momentum.

Moreover the Western agencies are becoming increasingly active in Japan FCB:Publicis, the partnership between Foote Cone & Belding of the US and Publicis of France, is negotiating with potential partners. Ogilvy & Mather, part of the WPP Group of the UK, also plans to return to the Japa-

Dentsu is aware that time is run-ning out if it is to establish itself as an international presence. Two years ago Mr Gohei Kogure, its new president, created a senior management team to co-ordinate its overseas expansion. Dentsu has decided that the traditional approach of starting up new agencies is too slow. Instead it intends to join forces with an established western network, either by buying a minority stake or by outright acquisition.

If Dentsu becomes more active overseas its competitors will almost certainly follow suit. Hakuhodo has aiready amnounced plans to establis an international network. It might do so by developing its links with Interpublic. Asatsu could follow suit by extending its links with Omnicom.

But it remains to be seen whether Dentsu, and the other Japanese agencies, will succeed in their international ventures. After all, they may be no more successful at addressing the very different disciplines of Western advertising than their international competitors have been in adapting to the rituals of advertising in Japan. *Karel Van Wolferen, The Enigma of Japanese Power, Macmillan.

Paris after Nureyev

■ Patrick Dupond has always been the darling of Paris ballet lovers: young, gifted and French, he had everything to win their hearts.

His stardom was assured when he won the prestigious Varna gold medal in 1976, at the age of 17; recently he has been artistic director of the Nancy Ballet.

Thus his appointment as dance director of the Paris Opera, replacing Rudolf Nureyev, is likely to delight the French public. He may find it harder to convince the inter-national ballet world.

Dupond will step into a political maelstrom of the sort that has been a permanent feature of the Paris Opéra for over two years — ever since the appointment of Pierre Berge, chairman of the Yves Saint Laurent fashion company, to head both the brand new Bastille Opéra and the old Opéra in the Palais Garnier, henceforth to be devoted to dance.

First Daniel Barenhoim resigned in a huff as musical director of the Bastille Opéra. The appointment of Myung Whun Chung, a 36-year-old Korean conductor, has failed to satisfy the sceptics, and many doubt that the Bastille will be ready to open as planned on March 17, with Berlioz's Trojans. Then Nureyev fell out with Bergé over the management of the Opéra's ballet side.

Dupond, who is 30, yesterday dismissed criticism of his appointment on the grounds that he is too young. But his contract obliges him to dance at least 20 times a year with the Paris Opera ballet, and most of the criticism is likely to centre on his combining of dancing and directing.
The precedents of Mikhail Baryshnikov at the American Ballet Theatre, not to mention Nureyev himself in Paris, are not encouraging.

Bergé, meanwhile, is taking a tough line in negotiations

with Nureyev on keeping his productions in the Paris reper-toire; in particular, he refuses to allow Nureyev control over the casting of his ballets.

"It is not conceivable that comeone who is not here in Paris, who does not know the dancers, should choose the casting in between two aeroplanes," Bergé said, adding that many of Nureyev's chore-ographies were just reworkings of Petipa.

Top burgers

■ Internal rivalry is continuing in the hamburger market. Until the opening of McDon-ald's in Moscow's Pushkin Square at the beginning of this month, the busiest of the 11,000 McDonald's in the world was Tsuen Wan in the Kowloon area of Hong Kong, Transac-tions run at around 14,000 a day. Pushkin Square went straight to 16,000.

Daniel Ng, a venture capital-ist who is managing director of McDonald's in Hong Kong, was in Moscow for the jamboree launch. He says he had to queue over an hour for his burger. Thus he predicts that Moscow's lead will not conof the world's nine busiest

McDonald's last year, each with over 2m transactions, five were in Hong Kong. The others were in Budapest, Munich, London's Strand, and Belgrade

Giordano's rule

Richard Glordano has no leaders in Britain who com-plain and whinge about shorttermism. Yet he shares their view that a short-term bias has crept into every nook and cranny of our industrial and commercial life", as he put it last night in a lecture at the London Business School. The American-born chair-



"Do they know about this north of Watford?"

man of BOC, who is more widely known for his once fabulous salary and his honorary knighthood than for his record at the head of the multinational gases group, took a wry view of the short-termism phe-

It had, he said, inspired "a great deal of finger-pointing." Industrialists blamed bankers, bankers blamed the stock market the stock market blamed pension fund managers, and everyone blamed the govern-

In reality, he argued, there were no single villains in the piece. Short-termism was a product of many factors, of which high interest rates and perceptions of risk were only two. Given the congruence of factors, it was here to stay. Giordano's lecture or "strat-egy as revitalisation" detailed the way BOC had recovered from its problems in the early 1990s, before going on to mount a successful campaign of global expansion. He demonstrated

how companies can live with

short-termism, and thrive: it

is by no means impossible to perform the balancing act of thinking and acting long, while

still producing results in the short-term.

Foggitt's cat

■ Blackie, the cat that belongs to Bill Foggitt's neighbour in Thirsk, is in a state of near exhaustion due to the violent gales that have been sweeping

across the country. "Every time a gale is on the way Blackie dashes around the garden like something pos-

sessed," said Foggitt. The most memorable occasion was before the hurricane of 1987, which Foggitt forecast by checking the plummetting barometer against the demented antics of the black

Foggitt blames the gales on the mild weather. "Warm air rises, so cold air from the west is coming in to fill the vacuum That's my theory at any rate," he said.

He counted five nights and three days of gales in January with three nights and two days of high winds already this month. He recalls the same happened in 1968 when one gale gusted to 134 mph in West-moreland.

A poor summer followed and whirlwind hit Thirsk on July 2 that year. "It lasted about three minutes and left reddish coloured sand which was sup-posed to be from the Sahara on all the cars."

Foggitt was intrigued to hear from Observer that Punkxsu-tawney people in the US watch out for groundhogs on Candle-mas Day (February 2) to see whether they cast a shadow, predicting more cold weather. In Thirsk we watch for hedgehogs in the same way," said Poggitt. The last shadow was in 1967.

Cover note

🛮 From a Baywards Heath, West Sussex, car rental com-pany's brochure: "Our service includes fully comprehensible insurance." Now that's a com-

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Contact: Jack Miller at the Department of Planning and Development on 051-443 2251 Knowsley Borough Council, Municipal Buildings, Archway Road, Huyton, Merseyside L36 9UX

he tidal wave that is breaking in eastern Europe and the Soviet Union has already begun to affect some of the outlying rock pools, of which Britain is one. I cannot tell precisely how, for the wave is so new that its turbulence is still muddying the waters. But Europe is being overturned as the century

draws to a close. This perception underlies political conversations everywhere. You can hardly have a discussion with a mem-ber of the British Government, or indeed the Opposition, without use of the name Gorbachev in the first minute or so. The concept of a unified Germany follows very shortly afterwards. This is not surprising, since there is no Westerner possessed of even the slightest degree of political consciousness whose thinking has not been moulded to some degree by the geopolitical patterns set by the 1917 Bolshevik revolution and the Second World War.

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momentum

All that we have been taught, or taught ourselves, is now under chal-lenge by a continuous barrage of news about developments that were previously considered impossible. The gathering speed of this barrage is as dizzying as its natural force. Six weeks ago the British Government's view of what to do and say about. Poland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia and even East Germany was predicated on the belief that the predominance of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union would persist for some years to come. That premise was swept away on Wednesday. The consensus on the likely timing of the unification of Germany, or the form it might take, changes every hour. Mr Gorbachev,

the man on the flying trapeze, performs ever more daring somersaults and always lands safely – so far. It is hardly any wonder that one has a sense of a British Cabinet whose collective mind is forever contemplating the possibility of a forced change of stance, and as often withdrawing into the comfort of words about caution, great international gatherings, step-by-step approaches, and the like. The Foreign Secretary, Mr Douglas Hurd, has been doing much of the talking, both to his ministerial colleagues and in public speeches. He has managed, with his customary skill, to give a semblance of coherence to propositions that must of necessity be hastily conceived, fragmentary, and subject to constant revision. The Prime Minister, whose concern about a united Germany has not been diminished by the prospect of it hap-pening sooner rather than later, gives the impression of ever more frequent searching in her handbag for reliable first principles upon which to base unshakeable convictions. She is good at that; the difficulty at present is that the facts keep changing more often than she can bring out the first

principles which best fit them.

Thus she was obliged to admit in the House of Commons on Tuesday that the maintenance of a particular stable of short-range nuclear weap-ons, which was such an unshakeable principle a few months ago, might now have to be thought through

POLITICS TODAY

Change riding on the crest of a wave

By Joe Rogaly



again, presumably on the ground that their previous targets - East Germany, Poland, etc - are no longer likely targets. "The changes and nego-tiations that are taking place will require some differences in the weap-ons that we need," she said, "but those can be brought about only by agreement with our Nato partners." To which a fair supplementary ques-To which a fair supplementary ques-tion, asked fortnightly or so for the rest of 1990, might be - yes, but what is the likely future shape of Nato? Again, just a few weeks ago Mrs Thatcher's principal stated reason for a cautious approach to German unif-cation was that she had no desire to secondize the position of Mr. Garbe. jeopardise the position of Mr Gorba-chev. No sooner were the words out of her mouth than Mr Gorbachev indicated that he accepted the idea of a united Germany. After she met Presi-dent Mitterrand in Paris last month the talk was of a transition period of several years for East Germany to join the Federal Republic. That sounds hardly credible today. The American view, as of yesterday, was thought to be that unification would take place within a year. What odds would you give against unity by Christmas?

The same onrush of history has begun to threaten her principles on defence expenditure - the very first of which is, stick to existing dispositions for as long as possible. Mrs Thatcher's natural concern is that public opinion will become swept along by talk of a "peace dividend", thus adding to the clamour for disarmament at an imprudent pace. You could say that this is already beginning to happen in the United States. President Bush's recent proposals for further troop reductions in Europe were not initially welcomed by the Prime Minister, although in public she has rallied to the flag of transatlantic solidarity. None of this means that Mrs

Thatcher's domestic political position will be worsened by the historic news from the East. It could be improved. She is milking to the last drop her early "discovery" of Mr Gorbachev before he took charge in the Soviet Union. She will visit the Soviet Union again possibly more than once, before she next faces the British electorate. Her status within eastern Europe as a symbol of dogged determination to defend pluralist democracy - is an asset she can reasonably exploit at home. As to the "peace dividend," the Conservatives could do very nicely out of a transfer of a billion or three from defence to education, health and public transport next year. They would not be accused of doing so lightly. Their credentials on this issue are too solid for that. The Labour Party is less well-placed. It can call for defence cuts, but only at the cost of arousing inherent suspicions of its

The chairman of the Conservative party, Mr Kenneth Baker, will be well aware of all this, although he never says anything that contradicts the party line of the moment. He does know, however, that the background against which the next British general election will take place is con-stantly changing. The French Revolu-tion was his special subject at Oxford. He has been musing over the fact that what was then spread over periods of years now seems to take place in a matter of weeks, as Communist par ties everywhere seem to give up the ghost. He will soon set off on a tour of East European capitals, in answer to requests to Conservative Central Office for advice on forming political parties (presumably conservative). The common question is what are the precise mechanics of a free election? Mr Baker could answer that with out any difficulty. A more profound question, applicable in his own country, might be, what will be the ideological background against which the next general election is fought? The events in the east have struck down communism, or serious socialism, as runners in a free contest. The choice is now between capitalism with a

minimalist approach to state expendi-ture and capitalism-plus-social spending. The latter is called social democracy. The Labour Party is striving very hard - not, in Mr Baker's view, hard enough - to be a social demo-

cratic party. Mr Baker's electoral strategy is principally to keep his fin-gers crossed while the Chancellor, attempts to reduce inflation. Beyond that, Mr Baker will, first, attack Labour as imperfectly reformed and not credible as an economic manager,

and, second, proclaim the achieve-ments of the Thatcher years.

Labour's leader, Mr Neil Kinnock, has been at a gathering of European socialist parties in Berlin this week. He faces a little local difficulty when he gets home. For Mr Peter Mandel-son, the principal architect of Labour's still imperfect social demo-cratic image, is to step down. A new Director of Communications will be needed. In electoral terms Mr Mandel-son's job is as important to Labour as that of Mr Baker is to the Tories. The analogy in the US is the post held by Mr James Baker when he won the presidential election for Mr George Bush in 1988. Mr Mandelson will not leave until a successor can be found and settled in. That could take all the rest of 1990, but he is understandably feeling the pull of his new constituency of Hartlepool, where he was recently adopted as the the Labour candidate. He wants to get in there and start his personal campaign. Mr Kinnock is sure to wake up before the summer is out to the realisation that

summer is out to the reansation that he had better have a new strategist/publicist up and running well in advance of the next general election.

Whoever it is will find the Mandelson strategy waiting for him. This is to sharpen Labour's image as a party that is friendly to markets, while yet concerned about areas where public spending is thought necessary. Much spending is thought necessary. Much will depend upon the new Mandelson's ability to cure Labour speakers of the habit of trimming, by using phraseology that appeals to the party's atavistic self while proclaiming policies that really are non-socialist. Labour's campaign themes will be technology and training, Europe and the environment. The first is a promising line, although it will be less so if the Conservatives start to shift money from defence to schools, colleges and research institutes. The third will depend on what Mr Christopher Pat-ten can persuade the Prime Minister to let him put in his midsumme strategy paper on the environment. It is Europe that may need constant revision as the breakdown of the pre-1989 order on the continent proceeds.

When the time comes, late next year or early in 1992, it will be a two-party race, with, fate willing, Mr Kinnock and Mrs Thatcher head to head. The Labour leader's very lightness may enable him to be more flexible as things change; the Prime Minister's image as a more serious person than her opponent may shift opinion the other way. It may be, however, that events well beyond the control of either of them will carry the greatest weight. For example, ask yourself how well social democracy, wholly free of Labour party fudge, might sell in Britain if sister parties turn out to be in charge in a united Germany and a number of formerly Communist states in eastern Europe. Seal the answer, hide it, and look it up in 1992.

LOMBARD

Pay, perks and politics

By Philip Coggan

themselves a job, their benefits will be scaled down as their income rises. One effect of this

- the poverty trap - has been
much criticised but the general principle that state support should fall as earnings rise is almost universally accepted.

So why, when MPs accept lucrative jobs outside Parliament, do they continue to receive a full salary? The state, as the Government has repeatedly told us, has many claims on its purse. There are insuffi-cient funds to pay ambulance workers the increase they demand or to upgrade our education or transport systems. In the 19th century members

were not paid at all. But the arrival of the Labour Party meant that there had to be compensation for MPs without independent wealth. Gentlemen were gradually replaced

Since then there have been few votes on increasing MPs pay. But it has been hard to have a sensible debate about what politicians are paid for. Members' salaries would seem to have one of two purposes. The first is reward in terms of work done. While such value might be provided in full by many members, the register of outside interests suggests that the majority do not regard it as

a full-time job. MPs can hardly argue that they are short of tasks to perform. There are debates to attend, speeches and votes to be made, written questions to ask, letters to answer, constituents to visit and lobbyists to be appeased. All that ought to

require five days a week.
So any outside interests
must be detracting from the MPs' regular work. Would a civil servant be allowed to spend two days a week as a car salesman and still expect to be paid in full? The answer would be no. The taxpayer's interests

Now we can all wish Nigel Lawson good luck in his jobs at Barclays and GPA. He is a clever man and he wants to provide for his wife and family. But the voters of his constituency, Blaby, might not feel they are getting value for their

THOSE UK citizens who receive social security benefits know full well that if they find the probably had little time to help with cracked pavements on Blaby High Street. But at least the nation was given the bene-fit of his wisdom at the Treasury in return for a Cabinet

The second function of MPs' salaries must be compensation for giving up potentially more fessions. This is an argument extended to few other profes-sions - could, one wonders wistfully, financial journalists claim compensation for not working at merchant banks? Most people live and die by the free market when it comes to wage setting and it seems, judging by the number of can-didates for each constituency, that MPs' remuneration is not considered to be inadequate.

Even if one grants MPs the need for compensation, that argument can hardly apply to to pursue outside careers. And there are a large number of MPs who secure outside jobs because of their Parliamentary connections. Surely taxpayers ought to see some benefit from this valuable offshoot of a Parliamentary career.

The principle that ministers should limit their demands on the public purse is already accepted by Mrs Thatcher. Having married a wealthy man, she receives far less than her Prime Ministerial entitle-

So why not a clawback scheme for other members? To avoid creating a Parliamentary version of the poverty trap one could deduct, say, only 50p for every £1 in extra-curricular earnings. The taxman would take account of the net position. So their outside income could rise to £53,400, a decent enough salary by any stan-dards, before they lost all payment from the state.

The public purse would benefit. A few MPs might devote more of their time to their duties. And if a few barristers or bankers were persuaded to stay in their professions rather than run for office, Parliament would hardly be the loser. Indeed, its social profile might start vaguely to resemble that of the people it represents.

LETTERS

Inflation and Japan's consensus of expectations

From Mr Ronald Dore. Sir, Mr Crump and Mr Woronoff (Letters, January 26 and February 5) seem to feel that because there are some nasty things in the Japanese woodshed we should never applaud when they do some

things sensibly. The point I wanted to stress (Letters, January 22) was that the process of debate in which the employers' organisation, Nikkeiren – yes, the hawkish Nikkeiren, – takes part, is a debate in advance of the annual negotiating season which focuses on "what the

>No US lead

From Ms Allegra Johnson, Sir, William Dullforce ("US-and Japan submit plans to free textile trade," February 6) failed to analyse the US proposals in sufficient detail.
Whilst "globalisation" may appear to denote a liberal and egalitarian approach, it is acknowledged by the European Commission that the plan as tabled would be a protectionist device. It would apply global quotas at US shores, thus replacing Multi-Fibre Arrangement IV by an even less free market system.
As for "tariffication," it is so

clearly unacceptable to the less developed countries that it does not stand much chance of getting off the ground. Thus the US is not somehow "taking the lead in textiles and clothing in the Uruguay Round." It is still pandering to its overprotected textile industry. Allegra Johnson,

19A Avenue Marnix, Brussels

Clearing the air

From Mr Richard Branson. Sir, With regard to your item ("Air freshener," February 7) on Virgin's non-smoking flights , for the sake of clarity I would like to point out that we are not offering non-smoking flights only – but a choice.

The majority of our flights will be open to smokers, but we are introducing a third 747 to New York that will be a completely non-smoking plane. If this experiment works we will introduce more non-smoking jumbos on other routes. Richard Branson. Chairman,

Virgin Group. 120 Campden Hill Road, W8

economy can afford" and does serve to create a consensus of expectations. It helps to establish, before the bargaining starts, a prospective "going starts, a prospective "going rate" – the advantages of which for controlling inflation Richard Layard rightly stressed ("The fallacy about productivity and pay," Japaner 31)

anuary 31). Of course it does not create a moral consensus - an agree-ment between unions and employers about what the "going rate" ought to be - any more than it would in Britain if the TUC and CBI were to commit themselves to a similar kind of public debate. But it does narrow differences on the parameters that go into the ought" arguments too, and in any case it is the consensus of expectations that is important

for controlling inflation. Meanwhile, in the absence of any clear sense of a "going " our pay settlements leapfrog along, with every union bargainer trying to discount for the inflation which previous settlements seem to por-tend. The Director-General of the CBI, Mr Banham, may believe (Letters, February 5)

Export growth rate

24.7

23.6 22.6

23.6

17.9

0%

25.9

that he can cure by exhorta-tion the "lingering addiction" to an inflation-compensation starting point for wage demands. I doubt it.

The Japanese accept it as inevitable that grown-ups will insist on bargaining about real not nominal wages. And they seem to be doing rather well with what he scorns as "the corporate state mentality of

Ronald Dore, Japan-Europe Industry Research Centre, Imperial College, Exhibition Road, SW7

Magnitude of the task facing Mexico

From Mr Ian Shepherdson.
Sir, Stephen Fidler's latest analysis ("Mexico rebuffs criticism of controversial debt deal," February 1) of the Brady initiative as applied to Mexico alludes briefly to the need for that country to continue the reforms of its economy.

The magnitude of the task

The magnitude of the task facing Mexico is illustrated by the table which projects the country's post-Brady interest payments as a percentage of exports forward to 1993, under three different assumptions of compound export growth. As the table shows, Mexico's export performance over the

next few years is crucial. Mexico achieves the oft-vaunted 20 per cent figure only in the most favourable scenario of 10 per cent com-pound annual growth, and in the worst case the ratio actu-ally rises after the initial fall due to the deal (pre-Brady.

Fair likeness of the headhunter

From Ms Helena Watson. Sir, As the author of the Economist Publications report on Executive Search, I feel I should disentangle Mr Holber-ton from the headhunters' cordon which so exercised him ("Executive search - a self-defeating cordon," February 5). He states that the problem of cordoned-off "off limits" areas drives headhunters into "promiscuity" when in fact the report makes it clear that it pushes them in the opposite direction - towards deeper relationships with fewer cli-ents. They have no need of new clients; their craving is for

repeat business. Once this point is grasped, the response to our survey -which he describes as "generally low" - appears in a different light. Since it is possible (where effective deep relationships have been established) for a headhunter to undertake more than 20 assignments for one client over three years, the 19 clients of Egon Zehnder who responded could theoretically represent 80 per cent of the total 500 assignments it claims to have done in the UK

between 1986/87 and 1988/89. The survey response should also be viewed in the light of the secrecy/necessary discretion of the industry both on the part of search firms and their clients. Against this background, the ratings of search firms received from some 100 of the Times top 300 represent significant breakthrough. There was also unprece-

dented openness among the 167 European search firms questioned. The views of the search firms were profoundly researched precisely to avoid the kind of easy caricature suggested by the word "promiscuity" and to explain more sensitively the minefield of ethical dilemmas through which the headhunter has to

Helena Watson, The Economist Publications.

interest payments were roughly 29 per cent of exports). In 1988, the latest year for which international Monetary Fund figures are available, Mexico's exports (merchandise plus other goods, services, and income) grew by 6.5 per cent. As Mr Fidler points out, the oil price is moving in Mexico's

favour, but in order to reach a sustainable debt service posisustainable test savice por-tion Mexico will need a pro-longed period of substantial export growth. Ian C. Shepherdson, Loughborough University

Banking Centre,

London pride

From Lady Porter.
Sir, As a long-time advocate of directly elected executive mayors, I am pleased to wel-come you abourd the campaign ("A government for London, January 30). But it is mislead ing to suggest that the shabby state of many London streets is due to the lack of a strategic authority for the capital.

The main problem is that most Inner London boroughs lack any sense of civic pride, are indifferent to the core service that ought to be provided and still waste huge sums with little practical result.

We spend three times as much on litter collection as Camden yet our Community Charge will be much less. Rent arrears in Labour-controlled authorities are enormous; hostility is still the main preoccupation. London's problems are not constitutional but political. Lady Porter, Leader of the Council,

Westminster City Council, City Hall, Victoria Street, SW1



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FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday February 9 1990

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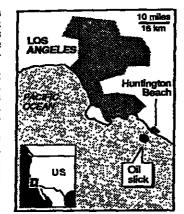
US oil spill sparks call for tough legislation

A 320,000-gallon oil slick was yesterday floating off Southern California, the latest of a series of spills in US waters that have prompted calls for tough legislation against oil companies. The one mile square oil slick threatened beaches and coastal wetlands near Huntington Beach in Southern California about 20 miles south of Los

Angeles. The American Trader, 82,000 deadweight tonnes, was on charter to British Petroleum America from the American Trading and Transport com-pany, a New York based ship-

ping company.
The tanker, carrying 23m gallons of Alaskan crude, shed the contents of one tank when manoeuvring to offload its cargo into offshore pipelines. US Coast Guard officials said the tanker's hull had apparently been punctured by its

There was confusion over who would accept responsibility for the spill. BP America's headquarters in Cleveland said American Trading and Transport had accepted responsibil-



ity, but the shipping company was not accepting calls to confirm this.

However, the US Coast Guard said it had been told by BP that it would pay for the clean-up without admitting

legal responsibility.

The coastguard estimated that about 7,600 barrels of oil escaped from the vessel com-pared with 250,000 barrels from the Exxon Valdez in Alaska

Efforts to prevent the slick reaching shore using containment booms began within hours of the accident. Booms were placed around the ship and cordoned off sensitive

The clean up operation was being supervised by the coast-guard. Four skimming vessels were at work and the Calif-ornia wildlife authorities were supervising a bird cleaning operation. The Coast Guard has sent its Pacific Strike Team from San Francisco. A private cleaning company and a federal government pollution response team were also sent

response team were also sent to the scene. State officials said the spill was the worst off the Calif-ornia coast since 1969. The Coast Guard said yesterday that the oil was being kept away from the shore by winds blowing in the opposite direction to those normal at this

time of year. "While we have a bad situation with the oil, the weather is co-operating," said Captain James Card, the Coast Guard's

But the threat to the coastline and to wildlife remains serious, environmentalists said. Oil-soaked birds have been picked up on the beaches and there is concern for the California grey whales which are currently migrating south along the coast. There are also fears that currents will drag the oil towards Sunset Beach, a

favourite resort area. Huntington Beach is known as the surfing capital of California. Yesterday, however, surfers were warned to avoid the area. Both Huntington declared states of emergency. The spill comes at a bad time

for the oil industry in North America, which is still trying to get over the damage to its image caused by the Exxon Valdez disaster in Alaska last

It coincides with more bad publicity for Exxon arising from a lawsuit filed by the City of New York this week, following a spill of 567,000 gallons of heating oil from an Exxon pipeline into New York harbour lest month

The New York authorities are accusing Exxon of having committed fraud since 1984 by submitting regular reports which indicated that its leakdetection system was working. Exxon has admitted, since the New York spill, that the system was faulty and that its operators routinely ignored ini-tial signals from the system.

Ms Shirley Taylor, who chairs the national committee on offshore oil development of the Sierra Club, a leading US environmental group, said yes-terday that environmentalists would use the Californian spill to press for a cutback in off-shore oil developments and for much tighter controls on oil

tankers. Congress is considering legislation which would sharply increase the liability on companies involved in oil spills, force oil-tanker owners to fit costly double hulls to their ships, and allow individual states to enact tougher oil-spill laws than those existing in federal legis-

Alaska waits for the ice to

THE LEX COLUMN The right numbers from Telecom

In a UK equity market steeling itself for nasty surprises as the company reporting season gets under way next week, there is something very reassuring about British Telecom's 15 per cent rise in third quarter earnings. It is easy to chisel away at the figures by netting out the £50m saving from the pen-sion holiday and adjusting for the one-off effects of recent price increases. Nevertheless, when Britain's biggest company can continue to increase the size of its system by 4.4 per

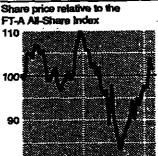
cent annually and maintain double digit call volume growth, the UK economy cannot be on its last legs. Nor is it fair to explain away BT's strong share price performance since the summer purely in terms of its attractive defensive qualities. There are signs that it is at last begin-ning to take its shareholders seriously. The decision to get rid of Mitel, the 1,400 fall in manpower in the latest quarter and a tight control on other costs all suggest that BT is finally doing some necessary

house-cleaning. It dare not upset its unions, but if it can continue to squeeze its work-force and maintain this sort of volume growth, it should be able to maintain above average earnings growth for the next year or two. If this is the case, then per-

haps BT should not continue to be rated at a discount to the market. However, worries about the forthcoming duopoly review, a Labour election vic-tory or even the sale of the Government's £8bn stake should prevent BT's shares running ahead too far. BT has yet to make a convincing case that it is a growth stock in

Currency union It is becoming uncomfortably clear that the issue of Gerand the lister of the coming large in UK domestic policy. In its latest Quarterly Bulletin, the Bank of England expresses general satisfaction with the downward trend in UK domestic demand; while the pressure must be kept on, there is no est rates. But in its own Del-phic way, the Bank also sug-gests that one consequence of German unification could be a high interest rate regime throughout Europe as a whole. The Bundesbank's predicament is not to be envied. There are clear inflationary risks to currency union, such as the release of excess East German liquidity and a likely surge in demand. But the alternative seems to be continued mass

British Telecom



migration from East to West and a rising West German bud-get deficit. On balance, the authorities would doubtless prefer to put off currency union as long as possible: but it looks rather as if the process is out of control.

1988

If all this results in higher West German rates, the response elsewhere in the EMS could be mixed. But if France, with 3 per cent inflation, finds itself already with three-month rates at 11 per cent it is not rates at 11 per cent, it is not obvious that a shakier economy like the UK can resist the trend. Japan would doubtless have to respond in defence of the yen, while the US would be up against recessionary risks of its own. It looks a classic case for international co-operation, if only to hold the D-Mark

in line while some hard deci-sions are made.

Norfolk Capital There is more than a hint of

arrogance in Queens Moat Houses' final offer for Norfolk Capital. The bid has not been raised, the offer period has been curtailed and there is no cash alternative. There is no doubting Queens Moat's impressive record, and its fans would be sorely disappointed if this year's performance fell much below the 25 per cent rise in 1989 earnings and dividend announced yesterday. Meanwhile, Norfolk Capital's look is dismal and even if it comes up with a fancy new net asset value, the exit multiple is over 30 times earnings.

It is not a particularly generous bid. But given the substantial increase in dividend income, many Norfolk shareholders will be tempted to swap their paper for that of Queens Most, especially since there is no sign of any rival bidders. However, Queens

Moat's case would have been

infinitely stronger if it had had the humility to offer a cash alternative. It is less than six months since its last rights issue and it is sitting on £100m

din buile

proval

of cash.
Over the last five years, its shares in issue have risen nearly fivefold and will increase by another 22 per cent increase by another 22 per cent if this deal goes through. Admittedly, there has been no obvious earnings dilution, but there are plenty of short-term punters in Norfolk Capital who will want to dump their paper. Add the strategic worry about Queens Most increasing its exposure to the top end of the UK hotel market when there are cheaper alternatives over-seas, and this might be a gam-hle Queens Moat's own share-holders could come to regret.

In its small way, LIT, like Mercantile House, B&C and TSB before it, is an object lesson on how hard it is to build a sustainable financial services conglomerate by ambitious acquisition. True, yesterday's news could have been worse. Net debt of £51m against share-holders' funds of £21m is fairly tricky, but Mr Castleman sounds reasonably confident that LIT can get borrowings down to £30m via more asset disposals. Though 1989 is a complete write-off in profit terms following October's £5m loss in LITAM, the US futures and options business, the stockbroker Astaire is the only subsidiary trading unprofitably so far this year.

LIT may need some more equity capital before too long though; so it will be a long time before the shares, down 9p yesterday at 25p, go anywhere positive. At bottom, LIT's original notion of a central holding company surrounded by niche financial businesses was never sensible. There was no logic in having Levitt, the life insurance broker, alongside Johnson Fry. the corporate finance house; and none of LIT's individual businesses had truly secure h flow. LITAM has a ver strong market position, but October's losses showed its vol-

The Park of

The odd thing is that people still go on assembling financial conglomerates. Take, on a vastly larger scale, Mr Sandy Weill's Primerica in the US, in commercial credit, consumer finance, insurance and securities. Personable fellow though Mr Weill is, one wonders how much logic his empire really

atility.

Brussels 'needs powers to impose environment laws' By Tim Dickson in Brussels

NEW POWERS are needed in mission's disposal, he said that Brussels to force member states to comply with the European Community's environ-ment legislation, Mr Carlo Ripa

di Meana said yesterday.
Launching a report designed
to highlight the failure of governments to implement longagreed EC standards for water, air pollution, waste and other sectors, the EC Commissioner singled out Belgium and his native Italy as the countries which most urgently needed to be brought into line.

In language which surprised even some of his closest advis-ers he described the way in which these two founding members of the Community frequently ignore European Court judgments as "intoler

He went on to suggest they should consider constitutional changes to improve the co-ordination between state adminis-trations and their regional authorities responsible for ties under Community law - a

environmental affairs.

one weapon was for Brussels to withhold environmental funds from countries which had not yet enacted Community legis-

Mr Ripa di Meana - who in a typically flamboyant gesture yesterday was sporting green-rimmed spectacles – has enjoyed a high profile in Brussels, due in part to his uncompromisingly tough stance in negotiations with the UK Government before the November water privatisation. It was significant yesterday, however, that both in his opening com-ments on the report and in answers to questions he refrained from criticising the

This was partly, officials say, because he feels Britain has been unfairly pilloried as the "dirty man" of Europe. He also believes that other

member states are at least as neglectful of their responsibiliconclusion supported by a list Commenting on powers of 362 EC legal actions against which could be put at the Commember states published yes-

It was also because he is anxious to "build bridges" with Mr Chris Patten, the UK's Environment Minister.

He sees Mr Patten as a man

both fundamentally "pro-Euro-pean" and anxious to give a higher political priority to "green" issues. Depicting his own efforts as a response to public opinion, Mr Ripa di Meana said that the number of environment-related

complaints received in Brussels had jumped from 11 per year in 1984 to 460 in 1989. He also suggested that EC environment ministers meet their counterparts from central and eastern Europe to discuss the ecological crisis there. "We're very much aware of the disastrous condition of the environment in central and eastern Europe and the Soviet

The EC has aleady marked Ecu40m (\$49m) of a Ecu300m economic aid package for Poland and Hungary this

Union," Mr Ripa di Meana

jects, but he called for wider

He said he would ask the Irish Government to convene an informal meeting of ministers before its stint as EC president ends in June, to discuss financial and technical help for its east bloc neighbours. EC nations were suffering

the effects of environmental degradation in east European countries and there was general concern about the condition and safety records of their nuclear power plants, Mr Ripa di Meana said.

• Brazilian President-elect

Fernando Collor de Mello said on Thursday that his Government would introduce environmental education in schools and create an environment secretariat, Reuter reports from Sao Paulo.

He said that "without any doubt" protection of the en vironment would be a priority his govern Mr Collor, who takes office

introduce the environment and environmental protection as a discipline in the curriculum of schools." He noted that Brazil would be host of a major United

ous position on the environ-ment. We will create an en

Nations environmental conference in 1992, a follow-up to the landmark Stockholm meeting He described the Amazon rainforest and the Taiga forest in the Soviet Union as the two

great filters soaking up carbon dioxide, which contributes to the greenhouse effect and may lead to climate changes. Mr Collor, currently on a

European tour, arrived in Britain on Wednesday. He was greeted by a storm of protest over the plight of Ama-zon rainforest Indians.

They are dying in their hundreds after the arrival of gold diggers in their lands.

He did not touch on the Indian question in the Inter-

New exodus

of refugees

Hong Kong

on way to

on March 15, told a Rio news-paper "Under my government, Brazil will have a very vigor Legal test for the shape of things to come

WHEN British shoppers think of lemon juice, they reach for a small, yellow, plastic look-alike lemon known by the name of

Jif has seen off a rival lemon after a three-year UK court battle, thanks in part to the British consumer's inclination to read "Jif" no matter what the label says.

Five Law Lords, sitting as Britain's most senior legal authority, ruled unanimously yesterday against a US com-pany which had hoped to sell its lemon juice in a similar container to that used since 1956 by Jif. Jif as a brand is owned by

Reckitt & Colman, the UK food and household products group. in New York, Borden said it would abide by the decision but commented: "It's unfortunate that UK consumers will not be able to make their choice in the marketplace based on price and quality of competitive and conspiciously

appeared "inconsistent with the European Community's concept of 1992 and its attempt to allow the free flow of goods among the member states." Borden sells Real emon in bottles throughout Europe, including the UK, and in lemon-shaped containers in France

In dismissing an appeal by Borden, the Law Lords upheld rulings that the US foods company's use of a life-sized plastic lemon would have amounted to "passing off" its ReaLemon brand as Jif.

The decision is likely to have "profound effect," leading to more litigation on product design, according to one legal expert. Mr Christopher Wadlow, solicitor with London firm Simmons & Simmons, said: Until now, it's been an uphili struggle to win a passing off case on fairly simple get-up [appearance]."

Two of the Law Lords, Lord Oliver of Ayimerton and Lord

Jauncey of Tullichettle, said the ruling did not confer on Jif a monopoly right to sell lemon juice in plastic lemons; it merely found that Borden had not taken adequate steps to dif-ferentiate its packaging from

Lord Bridge of Harwich, however, said he agreed to dismiss the appeal only with "undisguised reluctance." He noted that the trial judge had found, in Lord Bridge's words, that housewives buying plastic lemons in supermarkets do not read the labels but assume whatever they buy must be

As a result, he said, Reckitt would be given a "de facto monopoly of the container as such which is just as effective as de jure monopoly."

The ReaLemon container, which has been used in the US

since 1957, is not identical to It has a flat bottom and bears a different-colored paper label around its neck. Each has

its name embossed on the

But even if a side-by-side visual comparison would dispel any possibility of confusion between the two, Lord Oliver noted, most supermarkets would not stock more than one brand of lemon juice in such a

The original trial was notable because of the emphasis placed on ordinary customers' reaction to the competing prod-ucts in supermarket tests - in-dicating that many thought they were buying Jif when they picked up ReaLemon. As a natural shape, the lemon itself cannot be regis-tered as a design. At least two other companies sell lemon juice in Britain in lemon-

larger than Jif's life-sized pack age.
The ruling has come just in time for Jif's peak season; about one-third of its sales are made in the month before

By John Elliott in Hong Kong THE annual flood of Vietnamese boat people has started to arrive in Hong Kong during the past few days as tides and weather ease their journey across the south China Sea. Last year 35,000 arrived in Hong Kong, where there are now 56,000 Vietnam-

ese who have fled from their Some 188 have arrived this year and another 200 are believed to be travelling along the south China coast in two boats which will arrive within a day or two.

This indicates an arrival rate almost 40 per cent above the same time last year and adds urgency to a visit on Feb-ruary 18 to Hanoi by Mr Fran-cis Maude, a UK Foreign

Office Minister.
Mr Maude hopes to persuade Vietnam to agree to a resumption of flights carrying manda-torily repatriated boat people home. The first aircraft carrying 51 flew home in December amid widespread international controversy. The US has opposed any further flights for a year and this has stalled a possible international agree-

Hanoi for regular mandatory flights, hoping this will deter people from leaving Vietnam. There is growing opposition in Hong Kong to acceptance of any more boat people: some on the legislative council want the colony to opt out of a UN-led comprehensive programme of action and refuse to continue operating as place of first asylum.

Because of this oppositon, new camps have not been built for this year's expected arrivals. A request for HK\$115m (\$14.75m) to be spent on a new reception centre has been withdrawn from today's meeting of the council's finance committee because it

accommodate the new arrivals, who will have to be housed in temporary accom-

Single market, single currency? That's one vision of Europe's future.

Easy for trade and travel, from the Shetlands to the Peloppenese.

Farewell, Bank of England. Farewell, bureaux de change.

But who will sign the notes and set the interest rates? An independent central bank, say some. Undemocratic, cry others.

The row, and the facts: in The Economist this week.

S African reserves lifted

day.
The Johannesburg Stock
Exchange industrial index closed at 3,195 yesterday, gaining 8.1 per cent since last Thursday

Mr Stals, governor of the South African Reserve Bank, said the Government would act to maintain stability of the rand exchange rate in the face of capital inflows. However, this would have an impact on domestic liquidity and interest rates which could jeopardise efforts to reduce last year's 14.7

per cent inflation rate. If the inflow were to continue for more than two to three weeks, the bank would have to take action to absorb excess liquidity through domestic money market operations. Mr Stals ruled out significant changes in the country's exchange control regulations. He pointed out that although foreign capital inflows had accelerated mark-edly in recent days, the trend had begun as far back as Sep-tember last year.

WORLD WEATHER

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Genscher's unity appeal

Continued from Page 1

Over East Germany's growing problems, he said: "What is happening in East Germany is a matter of concern." Pointing out that the health system was on the point of collapse," he said: "When 3,000 people leave every day, when the government itself says that output is dropping continuously, that is a process of destabilisation." Although preparations for German monetary union should start immediately, "con-

crete decisions can only be taken by a freely elected gov-ernment (in East Berlin) after the elections on March 18."

"I am sure that a democratically elected government will be very clear in its orientation towards a social market economy... When the new government is formed, both govern-ments (in Bonn and East Berlin) will sit down together to talk about the future."

He said the military alliances would take on an increasing political character but would still be needed.
"Nato is not becoming superfluous. I also don't believe that the Warsaw Pact is becoming superfluous. The alliances' tasks, though, will change. Who will carry out disarmament, for instance, if these two alliances no longer exist? The

alliances will continue to have functions, but they will become more and more part of a new European security structure." He ruled out that West Germany would leave the integrated military structure of Nato and reaffirmed that in a united Germany, Nato troops in the Federal Republic - in-cluding the West German Bun-

tant offer in the direction of a security partnership (with the Soviet Union)."

Concerning the suggestion last week by Mr Hans Modrow, the East German Prime Minister, of a united neutral Germany, Mr Genscher said: "Neutrality would mean a special." trality would mean a special, isolated position for the Germans - that would describe a sort of go-it-alone path for the Germans. All that we do not want. We want our desti-ny - including the process of German unification - to be embedded in the process of

European unification

"This part of Germany (West Germany) would not leave the alliance. But the part which is not part of Nato would not enter it... We have to reach agreement that, whatever hap-pens, the area of Nato will not be extended. That is an impor-

Mr Maude now wants a deswehr - could not be extended to present-day East bilateral arrangement with

might have been rejected.

However, the camp could not have been built in time to

FINANCIAL TIMES COMPANIES & MARKETS

THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED IN

Friday February 9 1990



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Mitsubishi builds on royal approval



The outspoken views of Britain's heir apparent Prince Charles (left) on London architecture have been heard as far away as Tokyo. Mitsubishi Estate, the Japanese property company, has taken one-third of a £700m (\$1.2bn) redevelopment project in London's Paternoster Square, a modern devel-

opment just across the road from St Paul's Cathedrat. Previous plans have been condemned by both royal pro-nouncement and popular sentiment and Mitsu-bishi intends "to develop buildings inspired by more traditional concepts of urban design." Robert Thomson reports on past and present fortunes of the Japanese group. Page 24

Motoring on the Continent

The family car dealerships prevalent in some continental European countries will give way to more sophisticated outlets if Mann Egerton has anything to do with it. The company, a subsidiary of services and marketing group inchcape of the UK, is completing the first phase of its pioneering expansion into the Continent. It now owns a dozen car dealerships in France, West Germany and the Benefux countries and is looking to establish a presence in Italy, Spain and Portugal. Page 25

No longer the food of kings



The salmon is swimming against the tide as the king of fish: intensive farming methods are flooding retail outlets with the once luxury food. Last summer whole salers in Paris and London sold selmon

so cheaply that even indulgent pet owners would have found it within their means to offer Tabby or Fido a special treat. In Chile, lower profit margins. have also but a brake on the frenzied expansion of an industry that is not yet 10 years old. However, the Association of Chilean Salmon Farmers says it is too early to talk of a crisis. Page 32

Bear in the bull market

As general elections approached last October, analysts covering the Spanish markets decided to wall and see. More than three months later, they are still waiting and they do not much like what they see. Foreign investors, who once generated the bolsa's bullishness, are now very shy, there is a widespread feeling that the peseta may be devalued. Yesterday the I bolsa eased 0.12 to 288.47. Page 44

Capital performance

Practice makes perfect, or so the European Commission hopes. Over the past 18 months it has drafted four different versions of a capital adequacy directive. Attempts to provide Euro--pean investment firms with capital requirements that will protect the consumer, yet at the same time maintain competitiveness with the rest of the world appear to please some firms only to enrage others. Lucy Kellaway and Richard Waters report on the difficulties of a compromise. Page 28

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Raider who

has not lost the art

Alan Friedman on Harold Simmons

here may not be a great deal of Texan hospitality in store for the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) this morning when its officials visit the 17th floor of a shimmering grey office building on the outskirts of Dallas.

The men from the SEC will be escorted along some richly pan-elled corridors and into the executive suite of Mr Harold Simmons, the soft-spoken corporate raider with a reputation for being as shrewd as he is ruthless. His personal net worth is said to be \$1.7bn a billionaire status that makes him even wealthier than other maverick raiders he admires such as T. Boone Pickens and Carl leahn.

The 58-year-old Mr Simmons, whose meteoric career as a take-over artist and his folksy drawl make him a walking and talking incarnation of the "JR" character played by his actor friend Larry Hagman in the TV series Dallas, is this week being investigated by the SEC for possible violations of US federal securities laws.

The probe stems from the latest assaults Mr Simmons has launched: to obtain representation on the board of Lockheed, the military aerospace company, where he has built up an 18.9 per cent stake; and to remove the board of directors at Georgia Gulf, the integrated chemicals producer of which he owns 9.5 per cent and which is the object of a \$1.1bn tender offer by the sandy-haired raider from Dallas. The SEC is investigating his trading in these companies' shares.

Mr Simmons may be under investigation, but he seems untroubled. This is not the first time. Early in his career, in 1974, he was indicted in Illinois by the US Attorney for the northern district of the state, Mr James Thompson, the current governor, on criminal charges of mail and securities traud in connection with the bankruptcy of one of his insurance companies. He was found not guilty and settled related civil charges out of court for \$500,000.

As for the SEC, that is old hat: "Two been through this 10 times already," he says. "I don't know what they're gonna ask me and I don't know what I'm gonna tell them. We sure have absolutely no concern that we have violated any laws." However, the disclosure law, which he claims not to have violated, does not appeal to Harold Simmons: "Why should I have to tell anybody if I change my mind anyway? The law is stu-pid." Seated within spitting dis-

tance of a beloved bust of John Wayne, Mr Simmons will be giv-ing the SEC investigators a deposition that stems partly from his

stealthy share dealings in Lock-heed, his latest prey. After spend-ing more than \$500m to build up a stake of 18.9 per cent in the company, Mr Simmons claims that one reason the SEC is probng his disclosure record is because of a campaign by Lockheed lobbyists in Washington, The thrice-married

Mr Simmons is as feisty an individual as his humble East Texas roots imply. A tennis fanatic who leaves the office for the courts by three in the after-noon, his other preferred form of relaxation is "off-road motorcycle riding."

A graduate with a first class economics degree, he began his career in the 1950s as an investi-gator for the US Civil Service, an examiner for the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and a loan officer at a Dallas bank. In 1961 he put up \$5,000 to buy a Dallas drug store. He built this up into a Texas-wide chain which he sold for \$50m in 1973.

By the late 1970s he was involved in a series of stock and asset plays, including an assault on PSA, the now defunct West Coast airline. The PSA proxy fight netted him a \$30m profit and four aircraft which he later sold. His biggest coup was the 1934 stalking of GAF, a chemicals group, which produced a tidy \$140m profit when he sold a 17.9 per cent stake three years later. The deal that really made his

name on the US corporate scene, and gave Mr Simmons a substantial industrial base, was the hotly contested 1986 takeover of NL Industries. The specialist chemicals and petroleum service com pany has an annual turnover of \$1bn, more than half of which comes from titanium dioxide pigment holdings in West Germany, Belgium and elsewhere in

Europe. NL's pigment business claims 19 per cent of the European although if you ask Mr Sim mons about 1992 he replies merely that he is not a hands-on manager ("I get people to do that")



with seemingly disingenuous modesty, that "I'm not smart enough to have any insights into

The NL battle - a nasty take-over replete with poison pill defences and lawsuits - saw Mr Simmons using the services of Mr Boyd Jefferies, his close friend and tennis partner and a man he describes as "probably the best broker in the world." In an unrelated matter Mr Jefferies pleaded guilty in 1987 to two fel-ony charges for "parking shares." Mr Simmons dismisses these crimes as "little things that were so minor they didn't really mat-

Many of the Wall Street prosecutions of the 1980s are described by the Dallas raider as "victim-less crimes." He has harsher words for Wall Street's fee-driven merger and acquisition follies, saying that the prices paid by Mr Robert Campeau for department stores or by Kohlberg, Kravis & Roberts for RJR Nabisco were "just crazy." Mr Simmons also rises to the defence of Mr Michael Milken, the disgraced junk bond king from Drexel Burn ham Lam hert who is also a tennis partner at the Simmons family's 24-acre estate at Santa Barbara. Mr Milken resigned from Drexel

last year as part of a settlement by the Wall Street firm which included its paying a record \$650m fine, but Mr Simmons calls the payment
by Drexel "a
huge mistake"

agreed to pay the fine was because they are "timid." As for Mr Milken, he is "a very creative

guy who would never do anything to hurt anyone. Mr Simmons goes into his Lockheed and Georgia Gulf battles from his base at Valhi a Wall Street-listed holding vehicle 88 per cent controlled by his private family trust. Valhi is a mini-conglomerate which owns 56 per cent of the quoted NL Industries and is also active in petroleum services, sugar refining, forest products, fast food restaurants and hardware. The com-pany made a 1989 net profit of \$103m on \$2.4bn of sales.

Simmons rejects accusations that he is an asset stripper, pointing out that he usually keeps management and assets in place.

As for Lockheed, where his request for board seats has been rejected, the market expects a proxy battle. Mr Simmons is sitting on a \$66m book loss on his \$523m Lockheed investment, but "so what?" he says. What he acknowledges is that, with expected cuts in Pentagon orders, Lockheed has become "a risky investment. When I started buy-

ing stock peace had not yet bro-ken out and now it has." None of his apparent problems from Lockheed to the SEC
 appear to bother the poker-faced Mr Simmons, but he is well known for his patience. Harold Simmons is as inscrutable as they come in downtown Dallas, a "Cool Hand Luke" among US corporate raiders. The men from the SEC might find today's meeting a challenge of wit and wills.

Thomson-CSF to buy half of Ferranti sonar

By William Dawkins in Paris and Hugo Dixon in London

THOMSON-CSF, the French defence group, yesterday agreed to buy half of the beleaguered Ferranti International's sonar operations, subject to UK Government approval.

The deal comes three weeks after Thomson-CSF, majority con-trolled by the state-owned Thomson group, pulled out of talks on a possible full bid for Ferranti, but said it was still interested in co-operation in some areas. The British company has been looking for a buyer since the discovery last year of an alleged £215m (\$363m) fraud at its US subsidiary.

Thomson-CSF, Europe's leading submarine acoustics group, is offering £32m cash for a 50 per cent share of a new company to be formed from the sonar systems activities of Ferranti Computer Systems. This is the French group's third large cross-border defence equipment deal within a year, following its pur-chase of a majority stake in the defence interests of the Dutch Philips group and the formation of a joint missile production com-pany with British Aerospace.

The deal will make Thomson-Ferranti the main competitor to Britain's General Electric Company in the UK sonar market. It also marks another step in Ferranti's vigorous disposal programme, which it has undertaken to repair the damage

caused by the alleged fraud. The company previously sold its radar division and half its Italian businesses to GEC for £310m and is selling the other half of its Italian concerns to Finmeccanica

of Italy.
The Ferranti operations being transferred made an operating profit of £4.7m on sales of £40m in the year to last March and will be jointly managed, with a chief executive to be drawn from the

UK group.
That compares with the FFr1.6bn (\$284m) sales recorded by Thomson Sintra, the French group's anti-submarine warfare arm, in 1988. Thomson-CSF's overall turnover fell from FFr31.8bn to FFr31.2bn in the

same year.
While the UK Ministry of Defence (MoD) has not given a formal green light, the deal is unlikely to come as a surprise to the British Government. Thomson Sintra started a joint development project late last year with Ferranti to design a helicopterborn sonar buoy, to enter service with the Royal Navy. Ferranti's sonar business was seen as an obvious area for a closer link-

A Thomson-CSF official said the French group deliberately avoided making a full bid for Fer-ranti sonars in deference to the fact that the British MoD was its

Buy-out doubt after \$1.6bn bid for Esselte

By John Burton in Stockholm

THE FATE of Sweden's biggest leveraged buy-out offer remained uncertain yesterday after the principal shareholders in Esselte, the Swedish office supplies and media group, made a SKr9.9bn (\$1.6bn) bid for the company. With the company's manage-

ment and unions expressing initial opposition to the deal, the Esselte board decided to appoint independent experts to examine both the LBO offer and an undisclosed counter-proposal made by Mr Hans Larsson, Esselte presi-

dent.

The board said it would reconvene in two weeks to decide on the future of the company. Trading in Esselte shares, which was suspended on Monday, will resume today.

The LBO offer is being conducted by Esselte's two biggest

shareholders, the Mobilia and Ratos holding companies, which hold a combined 54 per cent voting interest in the concern. Joining them is the property com-pany Gamlastaden, whose main shareholder is Nobel Industries.

LBOs, spurred by tax law changes that favour stock ownership in private companies, have received wide publicity in Swe-

den recently.

The LBO offer for Esselte consists of SKr290 for A shares, 30 per cent above the average share price quoted on the Stockholm bourse over the past three months, and SKr245 for B shares. 31 per cent above the average Convertible debentures would fetch SKr247 apiece.

Esselte reported a 20 per cent fall in profits after financial items to SKr735m in 1989.

GRENEFI.

Ericsson doubles profits

By John Burton in Stockholm

ERICSSON, the Swedish telecommunications equipment group, announced yesterday in a preliminary report a doubling in 1989 profits before appropriations and taxes to SKr3.7bn (\$611m) from SKrl Rahn

However, a proposed increase in the dividend by SKr3.50 a share to SKr14 may be stymied by the Swedish Government's proposal yesterday, as part of its anti-inflation programme, to stop increases in dividend payments for listed companies in 1990 and

It was the second straight year of strong profit growth for Ericsson, with the 1989 results generally matching market expectations. Net sales rose 26 per cent to SKr39.5bn from SKr31.3bn while order bookings amounted to SKr42bn, an increase of 18 per cent. Income per share climbed to SKr58 from SKr27 in 1988. Ericsson warned that profit growth in 1990 might not be as spectacular. It expected only "a

further slight improvement in earnings" this year, after noting that sales and profits continued to rise during the fourth quarter of 1989.

Mr Ake Stavling, the company's controller, said last year's results reflected strong demand in certain foreign markets, including Spain, Italy, the UK and China, combined with improved efficiency measures.

However, market demand would weaken this year. For example, the refusal by the Swed-

ish Government to provide soft loans to China could cost Erics-son a SKr4bn order, signed last son a Skrann order, signed last spring, for the supply of tele-phone switching equipment to three Chinese provinces. Ericsson suffered sluggish prof-its in the mid-1980s as it wrestled with its troublesome Ericsson Information Systems office automation division, which it sold to

Mr Bjorn Svedberg, president and chief executive of Ericsson, attributed the company's recov ery to its renewed emphasis on the core businesses of public telecommunications equipment - including its AXE switching system and MD 110 private branch exchanges and radio communi cations.

Mr Svedberg said he personally regarded the proposed new divi-dend as low. The proposed freeze on dividend payments had "placed us in an awkward position since we are dependent on foreign capital markets. A third of our shareholders are foreigncrs," Mr Svedberg added. The board has also proposed a share split of five new shares for each old one to stimulate trading in Ericsson shares, which climbed by SKr5 to SKr970 yesterday. Ericsson said most of its bust

ness areas posted higher profits than in 1988. The exceptions were the cables and network unit and the defence systems division.

UK Rules change on offshore issues

Nokia of Finland in 1987. Once

EIS was jettisoned, profits began to climb sharply.

By Clare Pearson in London

A RULE change designed to stem a haemorrhage of new issues business offshore is being introduced by the International Stock Exchange in London.

Concern that requirements for the listing of certain investment trusts and companies have been too restrictive and have led to a loss of issues, particularly to Amsterdam, is thought to have prompted the Exchange's move.

The change affects only investment trusts and companies that are marketed solely to profes-sional investors. It has been approved by the Exchange's council this week. The Exchange has decided to overturn the £15m (£25.3m) limit on the size of such an issue that

may be sold by way of a placing.

where shares go to institutional

clients without also being offered

to the general public.
From now on, there will be no restriction on the size of these types of investments, designed for professionals, which may be launched by the relatively cheap

and easy placing route.

The move comes amid several launches of specialist investment vehicles, particularly those concentrating on developing countries. This week has seen the emergence of a \$100m fund devoted solely to equity investments in Hungary.

The restriction on the size of placings - increased from £3m to £15m at the time of the Big Bang in 1986 - has so far applied to specialist investment trusts and companies along with all other fully-listed new issues on the London market. The size limitation is designed to ensure that

the general public is not excluded from the primary market.

However, sponsors have successfully pointed out that the restriction is inappropriate where it is neither fruitful nor desirable to attempt to sell a new issue to

private investors.
For instance, a minimum subscription level of \$50,000 that John Govett (Jersey) placed on the launch of its Hungarian Investment Company this week seemed designed to discourage the private investor.

investment trusts and companies already enjoy a special sta-tus under the Exchange's offer for subscription rules: only 25 per cent of the whole need he offered to the public. Firm undertakings to subscribe from institutions are obtained for the balance of the



The minimum investment is £1,000. Remember, the value of this investment may fluctuate and cannot be guaranteed. Issued by Morgan Grenfell Unit Trust Managers Limited, 20 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 1UT. Member of Lautro, IMRO and the UTA.



Tenneco recovers sharply as most divisions improve

By Anatole Kaletsky in New York

TENNECO, the Houston-based energy and manufacturing conglomerate, reported sharply improved results in the fourth quarter, boosted especially by the strong performance of its J. L Case farm and construction machinery business. The company's results pleased analysts on Wall Street, where Tenneco's shares advanced by \$% to

Tenneco made net profits of \$205m or \$1.58 a share in the fourth quarter, after a loss from continuing operations of \$177m or \$1.30 a share the year before. Fourth-quarter operating income was \$418m compared with a loss of \$39m.

In 1989 as a whole, Tenneco earned \$584m or \$4.46 a share, compared with a loss from continuing operations of \$1m or 10 cents. Total net income in 1988 was \$822m or \$5.48 a share, but this was primarily due to profits from the sale of Tenneco Oil Company. Operating income, excluding interest and taxes, was \$1.31bn last year, com-pared with \$617m in 1988. Annual revenues from continuing operations increased by 8 per cent to \$14.1bn.

Mr James Ketelsen, chair-man, predicted a further "sig-nificant" improvement in earnings for the current year. Analysing the results by

slower sales operating segments, Tenneco showed the biggest progress in the Case farm and construction By Karen Zagor in New York equipment business. Case operating income increased to COLGATE-PALMOLIVE, the second largest US maker of detergents and toiletries, yes-

\$228m in 1989 from \$142m, boosted by higher prices and higher sales volumes. The gas pipeline business contributed \$325m in operating income, compared with \$114m.
Automobile parts earned
\$218m, compared with \$203m in
1988. Shipbuilding contributed
\$200m, up from \$175m and
chemicals and minerals earned
\$113m against \$53m in 1988 \$113m, against \$53m in 1988. Packaging, however, reported a decline in profits to \$200m, from \$215m.

cent to 87 cents from 64 cents, on sales of \$1.29bn from \$1.21bn.
The 1989 results include net income of \$7m or 11 cents a share from the sale of land in

Colgate

income up

43% despite

terday reported a 43 per cent increase in 1989 fourth-quarter net income, although sales grew by only 6 per cent in the three months.

The New York company,

which has been extensively restructured over the past few

years, reported fourth-quarter net income of \$62.5m against \$43.7m a year earlier. Per-

share earnings rose 36 per

Jersey City.

For the year, net income advanced 19 per cent to \$280m from \$234.8m the previous year. Net income per share rose 16 per cent to \$3.97, while sales grew 6 per cent to \$5.04bn. The latest year's earnings include a one-time aftertax gain of \$6.5m or 9 cents a share in the second quarter. Colgate realised a \$54m reduction in net interest expense, which benefited net

income for the year. Mr Reuben Mark, chairman and chief executive, said the company was ahead of its financial goals, which were set in 1984 for achievement by the end of 1991. For instance, Colgate's after-tax return on sales reached 5.6 per cent in 1989, ahead of the 1991 goal of 5 per

In its household and personal care products business, sales rose 2 per cent in the quarter to \$1.09bn and 4 per cent in the year to \$4.41bn.
The company's overseas business represented more than 70
per cent of the sales.
Colgate-US achieved operat-

ing profit growth of more than

50 per cent in the year.
Mr Mark said: "Colgate achieved its seventh consecutive year of volume growth."

Bond withdraws petition action

BOND CORPORATION of Australia yesterday withdrew an attempt to quash two it by its 58 per cent owned Bell urces when a court asked Bond to prove its own solvency, Reuter reports from

Lawyers for Bond told the Supreme Court of Western Australia the proof would be provided later as part of a separate action. The current action was withdrawn,

The two petitions, due next month, seek the repayment of some A\$28m (US\$21.4m) owed to Bell Resources by Bond. Three other Bell petitions for a total of less than A\$2m were withdrawn earlier this week.

Treading warily around St Paul's Robert Thomson on Mitsubishi Estate's interest in well-known sites

Manville looks to Europe for sales growth:

MITSURISHI Estate has a taste for high-profile properties. The Japanese property company bought a chunk of midtown Manhattan by taking a 51 per cent stake in the Rockefeller Group and has now taken a one-third share of a £700m (\$1.15bn) project next to St Paul's Cathedral in London,

England. Having bought into contro-versy with the Rockefeller purchase late last year, Mitsubishi officials were more relaxed yesterday about the reaction in London to the company's role in redeveloping Paternoster Square. Previous plans have been condemned by both royal pronouncement and popular

Mr Takuo Kato, general manager of Mitsubishi Estate's overseas business department,

MANVILLE, the US building

materials and forest products

group, expects Europe to offer the best growth opportunities in the next few years in view of

weaker prospects for the US

construction industry and

economy in general.

Mr Tom Stephens, president and chief executive, said Manville's competitive position in Europe gave it the chance to benefit both from developments in eastern Europe, and from the 1902 EC internal way.

from the 1992 EC internal mar-

ket reforms. Europe accounts for around 25 per cent of Man-ville's total sales and 25 to 35

per cent of profits. Both per-centages are expected to rise.

Mr Stephens said Manville

was focusing particularly on

acquisitions or expansion in the packaging industry, where

the company manufactures

By Andrew Baxter

has taken note of Prince bought Columbia Pictures. Charles's views on the subject. . "We feel that this is the kind Charles's views on the subject. "I have seen his documen-tary. We are in general agreement that the present build-ings do not do justice to the importance of the site. The intention is to develop build-ings inspired by more tradi-tional concepts of urban design," Mr Kato said last night.

Mitsubishi emphasises that it was approached by the part-ners in the project, Greycoat of the UK and Park Tower Reality of the US, and was content with a one-third share. Even though London has been more welcoming than Washington to Japanese investment, the company wants to avoid stirring concerns about the purchase of cultural "symbols," as was the case in the US when Sony

beverage carriers and folding cartons. The fragmented nature of the packaging indus-try meant that acquisition

opportunities would be available, he said.

difficult to expand by acquisi-

tion in glassfibre products, where the industry was more of an "oligopoly," said Mr Step-

hens. But the company's Ger-

man glassfibre operation stood to gain from infrastructural

developments in eastern

Europe. "Obviously there will be demand, the question is when," he added.

The one disadvantage for Manville in expanding in Europe stemmed from its

unique status. The company

emerged as a new entity from Chapter 11 bankruptcy pro-ceedings in November 1988,

By contrast it would be more

of project that we would always hope to be involved in. We are more interested in developing rather than acquiring new properties," Mr Kato said. "We want to develop something that will be welcomed in London. If the development is not welcomed then opment is not welcomed then our investment will not pro-

duce a good return." In Japan the company's role as a developer is most obvious in its ambitious plan to refurbish Tokyo's Marunouchi busi-ness district, where it owns 32 buildings. Mitsubishi Estate's total property holdings in Japan have a book value of \$5bn, but that is a significant underestimate of their market value, given the rising prices of

and is now 80 per cent owned (on a fully diluted basis) by

two trusts set up to pay the thousands of asbestos related

claims that caused the bank-

ruptcy filing in 1982. Mr Stephens explained that

Manville gained substantial

tax benefits from payments to the trusts, which could encour-

Manville is now legally insulated from the asbestosis claims, of which 140,000 remain unsettled, because of a permanusettled, because of a permanusettled.

nent injunction stopping such claims against the company. The average settlement rate is running at \$40,000. The company's long-term

financial fortunes, however,

are linked to the trusts, which can claim 20 per cent of net earnings from 1992 toward the

claims. Mr Stephens said most

age investment in the US.

The company began invest ing overseas in the early 1970s. -Its projects include a partnership formed in 1973 in a 102-acre residential project in Flo-rida, and large stakes in Los Angeles' Citicorp Plaza and a 1,000 acre resort in Palm Desert, California. In the City of ... London the company owns Atlas House.

Mr Kato said the companywas convinced that London, New York and Tokyo would, remain the pre-eminent financial centres - hence the Rock-sfeller purchase and work in a

Paternoster Square.
Mitsubishi Estate is a member of the Mitsubishi keiretsu, or corporate group, which includes Mitsubishi Heavy. Industries, Mitsubishi Bank, and, at the core, Mitsubishi

sophisticated investors had.

sumed that these payments.

would be made in perpetuity....

Manville is working hard to, encourage institutional invest-

ment in the company, which

has risen from about 2 per cent

before the re-emergence from

Chapter 11 to about 25 per-cent. Mr Stephens said Wall

Street perceptions of the com-pany had improved, with its underlying performance begin-

Last week the company reported the results of its first

full year out of Chapter 11 with-

net income from continuing .-

operations of \$172.7m against. \$89.1m in 1988, on sales of \$2.19bn against \$2.06bn. The

company was buoyed by a strong performance in its US and Brazilian forest product

ning to be recognised.

Waste Management expands

WASTE Management has reported strong growth in sales and revenues, thanks to expanon of its waste disposal activities in the US and Europe. Fourth-quarter net profits rose 23 per cent to \$152.9m or

33 cents a share, from \$124.7m or 27 cents a year earlier. Fullyear net was up 21 per cent at \$562.1m or \$1.22, against \$464.2m or \$1.02.

The net for the latest quarter and year included a non-taxable \$70.8m gain from the pubic offering of 5m shares in Chemical Waste Management, a subsidiary. This was nullified by a one-time after-tax charge of \$70.6m, mainly for future costs of proposed new federal regulations for landfill sites.

Revenues of the Chicago-based company rose 23 per cent in the quarter to \$1.19bn from \$972.6m, and by 25 per cent in the year to \$4.46bn from \$3.57bn.

During the past year its main operating subsidiary, Waste Management of North America, expanded its services and geographic spread.

It now operates in some 350 markets in the US and Canada,

having added projects during

the year in, for example, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Maryland, Illinois and Quebec. It expanded services such as medical waste disposal and its energy-from-waste processes By year-end it was operating 125 solid waste landfills and

North America. European operations — which covered Sweden, Spain, the Netherlands and Italy — were increased through West German and Danish takeovers. Wall Street analysts expect further profit growth of about 20 per cent this year.

nearly 50 transfer stations in

BNE sells lease arm to Bank of Tokyo

By Alan Friedman in New York

BANK OF New England (BNE), the troubled Boston-based banking group that recently announced \$2.25bn of non-performing loans, yesterday said it was to raise \$592.5m from the sale of its BancNew England leasing group to the

The sale, which calls for the Bank of Tokyo to pay a premium of \$92.5m on BNE's \$500m lease portfolio, comes little more than a week after the Boston bank agreed to sell its credit car business to Citicorp for \$828m. The Federal erve of Boston, which has

been lending BNE substantial sums to staunch a run on deposits, has ordered the bank to sell \$6bn worth of assets to improve its capital ratios.

The Bank of Tokyo is paying \$562.5m in cash and \$30m in promissory notes for the leas-

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

\$294,000,000



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December 1989

Swiss Volksbank posts record SFr136.5m net

By John Wicks in Zurich

SWISS VOLKSBANK, one of Switzerland's "big five" banks, booked a 13 per cent increase in net profits last year to a record level of SFr136.5m (\$92.5m) from SFr120.1m.

At the bank's annual general meeting on March 16 the board is to propose payment of unchanged dividends of SF175 tion certificate, and the transfer of SFr35m to reserves compared with SFr28m transferred

In Berne, the bank's home town, chief executive Mr Walter Ruegg said the improvement in earnings was "gratifying."
This was particularly so, he

said, because expenditure on four new operations in New York, Tokyo, Hong Kong and Singapore had exceeded income by about SFr22m. However, this had been expected and results in 1990 were expected to be substan-

tially better, he added. In the profit-and-loss account, net interest income rose by 8.3 per cent to SFr543.9m and net commissions by 15.9 per cent to Mr Rüegg said that the

bank's currency and precious-metals trading had been a parimproved by 17 per cent to SFr94.3m. This was due mainly to Swiss and UK business. The balance-sheet total

increased by 11.4 per cent in 1989 to a high of SFr38.52bn. Within this total, advances

to clients were up 13.1 per cent to SFr28.2bn and the due-from-banks figure by 8.6 per cent to

On the liabilities side, clients' funds went up by 6.7 per cent to SFr30.53bn, with a shift of savings accounts into higher-interest deposits, while the due-to-banks total jumped 47 per cent to SFr4.79bn

Financial services unit helps Imasco to 14% rise

By Robert Gibbens in Montreal

IMASCO, the financial services, fast food, tobacco and retailing group, reported a 14 per cent gain in profit for the fourth quarter and 16 per cent for 1989. It is raising its dividend for the 16th year running. The strength came from the

financial services unit, Canada Trust, a larger market share in performance by retailing activities in Canada and the US. The US fast-food business

performed well in a highly competitive market. It is being expanded by the acquisition of

the Roy Rogers chain for US\$365m.

Fourth-quarter net profit was C\$118.2m (US\$99.3m) or 94." cents a share, up from ... C\$103.4m or 84 cents a year earlier, on revenues of C\$1.5bm; down 2 per cent. For the year earnings were C\$366.1m or C\$2.89, against C\$314.3m or

down 5 per cent. BAT Industries, the UK holding company, has a 40 per cent interest in Imasco. The quarterly dividend goes up from 28 cents to 32 cents.

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Bowater chief optimistic over newsprint

By Maggie Urry

MR ANTHONY Gammie, chairman and chief executive of Bowater Inc, the US pulp and paper group, said yesterday that he thought the low point in the North American newsprint cycle

had been reached. He was in London visiting institutional shareholders following the release of profit figures for 1989. These showed a sharp fall in operating income for newsprint, from \$164.4m to \$87.9m. Group operating income fell from \$84.5m to

Mr Gammie said it was now two years since newsprint prices were last increased and dis-counting of prices had been widespread as pro-duction had exceeded demand. However, he felt that prices were now near their low point, although he said this was not a generally held

Bowater had managed to maintain profitable rates of capacity usage and forecast a low point of 92 per cent, much higher than the 84 per cent rate seen in the 1983 downturn

However, the group's pulp business, which

achieved operating margins of more than 50 per cent in 1989, now faces a less buoyant period. The pulp price, which had risen for an unprecedented period, was now weakening, Mr Gammie said. Prices in North America are 7 to 8 per cent off their peak.
He added, however, that the exchange rate of

the dollar meant that Bowater's pulp and newsprint could be exported at competitive prices.
The company's capital expenditure, about \$400m in 1989, is expected to fall to about \$235m Mr Gammie said the group's balance sheet

was strong, and this would allow Bowater to take advantage of opportunities thrown up by the downturn in the pulp and paper cycle. A project to build a newsprint mill in Vene-zuela – which is a joint venture between Bowater, the Canadian newsprint maker Abitibi-Price and the Venezuelan Government - should have been finalised last week, Mr Gammie said. There had been a hitch, but the project was still expected to go ahead.

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Bano

EUROPI

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Sharp fall in profits for Danish bank groups

By Hilary Barnes in Copenhagen

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ne shares of

DENMARK'S six largest banks, which are merging to form two giant groups with retroactive effect from Janu-ary 1, maintained operating profits. However, net profits were slashed by a reduction in the value of the securities portfolios, reflecting a fall in bond prices in the Danish mar-

The three banks which will form the Nordic region's largest-bank – Danske Bank, Copenhagen Handelsbank and Provinshanken (to be known in future as Danske Bank) reported a fall in combined net profits from DKr2.85bn (\$450m) in 1988 to DKr780m. The combined assets of the three at the end of the year were DKr389bn and equity and reserves were DKr22.9bn.

Profits after costs but before depreciation and provisions increased from DKr3.97bn to DKr4.14bn. Provisions were up from DKr2.12bn to DKr2.18bn, and earnings before the adjust-ment for portiolio values were up from DKr1.52bn to

DKr1.61bn. The group was hit by an "unsatisfactory" performance at Handelsbank, which saw net profits collapse from Stephens of b. ing performed to DKr1.10bn to DKr59m after increasing provisions from DKr835m to DKr971m and making a loss of DKr158m on the portfolio adjustment.

The banks in the second group, Privathanken. SDS, and Andelsbanken – which will be known in future as Unihank reported a decline in net earnings from DKrl.94bn to DKr1.24bn. Earnings after costs were

slightly down from DKr3.49bn 2S Unit 5 DKr3.45bn. The banks were able to cut provisions from DKr2.01bn to DKr1.68bn, although Privatbanken's provisions were up from DKr809m to DKr924m.

Earnings before the portfo lio adjustment increased from DKr894m to Dkr1.76bn. The group did better than its new rival on the portfolio adjust-site in (1889 b):

Share, m i DKrilam compared to a gain in 1988 of DKr1.52bn. The ance sheet for the three banks . Og revenues of 🕮 per cent forms totalled DKr300bn.

GrandMet may sell its petfood business in US

By Philip Rawstorne in London

GRAND Metropolitan, the UK food and drinks group, yester-day announced it was discussing the possible sale of Alpo, its US branded petfood business. Industry estimates suggested the price could be between \$650m and \$700m.

Alpo is the sixth largest operator in the highly competi-tive \$7bn US market, with pretax profits last year of \$45m on sales of \$400m. It has obvious attractions for any of its five major rivals - Ralston Purina. Mars. Nestlé, Heinz, and Quaker Oats.

Mr Allen Sheppard, Grand-Met's chairman, said yester-day: "You have to be a billion

By George Graham in Paris

communications group, has announced a 28 per cent rise in net profits last year to FF1965m (\$170m), and forecasts

a further 12 per cent rise this year to FFr1.085bn.

exceptional profits, rose by 49 per cent to FFr1.72bn, and

Havas forecast a further 18 per cent rise in 1990.

The group said that sales had risen by 20 per cent last year to FFr18.92bn, but this fig-

ure did not include the results

of three major holdings which are not consolidated: Eurocom,

the advertising group; CEP Communications, the book and

By Enrique Tessieri in Helsinki

UNION Bank of Finland (UBF),

one of Finland's two largest banks, said that last year's

group profits before provisions and taxes plunged by 38.6 per cent from FM1.20bn (\$307m) in

The group's operating profit also took a sharp drop from FM1.56bm in 1988 to FM1.24bm. Credit losses jumped 44.7 per cent from FM443m to FM641m.

Mr Ahti Hirvonen, chairman, blamed high Helsinki inter-

bank offered rates (Helibor).

1988 to FM738m in 1989.

Pre-tax earnings, excluding

the French

HAVAS.

dollar player in that market but there were no signs that any of our competitors were going to discard. Since there were doubts whether the business fitted into our core strategy of developing as a con-sumer foods and drinks retailer, we decided we should

If GrandMet finds a buyer at around \$700m, a profit multiple in the mid-20s, City analysts estimated yesterday the pro-ceeds would reduce the company's pro-forma gearing from just under 100 per cent to 80 per cent. GrandMet shares closed at 604p, up 10p on the

Havas rises 28% to FFr965m

magazine publishing group; and Canal +, the pay televi-

Canal +, of which Havas owns 25 per cent, last week reported a 19.5 per cent gain in net profits to FF7/40m. The

channel is the biggest contrib-utor to Havas's profits.

sheets business owned jointly with MAI of the UK, is the sec-

ond most important profit generator. Its turnover rose by 89 per cent to FFr3.04bn, follow-

ing the merger with MAI, and

its profits are understood to

leading French freesheet com-

UBF plunges 38% to FM738m

and cool down an overheated

Finnish economy.
High Helibor interest rates

have depressed volume and share prices at the Helsinki

Stock Exchange and affected

the general performance of all Finnish banks, especially dur-

ing the last four months of last

year. Credit write-off losses for all Finnish banks in 1989 are

expected to reach some FM2bn.

The biggest write-off, FM112m, incurred at UBF was

from Wärtsilä Marine, one of

Profits from Comareg, the

have risen substantially.

Avenir, the posters and free-

sion channel.

Acquired in the £190m (\$319m) takeover of the Liggett tobacco and drinks conglomerate in 1980, Alpo has been built up by GrandMet, increasing trading profits for the fourth consecutive year in 1989. After a reorganisation and

heavy investment in computer hardware and systems, sales this year are expected to rise to around \$500m.

The company manufactures and markets canned and dry dog food, cat food and snacks under the Alpo label. It mar kets petfood under the Jim Dandy label in the south-east US and the Blue Mountain brand in the north-west US.

nany with a market share esti-

mated at 28 per cent, more than doubled last year to reach

about FFr90m from FFr40m in

The company, in which Avenir owns a 52 per cent stake, is expected to be floated on the French second market

in the first half of this year

when Mr Paul Dini, the group's founder, and Suez, the invest-

ment banking conglomerate,

Havas's tourism business.

which has been a problem sec-

tor and which barely broke even in 1988, is understood to

have made a profit on turnover

of Finland strained the group's

FM1.67, while consolidated

return on equity dropped from 11.1 per cent to 5 per cent. Total consolidated assets for

up 10 per cent to FFr3.89bn.

ruptcy last October.

financial result.

will sell some of their shares.

led KLM, the Dutch international air carrier, to report a 2.7 per cent decline in thirdquarter net profit to FI 58.6m (\$31m) from the year-earlier Fl 60.8m. The downturn was

despite an extraordinary gain of FI 11.8m in the latest In addition, the airline showed an operating loss of FI 20.4m in the current quarter

down 2.7%

to Fl 58.6m

RISING operating costs have

By Our Financial Staff

against a pre-tax operating profit of Fl 60.8m a year ago. Over the first nine months the airline posted a Fl 451m net profit. It said it expected its full-year net profit to be unchanged from the Fl 374m recorded in 1988/89. This would indicate a loss for the fourth quarter, which the com-pany blamed on strikes at Boeing which have seriously delayed delivery of the new Boeing 747-400 jumbo jets.

On the Amsterdam stock exchange, KLM's shares fell FI 1.80 to FI 36.40 after the results, which were worse

than expected.
Although KLM showed a gain in revenues in the third quarter of 8 per cent - clim-bing to Fi 1.6bn from Fi 1.48bn in the year-ago period - this rise did not match a 14 per cent increase in operating costs to Fl 1.62bu.

Among the big jumps in cost were fuel bills which rose 35 per cent to Fl 183m from Fl 135.1m a year earlier. The setback at KLM came

during a time when passenger traffic rose by 8 per cent, freight traffic was up 3 per cent and mail traffic declined only 3 per cent.

Paper groups link

Mr Björn Wahlroos, deputy chief general manager of UBF, said the new cash reserve FOUR French family-owned requirements - FM230m com-pared with FM80m - imposed on national banks by the Bank paper producers will merge to form what they say will be the number one European producer of specialised paper, Reuter reports. Earnings per share for the group fell from FM3.73 to Family groups Bonduelle,

Dalle, Lecounte and Sibille said in a statement they decided to merge in a new entity called Sibille Dalle.

The new group will have a combined turnover of more than FFr3bn (\$532m).

Rising costs | Mann Egerton gears up for continental car sales

John Griffiths on a drive into European retailing

mid the gleaming cars and potted shrubbery at Schmoldt & Axmann, a large and very up-market BMW dealership in Kiel on the north-eastern tip of West Germany, is a token snack bar which calls itself a restaurant

Its existence is explained, as Schmoldt & Axmann's new British owners have discovered, not by BMW diversifying into the fast-food business but because it allows the dealership to open on Sundays while still complying with German law. Such "restaurants" are to be

found at the more commer-cially aggressive car dealer-ships all over West Germany. They represent just one of the unsuspected motor trade "wrinkles" that Mann Egerton. part of the TIK-headquartered inchcape services and marketing group, has encountered in its "invasion" of the car retailing sector in continental

Europe. Yesterday Mann Egerton announced it is completing the first, 18-month phase of its expansion into the Continent, of which it is a pioneer among UK dealer groups and on which so far it has spent more than £25m (\$42m).

It is now the owner of a dozen car dealerships in France, West Germany and the Benelux countries with a fore-cast combined turnover of £125m for the current year and sales of nearly 6,500 new and 3,300 used cars.

Mr Richard Martin, chief executive, says Mann Egerton expects to plunge into further rounds of continental acquisi-

tions.

These are likely to lead not only to further expansion by Mann Egerton in northern Europe, but eventually to a presence for the group in Italy, Spain and Portugal.

In three years, suggests Mr Martin, European activities could be accounting for a half, or even more, of total Mann Egerton profits.

The precise contribution made by Mann Egerton to Incheape profits is not dis-closed in the group's accounts. However, it is understood to be a substantial contributor to the motors division profits, which



Richard Martin: sees huge potential in Europe

in the first half of 1989 jumped by 31 per cent to account for £57.8m of Inchcape's £86.8m pre-tax profits.
When UK activities are

included, Mann Egerton represents 21 vehicle makers, has 70 dealer outlets, employs more than 3,000 and has a turnover exceeding £500m. It represents BMW through five outlets in West Germany, has Jaguar, Rolls-Royce, Range Rover and Volkswagen/Audi dealerships in France, and Jaguar and Toyota outlets in Luxembourg.

There is a deliberate concentration on up-market franchises, where profit margins on service as well as sales are substantially higher than the volume cars sector.

Behind the moves is a growing conviction within Inchcape that car retailing in much of Europe is a relatively undeveloped sector comprising mainly small, usually family-owned

As such, senior Inchcape figures like Mr Derek Whittaker. director of the group's motor activities, believe it is ripe for exploitation by large, publicly-owned and professionally-managed UK motor trading groups for which there are no direct counterparts in Europe.

In France, in particular, the prevalence of "mama's and papa's" dealerships — the motor trade's jargon for family businesses – is self-evident. Even "prestige" makes such as Mercedes and BMW are often represented by inadequate, even shabby, street corner

So both Mr Martin and Mr

John Haines, managing director of Mann Egerton's operations in Europe, see huge potential for acquisitions and expansion before even starting to come up against the limits

to growth they are already experiencing in the UK. In Europe, "really, we could go on expanding, moving on from country to country, for as far into the future as anyone sensible would look," accord-

ing to Mr Martin. France was chosen as the initial venture because, "with-out wishing to be at all arro-gant, the level of sophistication in car retailing is so much less than in the UK and we could transfer readily into the French market," says Mr

"It's not that the French haven't wanted to invest in retail trade - but they simply don't seem to have found much

Haines.

profitability in it."

This is partly accounted for by traditionally high VAT levels on cars — reduced last October — low service levels and, say Mann Egerton officials low carries expectations cials, low service expectations which have kept service

charges themselves low. However, one of the biggest European commercial opportunities seen by Mann Egerton relates to used car markets.

n the UK a dealer pays VAT only on the profit element of a used car transaction, yet dealers in most of Europe have been obliged to pay VAT on the full sale price of any used car they sell. From July 1, however, the

entire EC is to adopt the Brit-ish system of VAT on used cars. This will open up a significant profit centre for the motor trade in which the British have long been acclaimed as particularly expert, not least because of the broad spread of makes and models sold in the UK, which is greater in variety than almost any other European market

The surprising element is that, so far at least, only Mann Egerton and Tozer Kemsley and Millbourn, New Zealand entrepreneur Sir Ron Brierley's UK vehicles and property group, have begun seriously to test the waters of European car

the group saw an increase of 11.3 per cent to FM147.6bn. Europe's largest shipbuilding companies that filed for bankwhich rose to 16 per cent last autumn to discourage lending



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Efibanca - Ente Finanziario

Luxembourg S.A.

Interbancario S.p.A.

LTCB (Europe)

Swiss Bank Corporation

Union Bank of Switzerland

Cassa di Risparmio di Torino

Managers

Republic New York Capital Markets S.A.

Ageni Banco di Roma

December 1989

Shearson Lehman Hutton Notice to holders of Warrants Holdings Inc.

Cosmo Securities Co., Ltd.

U.S. \$50,000,000 1%% Guaranteed Notes Due 1992 with Warrants

Pursuant to Clauses 3 and 4 of the Instrument (the "instrument")

dated 14th July. 1987 relating to the above-mentioned Warrants (the "Warrants"), the following notice shall be given. Cosmo Securities Co., Ltd. (the "Company") will make a public offering in Japan of convertible bonds due 1999, convertible bonds

due 1998, convertible bonds due 1997 and convertible bonds due 1996 of the Company (date of issue: 9th February, 1990 (Japan time)) at the conversion price of 1,943 Japanese yen per share which is less than the current market price per share of 2,052 Japanese yen calculated as provided in the instrument. As a result of such public offering, the Subscription Price of the

Warrants has been adjusted, pursuant to Clause 3 of the Instrument, from 2,251.40 Japanese yen to 2,238.70 Japanese yen effective as of 9th February, 1990 (Japan time).

Cosmo Securities Co., Ltd. Dated: 9th February, 1990

FIGHTER LIMITED U.S.\$80,000,000 atino Rate Notes due 191 Rete 8,6775% p.e. Interest February 9, 1990 to August 5, February 9, 1990, London By Chibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Be

U.S. \$500,000,000

Floating Rate Notes Due 1991

For the three months 9th February, 1990 to 9th May, 1990 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 87/16 per cent. per annum and interest payable on the relevant interest payment date 9th May, 1990 will amount to U.S. \$208.59 per U.S. \$10,000 Note.

By Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, London Agent Bank

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high profile motor car? Check the selection in the EVERY SATURDAY

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Canberra remains firm on EIB may ASC despite court ruling

By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

AUSTRALIA'S Federal Government yesterday rejected suggestions that a High Court judgment had dashed its plans for a single, national regula-tory regime for the country's companies and securities mar-

In an important constitutional case involving federal/ state relations, the country's highest court ruled in favour of New South Wales, South Anstralia and Western Australia. and against the Canberra Gov-

The three states had chal-The three states had challenged federal legislation setting up the new Australian Securities Commission (ASC) as a new corporate watchdog. The ASC is scheduled to replace the existing National Companies and Securities Commission (NCSC) and state-level Corporate Affairs Comlevel Corporate Affairs Com-

missions on July 1.
Under particular scrutiny
was Section 51 of the constitution, which empowers the Federal Government to make laws with respect to "trading or financial corporations formed within the limits of the Com-

monwealth [of Australia]."

Hong Kong selects

14 market makers

The Hong Kong Government has chosen 14 financial institu-

They include Bank of America NT & SA, Bank of China, Bank of East Asia, BOT Inter-

ing, IBJ Asia, Jardine Fleming,

Manufacturers Hanover Asia, Nomura International (Hong

Kong), Paribas Asia (1986),

Schroders Asia and Standard

Chartered Bank.

The High Court had to decide whether this included the power to control the incorporation of companies in Australia. By a six-to-one majority it ruled that Canberra did not have this power, and that the states did.

In response, Mr Lionel Bowen, the Attorney General, said he would now urge the three challenging states to join with Victoria and Queensland in agreeing to refer their pow-ers to the Federal Government.

Reaffirming the Govern-ment's commitment to a national companies and securi-ties scheme, he said the deci-sion did not alter the fact that companies and securities legis-lation in Australia was in dire need of urgent reform.

"The inadequacies of the current co-operative scheme have never been more apparent or demanding of urgent governmental responses than in the present climate of corporate breakdowns and consequent losses of confidence in business and financial markets," Mr Bowen said. The Sydney-based ASC also

Debt warning on Australia

STRICT ADHERENCE to new guidelines from the Bank of England on third world debt tions as market makers for the Exchange Fund Bills it will soon introduce, AP-DI reports. would mean UK commercial banks having to set aside pro-visions on their loans to Aus-tralia, according to a report from IBCA Banking Analysis, the UK credit-rating specialist, national (HK), Citibank NA Hong Kong, Hang Seng Bank, Hongkong and Shanghai Bankwrites Stephen Fidler.

The new guidelines, known as the "matrix," require provisions for the first time against some countries whose economic indicators show a high debt and debt-servicing bur-den, even when there has been

appeared to take the finding in now perpetuated," he said.

no default. According to IBCA, Australia's score would be enough to trigger provisions. IBCA said: "After the indig-nation shown by the Austra-lian authorities at their reduc-

But the business sector, notably the Business Council

failed to persuade key states to refer their power, had gone ahead with legislation and lost

the challenge to it, and might now lack the goodwill to press home a second attempt at per-suasion ahead of a looming general election.

According to one lawyer,

yesterday's developments meant there was no guarantee of a clear handover from the

NCSC to the ASC on July 1, and would have an impact on

the continuity of regulation and various inquiries under way. "All uncertainties are

tion in rating by the major US rating agencies...we are confident that, in this area at ast, the Bank of England will be lenient in the interpretation of the rules."

According to IBCA, other countries now facing provisions include Hungary (8 per cent), Algeria (8 per cent) and India (about 11 per cent).

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

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1	ernational bo	•	here is a	m adequate secondary marke		iosing p	orices on Febr	uary 8
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stop lending to eastern Europe its stride. The private view

there was that it represented a hiccough which affected com- in Brussels

panies being formed but not the Federal Government's EUROPEAN Investment Bank power to regulate the 810,000 in existence already.

But the business sector, notably the Business Council might cease once the new

notably the Business Council of Australia, which represents chief executives of the country's principal corporations, expressed disappointment at the finding. And some corporate lawyers were critical of Mr.

In the Business Council in the trease of the t expressed disappointment at the finding. And some corporate lawyers were critical of Mr Bowen. They pointed out that the Federal Government had failed to persuade key states to refer their power, had gone ahead with legislation and lost

He was announcing the bank's results for 1989, which showed a 20 per cent rise in lending to Ecu12.25bn. For the first time the EIB – which has always been the dominant ssuer in the Ecu bond market - raised more money in Ecus than in any other currency, with such issues making up 20 per cent of the total Ecu9bn borrowed last year.

Mr Broder said the KIB was currently evaluating projects in Hungary and Poland. Last year it was authorised to lend Ecu1bn over a three-year period to these countries. Ini-tially the money would be lent to transportation projects in Poland and to telecommunica-tions developments in Hun-gary he said, but the EIB was also examining projects in other sectors that would help to build the countries' econo

He argued that eastern European lending should not be confined to private enterprises. "You can't limit bank lending to the private sector," he said. "There is a vital need for infrastructure investments in these countries."

All but Ecu612m of the

RIB's lending last year was within the Community, mostly to long-term projects in areas receiving regional aid. The growth in lending was largely a result of preparations acros the Community for the single market, the bank said.

£ _

There was a large increase in money lent for transport and telecommunications, which received Ecu2.7bn, and to projects for protecting the environment. Small and medi-um-sized companies also received a greater share of RIB lending, with loans granted to in depressed parts of the Community.

IBM puts UK pension plan into custody

By Stephen Fidler, **Euromarket Correspondent**

NORTHERN TRUST, the Chicago-based bank with assets of more than \$10.5bn, said yesterday that IBM UK had appointed it as master custodian for its £1.1bn pension plan.

The move by IBM to hire a master custodian, responsible for the safekeeping of assets, trade processing and settlement, accounting and custom-ised reporting reflects the spreading of US practices into the UK pension fund market. The decision follows similar moves by companies such as Ford UK and Rolls-Royce, as

the administration of company pension funds becomes more difficult to co-ordinate and an increasing number of fund managers are used by each fund. IBM's fund uses 18 man-

agers.

Mr Jeffrey Ruzicka, senior vice-president in charge of international services for the Northern Trust, called the move, which takes effect on July 1, "a significant advance in the continuing development of the custody market in the United Kingdom."

The US banks that lead this market are pushing for its

market are pushing for its development in the UK, which has the second largest pool of employee benefit funds in the world, after the US.

Madrid considers equity options By Deborah Hargreaves

THE Madrid Stock Exchange is considering the introduction of a screen-based equity options market following a study by Arthur Andersen, the UK tax and accounting firm, that found favonrable conditions for a derivatives market in Spain.

in Spain.

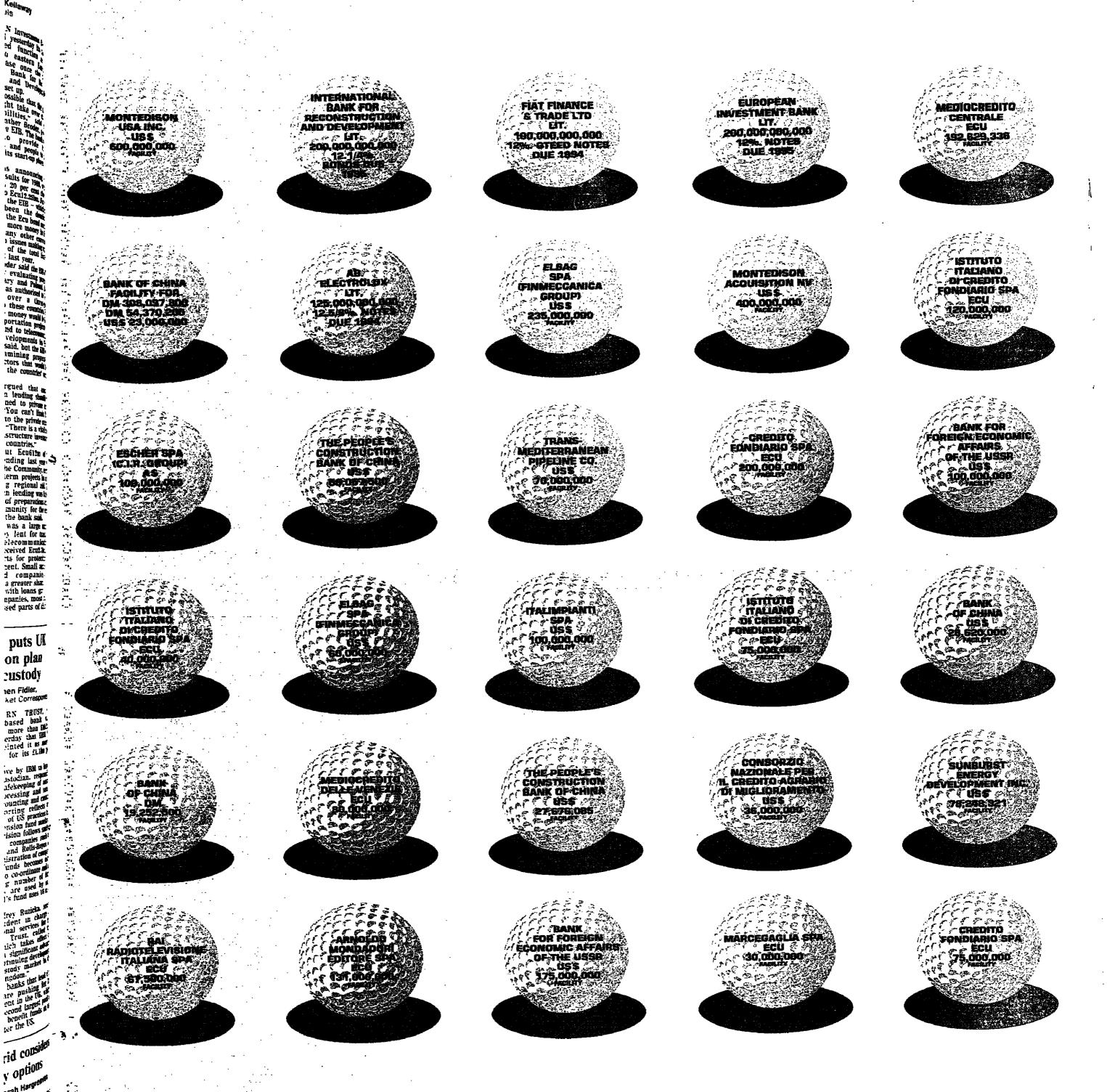
The study found Spain had sufficient equities that were eligible to have an option traded on them and that there were few obstacles to setting

up an options exchange.

Madrid is keen to counter competition from two other nascent derivatives exchanges in Spain. Sweden's expansive exchange, OM, recently started up a Spanish venture in conjunction with local partners and Rosselond is planning to and Barcelona is planning to set up an exchange to trade

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY FEBRUARY 9 1990

IN 1989 WE SCORED A NUMBER OF HOLES IN ONE



EXPERT AND EFFECTIVE ADVICE IN INTERNATIONAL SYNDICATED LOANS - EUROBOND OFFER-INGS - TRADE AND ACQUISITION FINANCE - CORPORATE FINANCE - INNOVATIVE FINANCE - CURRENCY OPTIONS - DERIVATIVE PRODUCTS CURRENCY AND INTEREST RATE SWAPS - CURRENCY OPTIONS - DERIVATIVE PRODUCTS

German bonds continue to plunge

By Martin Dickson in London and Janet Bush in New York

WEST GERMAN government bonds plunged yesterday for the fourth day running on fears that monetary union with East Germany would mean

GOVERNMENT BONDS

higher interest rates and infla-

The dive was led by dealing on the London International Financial Futures Exchange, where one Bund trader said there had been "possibly the most volatile intra-day trading

In a day of wild rumours, the Bundesbank denied as "with-out any foundation" a suggestion that it had asked for Bund trading on Liffe to be suspended. The March contract there closed at 84.69, compared to 85.18 the night before, a high

of 84.95 and a low of 83.85. In the cash market, the Federal Government's 714 per cent January 2000 bond was fixed 1.15 marks lower at 93.40. Its yield rose to 8.24 per cent from 8.06 per cent on Wednesday. Ten-year bonds are now at their highest yield for at least

		Coupon	Red Date	Price	Change	Yield	Wesk ago	Monti ago
UK GILTS		10.000 10.500 9.000	4/93 5/99 10/08	94-07 95-13 88-24	+7/32 +16/32 +22/32	12.22 11.36 10.37	12.11 11.20 10.29	11.84 10.79 9.95
US TREAS	URY *	7.875 8.125	11/99 8/19	96-01 95-30	+ 13/32 + 16/32	8.48 8.50	8.44 8.48	8.00 8.09
JAPAN	No 119 No 2	4,800 5.700	6/99 3/07	88.8861 94.7463	-0.434 -0.234	6.74 6.34	6.57 6.30	6.14 6.00
GERMANY		7.125	12/99	92.3000	-0,900	8.30	7.88	7.49
FRANCE	BTAN	8.000 8.125	10/94 5/99	90.8820 89.2200	+0.104 +0.150	10.54 9.84	10.35 9.68	10.22 9.57
CANADA -		9.250	12/99	94.7250	+0.425	10.11	9.99	9,82
NETHERLA	NDS	7,500	11/99	92.0500	-0.990	8.74	8.30	8.12
AUSTRALIA	Α	12.000	7/99	95.2206	-0.784	12.88	12.79	12.89

The market gained some stability in the afternoon and the benchmark bond was quoted in late trading some 5 pfennigs lower than the fixing level. Dealers attributed this to short covering and some investor interest at the shorter end, but said the market was very illiq-

■ AFTER two successful auctions in the quarterly refunding, US Treasury bond prices have finally started lifting, leaving yields modestly less attractive for yesterday's final 30-year bond sale. At midsession, short-dated

Technical Date/ATLAS Price Sour

maturities were up around % point and the Treasury's benchmark long bond was quoted it point higher to yield 8.496 per cent. This compares with the recent peak of 8.61 per

Bond prices had started the session slightly lower on lingering concerns about the long bond auction, but then turned

round. Having talked about nothing but this week's auc-tion, the market's focus is now likely to shift. The first priority will be today's release of January's Producer Prices Index, with the general forecast being a rise of 1.2 per cent, 0.6 per cent taking out food and

The bond market is also likely to start analysing the implications of developments in Europe, notably the West German decision to support immediate talks with East Ger many on currency union. There are also expectations on Wall Street that Japanese interest rates will move higher.

■ IN LONDON, gilts had a yo-yo session, falling sharply during the morning in sympathy with West Germany but then managing a partial decoupling in the afternoon, helped by a firmer early tone on Wall Street.

One analyst said that, despite the UK's economic problems, Britain suddenly looked a "haven of stability."

The benchmark Treasury 11% per cent due 2003/07 closed around 105%, up 11, to yield 10.94 per cent, below the 11 per cent barrier again.

British Gas launches debut Swiss issue

By Deborah Hargreaves

BRITISH Gas made its first issue in Switzerland yesterday, when Banque Paribas brought a placement for British Gas International Finance of SFr100m worth of bonds carry-

INTERNATIONAL **BONDS**

ing a 7½ per cent coupon to the market.
The deal was received well by a range of institutional buyeven though the market

considered the issue price a lit-The deal was trading around its fees at a level of less 11/2 late yesterday.

The Swiss market opened in a nervous mood yesterday, with some of the recent bond issues being hurt by the plethora of new issues that have hit the market this week. Some co-managers in the bond groups have been criticised for

NE	W INTE	RNATIO	NAL	BOND	ISSU	
Borrower YEN	Amount m.	Compan %	Price	Maturity	Fees	Book runner
SSC Financs (Cayman is.)(a)♦ C. Itoh Financs(a)♦ Christiania Bank(a)♦ Postipankki(d)♦	20bn 10bn 7bn 1 ¹ 2 bn	7 714 715 914	101 % 101 % 101 % 100 %	1995 1993 1999 1991	13/14 13/3 13/3 8/12	Swiss Bank Corp. Nomura Int. Nomura Int. Nippon Credit Int.
SWISS FRANCS British Gas Int.Fin.(a)***	100	712	101 ¹ 8	1995	15	Banque Paribas (Suisse)
D-MARKS Kredletbank Int.Finance(c) •	80	10 ¹ 5	10112	1992	14/4	Bankverein Bremen
US DOLLARS Shikibo Ltd.(b)♦◆	100	214	100	1984	24/15	Nomura Int.

offloading paper into a volatile market in a bid to absorb the

new deals. A recent issue by the Republic of Austria was trading at less 2% bid in the afternoon, after starting the day at less 3. However, these levels attracted some buying interest as they offered a yield to the 10-year Later in the day, some edginess from the sell-off in the German market spilled over into Switzerland. The EuroD-Mark market fell between 25 and 75 pfennigs early in the day, but later stabilised for technical reasons.

The Eurolira market continued to show strength, with Exxon's recent issue trading within its fees at a level of less 1.39-1.35. The World Bank's recent deal was at a level of less 1.70 bid. In the UK, Swiss Bank Corp launched a Y20bn deal for its

Cayman islands subsidiary, SBC Finance, which carried a 7 per cent coupon. The deal was sold partly to Japanese investors and partly to European institutions, and was trading at 100 bid and 100% offered late

Richard Waters and Lucy Kellaway on EC plans for capital adequacy

Strong UK lobby fights Brussels' draft rules

WITH AN eye on New York, Tokyo and Zurich, the UK is concerned that the attractions of London (and, it claims, other EC centres) for securities business will fade if capital rules are set at too high a

Its four main objections to the EC proposals, which as yet appear only in a draft of a draft directive, are:

Not enough credit is given to firms which hedge or diver-

sify their portfolios. These risk-reduction measures should be taken into account - otherwise there is no encouragement for firms to adopt prudent risk-manage-

ment policies.

The 4 per cent of all unsettled bargains that would have to be put up to guard against settlement risk is too high. This would multiply British firms' capital requirement in this area by up to 25

• The definition of capital does not recognise that nonbank securities firms make extensive use of short-term loans to support their hort-term position

• The initial capital required of a firm that holds clients' money, at Ecu500,000, is set too high and will act as a barrier to entry. Compare this with the UK minimum – the greater of £10,000 or three-Firms which do not hold cli-

ent money have to put up at least Ecu50,000. The large number of independent intermediaries in the UK would be "grandfathered," meaning they would not need to meet the requirement - but it would be next to impossible

for anyone to set up a small business in future. A strong British lobby has been mobilised to fight the proposals, starting with the Securities Association and spreading to the Bank of England and Department of

Trade and Industry.

Recent statements on the subject have been muted, though, reflecting a fear that the campaign may make the German position still more

Europe's investors seek a Cad with sense of fair play

he game is called Cad (Capital Adequacy Directive).

The aim is to provide European investment firms with capital requirements that will protect the consumer and guard against systemic risk in the financial system, yet at the same time maintain competitiveness with firms in the rest of the world and not give firms in some EC states unfair advantages over those in oth-

It is not easy, as the European Commission has discovered. Over the past eighteen months it has had four goes at preparing a draft, each time pleasing some firms only to enrage others.

The commission is trying to make a level playing field, but has discovered that the angle looks different depending on where one is standing. At one end are the independent British securities companies, used to a flexible system of regula-tion, and at the other the securities departments of the West German universal banks, which are covered by strict

Put bluntly, if the sort of capital adequacy rules demanded by the Germans were to be adopted, half of the British investment industry fears it would be put out of

if the rules wanted by the British were to win through, the German securities industry could face some fierce competition on its own soil. The position of both sides

seem pretty intransigent. Neither camp likes the cur-rent EC draft, though it is the UK which has made the loudest noise and seems likely to win the greatest concessions. German opposition was expressed in a recent memo

sent by the German Finance Ministry to the Banking Advisory Committee, which insisted that no distinctions whatsoever should be made between regulations governing banks and those governing investment firms.
"We think that any limita-

tion to equal treatment is quite unacceptable," it said. "If banks were to be disadvantaged vis-a-vis investment firms, this would throw the



UK opposition to the proposals is spearheaded by the Department of Trade and Industry, with support from the Securities Association and the Bank of England, headed by its governor Sir Robin Leigh-Pemberton (above)

switch to changes in the banking structure which are not acceptable."

This throws doubt on the whole principle of the direc-tive, which is based on the notion that different sorts of capital requirements are needed for banks and for investment institutions cause the nature of the business and the risks are differ-

The solvency directive, a vital part of the EC banking legislation finally passed by member states in December, took account only of credit risk. It established a minimum level of capital of Ecu5m, and adopted a notion of "own funds" based on existing Basle definitions.

Badequacy directive contains a quite different method of establishing solvency, taking account of a wide variety of different risks, including position risk, settle-ment risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and so on.
The minimum level of capital is set much lower, and what counts as capital is more

broadly defined, to include debt of much shorter maturi-

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

y contrast, the capital

German objections that the most recent draft of the directive was changed. The amendments

regarded as bluntly unacceptable in the UK, which says that business will flee from Europe

So be it, seems to be the German response: "We would consider it a matter for some concern if the European Community were to be satis-fied right from the outset with inferior securities protec-tion provisions and were thus to promote competition in lax-

This head-on collision has been brewing since at least last

An attempt then by the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (Iosco) to reach agreement on its own capital adequacy proposals was thwarted by German opposi-

losco is only a pale reflection of the banking industry's Basie

Until a stronger agency emerges, the chances of a world-wide capital adequacy system for the securities business are slight, making it difficult for the EC to develop its regional set of rules. Meanwhile, the Commission

has between now and Easter to come up with a final draft to be presented to member states. Frustrated by the fact that the exercise (which at this stage is usually conducted behind the closed doors) has been conducted in the angry public glare, it is trying to take its final move privately.

However, it appears to be taking the views of the UK seriously, and the final draft is certain to represent some move in their direction.

One possibility – which has been tentatively suggested by some German negotiators would be to make a distinction between securities held for trading and those for invest-ment, although this approach has been rejected in the UK in the past for being too difficult to implement.

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In any event, it is only when the final draft is published that it will be passed to member states for the real discussion to begin. It is bound to be lively.

LONDON MARKET STATISTICS

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES											
Compiled by the Financial Times Limited in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries											
EQUITY GROUPS			ay Feb				Wed Feb 7	Toe Feb 6	Mon Feb 5	Year ago (approx	
& SUB-SECTIONS		\Box	Est.	Gross	Est	Ī					
Figures In parentheses show number stocks per section	No.	Day's Change %	Earnings Yield% (Max.)	Div, Yield% (Act at (25%)	P/E Ratio (Net)	xd adj. 1990 to date	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	
1 CAPITAL GOODS (202)	889.91	+9.6	12.78	4.79	9.53	1.34	884.84	888.84	895.87	923.57	
2 Building Materials (27)	1097.15	+0.7	14.35	5.15	8.69	0.36		1088.38	1101.79		
3 Contracting, Construction (36) 4 Electricals (10) 5 Electronics (30) 6 Engineering-Aerospace (8)	1508.31	+0.1	16.45	5.23	7.96						
4) Electricals (10)	2551.11	+8.3	10.55	4.88	11.92						
- Engineering Assesses (2)	1934.01	+1.5	9.38	3.73	13.91		1995.30				
7 Engineering-General (44)	470.07	+6.1	13.53 11.82	4.94 4.97	9.08 10.19	0.84 9.34	447.02 474.32	449.61 475.84	452.96 476.49	6.81 6.5	
8 Metals and Metal Forming (6)	474.38	+0.7	24.86	6.34	4.54	0.08	471.12	472.88	472.46		
9 Motors (16)	369.99	-0.2	14.33	5.70	8.18	0.00	370.62	378.66	375.29		
10 Other Industrial Materials (25)	1604.76	+8.5	16.51	4.50	11.04	3.60					
21 CONSUMER GROUP (177)	1269.93	+0.7	8.90	3.75	14.63	210	1260.59	1264.56	1278.87		
22 Brewers and Distillers (22)	1483.35	+0.5	9.42	3.55	13.10	6.54	1475.30	1477.95	1497.67	1292.1	
25 Food Manufacturing (19) 26 Food Retalling (16)	1115.20	+0.7	9.60	3.96	12.96	1.70		1113 <i>2</i> 7	1130.01		
26] Food Retalling (16)	2299.40	+1.0	8.82	3.30	14.78	3.63		2282.74			
27 Health and Household (13)	2468.48	+1.1	6.34	2.65	18.78	0.29		2465.06			
29 Leisure (33)	1604.50	+0.5	8.41	3.69	14.64	0.54		1601.87	1625.36		
31 Packaging & Paper (13)	7527.00	+0.I	12.09	5.33	16.45	0.90	580.92	582.19	502.27	683.8	
34 Stores (31)	20.00	+0.8 +0.6	9.86 11.03	4.95 4.76	14.09 11.79	28.50 0.25	3544.19 785.59	3543.86 781.87	3576.15 789.83	3865.14 894.7	
35 Textiles (13)	511.51	+0.8	11.30	5.86	10.73	0.80	507.61	511.20	514.45	522.7	
35 Textiles (13)	1186.94	+1.3	10.77	4.69	11.13	0.38	1171.45		1187.56		
41 Agencies (17)	1593.67	+1.6	6.58	2.10	18.71	0.05			1547.97		
42 Chemicals (22) 43 Conglomerates (13)	1213.17	+1.3	12.50	5.31	9.43	0.27	1197.26	1199.71	1265.74		
43 Conglomerates (13),	1633.60	+1.1	11.00	6.08	19.68	9.08	1615.75	1628.98	1637.74		
44 Transport (13)	12271_57	+0.5	20.65	4.29	11.96	2.88	2259.29	2275.31	2301.80		
46 Telephone Networks(2)]1254.59	+2.4	10.12	4.08	12.85	0.00		1236.31	1255.53		
47 Water(10)	2897.58	+0.1	17.36	6.75	6.38	0.80		2618.88	2025.30	0.6	
48 Miscellaneous (27)	11900-14	+0.8	9.41	4.35	11.98	0.91		1868.49	1896.64		
49 INDUSTRIAL GROUP (483)		+0.9	10.44	4.30	12.72	1.37	1153.25		1169.12		
51 0il & Gas (17)		+1.2	8.84	4.68	14.95	6.21	2409.81	2427.17			
59 500 SHARE INDEX (500)		+0.9	10.21	4.36	12.09	1.75	1257.52	1262.93	1274.99	1175.2	
61 FINANCIAL GROUP (114)		+0.5	-	5.09		0.35	831.68	840.38	852.65	767.9	
52 Banks (9)	889.38	+0.7	19.26	5.64	6.82	0.00	883.26	891.43	999.49	774.33	
55 Insurance (Life) (7)	1389.21	-0.8	-	4.78	-	0.00	1400.26	1414.14	1429.37		
66 Insurance (Composite) (7) 67 Insurance (Brokers) (6)	697.88	+1.1		5.42		8.60	690.14	703.73	714.95	668.17	
57 Insurance (Brokers) (6)	[1122.37]	+0.6	6.58	5.62	20.22	9.80	1116.66	1124.81	1139.73		
58 Merchant Banks (8)	7140 04	+0.4 +0.7	7.81	3.54 3.71	16.20	0.80 6.94	500.23 1160.62	493.43 1174.55	493.25 1189.61	352.4	
70 Other Financial (28)	331,28	+0.7	12.81	6.38	10.20	1.44	330.77	332.65	334.12		
71 Investment Trusts (68)	1226 27	+0.4		2.98	-	0.45	1221.49	1229.89	1237.19		
91 Overseas Traders (5)	2434,32	+0.4	18.60	6.37	11.10	38.79	1426.30	1434.69	1453.42		
9 ALL-SHARE INDEX (687)		+0.8		4.44		1.55	1154.55	1160.69	1172.59		
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PRI IND	CE ICES	Thu Feb 8	Day's change %	Wed Feb 7	xd adj. today	xd adj. 1990 to date		British Government Low 5 years Coopens 15 years	10.72 10.32 10.20	10.79 10.43 10.31	8.88 8.77 8.74
Brit	ish Government						4	25 years Medium 5 years	11.80	11.90	9.98
	to 5 years		+0.17	115.16	-	1.39	5		10.72 10.33	10.83 10.44	9.2 8.8
	5 years	-	+0.57	123.95	-	1.38	. 7	25 years	11.95	12.01	10.1
- 1 -	r 15 years		+0.93	132.25	-	0.33		Caupons 15 years	18.92	11.03	9.4
4 Irre	deemables	151.05	+0.89	149.71	-	0.00	.9	25 years	16.47 10.24	10.58 10.33	9.0 8.7
5 AII :	stocks	124.12	+0.47	123.53		1.28	10		10.24	29.33	0.7
6 Upi		140.85 136.89		140.60 136.52	1 1	0.00 0.64	12	Index-Linked Inflation rate 5% Up to 5yrs. Inflation rate 5% Over 5 yrs. Inflation rate 10% Up to 5 yrs.	4.28 3.82 3.39	4.33 3.84 3.44	3.5 3.5 2.6
8 All :	stocks	137.07	+0.27	136.71	- 1	0.59	_	Inflation rate 10% Over 5 yrs	3.66	3.67	3.3 11.6
9 Debe	ntures & Leans	101.79	+0.21	101.58		0.35		Reirs & 5 years Leans 15 years 25 years	13.36 12.81 12.80	13.38 12.84 12.83	11.2 10.8
) Prei	ference	81.33	-0.63	81.85	- 1	0.16	10	Preference	11.41	11.34	10.6

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Part	was thinket dear sears of calure that his boosted underly scrively blue of cals. Tota amount with 32 terday between puts. Once relucta	iG on the options market in yesterday as stock maraling remained subdued. was once again the main of the day as speculation unson might take a stake it turnover and pushed the riraded stocks were the hip industrial and electrical market turnover led to 28,252, compared 15,980 calls and 10,272 again investors were int to trade actively, in the stock market's rally	helped sentiment. The London market continued to be driven by movements on Walf Street but was worried by the prospect of a rise in West German interest rates; until it becomes clear which will dominate sentiment, investors remain cautious. However, one positive sign for the options market has been the increase in open interest, reflecting a willingness by some investors to commit themselves Sears was the busiest option, outpacing even the FT-SE 100 index option. An agency broker was said to have sold several thousand contracts, including the June 110 calls and June 110 puts. This deal, called a strangle, was	share price would not be volatile. Indeed, the option traded more contracts than the underlying equity, which dipped I to 103p on 1.5m turnover. Total turnover in Sears amounted to 4,754 lotal, equivalent to 4.7m shares. Cit these 1,931 were calls and 2,763 puts. The June 110 call series was the busiest, trading 1,718 contracts. Of the other stock options, there was an active two-way market in BT after its better that expected latest quarterly results. A total of 1,539 traded, divided between 1,204 calls and 335 puts. A seller of 700 May 300 calls at 22p was reported.				
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UK COMPANY NEWS

Gases lift **BOC** to £81.5m in first quarter

-By Andrew Bolger

BOC, the industrial gases and health care group, reported a
-6.5 per cent increase to £81.5m in pre-tax profits for the three months to December 31. Turnover rose 16 per cent to £696m and earnings expanded from 10.39p to 11.31p. The shares closed 17p higher at 543p.

Mr Richards Giordano, chairman and chief executive,

BOC

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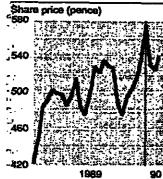
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said: "This result is in line with our expectations for the quarter, and consistent for our plans for the year as a whole. Our gases business had a strong first quarter. The health care business showed modest profit growth, and we are confident that profits will improve further over the rest of the year."

Mr Giordano said the vachum technology and distribu-tion services businesses had tion services businesses had made a good start to the year, although their overall result had been affected by the tim-ing of shipments of glass coat-ing machines from Airco Coat-ing Technology in California. The industrial gases results were boosted by sales of gas plants in Europe, but growth was particularly strong in the north Pacific.

WB Industries

WB Industries, Midlands-based maker of springs and presses said its shares were suspended at 26p on Wednesday pending sitions, which it hoped to

Lengthy negotiations end in France's largest leveraged buy-out

Nu-Swift sells Sicli stake for £184m

NU-SWIFT, the fire extinguisher and office furniture group, is to sell its 88.3 per cent stake in Sicil, the French fire protection and detection group, for FFr1,768m (£184m)

The deal forms part of one of France's largest leveraged buy-outs and values the whole of Sieli at FFr2.003m. The buyers are a group of investors arranged by Rothschild et Cie and Drexel Burn-

ham Lambert who have been in discussions with Nu-Swift since last November.

the foundering of a leveraged buy-out proposal from Wasser stein Perella, Bankers Trust and LBO France, which valued Sich at £214m.

It is estimated that Nu-Swift will receive about £143m after tax from the disposal, which it proposes to invest in similar businesses in the service sec-

The deal is conditional on Sicli making pre-tax profits of FFr288m in 1989. In 1988 Sicli made pre-tax profits of FFr240m on turnover of FFr1,366m, which accounted for just under three quarters of Nu-Swift's profits.
Sicli will continue to supply Nu-Swift with its fire protec-

tion products.

Provided Nu-Swift's share-holders accept the sale of the Sicil stake, the investor group will offer FF1523 per share for all the remaining shares in Sicil and FFr480 per share for the outstanding shares in General Incendie, a 90 per cent-owned subsidiary of Sicii.

The buyers negotiated a call option with Nu-Swift last November to Sicil's shares at FFr567 apiece, but this option Yesterday's offer values each Sicii share at FFr523.

Nu-Swift's remaining interests are in Nu-Swift International, which sells and maintains fire equipment in the UK and the rest of Europe, and in HPC, a US building maintenance company. Nu-Swift is 58 per cent

owned by its French chairman, Mr Jacques Murray, while ADT, the services group headed by Mr Michael Ashcroft controls a further 20 per cent. Nu-Swift's shares rose sharply on the announcement gaining 25p to close at 498p.

LIT shares fall 24% after loss warning

By Deborah Hargreaves

LIT HOLDINGS yesterday announced that it would incur At the same time the trans-atlantic futures clearing and corporate finance group revealed that its bank borrow-ings totalled more than 235m a level of indebtedness

which surprised even close observers of the group. The shares, which have lost more than two thirds of their value in the past several

months, fell 8p to 25p.

In response LIT said it would consider spinning off its US operations which have provided more than balf of the

group's overall profits in the recent past. It also said it would pass the payment of its preferred dividend due in March. Profits were dented last

October when three traders in Chicago made a loss of some especies of the full year.

Although the US division has seen a downturn in trading

in some of its key contracts, it will show a small profit for the year. But this will not be enough to offset poor performances by some of the UK The root of LIT's problems has been its rapid growth by acquisition over the past two years. This has left it with a level of indebtedness that far outweighs the value of its assets. In fact, the group is seeking to amend its articles of

its net tangible assets.
With more than £35m in bank debt to pay – after the sale of its stake in the Levitt Group, a personal finance firm - and assets of less than £11m, LIT has been forced to give its

association which currently limit borrowings to three times

over its major assets. Furthermore the company also has to face possible additional performance-linked payments of £12m on its acquisitions.

As part of an effort to pay off

some of its bank debt, LIT has liquidated Jersey General Investment Trust which it bought in 1988 for £60m. The group is also considering the sale of a host of smaller as The company will hold an extraordinary general meeting

on February 28 for sharehold ers to approve the sale of the Levitt stake and amend the company's borrowing powers. See Lex

SeaCon launches tender offer at \$70

By Andrew Hill

SEA CONTAINERS yesterday began the final episode in the long-running saga about the future of the group, by announ-cing a new \$70per share tender offer for roughly half its own

The offer is in line with predictions by Mr James Sher-wood, Sea Containers' presi-dent, at the height of the mne-month-old hostile bid for the ferry and container group by Stena, a private Swedish shipping group, and the UK container rental company Tipbook.

Since the new year the two sides have agreed that the predators should buy certain Sea Containers assets for

The new recapitalisation is similar to the defensive plan Sea Containers unveiled at the end of October in an attempt to

tight off that bid. However under the new plan the pay-out will be scaled down if a large number of investors opt to accept the cash tender

Under the previous proposals, excess shares would have gone to new investors. Now, surplus cash raised from the sale of assets to Stena and Tiphook will be used to reduce Sea Containers' hefty borrow-

ings.
But Sea Containers expects that the combination of cash and shares retained in the continuing business will still be worth at least \$70 per common

The group forecast earnings for 1890 of \$10 per share, rising to \$12 in 1991.
"Shareholders are going to

own shares in a company which has got much lower gearing and therefore is a much more comfortable and secure investment than under the previous plan," explained Mr Sherwood yesterday.

The new plan must be approved at a shareholder meeting in Bermuda on March 15 and could take effect from April 6.

It will increase the holding of Sea Containers' subsidiaries and directors from 26 per cent to at least 40 per cent.

Colonnade puts forward scheme for break-up

By Andrew Bolger

COLONNADE Development Capital, a small investment company which is facing a hostile 163p per share cash bid, said yesterday that its pro-posed liquidation should provide 204p per ordinary share by the end of the year. Colonnade again rejected as

inadequate the £8.24m offer made last week by Stratagem Group.

Colonnade said it had decided that, after discussions with major institutional shareholders, the interests of shareholders would be best served by a liquidation.

Colonnade said it proposed to make a capital repayment to shareholders of 99p per share, the maximum available for capital distribution. This would be subject to the approval of shareholders and the courts and should be avai able around early April.

This cash payment would be followed by a liquidation and an expected payment to all shareholders of substantially all the remaining funds in the company before December 31. Last December Stratagem led shareholder opposition which blocked a plan by Colonnade to reorganise its manage-ment and purchase British & Commonwealth Holdings' development capital arm, Colonnade's investment manager.

onnade's investment manager.
Stratagem gained the support of institutions when it
objected to Colonnade's proposals and they were withdrawn.
At that time, Stratagem made
a conditional offer of 142p per share for Colonnade in order affect a liquidation.

Mr Bernard Kerrison, Stratagem chairman, said yesterday that the book value of the shareholdings on which Colon-nade had based its liquidation estimate was unrealistically high, because of the cross-holdings by other B&C funds.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of **Bank of Tokyo** (Curação) Holding N.V. U.S. \$100,000,000 12%% Guz Bonds Due 1992

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the 12%% Guaranteed Bonds Due 1992 (the "Bonds") of Bank of Tokyo (Curaçao) Holding N.V., a Netherlands Antilles corporation established in Curaçao (the "Company"), that pursuant to Conditions 5(b) of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds, the Company has elected to redeem, on March 14, 1990, all of its outstanding Bonds at the redemntion price of 100% of the the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest to such date of redemp-tion which will amount to \$15.43 for each Bond.

Payment of the redemption price and accrued interest to such date of redemp-tion will be made on or after March 14. tion will be made on or after March 14.
1990 upon presentation and surrender
of the Bonds to be redeemed, together
with all appurtenant coupons maturing
subsequent to March 14, 1990 at the
principal offices of any of the following
Paying Agents, namely, The Bank of
Tokyo Trust Company in New York
City, The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. in Brussels
and London, The Bank of Tokyo
(Lauxembourg) S.A. in Luxembourg and
Bank of Tokyo (Switzertand) Ltd. in
Zurich, except that payment of the
above-mentioned accrued interest will
be made only at the aforesaid office of
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BANK OF TOKYO (CURAÇÃO) HOLDING N.V. By: The Bank of Tokyo Trust Company as Fired Ages!

Dated: Pebruary 9, 1990

Falcon Resources' losses quantified

HEAVILY qualified accounts filed at Companies House show the extent of losses at Falcon Resources, the oil and gas company which has had its shares suspended since 1985. The accounts for 1985, 1986 and 1987 have not been sent to shareholders because of insufficient funds.

The auditors reveal that the company has been subject to an investigation by the Department of Trade and Industry under Section 447 of the Companies Act. In a statement in October 1988, Mr Francis Maude, former DTI Under-Secretary of State, appeared to rule out such an inquiry.

Meanwhile, an announcement in Stubbs Gazette shows

that Mr Ronnie Monk, Falcon's long time chairman, has filed for personal bankruptcy. Mr Monk brought the company to the stock market in 1984, and the high-flying group tempo-rarily attained a market capi-talisation of £79m.

But the accounts reveal that by end-1987, accumulated losses had wiped out shareholders' reserves. The company made pre-tax losses of £3.65m in 1985, £2.21m in 1986 and £904,000 in 1987. Even those deficits exclude losses by Falcon-Andrau Energy, the US partnership in which Falcon had a one-third share. Under a liquidation plan, which has yet to be completed, Falcon is to acquire certain of FAE's

Auditors Ernst & Young say that "we have not completed our audit in accordance with accounting standards and have not obtained all the information and explanations that we require". The accounts are prepared on a going concern basis, assuming that the com-pany will obtain sufficient finance to pay its debts, and that the FAE deal will be com-

The auditors add that "cur-rently there are no arrangements that will provide for the provision of the finance required. Thus the basis upon which the financial statements have been prepared is not appropriate."

Ernst & Young say that the company has not implemented Companies Act provisions requiring it to hold an Extraordinary General Meet-ing to deal with the serious loss of capital.

Further qualifications relate large, a company controlled by financier Mr Oliver Jessel, and litigation concerning the 1984

drilling programme.
Shareholders have several times had their hopes raised about a relisting. A January 1989 announcement involved a proposed £5m rights Issue but that has yet to be arranged. Falcon's current chairman is Mr Anthony Alderton.

Strong & Fisher in talks with banks and warns of loss

By Nikki Tait

STRONG & FISHER, one of the two remaining quoted compa-nies in Britain's much-depleted leather industry, yesterday warned that it would show a loss in the six months to end-December and said it had been obliged to renegotiate its extensive borrowings.

However, Strong added that the interim loss should show a marked improvement" on the £1.9m pre-tax deficit logged in the six months to end-June, and that "recent export orders support the board's confidence in the trading prospects of the

group."
Strong's shares, which have slumped from more than 250p in early-1989 to less than 80p recently, gained 7p to close at 85p yesterday.

The company said that the

catalyst for the renegotiating of its loan facilities was that the substantial portion of those were secured on a 27.4 per cent holding in rival leather com-pany, Pittard Garnar. Of the £37.3m debt at the end-June balance sheet date, £16m funded the Pittard holding. Shareholders' funds at that date were £24.7m.

Strong has waged a compli-cated three-year battle for con-trol of Pittard, and substan-

tially increased its stake last April. Since then, Pittard's share price has roughly halved it fell a further 10p to 120p yesterday - and the Strong

stake is now worth £7.13m. Under the new arrange-ments, the facilities supplied by 11 banks will be reorganised under one facility co-ordinated by Hambros Bank. Interim arrangements have been agreed and longer-term facili-ties should soon be in place. Strong said that the overall

margin on the interim arrangements did not differ from that on existing facilities, but that security was now being extended to assets other than the Pittard holding.
It refused to comment on

whether there were any dis-posal plans with respect to the Pittard holding, but said "all assets are being looked at."
The board will consider the position regarding dividends next month.

Pittard, meanwhile, said that it expected to discuss matters with its advisers in an effort to resolve the situation. Hillsdown Holdings, the large food group which once toyed with acquiring Pittard Garnar, indicated that it was unlikely to

Coloroll sells Drew to its management for £16.5m

By Ian Hamilton Fazey and Alice Rawsthorn

COLOROLL, which recently announced plans for financial restructuring, has sold Alexander Drew, a textile printing business, to a management buy-out team for £16.5m.

Drew, bought in 1986, has been up for sale since Novem-

ber when the home furnishings group announced a sharp fall

in interim profits.
Coloroll, which has suffered severely from the impact of higher interest rates on consumer demand for home products, needs to raise capital to reduce the borrowings built up by its acquisitions in the 1980s and to alleviate its cashflow

Last mouth Coloroll was forced to ask its bankers for

problems

incurred through its involvement in the sale of Response, a former subsidiary, as a management buy-out. Coloroll's advisers are now preparing proposals for a restructuring programme to recapitalise the

group.
The buy-out package of £16.5m is divided between up to £14.9m in cash and obligations under financial leases of £1.6m which will be assumed

by the buy-out team.
The managers have secured an extra £3.5m, part of which will be used to pay for new computer-controlled printing equipment. Morgan Grenfell Development Capital led the buy-out. The debt was provided by Bank of Scotland.

short-term support to meet the contingent liabilities it £2.5m in the year to March 31. Drew made pre-tax profits of

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

	Current payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding dividend	<i>Total</i> for year	Total last year
Birseint	0.25	Apr 5	-	-	-
Budgensint	2	July 6	2	-	6.67I
Elbiefint	0.181	Apr 7	0.585	-	1.925
Fleming Americanfin	1	Apr 6	0.87	1.5	1.2
Throgmorton USMfin	3.3	Apr 27	2	3.3	2
Ward Hidgsin	2.1	-	2.1	26	2.6
YRMint	1.65	Mar 16	1.25	-	3.8

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. "Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. fOn capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. §USM stock. §\$Unquoted stock. \$Third market. ‡For 70 weeks.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only



ARBUTHNOT CORPORATE FINANCE LIMITED

ACQUISITION OF EVANS HEALTHCARE LIMITED

BY

MEDIRACE PLC

FOR

£87,000,000

THE UNDERSIGNED INITIATED AND STRUCTURED THE ACQUISITION



ARBUTHNOT CORPORATE FINANCE LIMITED

> 131 Finsbury Pavement Moorgate, London EC2A 1AY Telephone 01-628 9876 Facsimile 01-280 8498 Telex 885970

British Telecom Therefore and consumer ess for a life sequence and a Profit before tax. 2.048 1.862 Profit after tex L38F Karnings per share. 21.7p

Third quarter highlights

- Turnover up 10.5%, earnings per share up 14.8%.
- Demand for telecommunication services holds up well despite general slowdown in the UK economy
- Capital expenditure to 31 December at record levels.
- Global communication capability enhanced through the acquisition of Tymnet, a world leader in managed data network services.
- Emphasis remains on improving quality of customer service, increasing operational efficiency and achieving profitable growth for shareholders.

If you have any queries as an investor, please call 0345 010505. For daily information on the British Telecom share price and matters of interest to shareholders generally, please call 0345 010707, you may telephone these numbers from anywhere in the UK for the price of a local call.

British Telecommunications plc, 81 Newgate Street, London ECIA 7AJ.

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Bredero Centre West Limited

£135,000,000

Limited Recourse Loan Facility

for the development of phase one of



Arranged and Underwritten by BARCLAYS BANK PLC

Senior Lead Managers Barclays Bank PLC

Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank Aktiengesellschaft, London Branch The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited

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Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce The Saitama Bank, Ltd. The Tokai Bank, Limited

· Managers The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited The Sumitomo Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.

Kansallis Banking Group

Hillier Parker

Agent Bank BARCLAYS BANK PLC



January 1990

Notice to Holders of

FEDERATED DEPARTMENT STORES, INC.

U.S. \$100,000,000 11% Notes Due 1990 and U.S. \$100,000,000 101/8% Notes Due 1995

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (the "Trustee") is Trustee under an Indenture dated as of February 11, 1985 (the "1990 Indenture") between Federated Department Stores, Inc. (the "Company") and the Trustee pursuant to which U.S. \$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 11% Notes due 1990 (the "11% Notes") was issued and is Trustee under an Indenture dated as of July 9, 1985 (the "1995 Indenture") between the Company and the Trustee pursuant to which U.S. \$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 104% Notes due 1995 (the "10%% Notes") was issued (the 1990 Indenture and the 1995 Indenture together are hereinafter referred to as the "Indentures" and the 11% Notes and the 104% Notes together are hereinafter referred to as the "Securities"). The Trustee hereby notifies the holders of the Securities, pursuant to Sections 5.08 of the Indentures, that the Company has filed a voluntary petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court (the "Court") for the Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, Cincinnati (Case No. 1-90-00130). The commencement of a voluntary bankruptcy proceeding constitutes an Event of Default under Sections 5.01(e) of the Indentures.

Sections 5.01(e) of the Indentures.

In addition, the Company has defaulted in the payment of principal and in the payment of the final installment of interest on the 11% Notes. Such non-payment of principal has continued for five business days and constitutes an Event of Default pursuant to Section 5.01(a) of the

for five business days and constitutes an Event of Default pursuant to Section 5.01(a) of the 1990 Indenture. This non-payment of the final installment of interest will become an Event of Default under Section 5.01(b) of the 1990 Indenture on March 2, 1990. It is uncertain that scheduled interest payments or the payment of principal due under the 1995 Indenture will be made during the pendency of the Chapter II proceeding.

The Trustee and three other indenture trustees for similarly situated secured debt of the Company ("Pre-Merger Secured Debt") have requested The United States Trustee to appoint a separate official creditors committee for the Pre-Merger Secured Debt holders. The Irustee has received, from The United States Trustee for The Districts of Ohio and Michigan, a Statement of Willingness to serve on Committee of Bondholders and has responded in the affirmative to its desire and willingness to serve on such a committee if a separate committee for the Pre-Merger Secured Debt holders is not created.

The Trustee has filed a notice of appearance before the Court to receive all filings made with the Court and will file a proof of claim with the Court covering all amounts due the Noteholders. The Trustee has fled a notice of appearance before the Court to receive all filings made with the Court and will file a proof of claim with the Court covering all amounts due the Noteholders. The Trustee requests that all Noteholders identify themselves with a mailing address to the Trustee at 30 West Broadway, New York, New York 10015, Attention Mr. John W. Cole, Vice President. Noteholders should contact Mr. Cole at the above address or by telephone at (212) 587-6488 should they request any further information.

The Trustee has attended meetings with other indenture trustees and representatives of the

The Trustee has attended meetings with other indenture trustees and representatives of the Company and has attended or been represented at hearings held in regard to the bankruptcy proceedings. The Trustee will continue to monitor the bankruptcy proceedings and will, to the extent feasible, seek to keep Noteholders apprised of material developments occurring during the bankruptcy proceedings. The Trustee has retained Dewey, Ballantine, Bushby, Palmer & Wood as its counsel in this matter.

MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY

Dated February 9, 1990

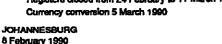


UNAUDITED INTERIM REPORT

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1989

Six Twelve 31.12.88 30,06,89 31,12,89 15,0 30.2 15,5 (Am) (Rm) Operating income Net financing costs. 23.9 41.2 income before taxation. 26.6 14.8 income after taxation. 53.4 (average, millions). Dividend per share (cents).

interim Dividend declared on 8 February 1990 - 20 cents per share Last date of registration 23 February 1990 - Payable on 15 March 1990 Registers closed from 24 February to 11 March 1990



Copies of the full Interim Report may be abtained from the Office of the London Secretaries at 30 Ely Piece, London EC1N GUA

UK COMPANY NEWS

Norfolk says Queens Moat bid final

QUEENS MOAT Houses is not going to raise its hostile bid for rival hotel company Norfolk Capital Group, and will not extend the offer beyond Febru-

ary 26. The decision means Norfolk shareholders have been given just over three weeks since the offer document was posted to make up their minds, compared with the normal 60-day maximum bid period.

Mr John Bairstow, Queens Moat's chairman, said yesterday: "We don't want to waste a lot of

management time."
But Norfolk condemned the Queens Moat move as an attempt to hurry shareholders into accepting the £176m offer. Mr Tony Richmond-Watson, Norfolk's chairman, added: "We

think they were rushed into this by market factors because their share price had been falling in anticipation of their having to make a higher offer underpinned by cash."

Queens Moat said yesterday that it had never considered a cash alternative to its two-forour time and money; we don't five share exchange offer. Yester-want to waste a lot of [Norfolk's] day, the value of the bid almost

matched the Norfolk share price of 42½p, down ½p, as Queens Moat's shares strengthened 4p to 106p. The predator also increased its stake in Norfolk from 4.45 per

cent to just under 6 per cent. Norfolk has to produce its defence document, which will include a valuation of the group's properties, within the

Its 21,000 shareholders have been receiving regular circulars about the future of their company since the beginning of December, when Balmoral inter-national, a private company. announced its plan to take over

management of the group. That plan was thwarted at a special shareholder meeting last month although the Norfolk board remains split on some of the

Queens Moat also produced a profits estimate for 1989 of £62m before tax, against £42.2m in 1988, giving earnings of 7.54p per

The group said it would rec-ommend a final dividend of 1.22p, which would make 2.23p for the year. The group's proper-ties have been revalued at more than £1.4bn, a surplus of £125m over the 1988 valuation.

runs one UK-oriented income

trust, namely Lowland -although, given that the long-term record here is very good, perhaps this should be a matter of comfort rather

attractive opportunities in the

sector, and Highland's fees are not the lowest for this type of

trust. That said, the relatively

only hope that the trust sector.

having at last seen its fortunes

revive, will manage a little

self-restraint on the new issue

front before all the recent

some analysts withheld firm

improvement is sadly undone.

Second half recovery at Ward **Holdings**

By Nigel Clark

development profits were behind the better second half which helped Ward Holdings, the Chatham-based house-builder, property developer and plant hire group, recover some of the first-half decline. In the 12 months to end-October, pre-tax profits were halved at £7.22m (£14.44m). At

the interim stage profits were £517,000, against £6.17m. For the full year, house-building contributed only £1.04m (£12.98m) but property investment and commercial development reported 26.81m

There was a loss of £630,000 (£685,000 profit) on plant hire.

Ward Holdings

Share price relative to the FT-A All-Share Index



1985 86 87 88 89 90 The shares closed 1p higher at 89p, after touching 93p earlier in the day.

For the future the company said it was prudent to plan for the continuation of a difficult residentiai market.

It added that pent-up demand would develop and a strong market might emerge in 18 months to two years'

Housebuilding turnover was lower at £37.57m (£50.3m), reflecting the move towards the construction of houses for first-time buyers and the reduction in other forms of

Ward said that there were opportunities in commercial development and property investment in Kent and it took advantage of this to sell a number of commercial proper ties while institutional

Eurges bid

422 30

demand was strong.

It sold a distribution centre

Turnover in this division increased from £1.41m to In the plant hire and other

activities division, Anvil Plant Hire traded satisfactorily but Homecare Window Systems and Moulding Systems were both disappointing and had been sold.

Group turnover was higher at £63.4m (£59.74m). After tax of £2.76m (£4.91m), earnings per share came out at 8.5p (18.1p). An unchanged final dividend of 2.1p is proposed, maintaining the total at 2.6p.

Henderson launches high income trust

HENDERSON Administration, the fund management group, is launching a high income investment trust, to be called Henderson Highland Trust, with funds of between £26m

and £30m. Highland Trust will invest primarily in blue chip UK equities and to a lesser extent, in convertible shares. The portfo-lio may also take in a small overseas equity element and some fixed interest securi-

Henderson, however, intends that the portfolio should allow the trust to fully qualify for Personal Equity Plan purposes throughout its 10-year life.

The articles of association envisage that shapeholden will

envisage that shareholders will be given a chance to vote on winding up the fund on Febru-

GROUP.

construction and civil engi-

neering group, reported a 21

since joining the Stock

Exchange last September.

Taxable profits advanced to

£5.24m (£4.33m) in the half year

to October 31 on turnover 16

per cent ahead at £105.11m

The group's construction

activities, which account for

about 80 per cent of profits, were hampered by the slow rate of growth in the industry

MEDEVA, the recently merged

drugs company, said yesterday

that only 28 per cent of its 16-

for-5 rights issue had been

taken up. The 100p-per-share issue

raised £87m. It was underwrit-

ten by Laing & Cruickshank,

which will end up with 14.11 per cent of the enlarged share capital. Medeva shares fell 4p

to 94p.

Medeva is a combination of

Medirace, a Third Market drug

company with a market capi-talisation of £8m, and Evans Healthcare, the product of a

management buy-out from

Glaxo in 1986. Evans makes unbranded

generic drugs and vaccines and hopes to benefit from the Gov-ernment's policy of cutting costs in the NHS by making

less use of the more expensive branded drugs.

Medirace is developing the drug Contractan for AIDS and cancer treatment. Its shares

were suspended at 127p in

November when it announced the agreed acquisition of Evans

Mr Ian Gowrie-Smith, man-aging director, said the com-vice-chairman.

Granville & Co. Limited 77 Manuell Street, London Ei 8AF Telephone 01-488 1212 Member of TSA

SPONSORED SECURITIES

By John Thornhill

BIRSE

have become common practice as part of the effort to prevent significant gaps developing between a trust's share price and its underlying assets. The Highland Trust's 10-year life is slightly unusual - wind-up dates after seven years being more typical of new

£30m, through the issue of 30m shares. Investors will be entitled to receive one free warrant for every five shares held. The warrants allow holders to subscribe for one new share at 100p at any time between 1996 and 1999.

Of the shares being issued, 21m have been placed - about £5m-worth with clients of Cazenove, brokers to the trust, and a similar amount with Witan, another trust in the

the was still 20 per cent up on the previous year at £98.47m.

Demand for retail construc-

increasing its business in big infrastructure projects in the

road building and water sec-

Mr Peter Birse, the company's founder and chairman.

added that the joint venture

with Bilfinger and Berger, the

West German construction

group, now gave it critical

pany had expected a large shortfall in the take-up of the

issue, but it mainly reflected

the fact that the market had

fallen steadily since the issue

Mr Gowrie-Smith said that

all the major shareholders had

sub-underwritten the issue

and some 75 to 80 per cent of

the enlarged share capital

was in the hands of institu

Clinvest, an investment subsidiary of Credit Lyonnais, Laing & Cruickshank's parent company, holds 1.8m shares

and clients of Laing & Cruickshank's investment manage-ment division hold 114,359

The Credit Lyonnais group accordingly controls 15.47 per cent of the enlarged equity.

Laing & Cruickshank said it had no intention at present to

sell its holding in the It is expected that Mr Ber-

nard Taylor, a former chief executive of Glaxo, will soon take over as executive chair-

man of Medeva from Mr Wil-

liam Gerard, who will become

3.0

2.4 17.5 6.0 -

3.6 12.4 9.4

6.8

3.9

per cent increase in interim tion projects, such as out of profits in its first set of results town superstores, was weak

rate of growth in the industry mass and enabled it during the period but turnover to tender for bigger proj-

Medeva says only 28%

of rights issue taken up

mass and

was announced.

worth is expected to go to pri-vate client stockbrokers and intermediaries. Up to 9m shares will therefore be available for public subscription, of which 5m have been under-The estimated gross starting

Henderson stable. About £11m-

yield is 7 per cent, and dividends will be paid quarterly. The trust will not initially have any grant and trust will not initially have any gearing but may introduce a "conservative element" in the future. The annual management fee is 0.75

COMMENT

In the current flood of new trusts, it is rather difficult to see what significant new ele-ment Highland brings to the party. One could even point out that Henderson already

Mixed results behind 21% rise at Birse COMMENT The plant hire division,

> But the group's home building activities incurred losses in the first half and were "unlikely to return to profit-ability in the near future." Birse's commercial property development programme did not materially contribute to

which accounts for about 20

per cent of profits, was said to have performed well during

The telecommunications business - installing fibre optic telephone cables - also incurred losses in the first half but was currently trading prof-itably and had "encouraging" growth prospects for next

Earnings per share amounted to 6.8p (5.8p). A maiden interim dividend of 0.25p was declared.

Mr Birse said that although conditions remained difficult in the building industry the group remained well placed for further expansion. "We are hoping to see more aggressive growth next year," he said.

This set of results was well received by the City although

judgment because of Birse's change in status and the difficulties of direct comparison between its performance as a private and public company. But Birse has undoubtedly done well in a sticky sector and there is a seemingly good stream of future earnings in prospect. The company believes it will thrive on work from major infrastructure projects and that in particular it will be able to compete for road building and transport projects - its joint venture with Billinger and Berger will also allow it to benefit from the nelling expertise. Prospects in the "new private sector" in the water and electricity industries, also seem bright and will help offset weaknesses in the retail market. Plant hire will also contribute well, while Birse's rag bag of other interests will not figure greatly for the year. Pre-tax profits of about £14m look in sight put-ting Birse on an undemanding prospective multiple of about 8.5.

NEW ISSUES February 7, 1990 **FannieMae** \$800,000,000 8.90% Debentures Dated February 12, 1990 Due February 10, 1995 Series SM-1995-J Cusip No. 313586 M 30 Callable on or after February 10, 1993 **Price 100%** \$700,000,000

FT-SE 100 Where next?-Call for our current views

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9.30% Debentures Dated February 12, 1990 Due February 10, 2000 Interest payable on August 10, 1990 and semiannually theres Series SM-2000-A Cusip No. 313586 M 48 Callable on or after February 10, 1995 **Price 99.875%** The debentures are the obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Associa corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States, and ere issued under the authority contained in Section 304(b) of the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act (12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.). The debentures, together with any interest thereon, are not guaranteed by the United States and do not constitute a detri or obligation of the United States or o agency or instrumentality thereof other than Famile Mae. This offering is made by the Federal National Mortgage Association through its Senior Vice President-Finance and Treasurer with the assist a nationwide Selling Group of recognized dealers in securities.

Debentures will be available in Book-Entry form only. There will be no definitive securities offered. Gary L. Perlin Linda K. Knight 3900 Wisconsin Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20016 This emountement appears as a matter of record only. This emounce neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any of the det

Property sales help Budgens rise to £11.7m

By Maggle Urry

BUDGENS, the food retailer which was left at the altar last year by fellow grocer William Low, yesterday reported an 83 per cent rise to £11.7m in pre-tax profits for the half year to November 11.

Low last year launched an agreed £136m bid for Budgens, but later pulled out of the deal. Most of the rise in Budgens' profits, however, came from an increase in gains on property disposals, essentially the sale of five stores, four of which went to Marks and Spencer. These profits reached £6.99m (£1.42m). Mr John Fletcher, chairman and chief executive, said the proceeds of the sales more than compensated for the loss of branch contribution.

The group is in the process of restructuring its store portfolio, selling smaller units and refurbishing existing ones to a new format. Fifteen stores were refurbished in the first

Operating profits from the operating profits from the food retail business rose by 3.7 per cent to £7.36m, on sales up 9.6 per cent at £157.99m. Mr Fletcher said the sales gain owed nothing to new store openings – three shops were opened at the end of the half year – but real growth of about 4.6 per cent was seen

about 4.6 per cent was seen. But increased marketing costs, which had boosted sales, and double-running costs associated with a new depot which is currently being tested, had affected margins affected margins.

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The interest charge rose from £1.08m to £1.87m, as both interest rates and the debt level rose. Borrowings averaged £30m in the first half, but Mr Fletcher said disposals would reduce the level of debt which was higher than the group's retailing operations

During the half year Budg-ens, whose root was the Barker & Dobson sweet maker, sold its remaining interests in confec-tionery manufacturing, which resulted in an extraordinary shares are not expensive.

Share price (pence)

Earnings per share rose to 8.71p (5.46p), after an increase in the estimated tax rate to 35 per cent. The interim dividend is unchanged at 2p.

& COMMENT After the grandiose scheme to

take over Gateway in 1988, and the disruption caused last year by Low's on-off interest, Budgens is now getting down to the task of repositioning itself as a strong, regional food retailer aimed at the neighbourhood market. It appears to have found a successful format, and it is now a question of rolling it out — which is easier said than done. New sites need to be found, which is still difficult even given the gloom in retailing, and buyers fixed up for the smaller stores. If more deals like the M and S one can be to cut its gearing. Profit fore-casts are complicated by a change of year end to April and the property gains. Excluding all property profits, the prospective p/e, with the shares up 3p at 97p, is approaching 13, but with some element of the property gains likely to recore a pla under 10. likely to recur, a p/e under 10 can be reached. With Sir Ron Brierley's IEP Securities sitting

Saltire urges bid rejection

By James Buxton

SALTIRE Insurance nate value and unknown mar-investments, the Scottish ketability." The offer, a mix-investment trust which is sub-ject to a hostile £11.8m bid ordinary shares, cumulative from East of Scotland Invest-ments, an unquoted Scottish investment group, last night formally urged shareholders to reject the bid as "unwelcome

and inadequate". It added that the bid, meant "exchanging marketable listed shares in Saltire for a mixture of inadequate cash and ESII's unquoted paper of indetermi-

Mr David Birrell, chairman, said the offer undervalued Sal-tire's portfolio and ignored the potential appreciation of Sal-tire's unlisted investments. He called it "an opportunist raid on Saltire's investment portfo-lio to boost ESII's asset base".

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

HMC MORTGAGE NOTES 2 PLC

Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due February 2015

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due February 2015 (the "Class A Notes") of HMC Mortgage Notes 2 PLC (the "Issuer") that, pursuant to the Trust Deed dated 23rd February, 1988 (the "Trust Deed"), between the Issuer and The Law Debenture Trust Corporation p.l.c. as Trustee, and the Agency Agreement dated 23rd February, 1988 (the "Agency Agreement"), between the Issuer and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (the "Principal Paying Agent") and others, the Issuer has determined that in accordance with the Redemption provisions set out in the Terms and Conditions of the Class A Notes, Available Funds as defined in the Terms and Conditions in the amount of £16,500,000 will be utilized on 23rd February, 1990 (the "Redemption Date") to redeem a like amount of Class A Notes. The Class A Notes selected by drawing in lots of £100,000 for redemption on the Redemption Date at a redemption price (the "Redemption Price") equal to their principal amount, together with accrued interest thereon are as follows:

OUTSTANDING CLASS A NOTES OF \$100,000 EACH BEARING THE DISTINCTIVE SERIAL NUMBERS SET OUT BELOW

UK COMPANY NEWS

It's rationalisation time again

Hugo Dixon speaks to BT bosses about the cost-cutting campaign

Barry Romeril; keen to allay fears that the current campaign

will end up, like the last, with customers being harmed

In THE immediate aftermath of its privatisation in 1984, British Telecom embarked on a major campaign to cut costs — mainly by reducing its staff numbers. Costs did start to come under control, but at the same time control, but at the same time the quality of its service deteri-orated alarmingly.

From 1987, therefore, BT largely abandoned its campaign against costs as the emphasis shifted to combating poor quality. Now, with quality on an upward path, BT has resumed the battle against costs and the drive to greater

The increasing attention to costs is one of the factors behind BT's good third-quarter results, reported yesterday, which showed pre-tax profits increasing 11.6 per cent to

"The cost control is quite remarkable," says Mr Laurence Heyworth, an analyst at Robert Fleming Securities.

Nevertheless, Mr Barry Rom-eril, group finance director and the BT executive who is masthe B1 executive who is mas-terminding the current cam-paign, is keen to allay fears that the current campaign will end up, like the last, with cus-tomers being harmed. "The emphasis has to be on value" for money, not on costs per se."

The drive towards greater efficiency has become apparent in six main ways over the past

 Staff costs. In the third quarter to the end of December 1989, the number of employees in BT's core business fell by 1,400 - reversing the trend of previous years when staff num-bers had been on the increase. Overtime was also reduced.

"The direction is clear. We expect manpower numbers to reduce in the final quarter of the current financial year, next year and the year after," says Mr Romeril Mr Romeril. An attitude of economising on staff is spreading through-

Heyworth thinks they will average more than 5,000 a year. This would produce annual savings of about £75m, he says. Making managers more cost-conscious, "We've got over to managers that we can't have costs going up faster than turn-over," says Mr Romeril. In the past, BT's headquar-ters was fairly tolerant of dif-fering performances on cost

and quality between different districts. Now, says Mr Rom-erll, the HQ is less willing to accept rationalisations for why one district is doing worse than another. The installation of better financial systems has also helped top management prod the laggards, because it is now able to make more accurate comparisons of performance out the organisation. "If I can between different parts of the squeeze out a bod here or there, I do," says Mr Malcolm

Argent, company secretary.

Although BT refuses to put Contracting-out peripheral services. Discussions about specific figures on how large it expects staff cuts to be, Mr selling Reprographics, the in-house printing division, to its managers is already fairly advanced. BT management has also targeted the group's extensive motor transport and catering divisions as other possible candidates for management

buy-outs.
The idea is that these peripheral services would flourish if they were spun out of the BT empire and that, in return, BT would get lower cost services. "It is all bringing into focus the costs of these things and whether there are better ways of providing them," says Mr

Romeril.

Selling off peripheral businesses. BT announced last month that it was looking for buyers for its 51 per cent stake in Mitel, a Canadian manufacturer of computerised switch-boards. The reason was that equipment manufacturing no longer fitted into BT's overall strategy of becoming the world's leading supplier of tele-

communications services.

Other businesses which BT entered in the immediate aftermath of privatisation, when its strategy was less focused, could also be up for sale. The most important of these are probably its cable television interests in the UK.

BT has about 20 per cent of the UK cable TV market but, like other players, has never made any money out of it. It hopes the Government will shortly allow it to carry TV over its main network, which would make its cable interests

irrelevant.
"We are having a careful look" at what to do, was all Mr Graeme Odgers, BT's managing director, would say on the subject yesterday.

• Managing its vast property portfolio according to eco-

nomic principles. Following a recent revaluation of its properties, BT thinks they are worth several billion pounds more than their value in the group's balance sheet.

Mr Romeril says there is no plan to revalue the balance sheet at present, but that the new valuations will be used nal decisions about where various functions should be under-

taken.

Moreover, from April 1, BT
will be charging all its operations market rents for any of the group's properties that they occupy. Most now pay "peppercorn rents", says Mr Romeril.

An example of this new thinking is BT's decision to move up to 8,000 of its managerial staff out of London to lower cost locations in the Midlands and north of England

over the next seven years.

• Tightening up inventories. "We have enormous stocks of nuts and bolts," says Mr Bob Raggett, BT's public relations director. "We would like to get to the Sainsbury's situation where we turn over stock in 15

As part of this campaign, BT has told 200 of its smaller suppliers that it will not take any more orders for the rest of the current financial year. This should save it about £60m.

But, to get the full benefits of inventory control, all BT's districts will need to instal common coding systems, says Mr Romeril. The aim is that when we run out of stock in one district, the first port of call is the next-door district".

Although these initiatives have had some impact on BT's cutting campaign is still only in its infancy. It is clear that BT has so far reaped only a small proportion of the bene-fits.



THE CARDINER GROUP PLC

Preliminary Results

£M.	Year ended 31 Oct. 1989	Year ended 31 Oct. 1986	
Turnover	26.885	17.802	+51.09
Profit before tax	2,905	1.893	+53.59
Earnings per share	4.00p	2.84p*	+40.89
Dividends	q0e.0	0.75p	+20.09

"The accursitions made during the last twelve mor The acquisitions make caring in assistered months are evidence of the positive implementation of the Group's strategy and have assisted in the establishment of the Group as the leading specialist distributor of security products in Europe. The Directors miterial to further develop its distribution network in Europe prior to the creation of the single

The Gardiner Group PLC Transpennine Trading Estate Rochdale Lancashire OL11 2PX

FINANCIAL FUTURES + **OPTIONS**

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above on

7TH MARCH 1990

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

Edward Macquisten

on 01-873 3688 or write to him at: Number One, Southwark Bridge London SE1 9HL.

FINANCIAL TIMES

Committee to monitor progress at Eagle Trust By Philip Coggan

AN INFORMAL institutional committee has been established to offer advice to, and monitor progress at Eagle Trust, the mini-conglomerate being investigated by the Seri-

keep in contact with a regular group of institutional inves-

tors.

Eagle, which had a market capitalisation of over £250m before the 1987 stock market crash, has many major institu-tional shareholders.

The Association of British Insurers put together a list of institutions and the informal committee has already met Mr

Eagle is hoping to spin off some of its main businesses in ous Fraud Office.

Mr David James, the Eagle chairman who is endeavouring to rescue the group, asked to

Mr James announced at the annual meeting that the group had incurred losses of £64m, wiping out shareholders

funds. Eagle Trust's audited accounts for 1988 are expected to be produced shortly.

Steep midway fall to £70,000 at Elbief

Elbief, the manufacturer of photograph and handbag frames, clocks, mirrors and

And he said indications were that the adverse conditions were continuing into the

and broadens base

nomic uncertainty caused some in the commencement and progress of

As a result, the company has broadened the base of its activities and has opened offices out-side London. Mr Henderson said that the high increase in turn-over - from 28.05m to 213.65m indicated that strategy was being success-

GUINNESS PEAT AVIATION

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GPA Group plc · Shannon · Ireland ————

MULTI-OPTION CORPORATE CREDIT FACILITY

US\$900,000,000

INCREASE TO

US\$2,400,000,000

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The Bank of Nova Scotia The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd. Bardays Bank PLC Chase Investment Bank Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Credit Suisse The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited

The National Commercial Bank

Westpac Banking Corporation The Fuji Bank, Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland

The Hokuriku Bank, Ltd.

Westdeutsche Landesbank

The Bank of Yokohama, Ltd.

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RZB Austria, London Branch

Aktiengesellschaft

Credit National

Arab Banking Corporation (ABC)

Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank

Raiffeisen Zentralbank Österreich AG

The Sumitomo Bank, Limited, London Branch

Irish Intercontinental Bank Ltd./ Kredietbank International Group The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Ltd. The Taiyo Kobe Bank, Limited The Toronto-Dominion Bank The Sanwa Bank, Ltd. Société Générale, London Branch Swiss Bank Corporation The Yasuda Trust and Banking Company Limited

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Agency Roles: National Westminster Bank PLC National Westminster Bank PLC Citicorp Investment Bank Limited The Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corporation Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited NatWest Aerospace Trust Company Limited

February 1990

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The Class A Notes may be surrendered for redemption at the specified office of any of the Paying Agents, which are as follows:

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Banque Internationale a Luxembourg S.A. 2 Boulevard Royal L-2953

- 2

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Avenue des Arts 35 B-1040 Brussels, Belgium

Morgan Guarenty Trust Company of New York 30 West Broadway New York, New York 10015 Atm: Corporate Trust Operations

In respect of Bearer Class A Notes, the Redemption Price will be paid upon presentation and surrender, on or after the Redemption Date, of such Notes together with all unmatured coupons and talons appurtaining thereto. Such payment will be made (i) in sterling at the specified office of the Paying Agent in London or (ii) at any specified office of any Paying Agent listed above by sterling cheque drawn on, or at the option of the holder by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payee with, a Town Clearing branch of a bank in London. On or after the Redemption Date interest shall cease to accrue on the Class A Notes which are the subject of this Notice of Redemption. of this Notice of Redemption.

HMC MORTGAGE NOTES 2 PLC By: Morgan Cuaranty Trust Company OF NEW YORK, as Principal Paying Agent

Dated: February 9, 1990

Withholding of 20% of gross redemption proceeds of any payment made within the United States is required by the Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983 unless the paying agency has the correct taxpayer identification number (social security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the Payce. Please furnish a properly completed Form W-9 or exemption certificate or equivalent if presenting your Class A Notes to the paying agency's New York Office.

Mr Samuel Prais, chairman of

leather goods, yesterday announced a sharp reduction to £70,000 in first half profits and a slashed interim divi-

second half.
The outcome, for the six months to October 31, com-

pared with pre-tax profits of £225,000 in the same period of 1988, and came on turnover static at £2.3m.

Mr Prais blamed the "chill

Mr Prais blamed the "chill wind blowing through the economy" for the slowdown in sales growth. The market for the group's original product – handbag frames – continued to contract and the rate of increase in sales of the Elite range "was neither as fast as we had anticipated nor sufficient to increase total sales."

Earnings per 10p share slumped to 0.036p, against 1.15p last time and the interim dividend is cut to 0.181p

YRM ahead to £1.4m

In spite of more difficult trading conditions, YRM, the building design consultancy, achieved an 18 per cent increase, from £1.17m to £1.39m. in taxable profits for the six months to October 31.

Mr Brian Henderson, chair man, said that continuing high interest rates and general ecohesitation building programmes, particularly in the south-

An interim dividend of 1.65p (1.25p) is declared from earnings per share of 6.61p (6.06p).

By Tim Dickson in Brussels

between northern countries and the southern member states," is how one seasoned European Community diplomat put it in Brussels last

He was commenting on about the 1990-91 farm price proposals designed to prepare the way for crucial ministerial negotiations on the package that are due to take place in Brussels at the start of next

These talks will certainly not be decisive but they will pro-vide the first clear indication whether Mr Michael O'Kennedy, the Irish Farm Minister, who is in the Council "chair" for the first six half of this year, has been justified in believing that he can dispose of the always sensitive prices dossier by the end of March. Currently recovering from a

heart by-pass operation in Dub-lin Mr 0 Kennedy will be relying at this stage on his col-league Mr Joe Walsh to identify the main areas of contention, which most national experts now seem to agree reflect mainly Mediterranean

Although the package laid on the table just before Christmas by the EC Agriculture Commissioner Mr Raymond MacSharry has been broadly characterised as a price freeze. that is not how farmers in Spain, Italy, Portugal and Greece view the proposals. For while it is true that no changes are intended by the Commission for commodities like sugar, butter, oilseeds and beef, cuts of up to 7.5 per cent are indeed on the agenda for

Among other specific Mediterranean difficulties the Greeks are upset by plans to fix new thresholds for raisins and sultanas, while Spain is at odds with its EC partners over the Commission's proposal to move next year from a quota system to a guaranteed threshold system for canned tomatoes. Spain believes it has been given a small quota and wants to make the switch sooner - but the other coun-tries would like to leave things

The outcome of these sectoral battles will be a test of the Commission's resolve to tighten up the regimes con-cerned with southern products, seen by many as having been let off relatively lightly when the famous "budget stabiliser" measures were agreed in February 1988. As one northern-country negotiator put it last night, "the guaranteed prices are just too high, so much so that 90 per cent of certain types of oranges were bought in last year, and 80 per cent of the mandarins pro-

While much of the late night bargaining will be over these issues, there will be other problems as well.

There is much muttering from farm organisations about the harsh impact of the cereals

stabiliser - an automatic 3 per cent cut for the second successive year - and while there will be no attempt to unravel this measure as such Ministers are bound to be under pressure

The automatic price cuts in other sectors are re-instated the following year if produc-tion falls back - but in the als sector the medicine is

to find ways of salving the

cumulative. On the cereals front complaints are likely from Mr Ignaz Kiechle, the West Ger-man Minister, that the effect of last month's minor realignment of the European Mone-tary System — and the conse-quent agri-monetary changes — imply a bigger effective price cut of around 4 per cent for his farmers.

The Germans and others have also questioned the Commission's overall approach to give special help to smaller producers. Bonn argues that this may be inconsistent when the EC is trying to reduce production, that expectations are being raised which will not fulfilled, and that the quantities of say cereals grown by these farmers will help trigger production thresholds and lead to further price disci-

According to the Presidency next week's meeting will only consider cereals and rice, sugar, oilseeds and olive oil, milk and milk products, fruit and vegetables, beef and veal and agri-monetary matters.

fears hit bull semen exports

By Tim Dickson

VALUABLE BRITISH exports of animal semen and embryos have been lost in recent months as a result of import-ers' fears of the scourge known as "mad cow" disease. Millions of pounds in lost sales are

thought to be at stake. Several important customer countries - notably Australia, New Zealand, the US, and Sweden - have slapped precautionary embargoes on British products even though there is no scientific evidence that they are needed.

Last month's European Community ban on British exports of live cattle over the age of six months — designed to prevent the spread of the mysterious bovine spongiform encephalo-pathy (BSE) to the continent was a direct blow to the UK's valuable breeding trade.

There was never any question of including semen and embryos in these restrictions but according to UK producers and an official of Britain's Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, several non-EC countries had already moved to forestall the risk. "There is not a shred of evidence that BSE or any of the other spongiforms is transmitted through embryos or semen," one UK veterinary expert said yester-day." "But if the boot was on the other foot - and in view of the fact that the disease is relatively unknown - the UK would probably take the same

A British Ministry official said last night that there were no official figures on the size of British exports in this area but a representative of the Milk Marketing Board, a lead-ing producer, estimated that overseas semen sales were worth around £3m to £4m a year, with the embryo trade smaller in terms of value.

According to the Ministry the Australian embargo on embryos has been in operation since December 1988, the Swedes took action in October 1988, the New Zealanders stopped imports from May last year, and the US suspended rade last July. An official said that negotiations over the issue were currently taking

Ugandan coffee

UGANDA, seeking to liberalise coffee exports, has announced that it will allow four co-operadirectly to international mar-kets alongside the state-owned Coffee Marketing Board, reports Reuter from Kampala. The CMB previously had the monopoly on exporting coffee, which provides 95 per cent of

Uganda's export earnings.

ALMON, THE king of tish, risks being duced 1,400 tonnes of Atlantic Salmon," About 70 per cent was exported fresh to the US and the remainder frozen to

fishmongers with what was once a luxury food. Last summer, wholesalers in Paris and London for the first time sold salmon cheaper than cod. Japan.
The experiment was so suc-Since then the salmon bounty has continued to depress prices, causing several salmon farming companies in British Columbia to fold and prompting government intervention in

Norway - the world's biggest producer. in Chile, lower profit margins have put a brake on the frenzied expansion of an industry that is not yet 10 years old. But the Association of Chilean Salmon Farmers says it is too early to talk of a crisis. Chile exported 12,000 tonnes of salmon and salmon trout in 1989, double the amount of the previous year, and the Associa-tion estimates that the country

could be exporting 22,000 tonnes by 1992.

This is still small fry compared with Norway's produc-tion of 120,000 tonnes last year, but the Chileans have reason to be happy with their budding industry.

More than 100 salmon farming companies have estab-lished themselves in the south of Chile in the past five years, transforming the sleepy port of Puerto Montt into a boom town in the process. They were attracted by the crystalline rivers that spring from the Andes. the numerous fresh water lakes in which to grow the young smolts and the unpol-luted and relatively warm waters of the south Pacific, where the salmon matures. Chile is also a major producer of cheap, high-quality fishmeal with which the salmon are fed

six times a day.

Mr Ralph Baillie came to Puerto Montt three years ago to set up Marine Harvest International's first salmon farm in Chile. "The results far exceeded our expectations," he says. "We began with eggs imported from Scotland in Jan-

cessful that Mr Baillie, Marine Harvest's technical operation's manager, expects to harvest 3,800 tonnes this year. The Scottish company, a subsidiary of Unilever, has invested £11.6m in its Chilean operation so far, but this investment

Scotland's salmon farmers, frequently under attack from environmental groups for killing seals, herons and other predators, have agreed a code of practice with several nature conservation organisations for dealing with them, writes Salmon farms can suffer damage of £100,000 in a night if a

seal breaks into the floating cages and kills fish. But the shooting of seals and hirds of prey by salmon farmers, often publicised by conservation groups, has damaged the industry's public image and may lessen the appeal of farmed salmon to some consumers.

The code of practice, drawn up by the Scottish Salmon Growers' Association in association with the Nature Conservancy Council, the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds, the World Wide Fund for Nature and other bodies, says that

only after all reasonable attempts have been made to keep out seals should a particular animal be shot. Nets should be installed to keep out birds of prey. Farms should not be sited near concentrations of predators. growing industry may be the lack of trained personnel. "Problems which could be concould double if plans go ahead to produce 7,000 tonnes in 1994.

Apart from Marine Harvest, which is the biggest foreign operator in Chile, Japanese, Norwegian, Dutch and Arab companies have either started their own farms or bought into Chilean companies. The Association of Chilean Salmon Farmers estimates their total investments at some \$70m. There are, of course, prob-

lems with an activity which has developed so quickly. The multiplication of salmon cages in Chile's Lake District has drawn strong protests from the local tourist industry, which fears the eye-sore will affect their livelihood. Ecologists also fear that the intensive farming methods may pollute the lakes with nitrates and fish debris.

But although the protests have prompted the Fishing

Ministry to tighten its regula

tions and issue fewer permits the salmon farmers argue that

ball here," he predicted. So far, salmon farming in Chile has been mercifully free of disease, but this is partly due to the small scale of the farms, which are not yet producing at full capacity. For small salmon farmers working on tight margins, the outbreak of disease or algae

trollable in Scotland will snow-

it is in their best interests to keep the lakes clean.
"If the lakes became pol-

luted, our salmon would be the

first fish to die because they can only survive in clean water

with a very high oxygen con-tent," said Mr Jonathan Grubb,

a sea farms adviser from Scot-

land's Fish Farm Development

Group who has been on loan to the Chilean company Aguas

Claras for the past two years. Mr Grubb fears that the big-

"Marine Harvest lost 25 per cent of its stock when the algae bloom appeared in September 1988, but I know of many farmers whose entire stock was wiped out," says Mr Baillie. The algae appear when the nitrogen content of the sea is high, clogging the gills of the fish and suffocating them. Since the 1988 bloom, the sea

water around salmon cages is

monitored twice daily for

algae. If there is a scare, the

bloom can be eatastrophic.

Falling profits have put a brake on growth, reports Lesley Crawford cages are dropped 10 metres below the surface, where the fish are safe.

Sea wolves - huge seals which can weigh up to 400 kg have also been attracted to this captive source of food. To deter them the salmon farms have developed an underwater ultrasonic seal scarer which imitates the sound of the killer

But salmon farmers have mainly fallen prey to the vagaries of the price of their precious commodity. Two years ago, a kilogram of salmon was fetching \$7 to \$8 in the US and the precious commodity in the US and the property of the Japan. Now it is being sold at between \$5 and \$5.50.

With this price, many of our members are breaking even, while the Norwegians are colling at a less that are more at the second sec

V &

selling at a loss. But our production costs are not that much lower when you consider our very high transport costs," says Mr Fernando Klimpel, the Association's marketing manager. For Mr Klimpel, the solution lies in marketing Chilean salmon more aggressively abroad – he has an advertising budget of \$400,000 this year – and maintaining high standards. Japan consumes 300,000 tonnes of salmon a year, Europe 100,000 tonnes and the US 50,000. In Europe, Mr Klim-pel says, demand has been growing at 10 per cent a year. But if Norway goes ahead with its plans to produce 150,000 tonnes of salmon this year, Mr Klimpel believes some of the smaller producers in Chile will be squeezed out and other companies will merge.
Yet others have begun looking at alternatives to the king of fish. In Chiloe, a huge and rainy island south of Puerto Montt, oyster farms 397 began exporting to the US last year, following the approval of the US Food and Drug Administration. One Chilean company, Apiao, has exported 2m oysters since last June. At \$1.4 an oyster, this is wonderful business for the Chileans. Seaweed farming has also boomed since a Japanese company built an agar factory near Puerto Montt.

While tin prices have contin-ued to slip, rubber prices have recently staged a rally, thanks partly to some buffer stock

Malaysia cuts export taxes By Lim Siong Hoon in Kuala Lumpur

FACED WITH stagnant the Indonesians. earnings from its major commodities - rubber, palm oil, cocoa and tin - Malaysia's Government has introduced a set of measures to revive exports and deal with weak

Last year's exports of the four commodities combined earned was 12bn ringgit (£2.6bn), according to figures from the Primary Industries Ministry. That was unchanged from the 1988 figure, which was 21 per cent up from the

previous vear. The export tax rates are to be reduced this month from 0.1 per cent 0.06 per cent for rubper cent for the more profitable

The Ministry expects palm oil output this year to remain at 1989's level of 6.05m tonnes. Mr Lim Keng Yaik, the Min-ister, said earlier this week that he would travel to Africa next month or in April to seek support for a palm oil producers' association. The topic has already been discussed with

There will be other items on the agenda. Malaysia wants more curbs on tin exports, saying that the 5 per cent cut agreed in Kuala Lumpur last month among the seven mem-bers of the Association of Tin Producing Countries is inade-

Mr Lim says that he is deter-mined to bring the world's tin stock of 36,000 tonnes down to 20,000 tonnes within a year - something the ATPC wanted to

84,233 tonnes agreed for the fourth year of the programme motivated by the persistent decline in tin prices, which fell to less than R17 a kilogram in the Kuala Lumpur Tin Market this week, a level Mr Lim describes as "ridiculously low." He would like to see a price of

huying support by the Interna-tional Natural Rubber Organi-sation (Inro) in Kuala Lumpur. Hence, this week, the five-day moving average of Inro's daily indicator price rose slightly above the buffer stock manager's 185 Malaysia/Singapore

achieve under the third year of its export quota programme, which expires at the end of

between R20 and R22 a

Inro's intervention late last week coincided with a threeplace with Washington.

cents a kilogram "may buy

day strike by 60,000 plantation workers, mostly rubber tappers, demanding for a gueran-teed monthly wage instead of Malaysia's decision to seek a ber prices and tonnage pro-

> Plantation owners are resist-ing, partly by pointing to the prospects of higher cost during a dismal market. But the export tax cut, following the recent price rise, could be an election year signal to the plantation owners that they ought to accept the demands of the workers.

> > 1425-7 1440-1

Copper, Grade A (2 per tonne)

15 (15) lots of 3,250 kg

1415-8 1432-3

LME considers second stocks report

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

THE PRECIOUS METALS markets

closed firm in quiet trading which featured short-covering in

US P.I. relesse recorts Drevel Burnham Lambert. Copper wes

confined to a narrow range. The

slightly as the market continued to be

THE LONDON Metal Exchange is considering reporting its stock figures twice a week instead of once in the hope of reducing price volatility.

trial of twice-weekly reporting, either on Mondays and Thurs-days or Tuesdays and Fridays and beginning in April, will be considered by the LMR board at its regular meeting next Wednesday.
Currently the LME reports

movements in and out of its registered warehouses on Mondays or the first working day

(Prices supplied by Amelgamated Metal Trading) US MARKETS

34,370 Total

Ring turnover 40,700 torms

The proposed change met with a lukewarm reception by analysts who agreed, however, that the more information available the better markets

Mr Angus MacMillan, analyst with the Billiton-Enthoven Metals trading group, suggested the LME was overestimating the impact stock figures had on trading. "Stock figures have to be much higher or lower than the market anticipates for them to have any

real affect.' Mr John Harris, analyst with Rudolf Wolff, the commodity

broker, said: "The vast major ity of people do not speculate or take positions on the stocks. Once-a-week reporting is quite

would make more sense said Mr Harris, for the LMR to report stocks daily. But this had recently been ruled out by the chief executive, Mr David King, because, among other reasons, the LME was trading in six metals and had warehouses scattered around the world in various time zones. This made it difficult to decide

where the cut-off point should

HIGH GRADE COPPER 25,000 lbs; cents/lbs

Shelling out for snail research By Richard Mooney

A TRUST fund has been set up to finance research for the

British snail industry. Trustees of the British Snail Industry Research Fund are Di Norman Runham, head of the animal biology group at the University of North Wales, Bangor, and Mr. Roy Groves, founder and director of The

Snail Centre, Colwyn Bay. Donations should be sent to the Royal Bank of Scotland, Colwyn Bay Branch, 44 Con-way Road, Colwyn Bay, Clwyd LL29 7HT.

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WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

AM Official Kerb close Open Interest

1442-3

LONDON MARKETS ZINC prices on the LME yesterday continued Wednesday's advance, moving rapidly ahead once three-month special high grade broke through the \$1,350-a-tonne level in the morning. Buying from European triggered buy stops, and traders the near-term target of \$1.430 a tonne. On the bullion market gold closed nearty \$6 an ounce down following Wednesday's failure to crack the \$425-an-ounce harrier. Coffee prices were boosted by reports of dry, hot weather in Brazil and Colombia. Cocoa took the May contract down to a new hedging against small West African purchases. Traders said support around £800 a tonne could soon be tested on nearby March cocoa. Crude of (per barrel FOB) (MWE prompt delivery per tonne CIF) + 07 Gold (per troy oz) Silver (per troy oz) Platinum (per troy oz) Palladium (per troy oz) -6.76 \$417.00 532c \$507.50 \$135.85 -2.65 -0.15 \$1420 1025₈-104c 40.5c ilum (free market) -2.83*

-7.20° +0.27°

+6.0 +7.4 +5.5

£113.75

e-cents/lb, r-ringgit/kg, x-Feb/Mar, t-Mar/Apr -Jan/Mar. w-Feb. z-Mar. †Meet Commission

Barley (English feed) Maize (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Norther

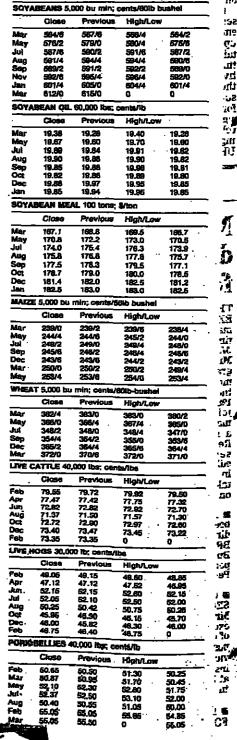
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	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Mar	614	612	613 603	
May	622 634	623	826 613	
Jul Sep	850	630 648	634 624 650 641	
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Mar	697	692	896 690	
May	714	706	707 701	
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tor Feb	8 756.45	(758,44)		-No
	E - Lone	los FOX	£/tor	_
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		Previous	High/Low	
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May Jul	601	662 576	600 584	
Sep	613	594	615 600	
Nov	626	611	627 616	
Jan Mar	642 658	626 647	644 631 650	
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Feb 7:	Comp. del	ly 62.74 (61	.65). 15 day avers	920
62.33 (82.23)			
SUGAL	R - Lond	os FOX	(\$ per ton	ne)
Raw	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Mar	327.20	330.00	329.80 327.00	_
May	327.60	329.40	329.80 327.00	
Aug	325.60	328.20	329.80 327.00 328.00 325.80	
Oct	315.80	318.00	318.00 315.40	
Dec Mar	314.00	313.00 294.40	295.00 293.00	
May	292.80 291.80	294,40 293,50		
White	Close	Previous	High/Low	_
Mar	434.8	484.9	434.8 432.0	_
May	430.0	430.5	430.5 427.5	
AUG	432.0	433.0	491.0 427.D	
Oct	398.5 374.5	398.5	397.0 393.5	
Dec Mar	369.0		387.0 381.5	
May	369.0		367.0 364.0	
Tumov	er, Raw	(277 (5302)	lots of 50 tonn	185
White 1	1570 MAR)		
Paris-	White (Fi	THOSE 1860 TO	18): Mar 2457, A 18c 2165, Mar 214	fay (3
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	Late	st Previo	us High/Low	_
Mer	19.60	19.73 19.20	19.80 19.57	
Apr May	19,18	19.20	19.45 19.16	
May	18.94 18.74	18.53	19.05 18.89 18.66 18.73	
Juni IPE Ind	lex 19.66	19.83	12000 12012	
	er: 10190			
GASO		 -	Short	nne
		O-wier-	High/Low	
	Latest	Previous	405 OF 169 75	
Feb Mar	164.75 163.60	162.00	185.25 162.75 166.50 163.00	
Apr	161 50	159.50	166,50 163,00 163,00 160,75 161,25 158,25	
May	161.00	158.75	161.25 150.25	
Jun	160.00 161.50	158.25	160.25 159.00 161.50 160.00	
<u>Jul</u>		159.50		_
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<u>un</u>	18.74 19.66	19.83	18.68 18.73	
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	61.50 61.00	158.75	161,25 158.25	
	60.00	158.25	180.25 159.00	
	61.50	159.50	161.50 160.00	
uenower C	2010 (10	398Nots of	100 lonnes	_
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superb b FFVIB. G 10-25p. English, a lb depresserient Cettic an (15-30p). (b (16-25) 25-40p a affected (35-55o).	is now in the second of the se	in full seas -70p a lb (t are exce- are lawlinu t apples ar nd German n origin. (with English varieties are a best parentips lp). The st	son and is a 85-80p), reports tient value at it at 10-25p a abundant with cox's at 30-65p abbage is also h Hsgl, Primo, at 15-30p a lb t buy at 10-28p a remain steble at orms have as, 45-70p each orga et 60-80p i value.	
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Golesi (s per ton	ne)					Ring to	THOYEL	584 tone	100
Cash	6250	-75	5190-220	6250/8225	6210-25					_
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	Close	Previou	s High/Low							_
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rac Aor	138.0 188.5	137.0 193.4	136.0 134.0 192.0 188.0		Close	4164-41	74	247-24		
Apr May	212.5	218.0	217.5 212.0	í	Opening	4174-41	34	2484-4	474	
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	(4		COUT-00		Day's high	4184-418	1.	271.704		
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OYAB	EAN N	AL - B	<u> </u>	C/tonne						_
	Close	Previou	s High/Low		Colos	\$ price		4upe 3	raient	_
ab	124.00		124.00		Mapleleat	426-431		252 ¹ 2-2	55 ¹ 2	_
Apr Iun	129.00	129.00	130.00 129,	00	Britannia	426-431		252 2-2	5512	
	127.00		127.00		US Engle	428-431	-	25212-4	5532	
/ng	127.00	125.00	127.00		Angel Krugerrand	428-431 417-420		252 ½ - 2 247-249	20-72	
<u>umove</u>	r 185 (6)	i) lots of	20 tonnes.		New Sov.	2812-1001		58 4-66		
					Old Sav.	9812-1001		58 ¼ -59	4	
					Noble Plat	513.60-52	1.70	304.00	908.80	
******		REES - 9		ex point						_
	Close	Previou	s High/Law		Silver fix	p/fine oz		US cts	edma	_
eb Aar	1575 1603	1554	1575 1565		Spot	314.80		532.50		
Vor	1616	1582 1800	1603 1566 1616 1809		3 months 6 months	326.50 338.15		549.60 554,70		
ui e	1375	1361	1378 1367		12 months	361.75		578.65		
)ct IFI	1496	1488	1495 1495							_
	1583	1588			TRADED OPT	ions				-
UPPOVE	440 (35	B)			Aluminhm (9)	9.7%)	Cells		Puts	-
					Strike price \$				May	-
TAINS	- BFE			£/tonne						_
(best	Close	Previou			1400 1450	48 20	67 42	12 35	27 50	
ber	112.35				1500	20 7	22	35 60	79	
iar Iay	116.65	113.00 117.15	113.00 112.0	70 20	Copper (Grad		Calle		Puts	-
חט	118.60	117.15 119.15	117.15 116.2 118.25	-						-
eb eb	108.00	105.95 108.90			2200 2260	109		17	60 82	
arley					2300	75 48	98 75	32 55	82 108	
	Close	Previous								_
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ep	104.00	108.00	109.55 109.5	~	500	74				-
		371 /475			550	26	47	2	13	
UTROVE	lots of	ur: (oro). 100 tonne	Barley 46 (18	4.	900	2	21	26	87	
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108 - I	SPE _	(1	Cesh Settlemer		200 200	63 16	78 43	3 .	7 22	
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-b	111,0	111,5	110.0							
DF .	115.5	116.0		i	Brent Crudo	Apr	May	Apr	May	_
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0,010 101-10	CONT	ined to	a narrow	range.	IDE						
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83 lots			the stre								
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	=										
	Feb Mar	418.6 420.4	418.1 420.0	419.2 0	41 <u>6.2</u> 0						
ivalent	Apr	423.4	423.1	424.7	421,2						
-255 ¹ 2	Jean Aug	425.0 434.1	428.8 434.0	430.0 435.5	427.0 432.5						
-2551 ₂	Oct	439.6	439.5	0	- 6						
-255 ³ 2 -255 ³ 2	Dec	445.1	445.0	446.0	443.0						
69	Feb Apr	460.8 468.2	450.7 455.1	451.3 0	448.0						
994			roy oz; \$itro								
59 ¼ 3-308.80											
		Close	Previous	High/Lo							
equiv	Feb	507.0 513.6	505.4 512.0	0 515.4	0 612.0						
,	Jul	519.1	517.7	521.0	518.0						
!	Oct	525.1	523.7	0	0						
;	Jan Apr	631.6 · 539.1	530.2 537.7	0	0						
			by oz; cent								
		Close	Previous	High/Lo							
Puts	Feb	532.4	531,1	533.5	533.5						
r May	Mar	534,3	533.6	536.5	531.5						
27 50	Apr	538.5 542.8	537.8	0	0						
50 79	May	542.8 551.2	542.1 550.6	545.0 563.0	640.0 650.0						
Puts	Sep	550.0	559.4	560.0	559.5						
60	Dec Jan	571.8 575.3	571.2 574.7	574.0 0	571.0						
82	Mar	584.0	583.4	585.0	585.0						
108	May	592.1	591.5	0	0 .						
May											
144,											
13											
87		CELL									
May .	PEU	TERS (Ba	se; Septem	ber 18 19	31 - 100)						
7	1	Feb 8	Feb 7	ध्यामा इ	до ут афо						
22	1	1777.3	1773.9	1816.5	1981.2						
49	DO		Base: Dec.								
May	1===	Feb 7	Feb 6		go yr ago						
70	I				1						
100	Spot	128.46 es 130.15		127.86 130.86	135.91 139.67						
	rout	CO 130.10	129,10	inered							
				_	_						

	Cłose	Previous	High/Lov	
Feb	100.45	100.75	100,45	100.45
Mer Apr	99.75 98.85	100.05 99.00	101, <u>20</u> 98.85	99.10 98.85
May	96.40	98.55	99.50	96.00
Jun	97.70	97.90	0	0 .
Jul Aug	97.20 96.70	97.45 98.95	98.20 0	97.00 0
Sep .	96.10	96.35	96.80	96.80 .
	DE OIL (L)	ght) 42,000	US galle \$/	barrel
	Latest	Previous	High/Low	
Mar	22.24	22.32	22.46	22_18
Apr	21.78	21.68	22.90 21.85	22.10
May	21.50	21.38	21.83	21.32
Jun Jul	21 <u>.22</u> 20.93	21.08 20.78	21.32 21.07	21.02 20.75
Aua	20.69	20.51	20.77	20.45
Sep Oct	20.41	20.29	20.46	20.24
Nov	20.36 20.28	20.13 20.03	20.40 20.30	20.10 20.03
HEAT	ING OIL 4	2,000 US gs	lis. cents/t	
	Latest	Previous	High/Low	
				_
Mar Apr	5615 5630	5589 5494	5650 6565	5565 5480
May	5430	5391	5445	5385
Jun Jul	5330 5330	5296 5286	5350 5335	5285 5285
Aug	5400	5346	5405	5385
Oct	5575	5506	5575	5575
Nov Dec	5650 5840	5678 5846	5650 5640	5650 5640
		es;\$/torres		-
	Close	Previous		
			High/Low	
Mer May	952 955	942 941	956 957	936 936
Jul -	967	964	969	948
Sep Dec	986 1010 .	973 997	966 1012	966 995
Mar	1030	1018	1030	1018
May Jul	1041	1029	.0	0
	1066	1040	1070	1060
	EE "C" 37	,500lbs; cen	ta/ibe	1090
COFF	Close	,500lbs; cen Previous	ta/ibe High/Low	
COFF	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09	,500lbs; cen Previous 81.66	ta/lbs High/Low 82.50	81.50
COFF Mer May	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25	,500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83	High/Low 82.50 84.20 85.90	81.50 83.20 84.75
COFFE May Jul Sop	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85	,500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 86.45	High/Low 82.50 64.20 85.90 87.50	81.50 83.20 84.75 88.50
Mar May Jul Sop Dec Mar	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85 88.75 90.68	,500lbs; cen Previous 81.86 83.20 84.83 86.45 88.80 90.50	High/Low 82.50 84.20 85.90 87.50 89.30 91.20	81.50 83.20 84.75
Mar May Jul Sop Dec Mar May	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85 58.85 90.68 92.43	,500ibs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 86.45 88.60 90.50 92.50	High/Low 82.50 64.20 85.90 87.50 87.50 89.30 91.20	81.50 83.20 84.75 86.50 68.60 91.00
Mer May Jul Sop Dec Mar May Jul	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85 88.75 90.68 92.43 93.75	,500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.80 90.50 92.50 94.50	82.50 84.20 85.50 85.50 87.50 89.30 9 1.20 0	81.50 83.20 84.75 86.50 88.80 91.00 0
Mer May Jul Sop Dec Mar May Jul	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85 88.75 90.68 92.43 93.75 8 WORLD	,500lbs; csn Previous 81.68 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.60 90.50 92.50 94.50	High/Low High/Low 84.20 85.90 87.50 87.50 91.20 0 0	81.50 83.20 84.75 86.50 88.80 91.00 0
Mer May Jul Sop Dec Mer Mey Jul	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85 88.75 90.68 92.43 93.75 R WORLD Close	,500lbs; cen Previous 81.68 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.50 90.50 92.50 94.50 94.50 Previous	ha/lbs High/Low 82.50 84.20 85.50 87.50 87.50 91.20 0 0 0 lbs; cent	81.50 83.20 84.75 86.50 68.60 91.00 0
Mer May Jul Sop Oec Mar May Jul SUGA	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85 88.75 90.68 92.43 92.43 92.43 92.43 92.43 92.43 94	500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.60 90.50 94.50 91.70 Previous 14.97 14.95	ha/lbs High/Low 82.50 84.20 85.90 87.50 89.30 91.20 0 0 lbs; cent 14.96 14.92	81.50 83.20 84.75 86.50 88.80 91.00 0
Mar May Jul Sop Dec Mar May Jul SUGA	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.75 80.68 92.43 93.75 F WORLD Close 14.86 14.84 14.64	500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.60 90.50 92.50 94.50 "11" 112,00 Previous 14.97 14.95	ha/lbs High/Low 82.50 64.20 85.90 87.50 89.30 91.20 0 0 lbs; cant High/Low 14.98 14.92 14.78	81.50 83.20 83.20 88.475 88.50 88.60 91.00 0 0 8.60 14.76 14.76
Mar May Jul Sop Doc Mar May Jul SUGA Mar May Jul	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.75 90.68 92.43 93.75 R WORLD Close 14.86 14.86 14.85 14.21	500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.60 90.50 94.50 91.70 Previous 14.97 14.95	ha/lbs High/Low 82.50 84.20 85.90 87.50 89.30 91.20 0 0 lbs; cent 14.96 14.92	81.50 83.20 84.75 88.60 91.00 0 0 14.76 14.80
Mer May Jul Sop Dec Mar May Jul SUGA Mer Mey Mer Mey	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.75 90.68 92.43 93.75 80.75 91.48 14.86 14.86 14.86 14.21 13.42	500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.45 90.50 92.50 94.50 94.50 Previous 14.95 14.95 14.95 14.35 13.59 13.47	la/lbs High/Low 82.50 84.20 84.20 85.50 87.50 89.30 91.20 0 0 10 lbs; canb 14.96 14.92 14.92 14.32 13.57	81.50 83.20 84.75 86.50 88.80 91.00 0 0 0 0 0 14.76 14.86 14.61 14.15 13.48
Mer May Jul Sop Dec Mar May Jul SUGA Mer Mey Jul	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.25 88.25 80.75 92.43 92.43 92.43 91.75 F WORLD Close 14.86 14.86 14.21 13.54 13.42	500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.80 90.50 92.50 94.50 "11" 112,00 Previous 14.97 14.95 14.85 13.59 13.47 13.38	la/fbs High/Low 82.50 84.20 85.50 84.20 85.50 89.30 91.20 0 0 10 lbs; canb 14.96 14.92 14.76 14.32	81.50 83.20 83.25 86.50 68.60 91.00 0 0 14.80 14.81 14.75 14.81 14.15
Mer May Jul Sop Dec Mar May Jul SUGA Mer Mey Jul	EE "C" 37 Close 82.09 83.51 85.25 88.85 88.75 92.43 92.43 92.43 92.43 92.43 14.86 14.86 14.86 14.81 13.54 13.54	500lbs; cen Previous 81.66 83.20 84.83 88.45 88.60 90.50 92.50 94.50 **11" 112,00 Previous 14.97 14.95 14.80 14.35 13.59 13.47 13.36 cents/ibs	ta/lbs High/Low 82.50 84.20 84.20 84.20 87.50 87.50 91.20 90 10 lbs; cent High/Low 14.92 14.72 14.73 14.74 14.72	81.50 83.20 84.75 86.50 88.80 91.00 0 0 0 0 0 14.76 14.86 14.61 14.15 13.48
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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Shares rebound on retail demand

THE LONDON equity market responded readily yesterday to the strong rebound on Wall Street which greeted the rela-tively favourable outcome to the first two of this week's US Treasury auctions, and UK stocks closed firmly ahead of news from the third and final auction. Sharp rises among the US-influenced stocks restored the Footsie Index to the 2,330 trading range, and trading vol-umes increased as Edinburgh and London-based institutions added to their equity portfo-

US demand for the leading oil stocks, stimulated by Shear-son Lemman Hutton, the New York investment house, gave a

cent apiece, the company said.

news was to mark Queens

Most share higher and to clip the price of Norfolk. At the

close Norfolk Capital were

marginally easter at 42%p and

Queens Moat were 4% up at 106%p. Turnover in Norfolk

reached 13m and that of Queens Moat 4.7m shares.

But specialists were quick to

add that the bid was still at a

relatively early stage - Nor-folk has not yet issued a

defence document – and

emphasised that Queens Moat

reserved the right to respond

to any offer from a third party.

Mr Roy Owens, of the Kitcat & Aitken leisure team, said

430 a share, is a very fair offer and in the absence of any

counter bid we believe Queens

Moat will win." The Kitcat ana-

lyst said that the hid, if suc-

cessful would prove to be non-

dilutive "even in the first

The beaviest activity in the

oil sector involved BP, which

survived a rough ride early in the session triggered by news of an oil spill from one of its

tankers, and rallied later in the

session after a strong buy recommendation from Shear-

Non Lehman Hutton, the US

The tanker, American Trader, leaked what was

described as at least 290,000

tive note on crude oil price and

the oil sector, issued by Shear-

son. The Shearson oil team forecast that oil prices will rise Senificantly to reach \$30 a bar-rel, in 1993-5, reflecting the fall-ing USSR oil exports. Of the UK oil companies Shearson

Oils busy

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on Exxon stock.

the Queens Moat bid, worth

The market's response to the

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Accou	nt Dealing	Dates
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Last Geoffage: Feb 9	Feb 25	Her 1
Account Day; Feb 19	Mar 5	Mer 19
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final flourish to the international sector. Good trading figures from British Telecom also provided a boost to the recovery of confidence in equities. After opening very firmly on

the back of Wall Street's overnight rebound. London extended its gain to nearly 24 Footsie points after the New York market entered the new session with a further gain of 12.84 in early trading. The FT-SE Index closed 23.6

points up at 2.331.0, with traders unimpressed by a re-run of hints that a leading life assur-ance group was about to launch a large rights issue. On the LIFFE market, the pre-mium on the FT-SE futures contract doubled yesterday to 23 points.

Seaq trading volume increased to 456.3m shares from Wednesday's 368.1m, and the figure included a higher proportion of genuine retail business than usual, according to dealers at several influential trading houses. Significant

stantial rights issue. The story hit Prudential shares, which

fell to 213p before closing a net

3 off at 215p on turnover of 3m. Ladbroke, the hotels, betting

shops and leisure group were one of only a handful of FT-SE stocks to lose ground on the

day, slipping 6 to 306p, after

being as low as 304p at one

point; turnover was 3.8m shares, with one leading UK

broker believed to be a seller of

dealers stemmed from the resignation of Mr John Jarvis,

sion and widely regarded as the most likely successor to Mr

Cyril Stein, Ladbroke's chair-

man and Managing Director, to

Jarvis is being replaced by Mr

Michael Hirst, Mr Jarvis' num-

Dealers also noted market

stories that a profits downgrad-

ing was in pipeline, although

Busy turnover in the traded

options market boosted inter-

options changed bands, equiva-

lent to 4.7m shares, making

Sears the most active stock

Sears shares dipped a penny to

higher-than-expected \$60m.

ise how strong Boots' cash flow is after having acquired Ward

White. Its gearing will be zero next year," an analyst said. Boots gained 5 to 274p. Burton remained on the

defensive after recent brokers reports which highlighted its exposure to retail property

development. Mr Tony Shiret at Laing & Cruickshank, who

last week drew attention to

this, said: "People remain con-

cerned about Burton's involve-

The market is starting to real-

103p with 1.6m traded.

this could not be confirmed.

set up his own business. Mr

ead of the group's hotels divi-

The weakness, according to

nearly 1m.

ber two.

buying was reported of Reu-ters, Hanson, Bass and BPB. Insurance shares managed to steady despite the concern over likely claims in the UK

against damage caused by this week's return of severe winter storms. Among a scattering of special features, Cable & Wireless strengthened on growing expectation that CITIC, the Chinese Government agency, is about to buy the group's stake

in Hong Kong Telephone.

While there was still some nervousness ahead of the auction of 30 year US bonds, the UK market appeared to be moving towards tonight's close of the current equity trading account in better form. Once

ment in retail property devel-

opment. The events in the

property market this week

have highlighted those fears."

again, the FT-SE 2,300 - 2,330 range appears to have proved itself a buying area for the institutions, and share prices have responded vigorously. However, the better senti-

ment in UK and US bond markets was counterbalanced by the continued slide in German bonds which has revived fears that the Bundesbank could

move lending rates higher. The recent rise in bond yields globally has been reflected in a widening in the equity bond yield ratio in the London market (see chart). This ratio narrowed slightly yesterday as the gap of more than 6 per cent drew buyers in to equities.

downgraded profits expecta-

tions, the shares giving up 12

to 288p. Warburg shaved its estimate for Yale's profits for

the year to March 1990 from £60m to £56m. Warburg said the mild winter was likely to

impact on sales of gas fires and electric blankets, and that

there would be higher than

expected interest costs from last summer's purchase of a

stake in Myson, later bought

ture among engineering stocks.

The shares improved at the

begining of the session but

thereafter slipped back on

press reports that the Ministry

of Defence was likely to put in a reduced order for the Chal-

lenger 2 tank currently being

But analysts discounted this

The recent news of a down-

story and the shares recovered

some of their earlier losses to end only 3 down at 205p.

turn in the US and UK motor

manufacturing sector contin-

ued to weaken GKN and Lucas.

GKN closed a penny down at 403p while Lucas, which is also

affected by fears of a strike by

engineering unions in support

of a shorter working week, lost

BOC added 17 to 543p as the market appreciated the 6.5 per

cent increase in last quarter

SmithKline Beecham bounced 7 to 544p from the previous day's falls that had followed

reports that the sale of the

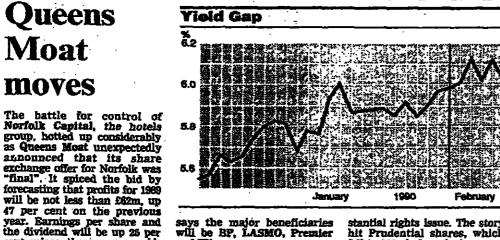
company's cosmetics division

developed by Vickers.

Vickers was the main fea-

by Blue Circle.

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES Feb 7 81.26 90,97 90.93 91.08 91.46 91.25 Fixed interest (28/1/90) (28/11/47) (8/1/75) 1447.8 2008.6 48.4 (3/1/89) (5/9/89) (20/6/40) 2008.6 1826.2 2463.7 1782.8 2463.7 986.9 (3/1/90) (3/1/89) (3/1/90) (23/7/84) 2348.4 2355.1 FT-SE 100 Share 2331.0 2307.4 2321.1 Ord. Div. Yleid Basis 100 Govt. Secs 15/10/26, Fixed Int. 1928, Earning Yld %(full) P/E Ratio(Net)(*) 11.17 10.83 11.13 10,87 Ordinary 1/7/35, Gold mines 12/9/55. Seals 1000 FT-SE 100 31/12/63. ☆ Nil 10,70 11.37 10,72 11,32 10.64 10.69 SÉAQ Bargains(5pm) 23,375 788.77 29,088 749.93 26,363 855.75 40,492 1500.88 25,036 25,845 GILT EDGED ACTIVITY uity Turnover(£m): uity Bergains† ares Truded (mi);† 682.60 26,342 330.0 26.883 47,462 688.5 Day's High 1845.4 Day's Low 1837.5 "SE Activity 1974. Excluding intra-market business & Oversees harnover. Calculation of the FT indices of daily Equity Bergetris and Equity Value and of the five-day averages of Equity Bargains and Equity Value, was discondinued on July 31. Closing values for July 28 available on request. London report and latest Share Index Tel. 0898 123001. 10 a.m. 11 a.m. 1841.3 12 p.m. 1841,5 4 p.m. 1843.7 1 p.m. 1841.4 2 p.m. 1841,4 3 p.m. 1842.8 Open 1838.7 Day's Low 2321.0 FT-SE. Hourly changes Day's High 2331.2 12 p.m. 2324.8 1 p.m. 2324.1 2 p.m. 2325.7 3 p.m. 2330.9 TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS



says the major beneficiaries will be BP, LASMO, Premier

and Ultram BP, after turnover of 10m. railied to close 2 higher on balance at 343p, while LASMO set-tled 6 higher at 620p, Premier 2 up at 113p and Ultramar 4½

firmer at 372%p Talk of a 600m barrel oil discovery off the coast of Australia was behind a 10 advance by Shell, 485p.

Telecom pleases

British Telecom's (BT) third quarter figures, showing pretax profits of £695m, up 11.6 per cent on the comparable figure last year, were generally con-sidered to be at the top end of expectations and were described by dealers as excel-lent. Profits for the nine months topped the £2bn mark, totalling £2.01bn against £1.85bn last time.

BT shares were a strong performer throughout the session. touching 306p before ending the day a net 7 higher at 305p. Dealers and analysts were pleased by BT's cost-control performance and said the shares retained their strong defensive qualities.

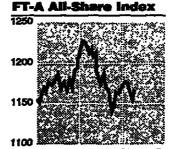
Bass performed well in view of the market's awareness that the completion of the Holiday inns purchase had left around 8m shares in the hands of potential US sellers on the first day of trading in American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) in US markets. US sellers falled to materialise and the shares ended 7 better at 1000p.

gallons of crude oil just off the Composite insurers bounced after the weakness caused on Wednesday by the storms that swept across the UK. "The sell-ing simply dried up," said one dealer. Guardian Royal fea-Huntingdon Beach resort of California, and unsettled BP shares with dealers mindful of the adverse impact of the Exxon Valdez oil spill last year tured with a 7 gain at 243p. Down to 337p early in the session as the US news emerged BP then began to pick Life assurances were unsettled during the afternoon by revived talk that Prudential up on the back of some sus-tained buying interest. Much of this was generated by a posimay be about to launch a subBurton finished a penny lower at 186p. On the unlisted mar-ket, Sock Shop gained 6 to 56p ahead of today's interim results.

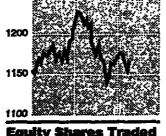
Albert Fisher rose 2 to 124p. After the market closed news emerged that Corporate Partners, the US investment group, had taken a 6.49 per cent stake in the company.

The food manufacturing sector was firmer in low-volume trading. Prices were helped by a report from Kitcat & Aitken which said that despite slower economic growth, the outlook for food manufacturers remained reasonable. In addition, bid speculation over the summer should give the market a boost during the second quarter. Those Kitcat favoured included Cadbury Schweppes,

which rose 3 to 342p. Renters continued to advance with Henderson Crosthwaite again a persiste buyer of the stock. Mr Brian Newman of Hendersons said



Equity Shares Traded Turnover by volume (million)





the approach of Reuters annual results next week and buying from the US and UK had pushed it higher. Reuters ended 24 higher at 1055p on a turnover of 3.1m.

An upgrade earlier in the week by Warburg Securities was still helping WPP. Warburg expects 1989 profits of 575m against a previous forecast of £70m, and this year it sees profits of £112m versus £107m. WPP closed 22 up at

698p. Shares in Nu-Swift jumped 25 to 498p on the news that the company is to sell its 88.3 per cent holding in Sicli, the French fire protection and

the trend as SG Warburg

profits. It was a relatively quiet day to be well received, in view of the strengthening gold price which will enable Hanson to among the leading international stocks with the slight softening in sterling being the realise a good price for its gold only cause for movement. Glaxo added 12 to 706p. while

Wellcome only went a penny forward 697p but ICI ended the day 14 better at 1091p. Hanson added 34 to 230% as County Natwest issued a buy note on the stock. Mr Andrew Page at County NatWest said Hanson had "a large cash pile to enable them to make acquisitions and news of disposals, when and if, it comes is likely

was taking longer than fore-

cast. Analysts said the market

had overreacted to the reports.

94年+143 - 113 - 114年4 17 1 - 115年 17 1 -

Cable & Wireless climbed 15 more to 558p, after 560p, as dealers awaited confirmation of news of the sale of Hong-kong Telecom shares to CTTIC, the Chinese Government's investment arm. The stock was also helped by the sharp rise by the Hong Kong stockmar-

"New-time" buying was said to have been behind the strong gains in Amstrad, up 3 to 54p ahead of the interim figures expected on February 15, and STC, which put on 9 to 262p. The software stocks were bid up on takeover speculation and talk of brokers buy notes. Logica rose 3 to 341p, and Macro 4 10 to 293p. Sema added 11 to 402p after news that a World Software Group has sold its 4.5m share-stake to Schneider whose holding has increased to 7.68 per cent. Schneider described its stake as "a

long-term investment. Passing of the final dividend on the ordinary shares and deferral of the payment on the

preference stock coupled with the forecast of a full-year loss exerted further pressure on LIT Holdings. The shares, which have had a rough ride over the past year, attempted a rally but the movement soon petered out and the shares tumbled to close 8 down at an all-time low of 25p.

Speculation continued about the property potential of Early's of Witney following the increased stake taken by Grovewood Securities. By the close Early's shares were up 27 more at 235p. Poor interim figures dealt a blow to Elbief, down 13

at 33D. ■ Other Market statistics including the FT-Actuaries share index. London Traded Options, and recent issues (including the water issue stocks) Page 28

NEW HIGHS (SS. AMERICANS (2) CAMADIANS (1) SAMES AMERICANS (2) CAMADIANS (1) SAMES (1) SUBLIMAGE (1) ELECTROCALS (3) (2) Calon Light, PROPERTY (1) TEXTRALS (1) TRUSTS (3) GLE, (7) OVERBEAS TRADETS (1) MINES (3). NEW LOWE (65). SETTINITY PRINCE (15) CAMADIANS (6) BANKS (5) BULLINEOS (1) CAMADIANS (6) BANKS (5) BULLINEOS (1) CAMADIANS (6) STONES (2) ELECTRICALS (4) HÖTELS (2) INDUSTRIALS (8) Alumine, Bear Brand, Bridgon-G., Norres, Polymark Red, Ptg. "A", Porti Group, Stonehid, Tamaria 8¹2,00 Cm. Pt., LESUINE (8) MOTORS (1) NEWSPAPERS (1) PAPERS (1) PROPERTY (2) SHOES (1) TRANSPORT (1) TRUSTS (8) WATER (1) MINES (6) THIRD MARKET (2). APPOINTMENTS

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1989/90

Marketing director for LME

THE LONDON METAL EXCHANGE has appointed a marketing director for the first time, writes Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent. He is. Mr Martin Abbott, 29, a law graduate well-known in the metals industry since he joined the staff of Metal Bulletin in 1984 and subsequently became Lioint editor and business manager in 1987. He launched a new magazine. Metals Price Report and its associated service, Metal-Fax, as editor-in-chief for McGraw Hill in January last year. He will take up his LME appointment on March 5.

■ Ms Debbie Carpenter has been appointed divisional director, personnel at MOSS BROS GROUP. She joins from Burton group, where she was personnel manager, Dorothy Perkins division.

COUNTY NATWEST SECURITIES has appointed Mr Jim O'Donnell as an executive director and head of customer services, a new post. He was a corporate senior vice president and co-head of institutional equity trading at Drexel Burnham Lambert

Mr Nick Stafford has joined FORD SELLAR PROPERTIES

GROUP as acquisitions director, a new post. He was with the corporate finance department of Charterhouse

🖿 At SAVE & PROSPER GROUP Mr Simon Walters has been made investment director with responsibility for its unit trusts and pension funds. For years he has been responsible for international investment in Jardine Fleming

Investment Management for Hong Kong pension funds and institutions. He succeeds Mr Chris Tracey who has been promoted to the new post of ternational research director with the parent company, Robert Fleming Asset

■ Mr John S. Brown has been appointed chairman of BELGRAVIA PROPERTY TRUST in succession to Mr John Stringer who has stepped down to give time to his other

BRITISH GAS has made Mr William J. Soderman vice president, exploration and production, BG Exploration

RAINE INDUSTRIES has appointed Mr Roy Barber as a non-executive director. He was formerly finance director

Adviser to Kobe Steel

Sir Geoffrey Allen, head of research at Unilever, the Anglo-Dutch consumer goods company, is to become executive adviser at Tokyo-based Kobe Steel from June 1, writes Peter Marsh. Sir Geoffrey, a polymer chemist, is 61 and retires from Unilever in May. He is a member of the Royal Society and formerly chairman of the Science and Engineering Research Council. Sir Geoffrey will serve at Kobe Steel's London research centre. The company says it will give him director-class treatment and will seek his guidance in research and development on polymer composites.

M OYSTON CABLE COMMUNICATIONS has appointed the following to the board. Mr Richard A. Behlmann becomes finance director and company secretary, Mr David B. Hartman is made technical director and Mr David K. Vanghan telecommunications director. All the new directors are on long-term secondment from Southwestern Bell Corporation of the US.

MARB FINANCIAL SERVICES is reorganising its UK activities under a new holding company, ABB Financial Services Ltd. Mr Richard Molvidson, executive vice president and chief financial officer of Sirius Insurance Co.

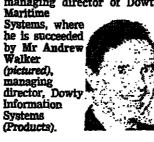
Sweden, has been appointed its managing director. He will take up his post during the second quarter of this year.

■ Ms Diana Noronha has become a director of OCEANIC FINANCIAL SERVICES, shipping loan and equity financial specialist house. She was senior vice president.

■ Mr Nick Wilkins bas been appointed a director of NICHOLSON CHAMBERLAIN COLLS GROUP and Nicholson Chamberlain Colls, Lloyd's

■ CHA, part of the Misys Group, has appointed Mr Nick Jones as its managing director. He succeeds Mr Paul Heron who has taken up other responsibilities within the

Mr Tony Ripper has been appointed commercial director of DOWTY ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION. He was managing director of Dowty Maritime Systems, where



■ HI-TEC SPORTS has appointed Mr Derek Watson to the board as group finance director from February 19. Mr Mario Aresti has resigned.

LONDON SHARE SERVICE

BRITISH FUNDS	BRITISH FUNDS-Contd	AMERICANS - Contd		
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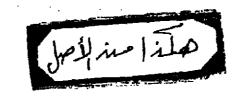
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34		FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY FEBRUARY 9 1990 Latest Share Prices are available on FT Cityline. To obtain your free Deskies and the FT Cityline help desk on 01-925-2128
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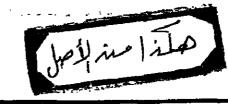
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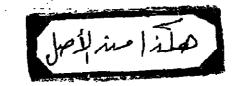
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L | Left | Marie | Left | Wells Fargo U.S. IT Fund NAV Feb 7 59 55 Money Market Scrimgeour Kemp Cee Mispart, Jersey SNS Capital Fard 543 5 570 M SNS Capital Fard 68 0 92 5 Gill Book 193 184 2 193 9 JERSEY (**) Global Government Plats Frand (10 Proceedial-Bacter Sees (UK) Inc. TAV Japan 26 US\$6 91 of C\$8 20 of 117 70 528 30 57449 52 77443 60 117 08 12 51 52) 18 23 91 Exemulas Mohai Surry | 1,10,42 | 11,001 | 78p Brand Frank Indi-SICAV | 10 plan 47 high Av | 13,14 45 | 15,18 | 132 | 100 Av Warrang Asset Mirpt London | 132 | 100 Av Warrang Asset Mirpt London | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 **Money Market** rige Mariages Materialismo Walley Walley Sangley Rapel Family Services Band US Sangley Sangley Record **Bank Accounts** | East Fault | 10 32 6 397a| -0 001 | 11 a 15 5 5 5 5 7 4 5 6 5 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 5 5 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 5 5 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 6 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 6 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 6 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 6 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 6 7 5 6 a 1 4 5 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 - 01.50 - 0.00 -Eurolife Assurance Group
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Credit Saisse
Credit ent Services (Lux) S.A.

CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Union question caps D-Mark

well within cross rate limits against the weaker members.

Unwinding of long D-Mark positions against the Japanese yen, on profit taking, pushed the West German currency down to Y86.90 from Y87.91 and

helped give support to the dol-

towards a technical support point of DM1.6750, but peaked

at DM1.6740 and closed at

DM1.6740 and closed at DM1.6725 in London, against DM1.6545 on Wednesday. The dollar also rose to SFr1.4945 from SFr1.4805 and to FFr5.6850 from FFr5.6325. On

the other hand it fell to Y145.35

from Y145.45. On Bank of England figures the dollar's

High London interest rates.

index rose to 67.0 from 66.7.

The US currency rose

THE D-MARK weakened a little yesterday, as the foreign exchanges looked at the implications of possible monetary union between East and West Germany. The Government in the Go union between East and West Germany. The Government in East Berlin discussed the matter yesterday, and said it awaits a formal offer from Bonn. Speculation yesterday centred on a likely conversion rate of three East German ostmarks for every D-Mark, but this is obviously a very sensi-tive subject open to debate.

East Germany already has a growing unemployment prob-lem, as the country struggles to update its industry to west-ern standards. A rate of parity for the ostmark would inten-sify the problem and at the same time lead to very large potential profits for specula-tors. Although the ostmark has been officially at parity with the D-Mark unofficial rates, on the black market, have not the to update its industry to westthe black market, have put the West German currency at up to 20 times higher than its east-

ern counterpart.
3 As confusion increased about the problem of conversion, and the potential inflationary implications for West Germany, the D-Mark lost some of its recent gains. This helped reduce nervousness within the European Monetary System, At the London close

the D-Mark had fallen to					
Feb 8	Latest	Previous Clase			
Spot	1 6895-1.6905 0.85-0.84pm 2.61-2.58pm 9.10-9.00pm	1.6950-1.6960 0.88-0.87pm 2.71-2.68pm 9.40-9.33pm			
Forward premiums and discounts apply to the US dollar					
STERLING INDEX					

		Feb.8	Previous		
830 am 9,00 am 10,00 am 11,00 am 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 180		89.0 89.0 89.0 89.0 89.1 89.1 89.1	89.3 89.2 89.4 89.3 89.3 89.1 89.1		
"" CURRENCY RATES					
Feb.7	Bank rate %	Special* Drawing Rights	European † Currency Unit.		

**PErropean Commission Calculations. **AMI SDR rates are for Feb.7				
MOVE	MENTS			
Sank of England Index	Morgan** Guaranty Changes %			
89.1 67.0 101.3 110.0 110.0 119.5 119.1 108.4 114.8 100.5 128.3	-22.3 -11.3 -1.1 +12.4 -3.2 +4.1 +25.6 +16.9 -12.3 -18.7 +58.1			
	Feb. 7 Sank of England Index 89.1 67.0 110.0 110.0 119.5 119.1 114.8 1103.8 110.0 110.5			

Moream Guaranty changes: average 1980- 1982-100. Bank of England Index (Base Average 1985-1001**Rates are for Feb. 7.						
Fe.8 £ 5						
Argentina Australia	3115.20 - 3201 95 2.2400 - 2.2420	1845.00 - 1855.00 1.3275 - 1.3285				

OTHER CURRENCIES					
Feb.8	Ľ	5			
Australia	2.2400 - 2.2420 3.0.5905 - 30.6150 6.6581 - 6.6790 265 65 - 265.85 111,1900 - 13.2035 117,00 - 1176.00 0.4690 - 0.4910 59,00 - 59.10 4.5420 - 4.5725 4665 55 - 4615.10 2.8490 - 2.8550 6.3005 - 6.3825 3.1425 - 3.1200	1845.00 - 1855.00 1.2(75 - 1.326 18.0850 - 18.117 3.9390 - 3.9550 157 30 - 157 7.8(100 - 7.8120 64.25 - 60 - 691.00 6.2875 - 6.2975 2.7940 - 2.7040 1.6860 - 1.6870 2.726.00 - 2.731.00 1.8460 - 1.6870 2.7360 - 1.8480 2.7360 - 1.8570 2.5365 - 2.5365 2.5365 - 2.5365 3.6720 - 3.6730			

MONEY MARKETS

Adjustment calculated by Florancial Times.						
		E)	CHA	NGE	C	
Feb.8	E	s	OM	Yeo	F	
	1	1.687	2.823	245.3	Ŀ	
	0.593	1	1.673	145.4	9. 5.	
YEN	0.354 4.077	0.598 6.877	11.51	86.89 1000,	3. 3	
F Fr. S Fr.	1.043 0.397	1.759 0.669	2944 1.120	255.8 97.34	10 3.	
H FI. Ura	0.314 0.476	0.530 0,884	0.887 1.345	77.07 116.9	3.4	
C \$ 8 Fr.	0.495 1.693	0.856 2.857	1.998 4.781	121.5 415.4	4.	

German ra	ates firm
SUGGESTIONS THAT West Germany will increase borrow- ing, to finance closer contact and possible unification with its East German neighbour, pushed fixed period rates higher in Frankfurt yesterday.	until a change in the domestic situation, or the international picture becomes clearer. Three-month sterling interbank was quoted at 15 %-15 per cent, against 15 %-15 and 12-month money

SUGGESTIONS THAT West Germany will increase borrow-ing, to finance closer contact and possible unification with its East German neighbour, pushed fixed period rates higher in Frankfurt yesterday. Three-month funds rose to 8.10 per cent from 8.025 per cent per cent from 8.025 per cent. Conditions were quiet and calm in London, but the credit caim in London, but the credit position remained tight. Speculation that the moving together of the two German states will lead to higher interest rates has not yet had any great impact. There is a view in the City that the UK authorities will be approximately to follow will be very reluctant to follow any upward move in West German rates even if it results in pressure on sterling.

UX clearing bank base lending rate 15 per cent from October 5

It is not even certain that this will happen. The pound has been one of the best performing of the main trading currencies so far this year and may retain its attraction if there are political problems in central and eastern Europe. Dealers see no domestic reason for a change in UK bank base rates and given the present uncertain international climate market rates in London are showing little movement. This is likely to remain the case

Day-to-day credit has been very tight in London so far this week. The Bank of England week. The Bank of England forecast another large shortage of £1,050m yesterday, and provided total assistance of £994m. Early help was offered once again, and at that time the authorities bought £602m bills, for resale to the market on Eabyrager 13 at rates of

on February 13, at rates of 14%-14% per cent.

Before lunch the Bank of England purchased \$204m bills outright, by way of £43m bank bills in band 1 at 14% per cent; \$2m Treasury bills in band 2 at 14% per cent; and £159m bank bills in band 2 at 14% per cent.

In the afternoon another In the afternoon another £188m bills were bought outright, via £38m bank bills in band 1 at 14% per cent, and £150m bank bills in band 2 at

14% per cent.
Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late assistance and a take-up of Treasury bills drained £691m, with a rise in the note circulation absorbing £100m, and bank balances below target £350m. These target £350m. outweighed Exchequer transactions adding £100m to

and nervousness about the political situation in central and eastern Europe, provided support for sterling. The pound showed little change overall. It fell 1% cents to \$1.6870, against a stream dollar and except to a stronger dollar, and eased to Y245.25 from Y247.25, but rose to DM2.8225 from DM2.8125; to SFr2.5200 from SFr2.5150; and to FFr9.5900 from FFr9.5725 Sterling's index declined 0.1 to

The Canadian dollar was weak on interest rate factors. The Bank of Canada was reported to be an aggressive buyer of the currency in Toronto, and may have also acted through the Bank of England in London.

The Australian dollar railied

slightly in London, closing at 75.47 US cents, after falling below 75 cents at one time in Sydney, following a cut in the Reserve Bank of Australia's discount rate to 17.1 from 17.3

	•	Term.	motice	MODUL	l wes	###]	MORRIS	162
Sperling US Deblar Can. Doblar D. Gediler Sw. Franc Destschmark Fr. Franc B. Fr. (Flat B. Fr. (Flat Yes D. Krone Asian SSing	10	54-142 54-84 54-84 54-8 54-8 13-11 13-11 13-10 13-10 13-12 13-12 13-12 13-81	15:2-14:2 81-81 12:-12:4 81-81 91-91 91-91 91-91 101-101 101-101 101-112 81-82 81-82	15 - 15 4 8 - 8 4 12 - 12 4 8 1 - 8 1 8 1 - 8 1 8 1 - 8 2 13 - 12 4 13 - 12 4 10 - 10 4 12 - 12 4 8 2 - 8 2 12 - 12 4 12 - 12 4 8 3 - 8 4	85 121 91 91 91 131 101 111 123	-151 -81 -121 -81 -121 -125 -105 -105 -125 -105 -125 -105	52-154 88-84 129-9 98-98 88-98 88-98 113-124 101-101 1	152-154 84-84 12-145 94-94 84-84 112-134 114-105 114-105 114-124 83-84
Long ter years 9%-9%	Long term Eurodollars: two years 9.8% per cent; three years 912-9 per cent; flow years 912-912 per cent; five years 912-912 per cent nominal. Short term rates are call for US Dollars and Japanese Ven; others, two days notice.							
POU	ND SI	POT-	FORWA	RD AG	AIN	IST '	THE PO	DNUC
Feb.8	Day'		Close	Que ma	at	P.E.	Three months	P.a.
IIS Canada Canada Mether lends . Belgium Densark	58.85 10.85 1.0630 2.814 247.65 182.45	20300 3.19 99.15 10.92½ 1.0710 1.82¾ 149.70 183.25 1102½ 10.93¼ 1.660½ 10.31½ 1.660½	1.6855 - 1.6875 2.0189 - 2.0190 59.00 - 59.10 10.65 - 1.055 2.92 - 2.821 10.65 - 1.055 2.92 - 2.92.5 10.290 - 183.20 2.93 - 2.991 2.95 - 10.304 2.95 - 10.304	24-240 0.32-0.2 11 ₂ -13-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-16-	Sopra com 9cpm repm 7ppm gopu 2cdls 7cpm repm 3cpm N/A 2708 ropa 1cpm	5.20 5.40 5.33 5.11 5.54 5.53 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.45 7.45	15-7 95-91 91-72	248 2174 2174 216 216 217 216 217 217 217 217 217 217 217 217 217 217

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

Short 7 Days Greg Three laws and the Months

DOLLAR SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR						
Feb.8	Day's spread	Close	Que month	% P.a.	Three months	% }}
JK1	1.6850 - 1.6930	1.6865 - 1.6875	0.88-0.86срп	6,19	2.76-2.73pm	6.5
eland)	1,5830 - 1,5935	1.5830 - 1.5840	0.41-0.36cpm	290	1.17.1.27pm	3.3
anada	1.1930 - 1.2000 1.8755 - 1.8875	11965 - 11975 18860 - 18870	0.38-0.42±lls 0.09-0.12±lls	-2.40 -0.57	1.19-1.26ds 0.30-0.35ds	-2.45 -0.66
eigipa	34.75 - 35.05	34.95-35.05	3.00-4.00cm	-2.05	14.00-25.00ds	-2.2
6002N;	6.42b - 6.45k	6.434 - 6.434	1.85-2.05cress	3.64	5.75-6.25ds	-3.7
Germany	1.6615 - 1.6740	1.6720 1.6730	0.01mm-0.01ds	0.07	0.08-0.12ds	-6.2
ortugai	147.05 - 147.85	147.75 - 147.85	80-95cds	-714	305-330ds	-8.6
pain		108.55 - 108.65	52-57 ctls	-6.06	180-1854s	-6.7
aly	12371- 12441-	1244 - 1244 5	3.50-5.500mdb	436	12.00-16.00ds	-4,5
Grindy	6.44-6.464	6.444 - 6.454	1.43-1.6Boredis	-2.89	4.85-5.250s	-3.1
Tapce	5.654 - 5.69	5.674, -5.684	1.00-1.00 .0 5	-2.20	3.78-3.94ds	-2.7
HEIGH	6.0913 - 6.1113	611-6115	WA.	N/A	H/A	N/
	144.80 - 165.55	145.30 - 145.40	0.20-0.18yen	ᅜ	0.46-0.4360	1.2 0.2
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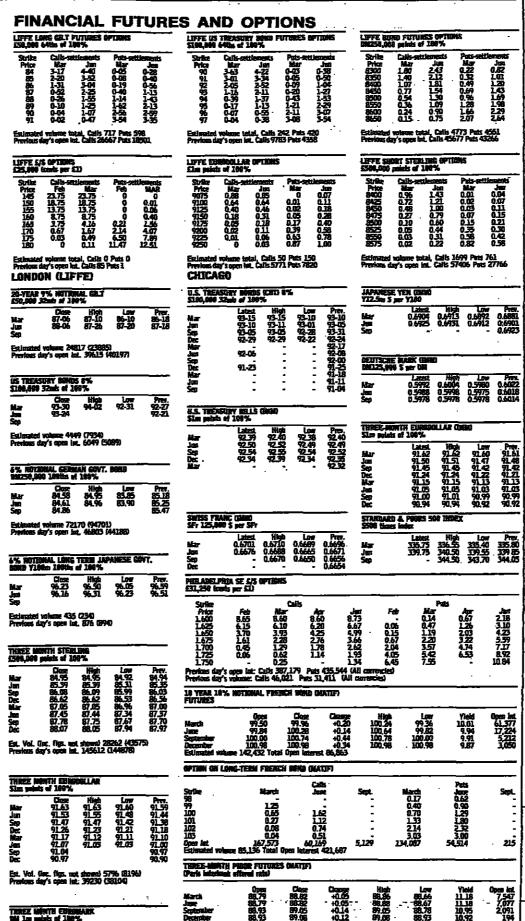
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Amsterdam	8.68-8.82	8.85-8.95	-	8.95-9.05	:	
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BASE LENDING RATES

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		Nat. Bk. of Kumait	15	Martgage 15.2% - 15.95%	
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City Merchants Bank	5	McDornell Dooglas Bok.		Savewise 8.5%. Top Tier £10,	
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Bardays Bask	15	Heritable & Gen Inv Bok .		Westpac Bank Corp	15
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Bask of Scotland		● Hambres Bank		Unity Trust Stark Pic	
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Bank of Goras	15	Girobank		158	<u>15</u>
Bank Credit & Comm	15	Robert Fraser & Pters		Standard Chartered	15
Bank Happalim	15	Robert Fleming & Co		Smith & Willness Secs	15
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya	15	First National Bank Pkr.	lá	Royal Trust Back	15
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ALLIANCE -- LEICESTER

Alliance & Leicester Building Society £50,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 2004 For the three months 7th February, 1990 to 8th May, 1990, the Notes will carry an interest rate of 15.480% per annum with an interest amount of £381.70 per £10,000 and £3.816.99 per £100,000 Bond, payable on 8th May, 1990.

Listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank

SCOTTISH FINANCIAL AND PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

Friday, March 23rd, 1990

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

> Kenneth Swan Tel: 031 - 220 - 1199 Fax: 031 - 220 - 1578

or write to him at:

Financial Times 37, George Street Edinburgh EH2 2HN

FINANCIAL TIMES

ACROSS
Query about stray boat (6)
Continues to make money

(8) 10 Hat salesman first kind of

10 Hat salesman first kind of creeper (7)

11 Plant, with piano, to be put in lorry (7)

12 Notice a light? (4)

13 For old bone-shaker to develop ice is risky (10)

15 The wild ass – gets overtime, right? (6)

16 Don't start, man I'm a bit tetchy, need to liven up (7)

20 Late gift (7)

21 Response of artist turned out of quarters (6)

24 Docile pair absorbed in a magazine (10)

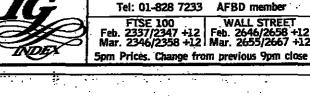
magazine (10)
26 Accustomed to being taken

26 Accustomed to being taken advantage of (4)
28 Composer meant to be working in South America (7)
29 Go off and trudge in the river (7)
30 Half year course could set compiler on the way extremely clairvoyant (8)
31 Brook and French saint — Thomas? (6)

1 Part of factory showing how

1 Part of factory showing now pork's processed (8)
2 Spying mince ples, nearly all of 15 tagged on (9)
3 Bird track? (4)
5 State registered nurse getting stroppy about cocoa being had for animals (8)

STOCK MARKET. information. Straight from the Direct to your monitor over the BBC TV Broadcast Network via a for your own portfolio to set high or low share price limits. can you afford to get left behind. Call Rosalie Lovell on

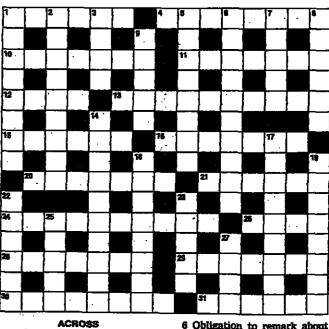


JOTTER PAD

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CROSSWORD

No.7,160 Set by MUTT

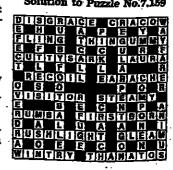


6 Obligation to remark about it - married (10) Eng Lit point for the upper

classes (5) Sappers turning up tuck in

8 Sappers turning up tuck in close to the transmitter (6)
9 Straight up and down (5)
14 The wine is dandy - Scottish sweetheart is following the French (10)
17 They suffered so in Hamelin, said Browning (9)
18 Large city almost swallowed by yawn (8)
19 Treading precariously where the ground slopes (8)
22 In brief fits resorts to writing (6)
23 Underworld taken in on points (5)

23 Underworld taken in on points (5)
25 In the parlour, you say
— with the sniffles?
27 The openings of all parliamentary sessions earn a recess (4)
Solution to Puzzle No.7,159



over the BBC 7

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urther information

VS. LONDON SWINE
AFBD member

WALL STREE Feb 2646/26584 May 2655/26675 tom previous **9pm ds**

JOTTER PA

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STANDARD	AND	POO	R'S	- inst	7 3 ATIGN 200	32.30 (2027.3	(A) LON 217	49 ICHOO 671	Unites General (1975)	665.6	670.6	672,6	6.88.6	815.8 (18/4/89)	580.8 (23/11/89)
Composite :	333 75		331.85	330.92		275.31	359.80	4.40	FRANCE CAC Secret (31/12/82)	519.22	521.73	526,67	528.00	561.6 (11/10/99)	417.9 (4/1,89)
industriais	385.39	385.09	382.92	381.12	(9/10/89 411.20		(9/10/89) 411.20	3.62 3.62	CAC 40 (31/12/87)	1905.51	1895.24	1914.33	1926.14	2006.42 (4/1/90)	1525.38 (27/2/89)
Financial	28 12	27.82	28.07	27.97	12/1/90 35 24		2/1/901 35.24	(21,16/32) 8.64	GERMANY FAZ Aktien (31/12/58)	796.88	790,69	806,40	807.13	807.13 (5/2/90)	535,78 (27/2/89)
rasacia	20.15	21.02	20.01	21.11	0/10/89		19/10/89	0/10/74	Commerchank (1/12/53) DAX (30/12/87)	2338.6 1915.79	2322.8 1900.10	2370.8 1937.72	2369.8 1939.43	2370.8 05/2/909 1999.43 05/2/909	1995.7 (27)2199a 1271.70 (23)21999
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		F	eb 2	Jan	26	Jan 19	year ago	(spprox.)	JAPAN 1814: (16/5/4%	37516.24	3730L87	£2644 83	5763L41	38915.87 (29/12/89)	30183.79 (5/1/89)
Down Industrial Div. Y	(letd		1.16	42	<u> </u>	3.99	34	5	Totan SE (Taptz) (4/1/68)	2745.15	2750.36	276613	2763.11	2004.00 (12/12/07)	2366.91 (6/1/89)
		Ja	n 31	Jen	24	Jan 17	year ago	(approx.)	Znd Section (4/1/68)	4258.57	4224,91	4197.91	4153.41	4258.57 (8/2/90)	2774.38 (27)3/891
S & P Industrial div.			3.13	31		3 03	3.1		XLSE Composite (4/4/86)	611.00	<u>611.97</u>	610,95	600 <u>.5</u>).	611.97 <u>(7)2 90</u> 9	357.31 (3/1/89)
S & P hall. P/E rath	<u> </u>	<u>1</u>	4.04	14.0	79	14.39	13.		METHERLANDS CBS TH.Rna.Ger.(End 1983)	253.9	249.4	253.0	256.1	272.7 (21,19,09)	208.3 (3/2)899
NEW YORK	ACTIV	EST	OCKS	-	TRADII	NG ACT	VITY		CRS All Shr (End 1983)	194.7	191.4	194.1	196.5	210.5 (B/9/9%	166.7 (1/3/89)
	Stocies	Closin	g Chan		† Volu		Million		MORWAY Duo SE (2/1/83)	81 <u>0.32</u>	798.48	799.51	796,62	830.32 RJ2/909	467.17 (2/1/89)
	reded	Price		<u> </u>		Feb			Philippees Naily Come (2/1/85)	1035.54	2038.92	1032.38	1020.24	13%.26 (20/11/89)	804.62 (6/2/89)
	554,500 874,800	7 34	+ 4		ier York Imex	186. 11.			SMGAPORE						
1BM 3	013,700 601,600	1031 211	+ 24	, 1	NASDAQ	149.	301 119.69 (a) 1.97		SES All-Singapore (2/4/75) SOUTH AFRICA	448.17	440.75	4334	442,85	403.34_642/908	300.07 (4/1/89)
Bank of N. Ess. 2	472,300	6	- 3		Rises	•	ພ 5	79 829	JSE Gold (28/9/78) JSE Intestrial (28/9/78)	2206.04 3195.04	2220.0 3210.0	2227.D 3211.0	2239.0 3157.0	2254.0 02/12/89	1291.0 (15/2/89)
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Am T&T 1	670,300	40	+ 4		lew Highs		ω) :	5 21	Kures Comp Ex. (4/1,50) SPADI	M2.52	880.39	886.86	877.45	1007.80 (3/4/89)	844.75 (11/12/89)
	602,500 558,700	39 62%	+ 1		New Lows			39	Madrid SE (30/12/85)	288,47	288,27	291.35	287.24	328.93 (13/9/89)	248.61 (1/3/89)
									SWEDEN Licolson & P. G1/12/56)	 w				4660.3 CL6/8/8%	3333.9 (3/1/89)
CANADA									SWITZERLARD						
TORONTO			Feb	Feb	Feb _		1989/90		Seiss Back Ind. (31/12/58)		767.0	771.0	<u>π.</u> 1	B29.1 (6/9/89)	613.1 (3/1/89)
Metals & Minerals		7	6 017.54	5 3056 23	2 3019.47	919.2 (1/9/		18(1/2/90)	Weighted Price (30/6/66)	12054.51	12154,98	12289.36	12302.67	12302.07 (5/2/90)	4873.01 (5/1/89)
Composite						4037.8 (6/10)		5 (6/1/89)	THAILAND Baselok SET CO/4/75)	805.39	760.39	799,12	822.56	918.67 (S/1/90)	386,73 (2)1/89)
MONTREAL Portfolio	19	06.47 1	8%.35	1896.00	1876.80	2069 68(10)10	197) 1577.	48 CJ/1/89)	WORLD #4.5. Capital Inci. CL/1/708	ᇤ	544.3	546.1	545.4	571.0 (4/1/90)	487.6 (13/6/89)
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TOKYO - Most Active Stocks Thursday February 8 1990



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Dow extends its advance as volume remains active

Wall Street

A CONTINUED rally in bond prices helped the equity mar-ket to build on its recent gains yesterday, writes Janet Bush in New York.

At 2 pm, the Dow Jones Industrial Average stood 13.74 points higher at 2.653.83 on active volume of 124m shares. The Dow had closed 33.78 points higher at 2,640.09 on Wednesday. Other major indices were

also quoted up at midsession yesterday, attesting to the broad nature of the current rally, but the market generally came off its mid-morning highs.

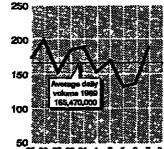
The equity market closely

followed movements in the Treasury bond market which opened slightly lower, then ral-lied to leave the long bond around & point higher but then dipped back once again before the \$10bn 30-year bond auction. At midsession, the bench mark long bond was quoted only is point higher for a yield of 8.52 per cent. The successful auctions of bonds on Tuesday and Wednesday have finally put to rest the pessimistic rhetoric from primary dealers which largely caused the price decline going into the quar-terly refunding and bond prices have been generally ris-ing since Wednesday after-

With the long bond auction completed, both markets will have a chance to think about fundamentals. The first focus will be today's announcement of producer prices.

Of longer-term interest will he the the continuing surge of the D-Mark and an expectation that interest rates in West Ger-many will move higher, partic-ularly in view of possible talks on monetary union between East and West Germany. The

NYSE volume Daily (million)



immediate impact of these developments on US markets will probably be telt in the bond market where yields may at some stage - have to rise to attract interest in competi-

The paramount question in the equity market is whether the rally from January's lows can be sustained. A survey of stock market analysts by Investors Intelligence pub-lished on Wednesday showed that 57.3 per cent of 130 ana-

Soviet and US influences in bourse recovery

ANOTHER triumph for the Soviet President, Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, and a good start on Wall Street yesterday com-bined to give continental bourses a reason to recover some of their lost ground, writes Our Markets Staff.

FRANKFURT cut short its correction in acknowledgement of Wednesday's news that Mr Gorbachev had swayed the Soviet Communist Party behind his domestic political reforms. Equities recovered in spite of ongoing weakness in the West German bond market, and mounting fears about the

consequences of monetary union with East Germany. After a 6.19 rise to 796.88 in the FAZ index at midsession, the DAX closed 15.69 higher at 1.915.69. Some of the big international blue chips did better, with BMW up DM17 at DM634, Daimler rising DM18 to DM920.50 and Siemens DM17.30

higher at DM792.30. Gains like these were attributed to large Japanese buy orders in the market, where volume recovered from DM11.2bn to DM12.1bn. Japanese institutional investors were said to be a stronger influence than the country funds launched, or about to be launched, by Japanese securi-

Retailers were off by between DM2 and DM5 a share. After the market closed, there was news that West German retail sales fell by 0.9 per cent in real terms in December, compared with the same STOCKHOLM recovered from sharp losses in early trading in response to stringent eco-nomic proposals – including a ban on raising share dividends - announced in parliament by Finance Minister Mr Kjell-Olof

Feldt, writes Simon Greaves.

The proposals, aimed at cooling down the Swedish economy, will be considered by parliament on February 15.

Local investors welcomed plans for a wage

freeze and a strike ban, but were unhappy about proposals for a two-year ban on raising dividends. The Affarsvärlden General index closed 2.2 higher at 1,242.4, after falling about 1 per cent following the dividend

reeze announcement. Trading remained thin, at SKr148m, because of the pay dispute which has shut Swedish banks for more than a week. Stock-holm has performed erratically and nervously this year, with regular daily 1 per

month a year earlier. One

exception to the retail trend was Asko, which jumped DM35

to DM730 on bargain-hunting

and short-covering following its recent declines.

Among the engineers, MAN's

indication of a pending rights issue, after 1989 acquisitions costing DM540m, actually left

the shares DM9 higher at

PARIS finished at its best

level of the day, as Wall Street opened higher. There had been

itters before trading began in

France, as the March Matif

bond futures contract looked likely to plunge again; but as the Matif steaded and firmed

during the day, equities rose. The CAC 40 index gained

10.27 to 1,905.51 on turnover

than Wednesday's FFr2.9bn. Michelin lost FFr4.70 to FFr133.80 in the most active business of the day, as a leading broker turned negative on the stock. News that Thomson-CSF would retain its dividend in spite of a decline in profits of 10 per cent pushed it

ZURICH followed the lead set by Tokyo and Frankfurt, and share prices gained ground. The opening had been subdued, amid worries about high interest rates, but foreign buying helped the bourse make

up FFr4.50 to FFr142.

a strong close. The Crédit Suisse index gained 6.2 points, or 1 per cent, to 618.2. Foreign interest focused at first on Nestle, after

after the telecommunications group announced a widely-expected doubling of 1989 profits and a five-for-one share split. It earlier proposed that the 1989 dividend be raised from SKr10.50 to SKr14, but said the payment depended on the Government's economic plans. Company president Mr Bjorn Svedberg said: "One third of our share owners are foreigners and we may now have to tell them there won't be a dividend rise for the next

cent swings in both directions and observers now expect the market to drift, according to one analyst.

Ericsson free Bs put on SKr7 to SKr972

two years."
Esselte, the office supplies and media group, remained suspended from trading

after becoming the target of Sweden's big-gest leveraged buy-out offer. Its shares were suspended on Monday.

> motive supplier, was actively traded with 297,500 shares system designed to improve the registration and clearing of its registered shares for foreign changing hands. It closed up BFr4 at BFr192. investors. Nestlé registered stock gained SFr250, or 2.9 per cent, to SFr8,840 and its bear-HELSINKI lost ground in very thin trade after Union ers added SFr160 to SFr8,910. AMSTERDAM rose after two days of weakness, with the

48.63 to 6,116.13.

Bank of Finland announced a 53 per cent fall in 1989 pre-tax profits. UBF's restricted A shares shed FM1.5 to FM29. The Unitas all-share index fell 5.0 to 665.6.

Wednesday's news that the Government plans to introduce

a capital gains tax on bourse transactions some time this

month. The Comit index eased

2.55 to 677.73. One stock to move higher

was Enimont, up L12 at L1,538

on renewed signs that a com-promise would be reached over

the control of the chemical

venture. BRUSSELS was mixed in

moderate trading amid sus-

tained interest rate worries. The cash market index shed

Cockerill, the steelmaker, which was suspended on

Wednesday before announcing that it was taking a majority stake in a West German auto-

Rauma-Repola, the engineering and lorestry group, saw its ordinary restricted shares close unchanged at FM35.5 after it forecast a 25 per cent fall in 1989 pre-tax profits.

VIENNA resumed its upward course, with the bourse index rising 9.31 points to a record 659.07. Trading was active and minutes to cope.

50 25 28 29 30 31 1 2 5 6 7 8 Jan 1990 February

tion with West German bonds which fell sharply on Wednes-

Canada

OPTIMISM about the US bonds auction spilled over into Toronto, helping stocks register gains. The composite index rose 13.9 to 3,793.2 on volume of 15m shares. Advances led declines 253 to 199.

lysts expected a bear market in

equities. This is the most bear-ish indicator since June 1982.

The more bearish the consen-

sus of analysts, experience has shown, the more likely the

Stock market is to fally.
Oil stocks were some of the best performers yesterday.
Exxon added \$% to \$48%, Chevron jumped \$2 to \$69% and Texaco gained \$1% to \$50%.

Among featured individual

stocks was Rykoff-Sexton,

which distributes to the food service industry. Its stock price

slumped \$5 to \$16% after the

company said that it would

report net income of around 5

cents a share for the fiscal

quarter ended January 27 com-pared with 38 cents a share a

year ago.
Federal-Mogul dropped \$1 to
\$18% after saying that its earnings would be significantly

Among companies reporting

results yesterday were Ten-

neco which rose \$% to \$66% and Colgate-Palmolive which

below current estimates.

added \$1% to \$58%.

stock market is to rally.

The oil and gas index climbed 40.07 to 4,406.23. BP Canada rose C\$1% to C\$22 and Mark Resources put on C\$% to

the previous day's news that ling NKr720m, has risen lethe company had developed a per cent since December. estimated at slightly better Spanish bolsa keeps the watchers waiting

Post-election caution and unsettled foreign markets are to blame, writes Tom Burns

Nikkei bounces back with rally in final hour's trade

Tokyo

CAUCHT between a slumping bond market and an inclination to recover, the market swung up and down yesterday before closing strongly on index buying, writes Michiyo Nakamoto in Tokyo.

The falling bond market turned an early gain of more than 150 points in the Nikkei average into a decline of more than 120 by the morning close, but the index shot up more than 300 on index-linked buying in the last hour - 102 in the last three minutes alone to close 214.37 better at 37,516.24.

The Nikkei ended at its high for the day, against a low of 37,180.81. Declines led advances by 487 to 448 with 197 unchanged and turnover slipped to 430m shares from 470m. The Topix index of all listed stocks lost 5.21 to 2,745.15 while, in London, the ISE/Nik-kei index added 1.74 to 2,026.11. Reports that US economist Milton Friedman had predicted that prices would collapse on

the Tokyo stock market in the near future were noted, but promptly ignored in Tokyo.

At the same time, rumours of a magazine article on a stock trading scandal involving a politician were proved quickly to be unfounded.

It is not the first time that a market crash has been predicted, and the rumours story seemed hazy from the start. Nevertheless, the market was vulnerable to these suggestions and was thus somewhat ner-vous, said Mr George Nimmo

at SBCI Securities. The second section of the TSE enjoyed another rise to a record 4,257.78, up 32.87 on record volume of 72m shares.

But interest in the first section remained unfocused and

Among first-section issues, Mochida Pharmaceutical enjoyed a strong rise of Y500. or 11.7 per cent, to Y4,750. It was boosted by reports that a biochemical laboratory with which it has connections has developed an Aids drug. Mochida's turnover shot up to 1.9m shares.

fell 128.89 to 38.594.37. Volume was up to 60m shares from Wednesday's 51m.

Roundup

more than 2 per cent in the most active trading day since June. The Hang Seng index gained 58.88 to 2,903.77 on turnindex has risen more than 6 per cent this week and turn-

Street and a switch of institu-tional funds into Hong Kong given as reasons for the rally. Continued speculative buying pushed Jardine Mathes one of the 10 most active stocks, up HK\$1 to HK\$25 and

86 8/2/90: Deletion: Holiday Corp. Insert. Promus (both US).

shares finished mixed. The Straits Times industrial index

In Osaka, the OSE average

THE RALLY continued in Hong Kong, where the market had its busiest day for more than six months. Other leading markets in the region were lit-

tle changed. HONG KONG advanced over of HK\$1.97bn, up from the previous day's HK\$1.1bn. The over yesterday was triple last eek's average.

The overnight gains on Wall from other, more expensive south-east Asian markets were its Mandarin Oriental hotel group 20 cents higher to HK\$6.15.

Kam Shing Commercial and Industrial, the property and garment trading company, gained 22½ cents, or 5.1 per cent, to HK\$4.62½. GGS. a Japanese property and investment group, has bid for more than 63 per cent of the company at HK\$4.86 a share. SINGAPORE was active, but

rose 4.12 to 1,588.78.

Kim Eng Holdings, the first publicly listed stockbrokers in Singapore, closed at S\$1.93, compared with the offer price of 65 cents, with 25.8m shares exchanged on its first day of

AUSTRALIA ended slightly higher, after making early losses. A fall in the local dollar encouraged the bargain-hunt-ers, and the All Ordinaries index added 2.8 to 1,648.4, after dropping almost 11 points.

Turnover was 102m shares worth A\$225m, similar to Wednesday's 117m and A\$224m. Investors remained worried, however, by the num-ber of companies in financial difficulties or with high debt levels. Highly geared compa-nies declined in active trading, including Adelaide Steamship, off 18 cents at A\$5.04 on 1.09m shares traded, and News Corp, down 40 cents at A\$10.85 - its lowest level since January last year - on 1.81m shares.

Resource issues firmed on the lower dollar, with CRA up 20 cents at A\$11.85. BOMBAY fell as concern

about the unrest in Kashmir grew. The stock exchange index dropped 15.17 points, or 2.2 per cent, to 659.30.

SOUTH AFRICA

MODEST profit-taking and weaker bullion prices pushed gold shares lower in Johannesburg trading, but losses were contained by a further easing in the financial rand.

approached at the end of last October, analysts covering the Spanish markets decided to wait and see. More than three months later, they are still waiting and they do not much like what

S GENERAL elections

Economic growth, coupled with strong political leadership by the pragmatic socialist pre-mier, Mr Felipe Gonzalez, saw the Madrid index more than treble in the two years to October. 1987.

Since that black Monday, it has underperformed the major European markets. As the 1990s opened, the economy looked decidely overheated and Mr Gonzalez's power base shaky. The boles remains rela tively limp and caution is the watchword among the broker-

age fraternity.
Mr Francesc Guardans, chief executive of Interdealers, believes that the prolonged period of waiting will continue until there is a new govern-ment, and as long as interest

rates remain high.
Mr Frederick Artesani, director of Banesto, Lombardia and Lacaci's international department, concurs: "The short term is not encouraging and the medium term is not clear.

Foreign investors, who once generated the bolsa's bullish ness, are now very shy. There has been a noticeable drop in confidence since the elections and there is a widespread feeling that, for all the Government's disavowals, the peseta may be devalued. Mr Gonzalez emerged

bruised from the fray. His outright majority was reduced to just one, and his decision to reappoint all the members of his outgoing cabinet has lent a caretaker air to the Government. A subsequent financial scandal involving members of the deputy prime minister's family has further knocked the

premier's powerbase. Mr Gonzalez's long-serving economy supremo, Mr Carlos Solchaga, appears determined

to maintain high interest rates (the intervention rate is currently 14.5 per cent) and credit restrictions, for his primary battle is against domestic consumer spending. He also seems unflinching in his determina-tion to keep the peseta in line with the D-Mark. 0.12 to 288.47.

Mr Alvaro Villacieros, the chief executive of Iberagentes' international department, believes that this policy is working, and that interest rates could begin to drop at the end of March. He also believes that the peseta will remain high in spite of the growing chorus of complaints from Species executes. Descentes Spanish exporters. Iberagentes

AFTER A glimmer of hope, encapsulated in a 5.3 per cent rise in the general index to 291.35 in the six working days until last Tuesday, the Madrid bolsa has subsided again. Yesterday, it eased

judges that the peseta will only loosen its grip on the D-Mark's coat tails if the West German currency is revalued upwards. In contrast, there are analysts who are especially cautions over the exchange rate as the Government negotiates wage agreements with unions and employers. One view is that the need to placate labour will lead to the corresponding concession to business of a weaker peseta.

CBS tendency index up 1.2 at 111.3. KLM, the airline, fell F11.80 to F136.40 after report-

ing a loss in fourth quarter

profits and saying that full-year figures would be similar

to the previous year's.
OSLO climbed to a record
high in lively trading, with

investors concentrating on

shipping and oil-related stocks.

The all-share index, which rose 8.4 to 608.58 in turnover total-

ling NKr720m, has risen by 15.4

There has been some relief that Spain's year-end inflation, hovering close to 7 per cent, represented a drop on the midyear figure. But the uncertainty over the exchange rate stubbornly refuses to disappear, and it is the single most important component fuelling

the present bolsa apathy.

The consequent low volume of trading in the opening month of the year has made the bolsa especially vulnerable to Wall Street and to Tokyo.

Until these settle, the Spanish

markets are not going to receive any new money and are expected to remain in the

Should the medium-term prospects clarify in the coming weeks, the bolsa could recover some of its former attraction. It is still too early to indulge in bargain-hunting, but the poten-tial is there and there are some companies, says Mr Artesani, that look "terribly cheap."

Mr Villacieros stresses that while there is bad momentum at present, there is good value to be found in Spain. Corporate profits, after tax, and in spite of the credit squeeze, were up last year by 15 to 18 per cent.

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national and Regional Markets		WEDN	SDAY FEE	BRUARY 7	1990		TUESDAY	FEBRUARY	/ 6 1996	DOLLAR INDEX			
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Day's change % local currency	Gross Div. Yleid	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1969/90 High	1969/90 Low	Year ago (approx	
Australia (84)	145.36	-2,4	126.81	127.33	-1,4	5.30	148.92	129.68	129,11	160,41	128.28	151.7	
Austria (19)	245.70	- O.8	214.34	211.14	-1.1	1.26	247.58	215.60	213.44	247.58	92.84	94.9	
3elglum (61)	149.67	0.6	130.57	127.89	-0.6	4.35	150.53	131.09	128.63	160.02	125.58	133.6	
anada (120)	141.73	+ 0.0	123.64	122.43	+0.5	3.31	141.72	123.41	121.88	154,17	124.67	136.6	
Jenmark (36)	258,97	-0.7	225.92	225.42	-0.8	1.40	260.82	227.13	227.30	260.82	165.35	156.1	
Finland (26)	151.67	-0.4	132.31	124.62	-0.5	2.41	152,29	132.61	125.20	159.16	118.63	142.4	
rance (125)	152.23	-0.9	132.80	134.50	-1.1	2.80	153.63	133.79	135.98	157.97	112.57	119.5	
Vest Germany (96)	134.61	- 1.7	117.43	115.78	- i.s	1.83	137,01	119.31	118,06	137.01	79.58	86.1	
long Kong (48)	116.95	+ 1.8	102.03	117.28	. +1.8	4.86	114.88	100.04	115.19	140.33	79.50 86.41	129.3	
reiana (17)	198.08	+0.3	172.80	174.39	+0.0	2.39	197.54	172.03	174.46	198.57	125.00	137.7	
faiv (96)	98.46	- 1.0	85,90	90.78	-1.0	2.53	99.47	86.63	91.71	102,11	74,97	79.3	
lapan (455)	184.19	-0.9	160.68	169.35	- Ö.Ğ	0.48	185.81	161.81	170.43	200.11	164.22	194.4	
Malaysia (36)	243.87			254.06	+ 1.1	2.11	241.57	210.36					
Mexico (13)		+ 1.0	212.74		+ 1.1 - 0.6		241.5/ 366.51		251,20	243.87	143,35	158.0	
etherland (43)	364.09	~0.7	317.62	1085.96		0.48		319.16	1092.96	371.93	153.32	164.9	
lew Zealand (18)	138.21	- 1.3 - 2.5	120.57	117.80	-1.4 -1.4	4.57 5.65	140.06	121.96	119,54	145.66	110.63	114.	
lorway (24)	59.78 239.12	-2.6	80, <i>8</i> 7	62.40		5.65 1.32	71.66	62.40 207.17	63.26	88.18	<u> 82.64</u>	74.3	
singapore (26)	238.12	+0.1	207.73	207.58	+0.2 -0.9		237.90 199.38	207.17	207,14	238.12	139.92	159.	
mgapore (20)	197.26	-1.1	172.09	168.95		1.72		173.62	170.53	199.38	124.57	141.	
outh Africa (50)	248.57	- 1.1	216.84	176.68	+0.5	3.15	251.39	218.92	175.84	251.39	115.35	127.	
pain (43)	160.02	- 0.3	139,60	130.20	-0.5	4.03	160.53	139.80	130.80	169.75	143.14	145	
Weden (35)	199.05	-0.9	173,65	178.87	-1.1	1.96	200.95	174.99	180,87	206.95	138.45	149.	
witzerland (82)	96.87	- 1.2	84.51	88.91	- 1.0	2.02	98.04	85.38	89,78	99.12	67.81	76.	
Inited Kingdom (306)	159.93	-0.7	139,52	139.52	-0.5	4.53	161.09	140.28	140.28	164.31	133,28	152.	
JSA (542)	135.00	+ 1.2	117,77	135.00	+1.2	3.50	133.39	116.16	133.39	146.29	112.13	121.	
urope (989)	144.83	- 1.0	126,34	125.88	- 1.0	3.40	146.26	127.37	127,12	146.66	112.63	120.	
lordic (121)	200.47	-0.7	174.88	170.08	- Q.8	1.89	201.89	175.81	171.48	201.89	137.95	144.	
Pacific Basin (667)	180.28	-0.9	157.27	165.76	-9.6	0.73	181.88	158.39	166.79	194.72	160,44	189.	
Euro — Pacific (1656)	166.32	−ŏ.9	145.09	149.88	-0,7	1.67	167.86	146.18	151.00	174,18	141.56	162.	
Vorth America (662)	135.31	+ 1.1	118.04	134,21	+12	3.49	133.79	116.51	132,68	146.66	112.79	122	
urope Ex. UK (683)	134.16	- 1.2	117.04	117.34	- 1.3	2.66	135.73	118.20	118.84	135.73	96.30	100.	
acilic Ex. Japan (212)	133.28	- 1.0	118.27	120.83	-0.3	4.74	134.60	117.21	121.25	140.05	111,93	135.	
Vorid Ex. US (1849)	166.37	-0.9	145,14	149.52	-0.7	1.74	167.87	146.19	150,56	173.77	141.49	160.	
Vorid Ex. UK (2085)	153.60				-0.7 -0.1	2.05	153.93	134.05	145.24	162.00	136.98	145.	
		-0.2	134.00	145,13			153.96	134.07					
Vorid Ex. So. Af. (2331)	153.57	-0.3	133.97	144,32	-0.1	2.27			144.51	161.84	136.67	145.	
Vorld Ex. Japan (1936)	140.19	+0.2	122.30	131.85	+0.2	3.50	139.97	121.89	131.55	145,52	114,51	122	
he World Index (2391)	154.15	-0.3	134.47	144.56	-0.1	2.28	154.55	134,59	144,73	162,05	136.68	145.	

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and County NatWest/Wood

By David Waller

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THE BIG accountancy firms about what kind of business suffer from what marketing professionals might describe as a "product and image differen-tiation problem." No matter how they strive to prove them-selves distinctive and unique, the firms appear, to the great mass of the business public at least, to be offering similar ser-vices under different names.

Those who know the accountancy industry a little better might observe that such and such a firm is aggressive, that so and so is complacent, that this firm is on the ascendant, while another is sinking inexo-rably towards oblivion. But for all the ingenuity the firms have exhibited when assisting their clients with brand accounting, no one firm has come up with a market-leading brand of its own.

The whole process is com-pounded by the merger dance. Perhaps because the firms have given up trying to distin-guish themselves on any crite-rion other than that of size, they are constantly trying to get bigger by merging with one another. In the process, vener-able brand names are chewed up (Deloitte) or swallowed altogether (Whinney) and brand loyalties are inevitably given a

The confusion over brand names perhaps reflects a confusion of strategy: in trying to be all things to all men, the firms appear to be unclear

they want to do, for which clients, and why. To the outsider, whether a potential client or a financial journalist, the strategies appear loose and unfocused. It is no wender then that image differentiation between the firms is so minimai. The firms are not sharply focused from a business point of view, and so the marketing image is fuzzy, too.

Ambitious, entrepreneurial accountants could consider breaking away to form a bou-tique: a Wasserstein Perella of the accounting world, serving only the very best and most profitable clients. Alterna-tively, a big firm could take it upon itself to drop all its small clients and all its unprofitable clients; to rid itself of all its unprofitable staff; to close down offices, and expel non-

performing partners.

Among the bigger firms, Deloitte Haskins & Sells is notable for slimming itself down in the wake of its failure to merge with Price Water-house in 1984, and Arthur Andersen has closed down a number of offices in the UK. Hugh Aldous at Robson Rhodes makes great play of his "dross-drop" programme (which affects staff as well as clients) and David McDonnell is embarking on the herculean task of rationalising Grant

Take the Deloitte example: it

has shed £5m-£10m of unwanted turnover in the past five or six years, and 70 out of 260 partners have – in the words of managing partner Alan McFetrich – been "encouraged to depart." Over that period, the total number of partners expanded by 10 to 270, reflecting an infusion of new blood. The result must have been improved profitabil-ity and efficiency and it is a

Firms appear to be unclear about the kind of business they want to do

shame that the UK firm should have ended up the junior part-ner in the Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte merger.

(Junior only because Deloitte came without the bulk of its international practice; a much better match would have been with Arthur Andersen, which would have appreciated Deloitte's impressive portfolio of blue-chip audit clients in the UK.)
The firm that will distin-

guish itself - in reality as much as in image – will be the one that can give unequiv-ocal "yes" answers to the following three ques-

• Is the firm geared up to serve, and wholly committed to

serving, the multinational cli-ent rather than the local or national client?

In practice, the partnership structure of the firms mitigates against any focus on the multinational client to the exclusion of the merely national or local. There is an inevitable tension between the aspirations, motivation and sophistication of partners in the regional offices of a big firm, and those in financial and business centres. is the firm able to offer a proper cross-disciplinary ser-vice to the multinational client, uncomplicated by divisions between audit and other branches of the firm?

In practice, none of the firms appears to have come to sensi-ble decisions about whether they are accountants who offer consultancy services, or consultants who happen to be auditors. They are all trying to do both, and struggling with the conflicts that arise.

The auditor, dull and worthy and steeped in professional ethics, is famously a different sort of chap from the free-wheeling consultant. The divisions are not simply cultural, though. The business dynam-ics of auditing, which is annuity-based, something of a com-modity product, are different from those of the more capitalintensive consultancy practice. Has the firm resolved the between the desirability of having autonomous

national firms and the need for control from the centre? Here, most of the firms will

answer yes, but for different reasons. Coopers and Peat Marwick McLintock would say that they encourage autonomy at the local level as it is better for morale and motivation. Con-versely, Andersen would point to its one-firm-worldwide structure and Price Waterhouse would highlight its new pan-European practice. Yet not one of the firms is truly international in the way that corporations of a similar size could claim to be.

"These questions have been fudged by all the big firms," observed a former partner in one of them last week. "For most of the last decade, they have all enjoyed buoyant trading conditions across a whole range of disciplines. The question of priorities has just not been tackled. Every so often, a major external event — such as somebody else's merger - will galvanise the partners into a strategic rethink, but things

soon slump back to normality."
In theory, those firms which have conducted a mega-merger will have a wonderful opportu-nity to sort themselves out once and for all. That certainly happened in the US after Peat Marwick absorbed Klynveld Main Goerdeler. In other, more recent, cases, one suspects that the difficulties are being swept under the carpet for the sake

of a quiet life, Indeed, the administrative hassle of merging two big practices may serve to prevent managing partners from thinking about the important strategic ques-

A good solution, perhaps, would be for a firm such as Price Waterhouse to declarethat it is not going to do any business for any but the top 100 companies in any one coun try. In the process, it could close all those peripheral offices, lop the staff in Hanson-like fashion, and discard those smallish companies that seemed so attractive back in the bull market but now cannot issue any shares.

In spite of Price Waterhouse's formidable client list, a combination of conservatism and loyalty to its client base will mean that it is unlikely to go down that route.

Price Waterhouse and its competitors may in the next their priorities, and to act accordingly. The catalyst is unlikely to be a dramatic event such as the long-awaited schism between Andersen's auditing and consulting businesses but rather the steady pressure on firms' profitability as demand for their services declines. After a period when all the firms have expanded rapidly, perhaps over-expanded rapidly, that might be quite



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Our Tax Managers are highly talented and very ambitious. That's because Arthur Andersen is a meritocracy in which career development comes rapidly. We offer a salary and benefits package which is unlikely to be bettered elsewhere and prospects for partnership which are excellent.

These factors have helped our tax practice grow dramatically in recent years. Indeed, compared with other firms, tax consultancy is a much larger part of our overall UK practice.

Behind our success lies a commitment to providing business solutions, not just tax solutions. We're able to do that because, in our view, Arthur Andersen Tax Managers are the best in the business. We'd like you to join them.

Develop your career now by contacting Helen Shaw, Arthur Andersen, 1 Surrey Street, London WC2R 2PS. Telephone 01-438 3250.



OPPORTUNITIES AVAILABLE IN CENTRAL LONDON AND LEEDS

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—John Menzies plc=

GROUP FINANCE MANAGER

Edinburgh

John Menzies plc is one of Scotland's top public companies with sales approaching £1 billion in retailing, wholesaling and distribution services.

The business success is based upon high calibre management and the company is now seeking someone for the position of Group Finance Manager. The role is a high profile one requiring a commercial accountant with line management

Reporting to the Group Finance Director, the emphasis of the job is very much on the future development of the business with the majority of time involved in:

£40.000 + and benefits

- financial input to major capital/revenue expenditure decisions
- the analysis of potential acquisitions and joint ventures
- commercial management for profit

You will be a qualified accountant, probably in your thirties, with previous profit centre responsibilities for budgetary control in a trading company.

Candidates should be highly motivated, imaginative, possess a strong and selfconfident personality and be able to work comfortably with all levels of senior management. Please write in confidence enclosing full career details to James Forte, quoting reference M2806.

KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock

Executive Selection and Search 70 Fleet Street, London EC4Y 1EU

IDESTS Operational Review

strategic development of the group.

Stratford Upon Avon

The Client

Our client, Misys, is one of the major computer services groups in the UK, with a current market capitalisation in excess of £130 million, trading through 14 autonomous operating companies. Their expansion in recent years has been both organic growth and through an active acquisition strategy which is continuing.

The Position

Poised for further substantial growth within this dynamic and exciting market, this new position is regarded by the Executive Management as a significant role in the development of the group. Reporting directly to the Group Financial Controller, the successful candidate will initially be responsible for establishing and developing the function from inception and revising internal procedures, as well as financial controls geared towards results, products and business profitability. After this initial stage, the successful applicant will be responsible for ongoing 'Trouble Shooting' exercises within the function including post-acquisition projects,

Interested candidates should contact Nick Stephens on 021-233 4450 (office hours) or 021-445 5055 evenings/weekends. Alternatively, write enclosing CV to the address shown.

To £30,000 + Car(fx) + bens

operational reviews, consultancy and business analysis, thereby contributing directly the management and

This position will ideally suit an ambitious ACA (preferably graduate), aged 28 to 35, who has already gained a minimum of 12 months operational review/ internal audit in a similar environment. Candidates must be able to demonstrate a sound working knowledge of control procedures and review techniques, be proactive and possess good communication skills both orally and in writing. Our client sees the role being a maximum two year assignment with anticipated progression to a line role at company or divisional level.

The Rewards The salary package on offer (including relocation expenses where necessary) shows the commitment of our client to attract exceptional candidates who have the ability to develop further within this demanding environment.



Nicholas Andrews Freepost, 126 Colmore Row. Birmingham, B3 2BR.

Major Construction Group

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

West London

c\$40,000 + car+ benefits

A major construction group has created a new position to work alongside the Managing Director of its International operations.

Responsible for the financial aspects of business strategy and management information, the Financial Controller will be a key contributor to the success of this £100m+ turnover business. Regular contact with senior operational management, andfinancial and commercial departments will be an important feature of the role.

Ideally, a professional accountancy qualification, recognised first degree and major project experience in the UK or overseas are required. Familiarity with joint venture proposals and negotiations would be an additional advantage.

The dimensions of the group and its ambitious plans provide opportunities to develop a long term career not necessarily confined to the finance

Please write, enclosing a career/salary history, and daytime telephone number, to John Sleigh FCCA quoting reference J/899/F.

Finance Director

Publishing

c. £45,000+ bonus

Leading name in national newspapers and periodicals has expanding magazine subsidiary requiring board level financial expertise. Acquisitive with new and mature titles to develop, this £15m business has financial backing, products and talent for accelerated national/International growth. Youthful, vibrant, exciting environment for fast-tracker with ambition and general management potential. Package negotiable for right person.

Working closely with MD, directing four divisional controllers, developing internal reporting

■ To assess and complete acquisitions, to optimise

profitability by title, to plan expansion funding and provide treasury support. To ensure secretarial services, pensions, licences, insurance and property arrangements.

QUALIFICATIONS Probably in 30s, professionally qualified and computer numerate

Experience in publishing, media (Press, TV, radio) or advertising, with record of driving growth and

Ability to ensure total financial support to self-sufficient, autonomous business.

Please reply in writing, enclosing full details to: Ref. 11494-001, Brook House, 113 Park Lane, London, WIY 4HJ.

London 01-493 1238

The Selection Division of Spencer Stuart & Associates Ltd Manchester 061-941 3818

Financial Controller

City

Our client is the UK subsidiary of an international broking and trading organisation and is a Ring Dealing Member of the London Metal Exchange. Poised for expansion internationally both in metals and into additional trading activities, a Financial Controller is sought who will assume full responsibility for all elements of finance and administration within the London operation.

Reporting to the Chairman, the Financial Controller will be responsible for the full range of statutory financial and compliance requirements, the adequate provision of management information, and the control of foreign exchange exposure, fund and cash management. The planned expansion of the company

c£40,000 + car

will need to be supported by the appropriate development of financial and administrative systems.

The ideal candidate will be a computer literate, qualified accountant who has worked in an international broking or trading environment or within the treasury operations of a major organisation. It will be necessary to be a self confident, hard working individual who possesses well developed interpersonal skills, an enthusiasm for the trading environment, and

an analytical approach to business issues. To be considered please send your cv or telephone Nicolas Mabin (01-495 7808) at Ernst & Young Search and Selection, 21 Conduit Street, London W1R 9TB, quoting reference F/460/N (Fax Number 01-495 3011).

Ernst & Young

FINANCE DIRECTOR **PROPERTY**

London W1

This position is new, will be extremely high-profile and will report directly to the Chief Executive at Main Board level. The firm is a major U.K. property consultancy which has recently reorganised on corporate lines, but remains an independent partnership. The business currently has over 500 partners and staff. Further expansion is contemplated.

With a staff of 25, you will have total responsibility for all financial matters: management information, financial planning, financial management, control, and all I.T. systems. Whilst mainly UK-orientated you will also have financial responsibility for the firm's French and other European interests.

You will be an extremely proactive individual, whose track record will reflect significant achievements at a senior level. You will probably be 32-45 and a qualified

package to £65.000 + Car

chartered accountant; more important however is your energy, and ability to deal effectively at all levels throughout the business. Strategic planning skills would be extremely useful, as well as experience of mergers and acquisitions. An appreciation of the way in which partnerships operate could be an advantage, but is not essential.

If you feel up to this exciting challenge, please send a comprehensive c.v. quoting salary history and daytime telephone number quoting reference 3104 to Bruce McKay, Executive Selection Division.

△ Touche Ross

5th Floor, 52/54 High Holborn, London WCIV 6RL Telephone: 01-353 7361.

Finance Director/ Company Secretary

Timber Products Bristol, c £35,000, Car

This company provides a range of sales, marketing and associated support activities within Europe for its Canadian based parent (T/O \$1 billion) and other independent producers of forest products and building materials. Committed to strengthening its European presence the company has acquired a manufacturing plant in Scotland with current capacity being doubled through a £20 million investment programme. Further acquisitions are planned. A talented professional is now being sought to join the company at this challenging stage of its development. A key member of the management team, reporting to the managing director, you will have responsibility for all aspects of finance and administration. This will include the effective maintenance of accounting controls and the development of comprehensive management information systems throughout the company, Reporting, budgeting, forecasting, co-ordinating business plans are further elements of this role.

You will be a qualified accountant aged 35-45 with experience gained within a marketing led organisation. Additionally, you will have some acquisitions experience plus exposure to multi-currency treasury operations.

Personal qualities must include well developed interpersonal skills plus a level of intellect which allows you to operate effectively at the most senior levels. An attractive benefits package includes relocation assistance where appropriate.

An attractive benefits package includes relocation assistance where appropriate.

Male or female candidates should submit in confidence a comprehensive c.v. or telephone for a Personal History Form to, D. Pottler, Hoggett Bowers plc, 11-12 Queen Square, BRISTOL, BS1 4NT. 6272 298433, Fax: 0272 279714, quoting Ref: D16030/FT.

Hoggett Bowers

HIRMINGHAM, BRISTOL, CAMBRIDGE, CARDIFF, EDINHURGH, GLASGOW, LEEDS, LONDON, MANCHESTER, NEWCASTLE, NOTTINGHAM, ST ALRANS, SHEPPIELD, WINDSOR and EUROPE

Project Finance Manager

Construction Industry

c. £45,000 + bonus + share options

New opportunity for specialist in finance packages for construction or property projects. One of Europe's largest UK-based construction companies seeks creative talent to join small HQ treasury department. Almost £2bn turnover, £2-200m projects, some travel and senior level negotiation all contribute to this high profile and key position. Package negotiable including bonus potential and attractive share options.

Reporting to Group Treasurer, member of small team with responsibility for significant financing.

Scope to develop innovative financing structures in conjunction with banks or institutions.

London

Freedom to negotiate at senior levels, to market opportunities externally, discuss and prepare board **QUALIFICATIONS**

Probably in 30's, graduate calibre with high numeracy and computer literacy.

Relevant experience with bank, investment group or contractor in preparing finance packages. Knowledge of limited-recourse borrowing and joint ventures essential.

■ Some awareness of taxation and insurance aspects of project financing useful.

Please reply in writing, enclosing full details to: Ref. 5453-002, Brook House, 113 Park Lane, London, W1Y 4HJ.

01-493 1238

The Selection Division of Spencer Stuart & Associates Ltd

Manchester

061-941 3818

Group Chief Accountant

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Personal Ham plc. 11-12 Qual 0272 29641

c£40,000 + Bonus + Car

Our chent is a major UK public Group with substantial oversess operations which is undergoing an exciting stoge in its development. Growth has been achieved both organically and by

The newly created role of Group Chief Accountant, reporting to the Group Financial Controller, will be respons for all group accounting matters including analysis of management accounts and preparation of statutors accounts. Key responsibilities will also include the provision of technical advice on occounting policies, the provision of direct support for the integration of new companies into the Group, and the maintenance of close ligison with aubaidiaries' finance and central treasury staff. In addition there will be involvement in computerising system and project work on public circulars.

Candidates should be qualified graduate accountants, ugo indicutor 30-34, with good technical ability, communication skills, business acumen and initiative. Future opportunities for career development are excellent in this expanding Group. Relocation assistance is available where appropriate. Please telephone or write enclosing full curriculum vitae quoting ref: 406 to: Nigel Hopkins PCA, 97 Jerrayn Street. London SWIY GJE

Cartwright Hopkins

FINANCIAL SELECTION AND SEARCH

MONACO

Expanding Financial Services Company seeks to recruit young chartered accountant to join a small team of professionals in Monaco.

Please send CV to:

Corporate Data Services, 18 Bld des Moulins, Monaco



GLOUCESTERSHIRE

Corporate Financial Accounting Manager

Nuclear Electric plc is developing a strong management team to drive the business forward into the next decade. Commercial awareness within public accountability will be critical to success in this demanding environment.

As part of that management team, you will have an important role in controlling and managing the financial accounting function. Key areas include accounting for liabilities crystallising many years ahead, the preparation of CCA accounts including asset valuation, reporting to both statutory and regulatory standards.

You will be a graduate qualified accountant, in your mid-thirties to mid-forties, with substantial experience in the financial accounting area. Your technical skills will have

been developed within a large company environment, possibly in the engineering or oil sector. You must combine intellectual ability with strong managerial and communication skills

There will be exceptional opportunities for rapid career advancement within this new business. The excellent package will include full relocation assistance if required.

Please send full personal and coreer details in confidence to Alison Lewis, Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte Executive Resourcing, PO Box 198, 26 Old Bailey, London EC4M 7PL quoting reference 5359/FT on both envelope

&Lybrand

Executive Resourcing

Group Finance Manager

Tel: 01-839 4572

An opportunity for a young accountant to gain all-round commercial involvement.

c£33,000 + bonus + car

London

Our client, a British quoted PLC, has expanded consistently and profitably to become one of the leaders in the electronics sector in the UK. In recent years it has established a market presence in many parts of the world. Future plans for the group centre on further expansion overseas.

You will be a key member of the small head office management team and will contribute to both Group Accounting policy and the Group's strategic business decisions. Through the effective management of both systems and people you will ensure the smooth running of the Group Accounting function, recommending and implementing enhancements as appropriate. You will apply commercial and accounting skills to acquisition and capital expenditure appraisals and to an ongoing

review of the operating subsidiaries.

You are a Chartered Accountant, ideally in your late twenties or early thirties. You are either performing a similar role at holding company level or looking for your first move outside the profession. Your technical accountancy skills will be first class and must be combined with commercial awareness and a pro-active approach. Success in this role will position you for career development opportunities within the group.

Salary is for discussion as indicated and an executive benefits package, including car, bonus and share options will be provided.

Please write - in confidence - with full career details to Lesley Gifford, Ref: FT 20351, MSL International (UK) Ltd., 32 Aybrook Street, London W1M 3JL

MSL International

FINANCE DIRECTORS

Northern-Based Manufacturing Group

Our client is an internationally renowned, medium sized manufacturing group supplying high quality engineering products to a diverse range of industries. Operating from a number of sites worldwide and employing around 2,000 people, they are a market leader in each one of their specialist fields.

Ownership of the group has recently changed, accompanied by an injection of capital, new senior management and ambitious development plans for the future. A radical re-organisation is to follow, with the formation of more autonomous subsidiary companies to provide stronger market focus and management control of each of the principal

The new emphasis on performance and the proposed decentralisation of the accounting function creates the need for a Group Financial Director together with Finance Directors for a number of the group's subsidiaries. Aged 30 to 45, candidates for all these positions will be operations-orientated accountants able to demonstrate a highly successful track record in a financially demanding environment. They will have broad financial management skills that must include in-depth experience of standard and contract costing in low volume engineering batch manufacture, implementation of computer-based accounting systems and tight-ship management of cash.

GROUP FINANCIAL DIREC

c.£60,000 Package + Car + Attractive Share Options + Executive Benefits

Our client is seeking a 'hands-on' leader who is capable of contributing directly to the profit and cash performance of the group as well as ensuring that management receive the highest quality financial information.

initially you will be responsible for setting-up the new accounting infra-structure including a total overhaul of systems and the creation of new streamlined departments. Involvement longer-term will centre on the coaching of these new financial teams, supporting business development activities and treasury management.

This represents an exceptional opportunity to become part of a high calibre management team at the start of its restructuring process, offering enormous potential for the future. The salary and benefits package is flexible to attract candidates of the very highest calibre. Ref. 90/3737FT

FINANCE DIRECTORS

-£35,000 - £45,000 Package + Car + Excellent Benefits

The newly strengthened subsidiaries are likely to have turnovers in the range of £10 to £30 million. As part of the senior management team of one of these you will have 'hands-on' responsibility for running an efficient finance and administration function, controlling cash and providing timely and accurate management information.

Initially you will work with the Group Financial Director in setting-up the new accounting infra-structure for the subsidiary, embracing systems and personnel. Operational reviews and business strategy will form key additional areas of responsibility.

The positions will be extremely demanding, offering real commercial exposure and an exciting long term future with a rapidly developing group. Ref: 90/3738FT

For further information, please write to Russell Dawson BSc (Hons) ACA, quoting the appropriate reference number, at Daniels Bates Partnership Ltd., Joseph's Well, Hanover Walk, Park Lane, Leeds LS3 1AB or telephone him on (0532) 461671.

aniels

PROFESSIONAL RECRUITMENT

Yamaichi Bank (U.K.) Plc

The bank was formed, in London in March 1988 and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Yamaichi Securities. It successfully provides a wide range of financial services to both domestic and overseas clients. Offering a full range of traditional commercial banking services it has also developed treasury activities encompassing both interbank and corporate clients across a very broad horizon. Growth has led to the requirement to complement the finance function with the following appointments.

TREASURY ACCOUNTANT .

Actively involved with the expanding Treasury Department, duties will involve:

- * Investigating and reporting on Treasury Risk Management areas.
- * Preparing trading position reports. * Analysing and compiling trading profit and loss information.
- * Assisting in the implementation of a new mainframe system.

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT

c.£27,000 + banking benefits

Working closely with the commercial banking

- departments, duties will involve: * Analysing management information.
- * Preparing variance reports.
- * Assisting in the preparation of the general
- * Working closely on new systems implementation.

Applications are invited from qualified accountants, either in public practice or currently employed within a commercial bank. A good academic record and a desire to pursue a career in the developing world of commercial banking are essential.

Those interested should contact Tom Seaden on 01-831 1101 (evenings and weekends - 01-874 5520). He is exclusively retained to provide full information, company details etc. prior to submission of application to the bank. Absolute confidentiality is assured.

the *leet* partnership

Financial Recruitment Consultants, 37/41 Bedford Row, London WC1R 4JH. 01-831 1101 (24 hours)

FIRST TECHNOLOGY PLC

Group Financial Accountant

Chertsey, Surrey

to £27,000 + FX Car * assisting senior management in the evaluation of capital and business acquisition proposals and making

Pirst Technology Ple is a fast expanding international group with activities ranging from the styling and designing of cars to the manufacture of sophisticated fire and security systems. Each company within the group operates at the leading edge of its chosen technology, and many are market leaders.

Substantial growth in recent years, achieved through a combination of fostered organic expansion and carefully chosen acquisitions, has created a post within the Head Office. As one of

- \star reporting of all consolidated financial and management information to the Board
- consolidation and reporting of all budgets and
- The successful candidate will be aged 25+, a newly/recently

Qualified ACA/ACMA/ACCA, ideally with experience of dealing with public quoted companies. Essential personal qualities will include a disciplined approach, well developed interpersonal skills, as well as the adaptability and flexibility to succeed within an informal but professional environment. Prospects with this International organisation are excellent. Interested candidates should submit their CVs to

Sajid Baloch MBA, at Michael Page Finance, Cygnet House, 45-47 High Street, Leatherhead, Surrey KT22 8AG, or telephone him on (0372) 375661. Fax (0372) 370101.

Michael Page Finance

COMPLIANCE AUDIT OFFICER

Central London

Our client is a major life assurance and financial services group.

Along with its direct sales arm made up of 250 salesmen, it has 94 appointed representatives who, through their respective sales forces, market the group's products throughout the UK. Being a fully authorised member of LAUTRO the company holds full responsibility for the selling activities of its appointed representatives and it must, therefore, ensure that the sales force is acting in accordance with the LAUTRO rules at all times.

Their current requirement is for a Compliance Audit Officer whose role will bring accountancy skills to bear on the compliance function. This will involve carrying out regular visits and spot checks on appointed representatives and sales branches throughout the UK and could.

c.£30,000 + car

therefore, involve a good deal of travel. Above and beyond these duties, a major portion of the job would involve monitoring and managing compliance throughout the entire group, including companies regulated by IMRO.

Successful candidates may be qualified or part-qualified accountants or experienced individuals who can demonstrate a proven track record in audit work for an accountancy firm or financial institution. A background in compliance would be useful but this is by no means essential as "on the job" training will be given. This is a proactive position where innovation and creativity would be positively encouraged and rewarded.

Interested? Please 'phone Anna Ponton on 01-236 8000, or write to her enclosing full career details, quoting reference T2509.

KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock



Executive Selection and Search 70 Fleet Street, London EC4Y 1EU

International Recruitment Consultants

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Financial Controller

Media Industry

c£33,000 + Car

Our client is an ambitious and dynamic independent production company with major interests in television and all its ancillary activities. Formed in the early 80s, the group has quickly established a reputation for quality and innovation. The imminent expansion of television channels will provide exciting opportunities for the channels will provide exciting opportunities for the future, including the new franchises for Channel 3 (ITV) and Channel 5, for which the company is interested in preparing a bid.

They now seek to complement the executive team with the appointment of a Financial Controller. Reporting to the Managing Director, responsibilities will encompass the full range of finance, accounting and IT activities. A significant contribution to

the commercial direction of the business will be expected at this crucial stage in the group's development.

Candidates will be qualified Accountants, who can combine solid technical expertise with a practical approach to the commercial realities of business. Strong interpersonal skills and a team orientated management style are also important, as well as the ability to progress to full Board appointment.

Interested applicants should apply to
Mark Hurley BSc(Hons), ACMA, quoting ref: 663, at
Michael Page Finance, Clarendon House,
81 Mosley Street, Manchester M2 3LQ
or telephone 061-228 0396.

Michael Page Finance

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

GENERAL SIGNAL !

SEMICONDUCTOR EQUIPMENT GROUP EUROPE

JK FINANCE MANAGER

Basingstoke

This key Division of the £2bn General Signal Corporation, is seeking a young ambitious accountant to head up the finance function for the UK. The national company (c£16m T/O) coordinates several specialized businesses primarily selling high ticket equipment and after sales support into the high technology sector. It is profitable and growing.

The Finance Manager provides management information both for the UK business and the parent company, working to UK and US accounting principles. Treasury and forex

c.£30,000 + car

management also fall in the brief. He/she will control 10 staff and play a major role in business management, liaising closely with the European FC. Computerised systems are well established on an HP 3000 network.

The position thus requires a business minded, computer literate accountant with around three years post qualification experience. There will be some travel to the US and Europe.

To apply, please send a C.V., noting current salary, to Mike Smith ref. ACW/2.

KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock

Executive Selection and Search

Abbots House, Abbey Street, Reading, Berkshire RG1 3BD

Financial Controller (Director Designate)

To £35,000 + car + equity scheme North Hampshire

Our client is a shopfitting company which has recently been the subject of a management buyout. Turnover in 1990 is expected to be in the region of £23 million. The company has many well known retail chains amongst its customers. Recognising the importance of a strong finance function the company now wishes to recruit an experienced accountant

as financial controller. You will be expected to take full day to day responsibility for running the finance department and will be instrumental in setting up financial procedures throughout the company. You will also be expected to produce timely and meaningful management accounts, annual financial accounts and other financial information and to make an effective contribution to top management decision-making.

You should be a qualified accountant aged 28-35, with at least three years experience at chief management accountant or chief financial accountant level.

You should have the communication skills required to explain financial disciplines and results to people throughout the company. You will also be the point of contact for external

bodies such as financial institutions, bankers and lawyers.

The remuneration package includes a company car, equity participation scheme after a qualifying period, private health and pension scheme. To apply, please write, quoting reference 01/90, enclosing your curriculum vitae and salary details to Martin Rist **Executive Selection Division**

Price Waterhouse **Management Consultants** The Quay, 30 Channel Way Ocean Village

Southampton \$01.1XF

Price Waterhouse



COMMERCIAL MANAGER/ FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

North West

Our client is a privately owned £6M turnover company engaged in the import and distribution of industrial equipment for a specialist niche market.

Well established, and with distribution points throughout the UK, the company is now poised for rapid expansion by further penetration of current markets along with thoroughly researched diversification plans.

The company is driven by a dynamic and ambitious Managing Director who now seeks a right-hand person not only to assume full control of all financial matters but also to take responsibility for the general management of the head office based in the North

The role will include the supervision of a staff of thirty covering warehousing, distribution, stocktaking, sales and accounts. This key individual will be expected to make a commercial contribution to all areas of the business and make considerable impact on bottom-line profitability.

To £30,000 + Car + Bonus

In order to be considered for this highly attractive and unique position you will be a Qualified Accountant and likely to be aged between 30 and 40.

You will describe yourself as "hands-on", commercial, adaptable and highly motivated.

You will possess the strength of personality not only to take on the considerable management and staff responsibility but also to challenge and develop Board level decisions and to play a truly pro-active part in the future growth of the company.

This opportunity is highly demanding and

challenging. The package and prospects available to the selected candidate fully reflect the importance attached to recruiting a first class business manager.

Interested candidates should send a full curriculum vitae to Alison Hill, Stark Brooks Associates, 2nd Floor, St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, MI 6FQ or telephone her on 061 236 1212.

STARK BROOKS ASSOCIATES MANCHESTED AT FEDE

.Accountancy Recruitment Consultants-

MANCHESTER ◆ LEEDS

Manager UK Taxes

£45,000 + Car + Golden Hello

Based in the South East, our client is an internationally represented manufacturing group with a highly sophisticated and successful product range. With 1992 in mind, it has recently undergone substantial strategic reorganisations which together with a number of significant acquisitions has created a competitive and

As a result of this expansion, they now seek to recruit an individual to assume a new proactive role within the head office finance function. This high profile role will encompass a wide variety of managerial and advisory work including the following:

- corporation tax;
- * treasury transactions; acquisitions and disposals;
 financing and deal structuring.

Candidates will be in their late twenties/early thirties with an accounting or business qualification and have a minimum of four years' tax experience. You must have an incisive, practical mind, and a communicative personality. The role's considerable autonomy and visibility will demand highly developed The role's considerable management skills. Career prospects are excellent for high calibre individuals with drive and aggression.

The company has an excellent reputation as an employer and will offer a highly competitive salary for the right individual. Relocation assistance will be provided where

For further information regarding this outstanding opportunity, contact Graham King on 01-831 2000 (evenings/weekends on 01-226 4557) or write to him at Michael Page Taxation,

39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

Michael Page Taxation

International Recruitment Consultants Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birming



BUILDING EMPLOYERS CONFEDERATION

TAXATION ADVISOR

to the Construction Industry

The construction industry currently accounts for 10% of National Gross Domestic Product. The UK and EC taxation implications of this scale of activity are enormous. They call for the highest skills, both in representing the industry at Senior Government and European level and in interpreting the effect of fiscal policy upon the UK construction sector.

This vital and prestigious brief has been the responsibility of John Ray for many years but he is to retire later this year. We are therefore seeking to appoint his successor who will play a key role in the development of a strategy aimed at promoting the views and interests of the Construction Industry. This will involve guiding the formulation of BEC Taxation Policy and co-ordinating the broader interests of the whole industry through Secretaryship of the Construction Industry Joint Taxation Committee. The duties will include advising BEC members.

Candidates for the post should have broad experience in all areas of business taxation – both direct and indirect - together with a good understanding of tax law and practice. Experience of taxation in the construction/property sectors would be an advantage. The successful applicant is likely to have an appropriate accountancy or legal qualification.

This is a senior level appointment, and the remuneration package will reflect this. If you feel that you have the necessary qualities and experience, contact:

> **Barry Stephens Director of Personnel Building Employers Confederation** 92 New Cavendish Street London W1M 8AD Tel: 01-580 5588

ACCOUNTANCY & LEGAL PROFESSIONS SELECTION LTD

3 London Wall Buildings, London Wall, London EC2M SPJ

Tel: 01-588 3576 Telex No. 887374

Excellent promotion prospects within this fast expanding group - either in the UK or overseas



DEPUTY GROUP CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

CENTRAL LONDON

£40,000-£45,000 + bonus, share options and car

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THEOLOGY

MAJOR INTERNATIONAL DIVERSIFIED GROUP - T/O IN EXCESS OF \$1 BILLION For this key new appointment, we invite applications from qualified accountants, (ACA, ACCA), in their 30s, who must have For this key new appointment, we invite applications from qualified accountants, (ACA, ACCA), in their 30s, who must have had at least 5 years post-qualification experience, including 2 years in financial accounting or international audit within a major commercial/industrial group. The successful candidate, reporting to the Group Chief Accountant, will be responsible for coordinating the consolidations of financial/statutory reporting from operations in Europe, USA, Far East and Near East, covering over 100 companies. Up to 30% away travel will be necessary. There will also be ad hoc projects, eg working as part of a team investigating (and intergrating) acquisitions world-wide. Essential qualities include the ability to communicate effectively and easily with international subsidiaries, with a sense of humour in a pressurised and autonomous role. Initial salary negotiable £40,000-£45,000, plus discretionary bonus, share options, car, non-contributory pension, free life assurance, free BUPA and assistance with removal expenses if necessary. Applications, in strict confidence under reference DGCA 199/FT, by telephone on 01-588 3114 (daytime) or in writing, to the Managing Director: ALPS.

ACCOUNTANCY & LEGAL PROFESSIONS SELECTION LIMITED, 3 LONDON WALL BOILDINGS, LIMIDON WALL, LONDON EC2M 5PJ.
TELEPHONE 61-588 3588 or 61-588 3578. TELEX: 887374. FAX: 61-256 8501.

JOHN **ASPINALL** PLC

Major sporting events specialists require a well qualified bookeeper.

Please contact: The Secretary, John Aspinall PLC. Tel: 01-259 6473

A CONTROLLERSHIP FOR A QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Regency

Our client, Regency Film Services Limited, an autonomous subsidiary within a substantial privately owned group, provides a recognised high quality photographic development service to retail customers.
The company employs about 220 and turns over in excess

The company now seeks a 25-38 year old qualified accountant to report to the Board as Financial Controller. Broad financial and management accounting experience in high volume processed throughput is essential.

3i Consultants Ltd Experience

Salary negotiable + car

To an excellent package

opportunity for an early

Board appointment.

can be added the

Gloucestershire

Our client is a £45 million turnover business providing a comprehensive logistics and maintenance service on a worldwide basis, Markets are in hi-tech electronics for military and civil aerospace industry and the organisation is part of a world leader in this area.

Reporting to the Managing Director of the division, the appointee will be closely involved in the strategic management of the business. Particular responsibilities will include all financial management information, involvement in commercial and contract policy, credit control, cash management and systems development. A team of four report direct with dotted line accountability for the overseas subsidiaries. A limited amount of international travel will be required.

c£32.000 + car + benefits

Candidates will be qualified accountants aged 30-50. Aerospace industry experience would be an advantage but other areas could include hi-tech engineering and manufacturing. Knowledge of contracts including MoD and DoD would be particularly beneficial as would previous multicurrency work. Personal traits will include commercial acumen, drive and determination, negotiation and persuasion skills, analytical ability, initiative and the desire to be involved in a lean, non-bureaucratic and autonomous business.

Please reply in confidence to Brendan Keelan Ref ER 221, adviser to our client, giving concise cureer, salary and personal details at Ernst & Young Search and Selection, 21 Conduit Street, London W1R 9TB.

Ernst & Young

You could feel like a different Auditor every day.

Variety is just part of the routine at Bass PLC. Our Group Internal Audit Function plays an important part in one of the most diverse, and most successful, leisure Groups in the UK. Which is why you'll find yourself dealing at senior level across the whole spectrum of our operating companies - from a countrywide brewing operation to a major international hotel group. from a leading name in the soft drinks market to one of the UK's biggest bookmaking operations.

Management Auditors £17K - £24K + car

An unparalleled opportunity to gain insight into operations within several major companies. You'll be required to carry out reviews of management and operational controls at Group, divisional and operating company level. This will include the examination of executive controls used to ensure strategic plans and policies are achieved. You'll need considerable commercial awareness in both financial and non financial areas, be qualified (ACA, ACCA, ACMA

or MIIA), and have the business acumen required to operate at a high level).

Computer Auditors £17K – £22K + car

In assessing our extensive systems, you'll have a rare view of an organisation that encompasses a diversity of successful businesses. With at least 4 years' computer experience, you'll have considerable commercial awareness and be able to move between all our areas of activity, and maintain credibility at senior

Both positions entail some travel, as well as unique access into the working of Bass PLC's divisions and methods of formulating and actioning its strategies. You'll receive the excellent rewards package you'd expect from a leading UK organisation, including an excellent salary, commensurate with experience, company car and a wide range of benefits.

Write with full career details to Mr. P. Tomkins, HQ Personnel Manager, Bass PLC, 137 High Street, Burton-on-Trent, Staffs DE14 1/Z.



International **Investment Bank**

AUDIT **MANAGER**

London

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to £50,000 + bonus,mortgage subsidy & car daytime telephone number, to David Hogg FCA quoting reference H/896/F.

, uie wona s ioremost literi investment and financial services houses, our client has an impressive record. Providing a full range of investment banking services, the company is committed to its markets and will continue to

As one of two managers in the company's highly regarded audit department, the successful applicant will plan, manage and complete projects. Providing an internal management consultancy resource rather than acting as a conventional audit function, the department carries out projects throughout the company's business areas, both in UK and Europe. Projects including the review of new products and the evaluation of systems developments and new technology will provide continuing exposure to senior management.

In their early to mid 30s, applicants should be qualified chartered accountants with at least 2 years computer audit experience. They ideally will be at senior manager level in a major professional practice or already working in the financial services

Please write, enclosing a career/salary history and

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Property development London

c. 250,000 + executive benefits

BACKED BY THE resources of one of the world's leading investment and property development companies, and benefiting from existing substantial interests in Europe, this newly-formed UK subsidiary has exciting plans for rapid, profitable growth. A key member of the executive team and contributing significantly to corporate strategies, the Financial Controller's wide responsibilities will encompass all areas of operating and project finance including spearheading the planned public floration.

An FCA or equivalent, you will have at least 5 years'

experience of heading the finance and treasury functions of a company involved in major investments. Your broadly-based background will ideally include legal, investment structuring and/or Company Secretariat experience and you will be well versed in dealing with the City. You will thrive on the autonomy and responsibility of a small dynamic environment, be computer literate, and knowledgeable in overseas accounting practices. Experience in property development could be useful. Career prospects are

To apply, please send cv, in confidence, to Mike Stockford, Ref: 3797/MS/FT. PA Consulting Group, Hyde Park House, 60a Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7LE. Tel: 01-235 6060.





£38,000 + Car

West

London



LONDON

United International Pictures, a leading international film distribution Group, is owned jointly by Paramount Pictures, MGM-UA and Universal Studios. Distributing through 45 worldwide subsidiaries and a number of agencies, the company is a pre-eminent force in film marketing and distribution outside the US market, with a turnover measured in hundreds of millions of dollars. Due to internal promotion a senior financial executive is required for a highly visible role.

The Director - Corporate Audit will take over an established team, planning and coordinating audits and special projects worldwide, leading to the issuing of final reports and following up on audit recommendations. The work of the department is operationally orientated, providing meaningful management support, which is particularly essential as the company penetrates new markets. Reporting to the Senior Vice-President - Finance and Administration on a day-to-day basis, the role is a proven route for promotion to

Candidates will be qualified Accountants (probably ACA), aged late 20's to mid 30's with developed audit skills and the ability to lead and motivate others. Excellent communication skills are essential, as are enthusiasm and initiative: ability in a European language

Please apply directly to Greg Ripley at Robert Half, Freepost, Walter House, Bedford Street, 418 The Strand, London WC2R 0BR. Telephone: 01-836 3545 or evenings on 01-485 1356. Alternatively, fax your details on 01-836 4942.

Financial Recruitment Specialists London · Birmingham · Windsor · Manchester · Bristol · Leeds



DIVISIONAL DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

c.£35,000+Executive Benefits West Midlands

Evode Group plc is a substantial and profitable Group consistently achieving high levels of both technological and financial performance. Its Industrial Coatings Division, with a turnover both in the UK and overseas of £60m, is a key player within the Group and perceived as a major contributor to ongoing growth.

The Division's management comprises a first-rate team of high calibre, ambitious specialists, with a strong commitment to future profitable expansion to achieve the objective of becoming a leading world business in the Industrial Coatings field. To join such a team, as Divisional Director of Finance, the selected candidate will be required to demonstrate excellent technical accounting abilities, combined with a well-developed level of

As a qualified Accountant, you will have operated in senior roles within a manufacturing Group and be well versed in people management and communication skills. Your main responsibilities will include overall financial control of Divisional Companies and the provision of financial advice and support to the Divisional Managing Director in the assessment and development of profitable growth, including potential acquisitions worldwide.

If you feel you can meet, and exceed, the demands of this most challenging post, then please send a curriculum vitae, with full career and salary history details quoting reference B/265/90 to Louisa Chapman.



KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock

Executive Selection

Peat House, 2 Cornwall Street, Birmingham B3 2DL

A challenging opportunity in a major Charity

Financial Controller

Barbican

to £33,000+car



MENCAP exists to support children and adults with a mental handicap. It needs to be professional and efficient in an increasingly competitive market place. With annual turnover of £20m, MENCAP is a substantial and growing organisation: 280 residential homes (1600 residents), employment schemes, leisure and other activities. It runs trading companies to supplement its income. 7 regional divisions support 550 local societies and employ 2,000 people.

The Finance Director, a CA, to whom you will be responsible, needs to focus on funding and financial policy. The person appointed to this new post will be expected to organise and manage a department of 30 staff and develop the finance/accounting functions and computer systems. Early priorities are enhancing MIS and setting up internal audit.

You will be a graduate calibre qualified accountant with substantial experience of managing a growing department. You will be willing to take responsibility, organised in your approach, analytical, energetic and have first class interpersonal skills. In addition to a competitive salary, the remuneration package includes car, pension and 5 weeks annual leave. Career prospects are excellent. We can't put a price on the

BINDER

satisfaction of doing a really worthwhile job. Please write in confidence giving full educational, career and salary history, quoting reference 1619 to Barbara Robertson MIMC, or call her on 01-583 3303.

BDO Binder Hamlyn Management Consultants 8 St. Bride Street, London EC4A 4DA

Finance Director -**International Development**

NORTHANTS

An innovative, young group, our client is the European market leader in its sector of the food industry, manufacturing and selling in the UK and Europe, and sourcing raw materials on a worldwide basis. Recent acquisitions have doubled the company's size and further growth, culminating in flotation, is planned through:

- diversification and acquisitions in the UK; expansion throughout Europe and the Far East;
- an aggressive R & D programme of new product

Reporting to the Chairman, you will be a vital

- member of the board with responsibility for:
- developing and implementing corporate and financial policies and plans;
- financial and administrative affairs of the group;
- dealing with professional advisors;
- c\$35,000 + Bonus + Car international tax planning and cash
- management;

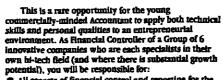
 functional control of local accounting. Aged to mid 30's, ambitious and qualified, dealing on an international scale with auditors and other experts will not be new to you. From the profession

or industry, you have a self starting, hands-on approach and tough, results oriented style. The role demands extensive travel, so proficiency in German or French, whilst not essential, would be Earnings as indicated; benefits include generous

performance related bonus and executive car. Relocation assistance is available, if required. Please write, with full career details to: Peter Thomas, Ref 24250, MSL International, Centre-City Tower, 7 Hill Street, Birmingham B5 4UA, or telephone 021-643 6234 for an informal preliminary

MSL International

An Outstanding Opportunity to Lead Commercial Development ENTREPRENEURIAL ENVIRONMENT SEEKS DYNAMIC FINANCIAL CONTROLLER



- All aspects of financial control and reporting for the The strategic review of the Group's business
- Positive change and development of business directions: financial controls, systems and reporting

The above will demand high visibility and constant exposure to Senior Management both at Company and Group level. In addition, a real 'hands-on' approach is essential and you will need to demonstrate the flexibility, maturity and interpersonal qualities to:

Search and Selection Specialists

Financial Management

Food Industry IRECTOR

EAST ANGLIA

c£35K + bonus, car and benefits including relocation

A major international brand leading organisation, our Client is currently involved in a significant programme of acquisition and expansion.

They now require a proactive commercially aware qualified accountant to join the senior management team of an autonomous subsidiary company.

Reporting to the Managing Director, you will be responsible for all aspects of financial ent and will have a major input into the commercial decisions of the business.

Aged 30-45, you will have a broad financial background which will include experience of both financial and management accounting, ideally gained in the food manufacturing industry. Additionally you will have a strong personality, be able to operate in a fast moving environment and to use your commercial, technical and personal skills to influence the Company's continued success

Please apply in writing enclosing a c.v. and quoting reference number JJL/2778/FT to Jill Lye, Illingworth and Associates, Executive Search and Selection Consultants, The Courtyard, 24 High Street, Hungerford, Berkshire, RG17 0NF. Tel: (0488) 83881. Fax: (0488) 82147.







ACCOUNTANT

General Practice/ Corporate Finance

Central London

£30-35K

Our client is a small professional firm with four Partners and operates out of prestigious West End offices. Development of its corporate finance activities has created a need for another qualified accountant to join the

Reporting to the Managing Partner, your prime responsibility will be to continue this development, but you will also take part in the general practice work of the Partnership.

In your late 20's/early 30's and qualified to at least ACA, you should possess good all round professional skills gained preferably with a large practice. You will be dealing with a wide variety of clients, and your communication skills will therefore be exceptional.

Your rewards will be an excellent salary package and the opportunity to progress quickly in a stimulating environment. Partnership status will be achieved on personal merit within a realistic timescale.



Please write, enclosing a full CV and details of your current remuneration, to John Goodwin, **Executive Selection**

104 Great Portland Street, London WIN 5PE Fax: 01-436 8978

Assistant Financial Controller

Highly negotiable salary package

London

River & Mercantile Investment Management is an independent investment company specialising in the management of split capital investment trusts. Owing to rapid growth of the business and current expansion plans, a position has arisen for a qualified financial accountant with some 2-3 years post qualification experience. The ideal candidate will be responsible for the accounting function of two investment trust companies, which includes the preparation of monthly financial reports for the Board. interim and final accounts, VAT and corporation tax returns. He or she must be computer literate and a background in financial services with exposure to compliance and corporate transactions would be an advantage. The salary package is highly negotiable depending on age and experience. Please apply with full career details in confidence to: The Managing Director, River & Mercantile Investment Management Limited, 7 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London WC2A 3BP. Tel: 01-405 7722.

River&Mercantile
Investment Management
Limited

NORTHERN HOME COUNTIES

c.£40,000 + BENEFITS

General Manager-Finance

Our client is a UK market leader in the sale and distribu-tion of capital equipment. With over 300 employees spread throughout the UK, it is an autonomous company within a major multi-national manufacturing business. The company has achieved its prominence by combining prestigious products with high quality support services.

As a key member of the management team the General Manager — Finance will work closely with, and deputise for, the Managing Director You will be segrificantly to the business management of the company, including strategic planning. Key responsibilities will include: financial planning and forecasting; statutory, financial and management accounting; external relationships; and taxation.

Aged between 35 and 45, you will be a qualified Chartered Accountant, with significant financial management experience, ideally gained in a sales-led organisation. You will possess good business acumen together with an energetic, strong personality. An effective team-player and communicator, you will also have good computer and analytical skills. Relocation finance is available.

Please send full personal and career details, including daytime telephone number, in strict confidence to Mark Spickett, Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte Executive Resourcing, PO Box 198, 26 Old Bailey, London EC4M 7PL quoting reference 5360/FT on both envelope and letter.

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

London

\$28-32,000pa package plus car

Diplomatically direct the Group to a top the technical and commercial discipline.

The Group has a combined turnover of c55m and is backed by a subsidiary of a large blue-chip Financial Services Organization. A variety of promotional opportunities will be available for the individual who can the above challenge.

Karen Wilson BA, ACMA on 01-491 3431 or write to ber at FMS, 14 Cork Street, London WIX 1FF enclosing a recent CV and a note of current salary.

Analyse and satisfy the Group Financial Control

ment both at strategic/

If you feel that you can m

This young and dynamic company, a wholly owned subsidiary of a major US fashion orientated corporation, is enjoying considerable success within this highly competitive industry, and is now poised for rapid expansion. As a result of this growth, there is now an immediate requirement for a Financial Controller to join the senior management

Reporting to the UK General Manager, the principle responsibilities will comprise the co-ordination and management of a small finance team. This will include all aspects of timely financial and management reporting, business planning and systems development.

The Financial Controller will also be expected to provide the General Manager with financial advice in the areas of sales and marketing.

Fashion

c£35,000 + Car

The successful candidate will be a qualified accountant aged between 28 and 35, either working in practice or a commercial environment. A practical and mature approach to business issues, and the enthusiasm and ability to contribute to a small and highly committed team, are essential pre-requisites.

The package will include a generous base salary, car, pension, private medical insurance and a generous bonus scheme.

Interested applicants should telephone Giles Daubeney on 01-437 0464 or write to him, enclosing a detailed CV, at the address below.

ROBERT • WALTERS • ASSOCIATES

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

Queens House 1 Leicester Place London WC2H 7BP Telephone: 01-437 0464

Commercially Astute Financial Manager

Substantial Tax-Free Salary

Middle East

A major British organisation with a wide range of joint venture interests in the Middle East has set up a small investment unit to identify and evaluate new development projects and to monitor the financial performance of existing businesses in the region. A commercially aware and self-reliant Accountant is needed to

set up the necessary accounting procedures and to control all aspects of the financial management of these joint venture companies. In addition to the close monitoring and support of newly established businesses, a key task will be the financial evaluation and appraisal of new concepts. A qualified Accountant and a graduate, you will have a proven

record at senior level in a business environment. A background in economics and/or management consultancy would be relevant and you will certainly have successful "start up" or "turn round"

Equally important is your personality. You must be diplomatic, confident and a top-class presenter and negotiator. Previous overseas work experience would be a plus factor. You must speak or be willing to learn Arabic.

You will be expected to handle this challenging role for a period of around 3 years before returning to the UK as a senior member of the company's financial management.

A substantial tax-free salary is offered with excellent married accommodation and a full range of benefits.

Please contact Pam James, LINK Management Selection, 20 Winckley Square, Preston PR1 3JJ. Tel: 0772 53300.

ACCOUNTANT

We are looking for a dynamic chartered or certified accountant for a rapidly expanding travel company.

> Please send cv to 45 The Broadway Bexleyheath Kent.

Financial Directors

InterExec not only provides career advice to successful executives but also retains the unique facility of our subsidiary company InterMex to the critical gap between counselling and the right job. InterMex maintains a unique data base of some 6,000 unadvertuse per annum, providing the only confidential Implacement * Service

If you are considering a move or need a new challenge then telephone (01-930 5041) for an exploratory meeting without obligation.

InterExec Pic Landseer House, 19 Charing Cross Road, LONDON WC2H 0ES.

Finance Director

Major Industrial Group

c. £80,000

Rural Yorkshire

An exceptional commercial Accountant with outstanding City skills to take the financial helm of a large, successful and dynamic group of companies.

THE COMPANY

Diversified international group. Principal interests in construction equipment and transportation.

Turnover from £30m to near £200m in five years. Successful

financial performance and strong market position.

Commitment to profitable growth and strong financial

THE POSITION

Main group board member reporting to Chairman and CEO.

Full responsibility for financial management throughout the group. Key task to enhance financial controls.

Strong emphasis on developing relations with financial

QUALIFICATIONS Graduate colli-

Graduate calibre accountant, preferably aged 35-45, with top level experience of rapid growth business.

Demonstrable skill at handling City and financial institutions, ideally learnt with major Plc.

Commercially orientated with drive, energy and personal Please reply in writing, enclosing full cv. Reference BJ0522 NBS, Bennetts Court, 6 Bennetts Hill,



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GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

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Aged 30-40

c£38,000 + Equity + Car

Our client is a young but already substantial organisation within the food manufacturing and catering sector, with currently a dozen outlets and its own manufacturing facility.

To create, and then head-up, the finance department, there is an immediate need for a Group Financial Controller to join the Senior Management team.

Reporting directly to a demanding Chairman, the role will encompass all aspects of the finance function, with special emphasis on implementing a new computer system and tight cash-auditing, stock and budgetary controls.

The ideal candidate will be a commercially minded Qualified Accountant with imagination, entrepreneurial skill and extensive retail exposure, with food experience being a distinct advantage.

In addition to the quoted salary, full executive benefits commensurate with the position will be offered.

A main board appointment to Finance Director, with equity participation, is envisaged in the short term. Progression will be limited only by individual ability.

Interested applicants should telephone Jonathan Cohen on 01-437 0464, or write to him, enclosing a detailed CV, at the address below.

ROBERT • WALTERS • ASSOCIATES

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS Queens House 1 Leicester Place London WC2H 7BP

Financial Controller Pharmaceuticals

S. Manchester

circa £25,000 + Car

SANOFI is the U.K. subsidiary of a large European company, active in the fields of human and animal healthcare, bio-active chemicals, perfumes and fragrances, with current UK sales in excess of £40m. As a result of reorganisation we now seek a Financial Controller for our

Pharmaceutical Division based in Manchester. Reporting to the Finance Director you will be responsible for providing a full accounting service to the Division in the U.K. and will be required to work closely with HQ staff both in Manchester and Paris.
This is a senior appointment within the

organisation and would be suitable for a valified accountant aged between

28-35, with at least 5 years' industrial experience working in a growth environment. Strong technical and interpersonal skills coupled with a high level of computer literacy are essential. Multinational pharmaceutical experience is highly desirable as would be the ability to communicate in French.

and the usual benefits associated with a large company are offered, including relocation costs where necessary. Please write, enclosing full personal and career details, to Laura White, Personnel Manager, Sanofi U.K., Ltd., Floats Road, Wythenshawe, Manchester

In addition to the salary indicated, a car

sanofi

UKLID YOUR LIFE TODAY AND TOMORROW

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

THE EAST OF THE PARTY OF THE PA +Car+Bones · Benefits

N. Hants

Committed to Research and Development and with a reputation for manufacturing quality products this successful Group continues to expand internationally.

Reporting to the Managing Director and responsible for the Financial and Administrative function, you will be supervising a small professional team. Responsibilities embrace supervision of computer development, preparation of operating and capital budgets, forecasting, project management and control over financial and management accounting.

Candidates will be qualified Accountants aged over 35, with substantial experience as a Financial Controller or Director in a medium to large industrial organisation. Previous involvement in systems installations, together with practical experience of manufacturing costing systems are essential. Personal qualities should include a high degree of self-motivation together with a logical problem-solving approach and developed management skills. The position offers considerable international exposure at Board level.

Please contact Richard Carter directly on Southampton 0703 233131, or evenings on 0344 885911, or write to him at Robert Half, Freepost, Princess Beatrice House, Victoria Street, Windsor, Berks. SLA 1YY. Telephone: 0753 857777. Alternatively, fax your details on 0753 841676.

Financial Recruitment Specialists London · Birmingham · Windsor · Manchester · Bristol · Leeds · Southampton Brussels · USA · Canada

A Finance Manager with business acumen

South Midlands

Our client needs a Finance Manager to join the Executive Management Team of one of their subsidiaries — where you'll need to ask questions and give answers on a breadth of business issues.
Success in their quality sector of

the automotive market is based on impressive products, innovative engineering design and creative marketing policies. Growth plans for the subsidiary are impressive — so your challenges will also include sound financial control and positive management of the computerised accounts

The position reports directly to the Main Board of the parent Group of Companies and there will also be considerable contact with the Group

Finance Director.

Joining won't be easy. You'll need to be a qualified Accountant with a manufacturing background — ideally from the automotive manufacturing or parts sector. Related areas such as aerospace would also be an advantage.

c£35,000 + carProbably aged 27-40, your personal skills must impress. Career prospects within the Group are excellent and benefits include BUPA and relocation. Interested in asking questions? Then send full details to:

A.L. Bott,
Managing Director,
Anderson Smith Management
Personnel Ltd.,
50 Bridge Street, Northampton
NN1 1PA.
Tel: 0604 34365 (24 hour answering service)

Anderson Smith RECRUITMENT, SELECTION & SEARCH LONDON, NOTTINGHAM, NORTHAMPTON



should start asking questions

FINANCIAL ONTROLLER

Central London to £30.000

This successful and aggressively expanding international leisure group has a turnover in excess of £600m. Specialising in tourism, particularly 'up-market' village resorts, the group has an impressive track record and has earned an enviable reputation for innovation, quality and reliability.

Headquartered in Paris, the group now seeks to make a strategically significant appointment to strengthen its existing UK management team.

A highly motivated and independent individual is sought to take firm control of the financial and administrative functions for the UK operation. Reporting to the UK Managing Director, you will be responsible for the provision of effective management information and contribute to the decision-making process. With management responsibility for a small department, you will also co-ordinate further development of the computerised accounting systems.

A qualified accountant, aged 26-32, you have well-developed financial management experience, ideally gained in an international environment. You have the skills and maturity to motivate staff and to achieve results under pressure, and the ability to speak French would be highly desirable. Candidates should apply in writing, quoting current salary, to Sue Port, Ref: 4066/SP/FT, PA Consulting Group, Hyde Park House, 60a Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7LE.

> PA Consulting Group HI MAN RISOTRUES

Creating Business advantage Executive Recruitment - Human Resource Consultency - Adventising and Commi

CARIBBEAN DEPENDENT TERRITORIES

Regional Adviser Offshore Financial Services

You will be involved in a new initiative for the development of the offshore financial You will be involved in a new initiative for the development of the bishore financial services sector. Working closely with authorities in the Caymen Islands, British Virgin Islands, Turks and Calcos Islands, Montserrat and Anguilla as well as regional institutions, other Financial Advisers and UK Government Departments, you will facilitate and promote the viable long-term development of offshore financial services, including where necessary enhanced arrangements for legislation and

Candidates should be British Citizens with a detailed knowledge of, and experience in, the development, promotion and regulation of offshore financial services. You should have professional qualifications in at least one of the following: finance, economics, accountancy or law, and the personal qualities to match the senior level of the appointment. Previous experience of the Caribbean would be an advantage. TERMS OF APPOINTMENT

You will be on contract to the British Government for 2 years, on technical cooperation terms and based in the Caribbean. Selary will be £47,675 p.a. (UK taxable). Additional benefits will normally include tax-free overseas allowances, children's education allowances, free accommodation and passages and annual fare-

For further details and application form, please write, quoting job title and ref AH364/AB/FT to: Appointments Officer, Overseas Development Administration, AH220, Abercromble House, Eaglesham Road, EAST KILBRIDE, Glasgow G75 8EA. Or tel 03552 41199 ext 3178.



Manufacturing -- Sussex

Jaeger, a wholly owned subsidiary of Coats Viyella plc, is internationally renowned as a retailer and manufacturer of ladies and mens clothing of the highest quality. The Company's extensive retailing interests in the UK, North America and the Far East are supported by a number of manufacturing units throughout the UK.

From its headquarters in Burgess Hill, Sussex the Jaeger Tailoring Division operates 5 factories employing circa 1200 people from Central Scotland to Plymouth in the South West. The current Finance Director will be retiring shortly and the Company wishes to appoint his successor to join a highly professional management team.

The Finance Director has full responsibility within the Division for all Financial and Accounting matters - from budgeting through management accounting to the presentation of annual accounts. With reporting lines to both the Divisional Managing Director and Group Finance Director, the person appointed must be a proactive professional accountant with strong background experience in manufacturing industry. Division for all Financial and Accounting matters - from

Longer term career prospects with the parent company are excellent. The Company offers a competitive salary with full executive benefits, including Company Car and relocation assistance.

Applicants should send a comprehensive Curriculum Vitae in strictest confidence to:

Ken Jackson, Group Personnel Director, Jaeger Holdings Ltd, 57 Broadwick Street, London, WIV 1FU.

JAEGER

COMPTROLLER

INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ORGANIZATION - ROME, ITALY

The multinational force & observers (MFO), responsible for monitoring compliance with the security provisions of the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty, seeks a dynamic individual for the osition of Comptroller located at MFO headquarters in Rome Italy. The Comptroller is the Chief Financial Officer of the MFO reporting directly to the Deputy Director General.

The successful candidate will be a Chartered Accountant or equivalent with 15 years' experience in commercial and public ecounting including U.S. public accounting practices, experience working as a Controller or Deputy Controller in a corporation and a thorough knowledge of personal computer based financial systems. Desirable qualifications include some experience working with government and/or military organizations and some experience working and living abroad.

Benefits include attractive salary, housing & educational benefits, major medical & life insurance, a three year renewable contract and possible tax free status.

Interested candidates should send resume and salary history as soon as possible to the Chief of Personnel by fax to Rome Italy: 39-6-592-0692 or by mail to New York:

> Chief of Personnel American Embassy/MFO APO New York 09794-0007

MPO regrets it can not respond to all applicants



RECENTLY QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT FOR PA TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

City £25,000 neg + Excellent Benefits

Sumitomo Finance International (SFI), the principal capital markets subsidiary of The Sumitomo Bank, Limited, one of the world's largest banks, is a broadly based securities house active in all sectors of the international capital markets including swaps, futures, options and other derivative products.

As part of its continuing expansion a rare opportunity has arisen for a young Accountant keen to join the world of investment banking in an entirely non-routine position. As assistant to the Executive Director responsible for Corporate Administration, Compliance, Personnel and Accounting he/she will become involved in a wide range of ad hoc duties with the principal focus in the field of Company Administration embracing legal, property, personal and corporate taxation, corporate promotion and statutory metters.

The role will not involve any day-to-day accounting work other than to assist the Director in overseeing the sizeable Accounts Department. Good drafting and investigative skills are essential. Future prospects for this individual could include either a move into a "line" accounting or compliance role at Assistant Manager level or a longer term position within Company Administration which is likely to develop as a department in its own right.

For further Information contact: **Accountancy Personnel** 36-44 Moorgate London EC2R 6EL Tel: 01-638 3955

Applicants should be 'Big 8' Qualified Chartered Accountants (or about to qualify) preferably with good recent experience of texation, strong liaison skills and a positive approach to a career within investment Banking. An excellent salary is offered plus comprehensive benefits including a mortgage subsidy, private health insurance, sports club scheme, etc.



Accountancy Personne

You don't just count you matter

Financial Controller

Salary to £30,000 + benefits West End

Our client is a progressive firm of solicitors who are enjoying a period of rapid growth and expansion. Due to reorganisation in areas of the finance function they have identified the need to appoint a Financial Controller.

Reporting to and working closely with the Finance Director, the successful candidate will fulfil a crucial role in treasury management, cash collection, credit control and monitoring of work in progress.

Applications are invited from qualified accountants, ideally aged between 28 to 40 years. Candidates should be well acquainted with computerised accounting methods and be able to demonstrate practical success in managing and planning finance, IT and other support activities in a service or partnership environment. In addition, the position calls for excellent inter personal skills and the ability to present logically, clearly and persuasively.

Located in prestigious offices in the heart of the West End, this firm offers a challenging opportunity and an attractive remuneration package.

Interested candidates who meet these criteria should send a detailed CV, including current salary and daytime telephone number to Susan Stuart, quoting reference LM116 at Spicers Executive Selection, 13 Bruton Street, London W1X 7AH.



SPICERS EXECUTIVE SELECTION A MEMBER OF SPICER & OPPENHEIM INTERNATIONAL

LONDON

to £40,000 + CAR & BENEFITS

experience gained in a demanding business environment. You must possess strong analytical and

computer skills and the ability to liaise effectively with

senior technical managers. Good communication skills, decisiveness, self-assurance and a persuasive

Please send full personal and career details in confidence to Paula Harvatty, Coopers & Lybrand Delottle Executive Resourcing, PO Box 198, 26 Old Bailey, London

Career prospects within the Group are excellent.

personality are essential prerequisites.

As part of an extensive reorganisation and expansion programme, this major blue chip group is establishing a new, engineering based, Service Business. Handling. contracts with an annual value of £100 million, the Business will underpin the success of the Group's core

As Financial Controller you will take full responsibility for the accounting and finance function including tight cash management and forecasting, business plans, capital investment appraisal and computer systems. You will also play a key role in negotiating contracts with important clients.

Preferably a graduate in your early thirties, you will be a qualified accountant with good financial management

EC4M 7PL quoting reference 5357/FT on both envelope

STREATHAM

c.£32,000

SM Magazine Distribution Ltd is the UK's second largest magazine distributor, handling sales, marketing and distribution on behalf of a range of publishers. A wholly-owned subsidiary of Argus Press Group, the company has a record of healthy growth and profit and enjoys a reputation for reliable and effective client service.

Reporting to the Managing Director, and indirectly to Group level, you will play a major role in the commercial management of the business. Accountable for all reproductive the finance function, you will maintain light control over payments, cash flow and detailed forecasting. Other key responsibilities will include the development of computer systems to keep pace with rapid technological progress within the industry and all personnel and administration matters.

Probably in your mid-thirties, you will be a self-motivated, qualified accountant, with good managerial and communication skills. The ability to work within a close knit team is essential. Previous experience will ideally have been gained in a competitive service or distribution industry and should include computer systems management.

Please send full personal and career details in strict confidence to Paula Hanratty, Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte Executive Resourcing, PO Box 198, 26 Old Bailey, London EC4M 7PL, quoting reference 5363/FT on both envelope and letter.

Group Financial Controller from £30,000 + car SW London

specialising in construction, property development and investment as well as operating four successful hotels. Current turnover is in excess of £11m.

Board wishes to appoint a Group Financial Controller who will be responsible for maintaining and improving the accounting quoting CL/107 to: function. The successful applicant will be Chris Lane, Moores Rowland, responsible for the accounts department, 43 Eagle St, London WCIR 4AP. the introduction of accurate financial Tel: 01-831-8383

This is a well-established group controls, a review of the existing computer ecialising in construction, property systems and the development of budgetary control and regular management reporting.

Candidates aged 30-45, should be commercially-minded qualified accountants To support future development, the preferably with a knowledge of the construction or allied industries.

To apply, please send CV, in confidence,

LEADING INVESTMENT BANK

TRANSACTION CONTROL A MAJOR PROJECT ROLE

ACA

An excellent opportunity has been created for a young accountant to make a significant contribution to the creation of a new department at an International Investment Bank.

Operating worldwide in equities, debt and corporate finance, this highly regarded Institution is at the forefront of new developments in the financial markets.

Information flows supporting the transactional business areas are essential to successful decision making. The responsibilities of this role will therefore be to develop and monitor controls over transactional information in new and existing business areas.

Aged 25-30 c£32,000 Package Setting up the department and establishing its role within the Finance function will be the major initial challenge. Understanding and controlling information flows throughout the businesses will prove an outstanding training in the securities industry.

> The successful applicant will be a recently qualified ACA, possessing imagination, drive and strong interpersonal skills. The Bank's commitment to career development will provide a stimulating arena for future advancement.

For an initial discussion please call Bianca Coulter on 01-437 0464, or write enclosing a detailed CV to the address below.

ROBERT • WALTERS • ASSOCIATES

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS House I Leicester Place London WC2H 78F Telephone: 01-437 0464



INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTANT

Near Bath

c\$27,500 + car

Renowned for its high quality range of fashion accessories and clothing, Mulberry has an impressive record. Currently further developing its operations internationally, the group is predicting

Joining the small headquarters financial team based at Chilcompton, near Bath, the International Accountant will work on a range of projects. Travelling approximately 50% of the time in Europe and, later on, the Far East and USA, he or she will review and provide financial support to the group's international retail and distribution operations. Reporting to the Group Finance Director and participating in systems development, pricing, planning and profitability reviews, the Accountant will have significant exposure to all areas of the

In their mid to late 20s, applicants should be graduate qualified accountants with 2/3 years post. qualification experience.

Please write, enclosing a career/salary history and daytime telephone number, to David Hogg FCA quoting reference H/897/F.

Rentokil Group PLC **Financial Controllers**

Surrey/Sussex Border \$30-\$35,000 packages + car + benefits

Rentokil is one of the world's leading accounting qualification and have environmental service companies with activities around the world and with an enviable growth record.

As a result of reorganisation, the UK business now needs to appoint Financial Controllers for each of three semiautonomous UK divisions. Reporting directly to the Divisional General Managers, the Financial Controllers will have full responsibility for their departments and for the provision of the financial support necessary to control and develop their businesses. Additionally, they will be responsible for supplying timely and accurate information to the Company's central finance function.

Candidates must possess a recognised

relevant experience in a professionally managed company. They must be capable of working as part of a strong divisional management team with the overwhelming objective of continued growth in profits.

The packages comprise a base salary between \$25,000 and \$30,000, a bonus based on the profitability of the division, excellent choice of car, relocation and other benefits.

Please write - in confidence - with career details and current salary quoting ref. B 90013 to Mark Fosh. MSL International (UK) Limited, Pilgrim House, 2/6 William Street, Windsor, Berks.

MSL International

Finance Directors

FINANCE CONTROLLER

Our client is a diversified and thriving recruitment company with offices throughout this country and overseas. Part of a publicly-quoted services group much favoured by City analysts, it is set to continue a programme of expansion - involving both acquisitions and organic growth - and consequently needs to make a critical appointment to its finance department.

Candidates - ideally graduates aged 27-35 and probably Certified or Chartered Accountants - should have at least 5 years' commercial experience. Their responsibilities will include supporting several trading companies, implementing operational and financial controls, refining reporting procedures, continuing the development of the company's computer systems and managing a team of 7 staff members.

This is an outstanding opportunity for an ambitious individual to advance his or her career with a fast-moving company. Compensation will comprise a starting salary of £27-35,000, together with company car and other

For further information please contact Philip Boynton, LL.B., LL.M., on 01-405 6852 or write to him at Reuter Simkin Ltd, 5 Bream's Buildings, Chancery Lane, London EC4A 1DY.

£27-35,000 SALARY

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North Kent/Bucks

Our client is a successful, expanding UK plc with turnover approaching £700 million and substantial interests in trading and distribution. The Group attributes much of its success to the strength of its operational financial management which is clearly focussed towards total business involvement.
Consequently, career development prospects within the Group are excellent.

Finance Directors are now sought by subsidiary companies within two major trading Divisions. With current revenues of £10-£12 million these merchanting and processing companies operate in distinct and separate markets, and have significant development potential. Working closely with the Managing Directors, the Finance Directors will assume overall responsibility for finance and administration and be closely involved in the commercial dynamics of the businesses to improve

to £35,000 + Bonus + Car

efficiency and control and to ensure continued profitable growth.

Candidates should be qualified accountants, probably aged 30-35 with a strong commercial orientation in addition to sound technical accounting and systems skills. An assertive nature and a willingness to take responsibility are pre-requisites, as are good communication and management skills. Interested applicants should write enclosing a full CV with daytime telephone number, quoting Ref: 397 to Barry Offier, BA, ACA, Whitehead Rice Ltd., 43 Welbeck Street, London WIM 7PG.

Tel. 01-637 8736. Whitehead Rice

MANAGEMENT SELECTION



Passed Finalists List | C | M A

There were 3031 candidates who sat the Institute's Stage 4 examination, of whom 1747 sat in the UK, the Republic of Ireland and the European Community and 1284 elsewhere overseas. The overall pass rate was 36.5%, that in the UK, the Republic of Ireland and the European Community being 46% at this stage.

ZABDUL, Kuala Lumpur; FABDUL RAHIM, London; ZB ADBUL RAHMAN, Kuala Lumpur; PK ACHIAMPONG, Wednesbury; JA ADDIS, Wednesbury, A AHILESAN, Colombo, CE ALCOCK, Durban, CJ ALCOCK, Slough; PL ALDERTON, Litton; PT ALDERTON, London; AU ALISAN, London; AJ ALLSOP, Worthy Down; NG ALTON, Nottingham; V AMARA SINGAM, Kuala Lumpur; AS AMARATUNGA, Colombo; P ANANDAN, Barking; EM ANDERSON, Aberdeen; NJ ANDERSON, Kingston upon Thames, NRM ANDERSON, Southampton; N ANDRALOJC, Derby, GANDREWS, Derby. R ANPALAGAN, London; J ANTHONY, Barking; M ANTHONY, Newcastle, GPV APONSO, Muscat; RS APONSO, Colombo; JA ARENDSE, Johannesburg; BAK ARIYATILAKA, Colombo; DRS ARULANANTHAM, Colombo; DW ARUNDEL, Glasgow; JR ASHER, Leeds; RM ASHMAN, St Austell: PJ ASHTON, Wigan; GN ASHWORTH, London; S ASOKAN, Dubai; T ASOKAN, Colombo; J ASPINALL, Cambridge; US ATTANAYAKA, Colombo; MKJ ATTAPATTU, Colombo, M AUROKIUM, Battersea; MF AVERY, London; SA AXEFORD, Newcastle;

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Wednesbury: SC BENGE, Wednesbury: J
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MNK BLACK, Orpirigton; J BLACKMORE,
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Reporting to the Managing Director, the Financial Director will take responsibility for the direction of the financial function. In particular, this will include taking the initiative with the policy and strategic planning processes of the Company, the control of budgets, periodic accounts and management reports, together with responsibility for the efficiency and further development of operational systems, which are all computer based. Close commercial participation in all operational functions within the Company is also necessary.

Applicants for the position should be qualified accountants, aged 30-40, with a minimum of 4 years experience up to senior level within a fast moving consumer products environment. Additionally applicants must be able to demonstrate decision making and analytical skills, have proven management ability and be able to cope with the high demands of rapid change and growth.

A competitive salary and benefits package will be offered to the right applicant.

Interested applicants should send a comprehensive curriculum vitae, with salary details, and quoting reference 9617 to:



Finance

Director

Consumer Products

c£50,000 Package,

North West

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Peter Childs Panneli Kerr Forster Associates **New Garden House** 78 Hatton Garden

Pannell Kerr Forster Associates

London EC1N 8JA MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

Financial, commercial and strategic responsibilities make this a most appealing appointment. There will be a total involvement in

as a member of the influential planning group. The company, turnover £200m, is a market leader its products household names, and its management committed to expansion through acquisition and

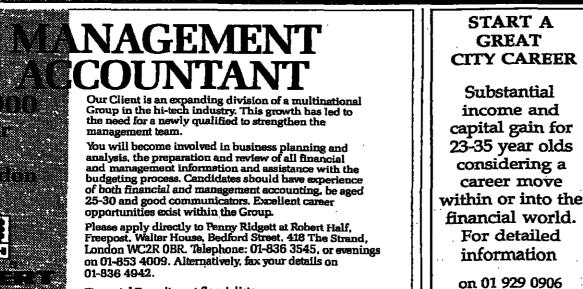
all aspects of a vital, thrusting business, not least

Key tasks are the enhancement of effective management information and control systems, the creation of an effective structure and organisation, and the provision of strong financial and commercial input to planning and operational issues. A substantial property portfolio has also to be managed.

The position requires a Chartered Accountant, almost certainly a graduate, with a good professional pedigree followed by management accounting and systems development experience within a major organisation. Consumer product manufacturing, distribution or retailing would be appropriate.

The attractive package has as its base a salary of c£40,000, a generous profit sharing scheme, non contributory pension, a fully expensed executive car, and share option scheme.

Candidates should send a comprehensive c.v. or telephone for an application form to Howgate Sable & Partners, Arkwright House, Parsonage Gardens, Manchester, M3 2LE. Tel: 061-839 0089 quoting reference (F.T.372A).



Market Leader

ACCOUNTANT

Easy access M11/M25

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to \$40,000 + car + bonus A well-known and highly regarded company, our client is a leading force in its sector. Part of a major group, the company is acquisitive and is predicting expansion both in the UK and internationally.

Working as a senior member of the company's finance team, the Chief Accountant will manage a 30 strong department which controls the core accounting for the UK company. Responsible for the preparation, presentation and review of statutory and management information, he or she will co-ordinate business plans, initiate systems enhancements and participate in a range of projects. The dynamic nature of the company should provide scope for advancement.

Likely to be in their early 30s, applicants should be qualified accountants with several years commercial experience. Good communication, man management and technical skills are required.

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LONDON

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Finance Director

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If you are not already operating at or near board level in commerce, you could be seeking a move from a major consultancy practice. In either case an accounting qualification is essential, together with extensive experience of computer-based financial and management information systems.

Résumés please including a daytime telephone number and quoting ES655 to Edward Simpson, Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte Executive Resourcing, 76 Shoe Lone, London EC4A 3JB.

Coopers & Garand Delatio is the business name used by Coopers & Garand and Delatio Haskins & Sels in the UK. The hop time ass to marge an 23 April 1980

LADBROKE GROUP PLC

Treasury Manager

Ladbroke Group PLC is a leading international hotel and leisure group. It owns Hilton International, Ladbroke Racing, Texas Homecare and several major property businesses. The group has a market capitalisation in excess of £2.7bn and a turnover in excess of £3bn.

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Please write enclosing a CV to Sarah C Brooke, Personnel Manager, Ladbroke Group PLC, Chancel House, Neasden Lane, London NW10 2XE.

Finance Director

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Bonus

Car

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manufacturing environment and you should possess effective interpersonal, communication and leadership skills. The ability to define and implement recommendations must be supported by resilience and sound business In addition to a substantial remuneration package, which incudes share

options, bonus and company car, our client offers a real career opportunity. Please contact our consultant Tony Riley at: Barnett Consulting Group Ltd, Airwork House, 35 Piccadilly, London W I V 9PB. Tel: 01-734 7282.

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For further information

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For further information contact: 166 Baker Street

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Accountancy Personnel

<u>Hays</u>

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The formation of ISS Ecrope has led to the clear need for the recreament of an outstanding international finance director reporting to the MD with a functional link to the Group finance director. The successful candidate will as part of the senior management team have full financial nability for all the companies operating within the LIK and continental Europe.

This is a superb opportunity to join a virusity green field structure. Clearly the finance director must manage the companies' financial affairs in manage consistent with the needs of the ISS Group, but equally important will be the requirement to develop systems which enable the optim

research candidate will have technically excellent finencial, editinistration and planning stills, which he applies in a practical and real The successful consoner was recovered by a "no express" basis for the companies success. Due to the breadth of manner to provide the mangement learn with a "no express" basis for the companies success. Due to the breadth of responsibilities associated with the position the successful applicant shall be a quieffed accountant, aged 35-40, possibly with an M.S.A. or responsibilities associated with the position the successful applicant shall be a quieffed accountant, aged 35-40, possibly with an M.S.A. or quivalent qualifications and will aimost certainly have spent the major part of his/her career in a service based environment. A sec

raguage, either German or Franck, would be desirable but not see and cardidates should apply is writing (seclosing CV) to:

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183 Europe Ltd., 44-50 Bath Road, Houtslow, Application Marked "FD".

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The Principal Director Finance is in charge of budgetary and financial planning (1990 budget: DEM 900 million) and cash and accounts. He thus has overall reponsibility for ordinary and programme budgets, the accounts and balance sheet, and budget management at different EPO locations. He also represents the Office on financial questions inside and outside the Organisation, and advisors its Management on finance policy

The successful candidate will have a university degree and many years' experience of comparable duties across the whole range of financial services, preferably in industry. He must also have an excellent command of one EPO offical language (English, French or German) and a reasonable knowledge of the other two.

The salary offered is commensurate with the importance of the post and free of national income tax. The Office also provides comprehensive social security benefits.

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Success in the role demands proven experience of managing people, accounting functions and working capital. The ability to communicate effectively at senior levels is essential. The successful candidate will be a qualified Certified or Chartered Accountant aged 35-45 with strong leadership skills, initiative and a commercial mind. Some knowledge of US reporting would be useful.

For further details please telephone James Whelan on 01-549 3444 or 01-547 3671 (24 hours). Alternatively write to him enclosing a brief CV.

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For a confidential discussion, regarding this role, please ring Penny Bramah on 01-831 2000, or write to her at Michael Page City, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

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JOBS

UK executive demand lowest in Europe

By Michael Dixon

WHAT DO executive job seekers in Britain share with their counterparts in Sweden and Greece, but not with those in Belgium, France, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain, Switzerland, and West Germany?
The answer is a waning

market for their services.

To start with the good news: in the seven lastnamed countries, recruiters I've consulted this week report strong demand for most if not all sorts of managers and specialists. managers and specialists.
The main exception – where
it exists – is the banking
sector, which seems to be an
international curate's egg
with some types of people
being laid off and others
yoked in.

In the remaining three

In the remaining three countries the overall market is apparently weakening. And nowhere, alas, is the outlook bleaker than in the

United Kingdom.
In Greece, for example, there is still a welcome for whizzbang salespeople as well as skilled accountants although last year executive demand as a whole was 11 per cent down on 1988. At the same time, fewer and fewer candidates are applying for the dwindling number of openings on offer.

"That is puzzling," says John Piperoglou of Stedima

consultants in Athens, "but I expect the fall to get worse. The call for accountants was begun by technical changes, like the introduction of value added tax, and probably won't go on for long. Nor do I see the sales demand lasting.
The decisive question is whether yet another election in April puts an end to the political uncertainty here."

In Sweden it is evidently concern about the domestic economy that is responsible for an overall market decline "Although our international companies investing heavily in Europe continue to recruit, my impression is that those whose horizons end at the Swedish border are hesitant to say the least," reports Göran Rotzius of Scandinavian Executive Search in Stockholm.

Cost-cutters

"Some are seeking people like financial controllers whose focus is cost-cutting. But I'd say demand for sales and marketing staff and

others geared to business expansion is falling away." Fortunately, the same does not hold true for the whole of Scandinavia. Kurt Brusgaard of Berndtson International in Copenhagen feels that, while Finland seems to share Sweden's

UNITED KINGDOM ADVERTISED DEMAND FOR MANAGERS AND KEY SPECIALISTS (Year to December 31)

	74	162	71	3000	713	5 5/	17	7 70	10	700
Type of work	Posts adver- tised	Change from 1988 %	Posts adver- tised	Change from 1987 %	Posts adver- tised	Change from 1986 %	Posts adver- tised	from 1985 %	Posts adver- tised	
R & D : Sales & mktg Production Accounting Computing General mgt. Personnel Others	4,160 3,934 6,032 6,731 3,521 1,352 1,123 7,723	+ 3.9 -31.1 -20.5 -12.8 -28.8 -16.7 + 2.4 + 2.7	4,004 5,707 7,589 7,716 4,947 1,623 1,097 7,519	+18.7 - 9.1 +38.9 + 1.2 +50.0 + 0.7 - 0.5 +15.1	3,374 6,276 5,465 7,627 3,298 1,611 1,103 6,531	- 8.4 + 1.7 + 13.6 + 19.1 - 11.8 + 27.1 + 19.6 + 18.9	3,683 6,174 4,809 6,402 3,739 1,268 922 5,493	-44.8 - 4.6 -31.7 - 4.7 - 13.8 - 5.1 - 4.2 - 16.8	6,674 6,471 7,036 6,721 4,337 1,336 962 6,602	- 10.5 - 5.1 + 1.5 + 12.4 + 7.4 + 2.0 - 6.9 + 14.6
Total	34,576	-14.0	40,202	+13.9	35,285	+ 8.5	32,490	- 19.1	40,139	+ 2.1
Jan-March April-June July-Sept Oct-Dec	10,915 9,176 7,858 6,627	- 2.7 - 13.4 - 15.8 - 26.8	11,223 10,593 9,338 9,048	+22.4 +23.2 +12.9 - 2.2	9,166 8,597 8,274 9,248	+ 4.1 + 5.2 + 8.0 +17.8	8,804 8,172 7,864 7,850	-24.3 -21.5 -19.4 - 8.7	11,624 10,412 9,507 8,596	+ 9.3 + 3.8 - 2.6 - 3.3

condition, the Danish and Norwegian markets for executives are on the rise.

In the UK, on the other hand, the market trends offer no cheer even to specialists focused on cutting costs. Indeed, the latest position is a deal more depressing than is suggested by the above table compiled, as usual, from the MSL international consultancy's quarterly counts of executive jobs advertised in leading British

When 1989 is viewed as a whole, three of the eight categories of staff listed at

the top of the table enjoyed higher demand than in the previous year – when, in total terms, the market reached a record peak. Those three are research, design and development, personnel, and "others" including buyers, company legal staff, economists and assorted

consultants.

The only trouble is that the full-year improvements are due entirely to increased recruitment in the earlier part of 1989. As the year wore on, and particularly in the October-December quarter, all categories went into

steepening decline. In all but the production and general management groups, the percentage drop in demand during the final three months was the worst recorded since 1980 when the overall market was at an all-time low.

Moreover, the sharpest fall (of 52 per cent from the average level of demand across the three previous quarters of the year) was in sales and marketing — the category which MSL's counts have shown to be a lead indicator of movements in executive recruitment as a

Dersale

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whole. The number of sales and marketing positions advertised during October-December was 544, by far the lowest in any quarter for at least 10 years.

There is similarly sad news in the consultancy's checks on executive demand in specific sectors. The count for retailing was down to 170 from 275 in the final three months of 1938. The number of jobs advertised in food, of jobs advertised in food, drink and tobacco fell to 146 from 219, and in high-technology companies to 453 from 1,107. The only relief was in oil and other energyrelated industries where the figure rose from 563 to 591. Even so, MSL's market-

watchers are not expecting UK prospects for executive job seekers to go on declining for years to come. Their reason for taking that view is not that demand picked up after December — it always does, but the cyclical pattern the market has followed the company because th since the consultancy began

its checks in 1959.

"After all, there was a sharp fall after the previous record demand in 1985," says the chief counter, "but we were back to a higher peak in 1988. If the pattern holds good, the next upswing should be with us at the beginning of next year, or

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responsibility.

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Interested applicants should write, enclosing a comprehensive CV, to Mrs S. Dean, Assistant Personnel Officer at Sumitomo Finance International, 107 Cheapelde, London ECZV 8DT.

Jonathan Wren Executive

Treasury

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£60.000-£100.000 £30,000-£75,000

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£35,000 + Banking Benefits City A substantial role within a successful marketing driven team intent on doing deals. The organisation is a major European Bank entering an expansionist phase of its development. You will be a people orientated banker offering a minimum of 18 months experience in a relevant area and confident of making a contribution.

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c£27,000 + Banking Benefits A leading European Bank is seeking to recruit an executive to market a full range of banking products to the Top 250 UK corporates. Ideally a graduate, aged 25-30 you will have gained a comprehensive credit training and now be seeking to develop your marketing skills. Ref. 129498/sma

If you are interested in any of the above or similar opportunities please telephone or write to Sarah Adcock

MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL 25 City Road, London ECIY IAA Tel: 01 256 5041 (24 hours) Fax: 01 374 8848



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Derivatives Sales Person

Options, Futures, etc

Age 25-32 High Compensation

Our client, a major US Broker, will shortly strengthen their Derivatives Department. The ideal candidate will have had at least two years' experience in this field. A knowledge of small pools of capital would be of particular advantage, as would client contact with a number of investment institutions, particularly those involved in

The successful candidate, apart from having a strong sales background, will have the personality and intellectual skills associated with our client, a leading and well-respected member of the City community. A highly attractive package, including a bonus element, will be regoriated and is unlikely to prove a problem for the

Please apply to J. R. V. Courts, Career Plan Ltd., 33 John's Mews, London WCIN 2NS, rel: 01-242 5775 (or Michael Sewell 01-969 1386 between 7.30 pm and 9.00 pm).

Compliance Officer

Located in a beautiful area of Kent, we provide financial management and investment advice for personal clients of substance. A small but growing financial house, we are planning to widen our field of activity to an extent which will call for the addition to our team of a dedicated Compliance Officer.

Responsibilities will include ensuring the company's compliance with SRO rules in all respects, the on time submission of returns, the provision and updating of a compliance working manual, the training of staff as appropriate and generally controlling all compliance activities.

Of prime importance is compliance experience gained in a financial institution regulated by IMRO (and ideally TSA) while an accountancy or legal background would be a plus point.

An excellent salary and benefits package will be negotiated according to experience. Candidates - male or female - aged under 55 should send their curriculm vitae indicating present salary attainment to

Bernard L. Taylor Personal Financial Management Limited 22 Mount Sion, Tunbridge Wells TN1 1UN Tel 0892 - 510510

A member of

Head of Credit

Capital Markets

Our client is a fully integrated, international bank with business activities ranging from capital markets, through treasury and investment management to leveraged, property and trade finance.

The Head of Credit will supervise a team currently 3 strong and covering the Eurobond. US/UK domestic bond and syndicated loan markets. In addition to the supervision of the team, the successful candidate will be required to provide technical support and advice to the Head of Capital Markets, development of country risk analysis, and the ongoing analysis of the bank's global exposure.

You will be a graduate, preferably with a formal US bank credit training. You should also have had exposure to the full range of capital market instruments, and counterparty, country and syndicated credit risk. Suitable candidates are therefore unlikely to have had less than 10 years banking

In addition to these technical skills you should also possess the leadership qualities to manage the team, and the strength of personality to cope with the fast moving environment encountered on a trading floor.

This post is viewed as a focal point for the bank's development of new credit and risk management methodologies for capital market products. As a result the status of the position, benefits and career prospects are exceptional in order to attract the highest calibre of candidates.

If you feel you can meet the challenges offered by this post, contact Niall Macnaughton on 01-248 3653 or write, sending a detailed CV to the address below or use our confidential fax line on 01-248 2814.

All applications will be treated in the strictest confidence.

76, Watling Street, London EC4M 9BJ

45 days annual leave and end-of-service gratuity.

application development at project leader level.

Send detailed C.V. and passport size photograph to:

Financial/Investment systems.

Interviews will be held in London.

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Tel: 01-248 3653

THE HERITABLE AND GENERAL **INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED** SENIOR SYSTEMS ANALYST

LOANS EXECUTIVE

£25,000 PLUS

Long established private merchant bank with institutional shareholders seeks to expand its corporate lending department with a young and energetic banker who has experience of taking security and, preferably, corporate and project analysis.

There is no bar to promotion, and ambition plus enthusiasm blended with the ability to work hard as part of a small, highly-motivated team is all that is needed to achieve a senior management appointment.

A personable, creative thinker in the mid twenties, probably feeling frustrated by the structure of a larger organisation, and expecting a base salary excluding benefits of a minimum of £25,000 should apply with a full CV, which will be treated in the strictest confidence, to:

John Wood, Director The Heritable and General Investment Bank Ltd 52 Berkeley Square London W1X 6EH

BROKERS

ATTRACTIVE SALARY PLUS BENEFITS

A major financial institution in the United Arab Emirates requires a Senior

Systems Analyst to work with a team of professionals in an established Computer Department. The department utilizes state-of-the-art Relational

Database and development tools. The candidate will be required to perform all System development stages from feasibility study to implementation.

The successful candidate will receive a tax free salary, free accommodation,

free medical care, subsidy for school fees, annual air tickets for self and family,

Applicants should be graduates and have a thorough knowledge of Relational DBMS, proficiency in SQL and 4GLs, and a sound experience in commercial

Preserence will be given to candidates with experience in designing

The successful candidate will be employed on a contract for two years

Box A1466, Financial Times. One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

We are a leading U.S. Securities House, and are now recruiting Stockbrokers to cover accounts in Equities, Financial Futures and/or Commodities.

Candidates should have broking experience and an established client base. The positions offer an exceptional opportunity for highly motivated and creative sales people to work in an entrepreneurial environment, with the accompaniment of outstanding research and administrative support.

For further information please call Fiona Macleay at our Executive Search Firm in complete confidence.

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18 months - 2 years experience required to John expanding Sales team into Europe. SNEG + Package

ACCOUNTANT

Young investment Corporation require a qualified Accountant with in depth knowledge of the Euro/Capital Markets. Your resonsibilities will cover investment Analysis, Management reporting. TSA compliance & Tax duties. Control of operations. cosh management & development work etc. You will need to be computer literate (IBIS) £30-£38K NEG.

NICHOLSON HOLMES ASSOCIATES 88 Caunon Street London EC4N 6HT Telephone 01-929 1311 (Fax 01-621 1326)

SENIOR CREDIT ANALYST

Our client is one of the world's most prestigious European banks with a reputation for its innovative approach to the market place, quality of its products and its people.

By joining this professional team of specialists, you will become involved in credit reviews, analysis and proposals for a varied and diverse client base. Working alongside Account Managers and Product Specialists, this key role offers daily client contact in addition to active participation in the credit decisions taken by the

Applicants, in their late 20's, should be educated to degree level, have strong P.C. skills and at least three years' related credit experience with a leading financial institution. In return, our client can offer outstanding career prospects together with a competitive compensation package.

For further information contact Judy Elmes or write in confidence

WELL COURT ASSOCIATES 11 Well Court, London EC4M 9DN

Tel - 01 236 0723 Fax - 01 489 8305 FINANCIAL RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS



An excellent career opportunity based in Kuwait

GROUP CREDIT MANAGER

Credit Instalment Company
Tax Free Salary c £30,000 plus Substantial Benefits

Our client is a major Middle Eastern conglomerate, renowned for its professionalism, diversification and innovative management style. It has received outstanding overseas dealership awards from two of the world's largest motor vehicle manufacturers. Reporting to the General Manager, a Group Credit Manager is required to control a large multinational staff at the offices of its credit instalment subsidiary based

This challenging career opportunity will appeal to a Credit Manager, who has gained substantial experience of motor vehicle finance with a major credit instalment company or 'in-house' finance operation. A knowledge of on-line computer facilities and a good understanding of the legal requirements relating to the credit instalment industry are prerequisites for this role.

You will be a sound manager aged over 30, highly profit-conscious and able to provide a 'hands-on' approach to substantial volumes of credit applications and outstandings requiring detailed negotiations. Excellent communication skills and the capacity to adapt to the unique business practice and environment of the Middle East will be considered important

An excellent tax free salary will be offered, together with a substantial benefits package including: guaranteed bonus, company car, relocation expenses, accommodation allowance, and air fares for return visits to the UK.

For further details please contact Leslie Squires, telephone no 01-606-1706 or write to him in the strictest confidence, enclosing your curriculum vitae, at Anderson Squires Ltd, Financial Recruitment Specialists, 127 Cheapside, London EC2V 6BU.

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Project Finance

This AAA rated international bank is experiencing considerable expansion across the range of its banking activities. It has established a first-class reputation in a number of markets including project finance wherein the team handles the evaluation, development and financing of projects in the oil and gas, infrastructure, and electric power generation sectors. As part of the Bank's strategy for growth, they currently seek an additional senior professional for this high

ldeally aged at least 30, you will be a numerate graduate with strong PC modelling skills. You will have a minimum of 3 years' project finance experience and perhaps 10 years' total experience gained in a quality banking environment. Working within a small team, your primary responsibilities will be the identification, appraisal, structuring and negotiation of transactions, particularly those in the infrastructure or electric power generation sectors. You will manage deals from inception to completion and will monitor these transactions over the life of the project. You will be working closely with other areas of the bank and will be liaising with clients at a senior level. Successful candidates can expect a varied and long-term career within one of the world's most respected banking organisations. Normal banking benefits will apply.

Interested applicants should contact Mark Hartshorne or Ann Semple on 01-831 2000 or write enclosing a full curriculum vitae to Michael Page City, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.



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Are you a self-producer with an established client base in U.S. equities?

We offer prospects for enhanced pay-out, long-term growth and excellent opportunities associated with a leading name in the U.S. market.

Please reply in confidence, enclosing cv, to: Box A1444, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, LONDON SEI 9HL

MANAGING DIRECTOR

Clothing company, with £2.5 million turnover in North Midlands seeks Managing Director.

> Strengths in sales and marketing essential.

Remuneration package will reflect the achievement of a turnaround. Write Box A1451, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge,

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Structured Finance Manager

Attractive Package + Bonus

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Exciting opportunity for young successful banker to move from a recognised institution into a highly respected specialist financing group in an autonomous role.

THE COMPANY

Well capitalised and independently managed group, one of the foremost players in their field, backed by two major institutions. Small entrepreneurial management team. Core activities in

banking, mezzanine finance and corporate finance.

Financial advisers with a reputation for bringing imagination and creativity to an excellent client base.

THE POSITION

"Stand alone" execution role responsible for all aspects of transaction management through to final syndication. Driving asset backed structured financing as the "banker" in

a small informal team with a high level of client liaison. Diverse range of transactions including senior and mezzanine funding, and corporate finance related issues.

Ideally a graduate with a professional qualification, US credit trained, and a minimum of three years asset sales experience. Proven track record of transaction management including syndication, cashflow and sensitivity analysis and documentation. The flexibility to work in an unstructured environment.

Please write enclosing full cv, Ref J0525 54, Jermyn Street, London, SW1Y 6LX



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Assistant Legal **Advisor**

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Recently qualified lawyer

International finance experience

Salary c£25K plus mortgage subs, bonus and generous banking benefits

Yamaichi Securities is one of the world's leading securities houses, with 40 offices spanning 24 major financial centres.

In London, Yamaichi International (Europe), its European flagship, employs over 350 people from twelve countries, and has recently celebrated 25 years in the City.

A key position has arisen in its expanding Corporate Advisory (Legal) Group for an Assistant Legal Advisor. An intrinsic part of the Corporate Finance Department, the Group covers straight bond and equity-related issues, CP programmes, MTNs, swaps, equity-derivative products and M&A transactions, and offers applicants considerable responsibilities and opportunities for career development.

While candidates are likely to have up to a year's documentation experience in international finance, recently qualified lawyers are encouraged to apply.

> Male or female candidates should submit in confidence a detailed cv to Mrs Kath Lawrence, Head of Personnel, Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited, 111-117 Finsbury Pavement, London EC2A 1EQ Telephone: 01-638 5599

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

LEASING

LONG ON JOBS! SHORT ON PEOPLE!

Exceptional vacancies exist for marketing "experts" in the following specialist areas of leasing. Candidates must be aged in their mid twenties early thirties and ideally possess a degree or professional qualification:-

AIRCRAFT FINANCE (UK Merchant Bank) To £50,000 + Benefits

Graduate banker with at least 5 years tax based leasing aircraft finance experience, covering UK and European

SALES AID/VENDOR PROGRAMMES

Neg. £35-£50,000 + Benefits We have currently several senior vacancies for candidates aged 30-35 years possessing expertise in providing major manufacturers with innovative tallor-made sales aid schemes. Preference would be in "low tech" products unit

MEDIUM TICKET MARKETING

Neg. £25-£50,000 + Benefits

Vacancies range from Head of Marketing/Sales through to Assistant Manager and call for sourcing, pricing, structuring and strong credit skills. Candidates must be marketing orientated and have minimum of three to ten years' experience. Age range 26-35 years graduates

Please contact BRIAN GOOCH on 01-588 3991 or send detailed CV, all enquiries will be treated in strict confidence.

OLD BROAD STREET BUREAU 5 London Wall, London EC2M 5TU

£30,000 + CAR + MORT + BONUS

M&A

THE CLIENT... is a well-established City based merchant bank rapidly growing in the UK and Europe. It is a diversified institution with investment banking, broking and asset management

THE ROLE... embraces international and domestic mergers and acquisitions work, concentrating on identifying target companies for clients and on undertaking mandated sales of businesses and shareholdings in private and public companies.

YOU... will have a good first degree, and ideally a legal, accounting or MBA qualification, combined with the drive and ambition necessary to succeed in a highly rewarding innovative environment.

NOW... to further your interest in this exceptional opportunity, please call Richard Lucas, Consultant Banking and Finance Division, who is advising the client or write briefly enclosing a CV, quoting ref. 6165.



BRITISH BORN EXECUTIVE (39)

Swiss resident since 1974, fluently trilingual, seeks challanging management position with strongly market-orientedUK or US-based organisation. Considerable experience in marketing, finance and divisional management. Excellent academic qualifications. Zurich base preferred.

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U.K. Project Finance **Leading Merchant Bank**

c. £50,000 Package

An exceptional young professional is required to play a key role in this internationally orientated Bank's activities on major British greenfield projects. THE COMPANY Well known British merchant bank specialising in financial

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THE POSITION

Direct responsibility for initiating projects, advising sponsors and bidders, and arranging limited recourse financing.

Develop both conventional and innovative funding techniques for equity and debt.

Opportunity for extending expertise into international advisory business.

QUALIFICATIONS

Experienced Project Financier in a prominent institution. Self statter with strong marketing potential.

Good academic qualifications, financial analytical ability and

numeracy.

Preferred age 30's. Please reply in writing, enclosing full cv. Reference BJ0524

NRS. Bennetts Court, 6 Bennetts Hill, Birmingham, B2 5ST (Interviews will be in London)

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Japanese Educated **Head of Sales**

Major International Banking Group

To ¥18 million plus relocation

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Opportunity for a Japanese educated sales professional to relocate to Tokyo to head the Sales Department of a major international bank.

THE COMPANY

The Tokyo branch of a very major, European based

international banking group.

Newly established, rapidly growing Tokyo branch. Totally committed to developing this branch from a strong capital base.

THE POSITION

Head of a high quality, growing team of Japanese and expatriate sales professionals.

Reporting to Branch Manager of the Tokyo branch. Total responsibility for all aspects of Japanese Securities, i.e. Equities, Straight Bonds, CB's and Warrants, in the Sales Division.

Responsible for important strategic and hiring decisions.

OUALIFICATIONS

A degree from a Japanese university. Fluent in English.

Experience in the Japanese Financial Market, probably in a

major Securities House. Age late 30's to mid 40's.

Please reply in writing enclosing full cv. to Miss Akemi Okada, Reference J9902



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NORWICH UNION FUND MANAGERS

LIMITED

GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Base Emoluments UAE Dh 300,000 tax free Furnished accommodation + Car + Benefits

A leading UAE incorporated commercial bank headquartered in Dubai with extensive operations in the UAE and overseas has created a new role and seeks to appoint a Group Financial Controller at senior Management level to head Treasury and Correspondent Banking and Finance.

The successful candidate heading this function will have a dual role; on the one hand he will have a line type authority over Treasury operations whilst on the other he will be functionally accountable for every aspect of the Bank's accounting, budgeting and financial reporting.

Reporting to the Group Managing Director, the successful candidate aged between 40-50 years will be a computer-literate seasoned banker with international financial exposure in the financial services industry, particularly well versed in asset/liability management, interest and exchange rate operations, the liquidity and funding requirements of financial institutions and management information systems. The candidate must possess entrepreneurial financial engineering skills, with proven man-management and hands-on management style. The job requires the successful candidate to provide guidance and upgrade and integrate Treasury operations within the Bank's total activities. It is also to promote sound financial management by ensuring the establishment, proper implementation and periodic upgrading of financial policies, procedures, standards and controls throughout the Bank.

Interested candidates who meet these criteria should forward a comprehensive CV including current salary details to reach The Advertiser, Box A1446. Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge. London SE1 9HL by 15th February 1990.

SENIOR AUDITOR

to £32,000 + mort. sub. + car

City-based bank requires an Auditor with current experience of leading an audit. He'she will have gained their experience with one of the 'Big Eight' or as Senior Internal Auditor with a major bank. Up to 50% of the time will be spent travelling, mainly to Europe.

Please tel. Shelagh Arneil on 01-583 1661 or send c.v. to her in confidence: Angel International Recruiement, 50 Fleet Street, London EC4Y 1BE.

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OIL ANALYST

Sector specialist with 1 - 3 years experience required to reinforce our presence in this area. Please apply with C.V. to P.Cartwright at:

WILLIAMS de BROE LIMITED P.O.Box 515, 6 Broadgate, London EC2M 2RP Telephone: 01 - 588 7511

INVESTMENT ANALYST

Norwich Union, still enjoying the tremendous growth of the last few years, is a UK market leader and one of the top ten insurance and financial services groups in Europe.

Norwich Union Fund Managers Limited, member of IMRO and managing funds in excess of £17 billion, seeks an Investment Analyst to join the research team which provides fundamental analysis and original research on equities. As a senior member of this team you will have the opportunity to play a key role in its activities and future development as it widens its perspective from a UK base into Europe.

Educated to degree level you should have at least three years' relevant experience. A sound analytical training coupled with an enquiring mind, good communication skills and a high level of self motivation are essential. Some knowledge of a European language would be an added advantage.

The post is in Norwich, a prime location within easy reach of the City. A fully competitive salary, backed by a first class fringe benefits package, including performance related bonus and comprehensive relocation assistance where appropriate, awaits the successful candidate.

We are an equal opportunities employer and happy to consider applications from registered disabled persons. If you measure up to the qualities highlighted in this advertisement, write now with full career and salary details, mentioning this publica-

Miss P. D. Scott, Personnel Superintendent Norwich Union Group Surrey Street Norwich NR1 3NG

or ring John Mundey, Investment Personnel Manager on (0603) 682963 for an informal discussion.



EUROPEAN/UK SALES EXECUTIVE

As a global Investor Relations Services group, we have expanded aggressively in the U.K. and on the Continent. We are now looking for an additional executive, with sales experience in the financial area, preferably equity related. Who would welcome some travelling abroad. Foreign languages, particularly French, German or Spanish a definitive advantage. A high degree of self-motivation and good communication skills are needed. Piease send

> Dr. V. Serbera, Technimetrics inc.

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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS MANAGER

Develop your proven skills in a brand new function

Basingstoke - Attractive Salary & Quality Car

Sony Broadcast & Communications Clearly this is no back-room role. markets and distributes Sony's increasingly advanced range of professional audio and video products throughout Europe, the Middle East and Africa.

Our busy Finance Function, with some 30 staff, uses the latest mainframe and PC systems to provide an effective and essential service throughout the Company. Keen to extend this service, we are looking for an experienced professional to join the existing management team and establish a new Financial Analysis function.

The technical challenge will involve the enhancement of existing databases, the creation of new data gathering systems, and the development of reports and presentations, in order to provide a full management information service covering all operations in this complex business. The varied management responsibilities will involve liaising regularly with line managers, promoting the credibility and profile of the new function, as well as developing vour own financial analysis team.

It is a senior position assuming an increasingly pro-active stance and providing invaluable exposure to all aspects of business in a multinational, multi-currency environment.

A qualified Accountant - ideally ACA - you should have at least 4 years' impressive post qualification commercial experience and a strong interest in financial analysis. You should also be a confident and persuasive communicator, able to deal effectively at all levels.

The salary is negotiable and will reflect the importance we attach to this role and to your potential. It will be supported by a generous benefits package including company car and full relocation assistance if required.

To apply, please write to: Chris Eves, Personnel Manager, Sony Broadcast & Communications, Jays Close, Viables, Basingstoke, Hampshire RG22 4SB.



A YAMAICHI-

International **Bond** Sales

City

3 years international fixed interest sales experience

Salary £20-£30K plus mortgage subs, bonus and generous banking benefits

Yamaichi Securities is one of the world's leading securities houses, with 40 offices spanning 24 major financial centres.

In London, Yamalchi International (Europe), its European flagship, employs over 350 people from twelve countries, and has recently celebrated 25 years in the City.

A key position has arisen in its thriving international bond sales department for an experienced salesman.

Having spent at least 3 years in international fixed interest sales, the right candidate, probably aged between 25 and 35 years and a graduate, will have the ability to deal confidently with Yamaichi's major institutional clients worldwide and to develop new business relationships. Knowledge of a foreign language would be a distinct advantage.

Male or female candidates should submit in confidence a detailed cv to Mrs Kath Lawrence, Head of Personnel, Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited, 111-117 Finsbury Pavement, London EC2A 1EQ Telephone: 01-638 5599

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited _

Administration Manager

NW London

to £40,000+car

Successful service-based organisation, part of leading UK plc, seeks manager to be responsible to the managing director for computerised 'engine-room' with 100 staff, processing all operational administration. The people management aspects and practical input to the use and evolution of systems are paramount.

Candidates, aged say late 30's to early 50s, must have experience of managing large staffs in a computer-supported environment. The closest parallels are probably in vehicle recovery, mail order or simple insurance. Evidence of high intelligence is also sought O&M training would help.

For fuller details write in confidence to John Courtis at JC&P. 104 Marylebone Lane, London WIM 5FU, demonstrating explicitly how you meet these requirements AND enclosing a brief CV and quoting 7226/FT



EES BBG BBG

Researcher Business & Economics Unit BBC News & Current Affairs (Television)

> The Business and Economics Unit is one of the Specialist Units within the News and Current Affairs Directorate. With the Editor, Peter Jay, it consists of a number of Specialist Correspondents, Reporters and Production staff, who provide a comprehensive service for all the Directorates news and current affairs

The successful candidate, who should have experience in the City or financial broadcasting, will make a significant contribution both in terms of longer term planning as well as compiling material for day-to-day business news items. Salary according to experience and qualifications up to \$15,050 p.a. plus an allowance of \$700 p.a. A 15% salary enhancement will be paid if a short-term

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Chartered Accountant or MBA

Globe manages one of the UK's largest and most active venture capital portfolios with nearly \$200m currently invested. Activities include the financing of management buy-outs and buy-ins and the provision of start-up and development capital.

Globe is expanding its small venture capital team by the addition of an Assistant Investment Manager, who is likely to be a Chartered Accountant or MBA in his/her late twenties with at least two years' post-qualifying experience.

The job will involve the execution of a wide variety of transactions and the monitoring of existing investments. The successful candidate will work within a small but professional team of executives. Candidates will be expected to show initiative and a desire to accept responsibility.

The appointment is seen as a rare opportunity for the applicant to develop a career in the field of venture capital.

The level of remuneration will not be a problem for the right candidate and will be part of an attractive financial

To apply, write in confidence with full cv to: Mr J P Craze, Secretary (VCE), Glove Investment Trust P.L.C., Globe House, 4 Temple Place, LONDON WC2R 3HP



BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPORT

We are a North American Bank active in London, marketing a wide range of financial facilities including both short term, i.e. import and export finance and longer term, i.e. project finance. We are seeking to strengthen the existing team by recruiting the following personnel to support our planned expansion

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Candidates must be self-motivated with good communication skills and have at least 3 years marketing experience, an indopth knowledge of Trade Finance products and a good credit background with ability to structure financial packages for a cross section of U.K. based corporate clients. Salary will be ensurate with age and experience.

CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

We seek someone with a detailed knowledge of compliance monitoring, documentation and loan administration plus experience of computer analysis of financial statements to take a high profile supporting role in a small team. Candidates must have a good educational background and be currently working in an International Banking environment. Competitive salary

Applicants should write in confidence enclosing s comprehensive c.v. including current salary and benefits and

> Box A1461, Financial Times. One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

JOIN LABOUR'S WINNING TEAM Research Officer:

Industrial and Economic Policy

Labour's Head Office research team is now at the forefront of preparing the Party for government. We need a good industry and economic research officer to strengthen the team and to work closely with Labour's front bench.

Applicants will need a good understanding of industry and economics. A background of activity in the Labour Party, or in the wider labour movement, is essential.

Salary: £15,783 - £17,900 inclusive of London Weighting.

Application forms for the above post can be obtained by writing to the Personnel Administrator, The Labour Party, 150 Walworth Road, London SE17 LJT.

CLOSING DATE: WEDNESDAY 21st FEBRUARY, 1990.

This is a readvertisement. Previous applicants need not

Labour

The Labour Party is an Equal Opportunites Employer.

MERGERS & ACQUISITIONS ASSOCIATE POSITION

Recently established international M & A boutique with strong financial backing and with offices in Europe and the U.S., wishes to recruit an Associate in London, preferably with two years' experience as an investment banking analyst or associate at a City/Wall Street institution, or with equivalent financial experience.

MBA or similar degree desirable, languages helpful, outstanding record imperative.

Compensation will be commensurate with experience and competitive with City levels.

To apply, please send CV, in full confidence to, Box A1460, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, LONDON, SE1 9HL

STOCKBROKING

Member with significant client base would be interested in hearing from existing or proposed TSA firms with a view to developing business from a London or Regional base.

Write Box A1456, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, LONDON. SE1 9HL



Senior Bond Market Trader **SALARY TO £60,000**

plus full banking benefits, including car and performance bonus

We are a well-established International British Consortium Bank who wish to recruit an experienced Fixed Interest Trader. The position would suit a 30 to 40 year old with a proven track record in the US Treasury and Major European Bonds Markets, together with experience in Futures and Options. Responsibilities will include short term lending/arbitrage and involvement in longer term proprietory positions.

Interested individuals should send their C.V. in confidence to:

Angela Youels, Personnel Manager, The United Bank of Kuwait plc, 3 Lombard Street, London EC3V 9DT.

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION **MANAGER**

International Financial Services London c. £25K + car

Reporting to the Group Chief Executive, your key objective will be to produce regular and ad hoc management reports from a variety of information sources. This will not only entail the compilation of monthly financial and management reports, but will require investigation of specific business activities by in-depth analysis, recommending appropriate action to the Board. There will be extensive liaison with European operating

You should preferably be under 35, possess excellent communication skills, and come from a financial or marketing background. You will be used to working with spreadsheets (Lotus/Symphony) in a high-tech environment.

Your rewards will be an excellent salary and benefits package, but more importantly, a challenging role with real promotion prospects in a fastmoving, successful Group.



104 Great Portland Street, London W1N 5PE Fax: 01-436 8978

Account Managers

to £35,000 + benefits

Our client is one of the City's major banks, involved in all aspects of commercial banking and with a growing corporate finance presence. With a strong balance sheet and the will to use it, it is undertaking the next step in a carefully planned expansion programme. This involves recruiting a new tier of marketing officers for the UK corporate group to manage small teams spearheading the thrust for market share. You should be able to demonstrate the following: Solid credit experience allied to proven marketing skills; knowledge of a broad range of products; the potential to guide and motivate young professionals. If you think you could bring the above skills to this unit, and see your career developing by acquiring management skills, please call Jocelyn Bolton on 01-489 9494, or send your Curriculum Vitae to 12 Groveland Court, Bow Lane, London EC4M 9EH. All replies will be treated as confidential.

CONSULTANTS IN HUMAN RESOURCING



South Quay Plaza H. 183 Märsh Wall, London F14 9FU

SWAPS TRADERS

AAA RATED

Our client, a North American Investment bank with a strong commitment to global markets, is interested in talking to individuals with 1/2 years experience in trading interest rate and currency Swaps, FRA's, options and other off-balance sheet products. Experience in pricing and running a book in £, US\$ and C\$ is an advantage but other currencies will be considered. The facility to work with hedging and arbitrage techniques, amortising, caps, floors and collars is available. For a confidential discussion on these and similar opportunities please call Charles Johnson on 01-867 8899.

Rathbone UK Ltd. South Quay Plazz II, 183 Marsh Wall,

Tel: 01-667 8099 (15 linus) Fax: 01-867 8095

UK FUND MANAGERS London £14 9FU

Applications are invited from candidates with a minimum of three years active involvement in this specialist area. It is envisaged that the successful applicant will have demonstrated a high level of professionalism, good track record and possess excellent communication skills.

OVERSEAS FUND MANAGERS

Our client, a major force in the Life Assurance Industry seeks exceptional individuals with a minimum of five years experience in Pacific Basin or European investment management. Superior presentation skills and solid performance to date are of prime

PRIVATE CLIENT FUND MANAGERS

Applications are sought from well established investment managers for our client, a Blue Chip UK Integrated house. Good marketing skills and an existing, active client base are the main pre-requisites in this challenging environment.

UK/EUROPEAN EQUITY RESEARCH AND SALES In preparation for the predicted 1992 Revolution, our client is fundamentally committed to increasing its exposure to all European market bases. We welcome applications from specialists in most sectors, bi-linguality is not essential but certainly

Established Estel rated Analysts and No. 1 UK Equity Sales people are required in most sectors by a leading City based, European House. Preference will be given to candidates specialising in Oils, Food Manufacturing and Retail Sectors. Excellent remuneration packages are available for the right individuals.

For a confidential discussion on these and other opportunities please contact Lydia Wann or Barbara Dabek on 01-867 8899.

Tel: 01-667 8899. (15 lines) Fax: 07-867 8095

The Nikko Bank (UK) plc

- Nikko Bank (UK) plc is the London based banking subsidiary of The Nikko Securities Co. Ltd., one of the world's largest securities houses.
- The Nikko Group is committed to building a significant presence in the international banking market.
- The Bank now has a capital base in excess of £200 million and to achieve its planned growth, it now seeks to enhance its team of professional and dynamic bankers.
- Candidates must be able to demonstrate a successful past record of business achievements and must be capable of making a significant contribution to the Bank's future success.

UK BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT/ SPECIALISED FINANCING

Several new positions in the Business Development area to be primarily focussed upon the UK markets. Positions range from Assistant Manager to Assistant General Manager. Successful applicants will have the responsibility for the establishment and the development of client relationships as well as the creation of innovative ideas and products.

Candidates will include successful bankers with chartered accountant or legal qualifications.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT – **EUROPE**

2 Senior Business Development Officers with proven track records of initiating profitable business within Europe, including the Nordic area. Candidates will be currently undertaking creative transactional business. Fluency in at least one major European language is essential.

SENIOR CREDIT MANAGERS

Senior Credit Managers with wide ranging experience which will include Leasing, LBO's, Property, etc., together with excellent UK and International Corporate experience.

In addition, experienced analysts with UK and European credit experience to support this area.

US \$ MONEY MARKET TRADER

A senior appointment within our aggressive Treasury area, demonstrating a flexible and innovative approach to developing the funding base of the Bank. With a minimum of ten years experience of US \$ market combined with a knowledge of all major

WE WILL PAY COMPETITIVE MARKET SALARIES WHICH WILL BE ENHANCED BY A SUBSTANTIAL BENEFITS PACKAGE. THESE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS WILL BE SPECIALLY TAILORED TO ATTRACT THE BEST TALENT AVAILABLE IN THESE MARKETS.

Please write in strict confidence, with full personal, career and salary information, to Personnel Manager, The Nikko Bank (UK) plc, Nikko House, 17 Godliman Street, London EC4V 5BD.



Pensions Manager

... key role for a Pensions Professional

City

c.£35,000 + car

Our client is a major British plc with worldwide interests in engineering and building products, mining and quarrying, precious metals and finance. The Group's companies are leaders in their fields and plans are in place to further develop businesses both by organic growth and by acquisition.

Reporting to the Personnel Director, your brief will be to assume responsibility for the Group's main scheme, including administration, servicing meetings and liaising with professional advisers. You will advise management on the subsidiary companies' schemes when required and will be expected to play a major role in the development of pensions policy.

Probably aged around forty and professionally qualified, you will have

gained substantial pensions administration experience with several years at a senior level. Maturity, highly developed communication skills and the personal credibility to contribute to discussions at board level are critical.

Salary will be around the figure Indicated and a highly attractive financial services benefits package will be offered to the successful candidate. Relocation assistance will be provided where necessary.

Please write - in confidence - with full career details and a daytime telephone number, quoting ref. FT 21260 to Lynne J A Stevens, MSL International (UK) 32 Aybrook Street, London Limited, W1M 3.IL.

MSL International

Credit Assessment Manager

A rare opportunity to utilise technical skills in an innovative environment

Our client is a Triple A rated European Bank with an enviable reputation for success in the small/medium sized UK Corporate lending market. A strong, independent Credit team provides highly professional support to an equally professional marketing group. Typical proposals are un-typically entrepreneurial so that the approach, although naturally founded on sound Banking canons, needs to be solution-based and interpretative with heavy emphasis on in-depth management analysis in addition to production of standard mathematical formulae!

Candidates, ideally with a Clearing Bank background, will be in their late twenties or early thirties and have a demonstrably sound credit analysis background, specifically within the targeted market segment. Liaison with the marketeers will require a spirit of close co-operation tempered with the ability to stand one's own ground. People management skills are

of paramount importance reflecting the intention to pass day to day control of the team to the successful candidate. The timing of that move will be in his or her hands. It is therefore apparent that career prospects are first class and the salary/benefits package is unlikely to

There is also an opportunity for a Credit Analyst, slightly younger but with similar experience gained over, say, four years to join this highly committed professional team. Ref: A2640.

Please send full career details quoting the appropriate reference to Malcolm Lawson at Codd Johnson Harris, Human Resource Consultants, 12 New Burlington Street, London W1X 1FF or alternatively telephone 01-287 7007 during the working day or 0444-73216 in the evenings.



Private Client Stockbrokers

London

Fully negotiable Commission Share Package

Our client, Henry Cooke Lumsden Limited is one of the oldest and most respected independent firms of agency stockbrokers in the UK. They have moved into new offices with the intention of expanding their highly successful Private Client business. Consequently, they are seeking high calibre individuals or teams with a captive Private Client portfolio to join their existing team.

With the opportunity, if appropriate, to work on a commission share basis, Principals or Associates will conduct themselves and their team in a semi-autonomous manner, and will be able to benefit not only from working for a "named" firm, but will also have the advantages of an efficient and sophisticated settlement system, in-house research facilities and a first class dealing room. The Henry Cooke Group incorporates a fully integrated Financial Services business, including a Merchant Bank.

Candidates should be self motivated and enjoy working in a congenial yet ambitious environment. A proven track record of portfolio management and a solid client base are essential prerequisites for this exciting opportunity to work within the confines of this successful and high regarded firm. Ideally, candidates should be aged between 35-55, although age will not prove to be a restricting factor in the

Interested candidates who meet these criteria should send, in strictest confidence, a comprehensive CV including current remuneration structure or salary, quoting reference number LM200 to Carol Jardine, Spicers Executive Selection, 13 Bruton Street, London W1X 7AH.



SPICERS EXECUTIVE SELECTION

FX DEALER

Our client is an expanding international bank with an established presence in the Foreign Exchange and Money Markets. Consistent with its planned growth, it seeks a dynamic Spot trader with 3-4 years' experience of both jobbing and intra-day position taking, preferably gained in a busy

trading environment. Candidates will be given all the resources and rewards necessary to induce high performance. For those with an impressive track record, there are early prospects to move into a team management role.

WARRANTS SALES/TRADING

A fast expanding Securities firm, well known in the Capital Markets, seeks an additional Japanese Warrants trader and a salesperson to strengthen its London team, Candidates, preferably graduates with at least 2 years' experience, should come from a market-making environment where they will have established a good reputation,

Interested applicants should apply in writing or by phone to Anthony Isern

JAC Recruitment 3rd Floor - Dauntsey House

Frederick's Place - Old Jewry - London EC2R 8AB

Tel: 01-796 3132 - Fax: 01-796 4620



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Please send C.V. to: Mrs M Mehta, Personnel Manager,



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appears every Wednesday and Thursday, Friday (International Edition) for further information please call:

> 01-873 3000 Elizabeth Arthur ext 3694 Nicholas Baker ext 3351 Jenniser Hudson ext 3607 Richard Huggins ext 3460 Adam Futeran ext 3559 Stewart Maddock

> > ext 3392

Major Japanese Institution UK and European Investment Marketing

City based

c.£35,000 + bonus+ excellent benefits package

Our client is one of the leading Japanese securities houses. Established over 20 years ago, London is the centre of its extensive European network, offering a wide variety of securities related services to institutional clients worldwide. It now seeks to increase significantly its investment management operation by developing a range of sophisticated investment products to be marketed to institutional clients in the UK, Europe and Middle East. To this end our client now wishes to appoint an exceptional individual to develop the Investment Management Services Department

Fully supported by a well established investment management operation in Tokyo your brief will be to implement an effective marketing strategy for the group's existing product range and to develop new products as market conditions dictate.

This exceptional opportunity is likely to appeal to a graduate aged under 35 with a broad background in investment management marketing. Overseas travel is envisaged hence previous exposure to an international client base would be a distinct advantage.

For a strictly confidential discussion please telephone or write to Robin Douglas quoting reference 1282



SENIOR MARKETING APPOINTMENT

INSTITUTIONAL MARKETING MANAGER

Managing institutional assets is a major part of Fidelity's activities worldwide.

in the UK, superior investment performance has resulted in a rapidly growing number of major pension fund clients. Internationally, Fidelity's position as a truly global investment house gives the company a unique edge.

To help us build further on this success, we are looking to appoint an experienced senior manager.

Based in our head office in Hildenborough, Kent, the successful applicant will be responsible for establishing within the existing Marketing Team a support function for our pensions fund management and other institutional business, initially in the UK but subsequently internationally.

Sound experience in UK institutional investment marketing is imperative. In addition, you must have excellent writing and

For this senior appointment, we offer a highly competitive salary as well as substantial profit share opportunities, a noncontributory pension scheme and a company car.

Please write to Helen Beck, Fidelity International Management Holdings Limited, Oakhill House, 130 Tonbridge Road, Hildenborough, Tonbridge, Kent TN119DZ or telephone 0732 361144.

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MANAGING DIRECTOR

The Company, a well known importer of Mens and Boys casual wear is seeking to appoint a Managing Director for its Northern based operations. The Company is a major importer and supplier to many of the well known High Street multiples. The business is a subsidiary of a well known Public Company and is self sufficient by way of product development and design, employing some 30 people. Turnover is in the order of £12m p.a. with potential for further profitable organic growth.

This is a demanding role calling for personal ingredients of being a self-starter, a motivator of people and paramount experience in dealing with manufacturing plants in overseas countries. In addition, having the ability to negotiate at all levels both with the customer base and with the senior representatives of the Parent Company.

An excellent salary package will be offered to the successful

Write in strict confidence to Box A1462, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

EUROPEAN BOND ANALYST Major European Investment Bank c.\$40,000

Our client is a major European Investment Bank covering the full range of capital markets products worldwide.

In order to strengthen its current high-profile position in the international bond market, our client wishes to recruit an experienced European Bond Analyst.

The successful candidate will report to the Head of Fixed Income

Research and will be responsible for providing complete analytical coverage of the major European bond markets for both internal and external consumption, and will contribute significantly to our client's regular publications.

A graduate with a proven track record in an international investment bank, you should have at least three years experience of European bond markets combined with excellent analytical and communications skills. A working knowledge of German and of options products would be an added advantage.

Please write, in the first instance, with full career details to:
Laura McElwain (Ref: MCE/3),
Bastable-Dailey Advertising & Marketing International Ltd.,
18 Dering Street, London W1R OAX. Tel: 01-408 1818.

Replies will be treated in strictest confidence. Companies to whom you do not wish your application to be forwarded should be stated in a covering letter.

Bastable.

Foreign Exchange **Spot Broking Co**

Seek **Experienced FX Broker**

Applicants should have 2 or 3 years' experience in the spot markets, either in a broking or banking environment, be ambitious, hardworking, and highly motivated. Successful candidates will become members of a small but highly professional team.

Please write, in strictest confidence, enclosing full CV to: Box A1464, 1 Southwark Bridge London SE1 9HL.

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appears every Wednesday and Thursday. (Friday International Edition only). For further information please call:

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Richard Huggins ext 3460

Adam Futeran

ext 3559 Sarah Gabe

Stewart Maddock

Challenging New Opportunity

Corporate Finance **£**Excellent

Senior Manager

Our client, a prestigious overseas banking group, which has the leading corporate finance operation in its home market, is currently establishing a new corporate finance subsidiary in London. The company will provide a full range of corporate finance advice, mainly to small to medium sized listed companies.

The corporate finance director has instructed us to recruit a senior manager to assist in the initial launch. Candidates should be qualified accountants and have at least 2-3 years'

experience gained within the corporate finance department of a merchant bank or a leading firm of stockbrokers. A strong entrepreneurial drive and active marketing experience combined with strong technical competence are essential.

Interested candidates should contact Paul Wilson on 01-831 2000 or write to him at Michael Page City,

39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

International Recruitment Consultants London Paris Amsterdam Brussels Sydney

INVESTORS CHRONICLE

Britain's leading stockmarket publication is looking for a smaller companies analyst to join its new smaller companies team.

Candidates should have at least two years experience as an analyst, a good academic record and a clear writing style.

Please write with full cv to:-



Gillian O'Connor **Editor Investors Chronicle** Greystoke Place Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1ND

NEWLY

QUALIFIED

APPOINTMENTS

The Financial Times will be publishing the results for the Institute of Chartered Accountants on

Thursday 1st March.

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premium positions available by arrangement at £63.00

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A Guide to Recruitment Consultancies will also

be published at £80.00 per entry with extra information at £16.00

per line.

For further information please contact:

Nicholas Baker 01-873 3351 Elizabeth Arthur

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Whittingdale is a successful and growing independent fund management group with over £1.3 billion under management. We are seeking to add to our current investment team of seven by recruiting an Investment Manager or Assistant Investment Manager in the fixed interest field. Candidates should have experience, preferably in Gilts of US treasury securities, and will join a dedicated and young team of investment professionals.

Please apply with a full C.V. to:-

Thomas Rostron, Whittingdale Limited 2 Honey Lane, London EC2V 8BT

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MRC is a young, progressive company providing specialist information on international trading companies. We are innovative, imaginative and quality driven.

Working chacly with our Oil Director, you will have a key position reinforcing and expanding our client base and service range; writing standard reports; and acting as a consultant. MRC is the market leader in this field with considerable growth prospects. Direct oil trading experience not necessary but must have

Please apply in confidence to: Adam Dupre, MRC Reporting Services Ltd, Canterbury House, 393 Cowley Road, Oxford OX4



FIRST NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANK PIC FNCB is the commercial lending arm of First National Finance

Corporation, one of the largest quoted UK finance companies.

The bank is expanding its highly successful Oversess Division which will shortly be operated out of its Harrow office and now requires:

COMMERCIAL LENDERS

at both management and senior management levels who are seeking a challenging position with excellent career opportunities.

Applicants must be highly motivated individuals with experience of the UK property market, and preferably with a knowledge of a European language. They are likely to be qualified to ACIR or degree level, possess good interpersonal skills, be eager for success and have the skilling to work on their own

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- * Non contributory pension * Free medical insurance
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 - * and, after a short qualifying period,

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First National Commercial Bank Pic 15-19 Dyke Road Brighton
East Sussex BN1 3FX

BROKER

GEOLOGIST/MINING

Private and independent North American based partnership specialising in mineral property sales and acquisitions seeks partner to develop business throughout Western Europe and Africa.

Candidate must possess excellent professional and academic credentials including proven corporate geological expertise. Qualified applications please fax resume in strict confidence to

Geonational Resources inc, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. Fax: 010 1 604 273 1715.



UK ECONOMIST

Smith New Court is the leading independent securities house. We are expanding our coverage of U.K. economics and require a graduate economist with at least two years experience in a financial environment. Reporting to the senior U.K. economist, the successful candidate will also work closely with our portfolio strategists. Applicants must have strong analytical and communications skills. A background in monetary economics would also be advantageous. Salary is negotiable, but will be highly competitive.

Interested candidates should write, enclosing brief

Louise Holbourn, Smith Court PLC, Chetwyned House, 24-30 St Swithin's Lane, London, EC4N 8AE Tel: 626 1544

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mum dans cette spécialité. Merci d'envoyer rapidement gotre CV à la BUE - Direction



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FRENCH FINANCIAL HOUSE (STOCKBROKER)

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- knowledge of French necessary;
- residence PARIS (France);
- CV and letter to be handwritten

Address: SCHELCHER PRINCE SA 10 rue du Fbg Montmartre **75009 PARIS**

Attention: Christiane DUPUIS

INTERNATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

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Spitzenposition bei renommiertem Kreditinstitut

Unser Auftraggeber ist eine bedeutende deutsche Bank, die an allen wichtigen internationalen Finanzplätzen vertreten ist und für eine ihrer Auslandsniederlassungen einen Geschäftsführer sucht. Die Unterstützung durch ein leistungsstarkes nationales Institut garantieren der Tochtergesellschaft auch langfristig eine positive Geschäftsentwicklung. Für einen auslandserfahrenen, führungsstarken Bankmanager bietet sich hier die Chance, den weiteren Ausbau dieses wichtigen Stützpunktes maßgeblich mitzubestimmen.

Niederlassungsleiter/-in Luxemburg

In dieser Position ist Ihre Kompetenz in erster Linie bei der Akquisition und Pflege von Beziehungen zum anspruchsvollen Kandenkreis des Instituts gefordert. Schwerpunkte der Tätigkeitsbereiche sind einmal der Wertpapier-, Devisen- und Edelmetallhandel sowie die Betreuung und der Aufbau des Bereichs Kapitalanlagen. Damit Sie Ihre eigenen Ideen und Konzepte erfolgreich realisieren können, erhalten Sie umfangreiche Kompetenzen und einen großen Handlungsspielraum.

Für diese in hohem Maße eigenverantwortliche und vielseitige Tätigkeit möchten wir eine engagierte, offensive Unternehmerpersönlichkeit gewinnen, die sich bereits in einer leitenden Position bewährt hat und Durchsetzungsvermögen und die Pähigkeit, Mitarbeiter zu motivieren, mitbringt. Wichtig ist, daß Sie eine starke Vertriebsorientierung aufweisen und über umfangreiche Erfahrungen im Kundengeschäft verfügen. Idealerweise waren Sie bereits für eine große Geschäftsbank an einem der Offshore-Handelsplätze tätig. Wir erwarten von Ihnen, daß Sie die geschäftspolitische Initiative, die Selbständigkeit und das Durchhaltevermögen besitzen, um diese fordernde Aufgabe erfolgreich zu bewältigen. Neben fundiertem Fachwissen sind gute Englischkenntnisse und ausbaufähige Französischkenntnisse wichtig. Bei entsprechenden Deutschkenntnissen kommen auch Manager anderer Nationalitäten

Wenn Sie sich von dieser anspruchsvollen Aufgabe angesprochen fühlen, dann sollten Sie sich mit uns in Verbindung setzen. Bitte senden Sie Ihre aussagefähigen Bewerbungsunterlagen (Lebenslauf, Zeugniskopien, Lichtbild) unter der Kennziffer MA 617/06 z. Hd. Herrn N. Heinrich (01049-221/20506-52), Fran P.-M. Lochner (01049-221/20506-27) oder Herm K.-D. Sänger (01049-221/20506-24), die Ihnen auch für telefonische Vorabinformationen zur Verfügung stehen. Die vertrauliche Behandlung Ihrer Bewerbung siehem wir Ihnen zu. Sperrvermerke werden gewissenhaft berücksichtigt.



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d'Hauteville 75010 Paris, France or Fax Mike Manley in Paris: 33 (1) 47.70.08.77.

specifications send personal card to LCA. 3, rue

STOCKBROKERS

International Stockbrokers firm based in Paris seeks US equity salesman. Send resumé in confidence to: Box A1459, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

JAPAN

German, 36, lawyer by training, working in the commercial field of an international trading house, looks for a chance to work for a foreign company or cultural institution in Japan. Fluent English. French and Japanese (2 years study of Japanese in Tokyo) Write to Box A 1458, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge,

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The applicants should:

- have a minimum of 2 years experience in swap-trading including the running of a swap-book,
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Please forward your application details to Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank AG, Department P/MB 2.3, Arabellastr. 12, D-8000 München 81. For detailed information please contact Mr. Greve, Tel.-Nr. 0 10 49 89/23 66-25 12,

or Mr. Schmitz, Tel.-Nr. 0 10 49 89/23 66 -86 59.



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For details phone: 01-873 3000 Elizabeth Arthur ext 3694 Nicholas Baker ext 3351 Jennifer Hudson ext 3607 Richard Huggins ext 3460 Adam Futeran ext 3559 Sarah Gabe ext 3199 Stewart Maddock ext 3392

LEADERS NEEDED

Young, dynamic management team has acquired presigious US based consultancy. Plan mayor emphasis to develop and expand existing EEC divisions. Need European professionals possessing contemporary leadership skills and broad business acumen to assume unit and eventually Eurogroup directorship. Candidates must be English speaking with at least 2 EEC languages. French and Spanish preferred. Must show accomplishments of progressive importance within corporate business environment.

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